Hamburg School

English Language Arts

Curriculum Content Standards



Adopted: May 2020

Table of Contents

Mission Statement	4
Kindergarten	
Pacing Guide	5
Unit 1	6
Unit 2	13
Unit 3	21
Unit 4	29
Unit 5	37
Unit 6	45
First Grade	
Pacing Guide	49
Unit R	50
Unit 1	57
Unit 2	65
Unit 3	73
Unit 4	81
Unit 5	89
Second Grade	
Pacing Guide	97
Unit 1	98
Unit 2	106
Unit 3	114
Unit 4	122
Unit 5	131
Unit 6	140
Third Grade	150
Pacing Guide	150
Unit 1	151
Unit 2	160
Unit 3	169
Unit 4	178
Unit 5	187
Unit 6	196
Fourth Grade	205
Pacing Guide	205
Unit 1 Unit 2	206 214
Unit 3	214 222
Unit 4	222 230
Unit 5	230
Unit 6	238
onit o	240

English Language Arts Curriculum

Fifth Grade	
Pacing Guide	255
Unit 1	256
Unit 2	265
Unit 3	274
Unit 4	283
Unit 5	292
Unit 6	301
Number of the Stars	310
Sixth Grade	
Pacing Guide	319
The Short Story	320
Non-Fiction	329
Writing	336
Test Preparation	340
Poetry	347
Devil's Arithmetic	354
Seventh Grade	
Pacing Guide	360
Short Stories	361
Non-Fiction	367
The Outsiders	373
Test Preparation	380
Science Fiction	386
Poetry	393
Myths & Legends	400
Eighth Grade	
Pacing Guide	406
The Short Story	407
To Kill a Mockingbird	414
Non-Fiction	422
Frankenstein	428
Of Mice and Men	435
Drama-William Shakespeare	442
Test Preparation	448
Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde	454
Poetry	460

Introduction

The New Jersey Student Learning Standards for English Language Arts (ELA build on the best of existing standards and reflect the skills and knowledge students need to succeed in college, career, and life.

The ELA Standards were revised in 2016, with the recommendations of teams of teachers, parents, administrators, supervisors and other stakeholders and reflect the strong beliefs that:

- Literature and informational (nonfiction) text are important for our students and should maintain their rightful place in our classrooms;
- Background knowledge and motivation are critical to the success of students when learning to read and when accessing complex text;
- Research by students provides the opportunity to learn more about a subject, but equally as important, provides students the opportunity to look beyond their research to questions left unanswered (new avenues for student research);
- Using evidence remains a critical skill, interspersed throughout the standards, allowing students to ground their thinking in the work of authors and experts in literature and in the content areas;
- Literacy must be recognized and guided in content areas so that students recognize the academic vocabulary, media representations, and power of language inherent in the work of scholars and experts, and
- The importance of foundational skills in the early grades, as students learn to read, cannot be overstated and calls for targeted, sustained intervention at any point of struggle for a student.

The English Language Arts (ELA) document contains standards for Reading Literature (RL), Reading Informational Texts (RI), Reading Foundations (RF), Writing (W), Speaking and Listening (SL), and Language (L).

Pacing Guide - Kindergarten

Content Area: English Language Arts

Grade Level: Kindergarten Pacing Guide

First Marking Period - Pacing Guide UNIT 1 – All Together Now

Standards: RL.K.1, RL.K.2, RL.K.3, RL.K.7, RI.K.7, RF.K.1.A, RF.K.1.D, RF.K.2.A, RF.K.2.B, RF.K.2.C, RF.K.2.D, RF.K.2.E, RF.3.A, RF.K.3.C, W.K.2, W.K.3, W.K.5, SL.K.1.A, SL.K.3, SL.K.4, L.K.1.A, L.K.1.B, L.K.5.A, & L.K.6

Second Marking Period - Pacing Guide

UNIT 2- Look at Us!

Standards: RL.K.2, RL.K.3, RL.K.5, RI.K.1, RI.K.2, RI.K.3, RI.K.7, RI.K.9, RF.K.1.B, RF..K.1.C, RF.K.2.A, RF.K.2.C, RF.K.2.D, RF.K.2.E, RF.K.3, RF.K.3.A, RF.K.3.B, RF.K.3.C, RF.K.3.D, W.K.2, W.K.3, W.K.5, W.K.7, W.K.8, SL.K.1.B, SL.K.2, SL.K.3, SL.K.4, L.K.1, L.K1.B, L.K.1.C, L.K.2, L.K.2.C, L.K.2.D, L.K.2.D, L.K.5.B, L.K.5.C,

& L.K.6

UNIT 3 – Changes All Around Us

Standards: RL.K.1, RL.K.2, RL.K.3, RL.K.9, RI.K.1, RI.K.3, RI.K.1.B, RF.K.2, RF.K.2.A, RF.K.2.D, RF.K.2.E, RF.K.3, RF.K.3.A, RF.K.3.C, W.K.1, W.K.2, W.K.3, W.K.5, W.K.6, SL.K.1, SL.K.1.A, SL.K.2, SL.K.4, SL.K.5, SL.K.6, L.K.1, L.K.1.B, L.K.1.F, L.K.4.A, L.K.4.B, L.K.5.B, L.K.5.C, L.K.5.D, & L.K.6.

Third Marking Period - Pacing Guide Remainder of UNIT 3 – Changes All Around Us

Standards: RL.K.1, RL.K.2, RL.K.3, RL.K.9, RI.K.1, RI.K.3, RI.K.1.B, RF.K.2, RF.K.2.A, RF.K.2.D, RF.K.2.E, RF.K.3, RF.K.3.A, RF.K.3.C, W.K.1, W.K.2, W.K.3, W.K.5, W.K.6, SL.K.1, SL.K.1.A, SL.K.2, SL.K.4, SL.K.5, SL.K.6, L.K.1, L.K.1.B, L.K.1.F, L.K.4.A, L.K.4.B, L.K.5.B, L.K.5.C, L.K.5.D, & L.K.6.

UNIT 4-Let's Go Exploring

Standards: RL.K.1, RL.K.2, RL.K.3, RL.K.4, RL.K.5, RL.K.6, RL.K.7, RI.K.1, RI.K.4, RI.K.5, RI.K.6, RF.K.1.B, RF.K.2.A, RF.K.2.C, RF.K.2.D, RF.K.2.E, RF.K.3.A, RF.K.3.C, W.K.2, W.K.3, W.K.7, W.K.8, SL.K.1.A, SL.K.4, L.K.1.F, L.K.2, L.K.2.A, L.K.2.B, L.K.2.C, L.K.2.D, L.K.5.A, L.K.5.C, & L.K.6

Fourth Marking Period - Pacing Guide UNIT 5-Going Places

Standards: RL.K.1, RL.K.3, RL.K.5, RL.K.10, RI.K.1, RI.K.2, RI.K.3, RI.K.8, RF.K.2, RF.K.2.A, RF.K.2.B, RF.K.2.D, RF.K.2.E, RF.K.3, RF.K.3.A, RF.K.3.B, RF.K.3.D, RF.K.4, W.K.2, W.K.3, W.K.5, W.K.7, SL.K.1.A, SL.K.1.B, SL.K.2, L.K.1.B, L.K.1.C, L.K.1.E, L.K.1.F, L.K.2.A, L.K.2.B, L.K.5.B, L.K.5.C, & L.K.6

UNIT 6-Putting It Together

Standards: RL.K.1, RL.K.3, RL.K.5, RI.K.1, RI.K.2, RI.K.8, RI.K.10, RF.K.2, RF.K.2.A, RF.K.2.B, RF.K.2.D, RF.K.2.E, RF.K.3.A, RF.K.3.B, RF.K.3.C, W.K.2, W.K.3, W.K.5, W.K.7, W.K.8, SL.K.1.A, SL.K.1.B, SL.K.2, SL.K.3, L.K.1, L.K.1.D, L.K.1.E, L.K.1.F, L.K.2, L.K.2.A, L.K.2.B, L.K.5, & L.K.6.

Content Area: Reading/LAL

Unit 1

Unit Title: All Together Now

Target Course/Grade Level: Kindergarten

Unit Summary How do we live, work, and play together?

Primary interdisciplinary connections: Science, Social Studies, Math, Art, Music

21st century themes: Critical Thinking and Problem-solving, Creativity and Innovation, Collaboration,

Teamwork and Leadership, Cross-cultural Understanding and Interpersonal Communication,

Communication and Media Fluency, Accountability, Productivity, and Ethics

Unit Rationale: All students will understand and apply the knowledge of sounds, letters, and words in

written English to become independent and fluent readers and will read a variety of materials and texts with fluency and comprehension.

Learning Targets

Standards

- **Reading for Literature (RL):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity.
- **Reading for Informational Text (RI):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity.
- Writing (W): Text Types and Purposes
- Speaking & Listening (SL): Comprehension and Collaboration, and Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas.
- Language (L): Conventions of Standard English and Vocabulary Acquisition and Use.

CPI #	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)
RL.K.1	With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about key details in a text. (e.g., who, what, where, when, why, how)
RL.K.2	With prompting and support, retell familiar stories, including key details. (e.g., who, what, where, when, why, how).
RL.K.3	With prompting and support, identify characters, settings, and major event(s) in a story
RL.K.7	With prompting and support, describe the relationship between illustrations and the story in which they appear (e.g., what moment in a story an illustration depicts).
RI.K.7	Use information gained from illustrations (e.g., maps, photographs) and the words in a text to demonstrate understanding of the text (e.g., where, when, why, and how key events occur).

RF.K.1.A	Follow words from left to right, top to bottom, and page by page				
RF.K.1.D	Recognize and name all upper- and lowercase letters of the alphabet.				
RF.K.2.A	Recognize and produce rhyming words.				
RF.K.2.B	Count, pronounce, blend, and segment syllables in spoken words.				
RF.K.2.C	Blend and segment onsets and rimes of single-syllable spoken words	Blend and segment onsets and rimes of single-syllable spoken words			
RF.K.2.D	Isolate and pronounce the initial, medial vowel, and final sounds (phonemes) in three-phoneme (consonant-vowel-consonant, or CVC) words.* (This does not include CVCs ending with /l/, /r/, or /x/.)				
RF.K.2.E	Add or substitute individual sounds (phonemes) in simple, one-syllable words to make new wor	ds.			
RF.K.3.A	Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound correspondences by producing many the most frequently used sounds of each consonant	of			
RF.K.3.C	Read high-frequency and sight words with automaticity.				
W.K.2	Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose informative/explanatory texts in which they name what they are writing about and supply some information about the topic.				
W.K.3	Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to narrate a single event or several loosely linked events, tell about the events in the order in which they occurred, and provide a reaction to what happened.				
W.K.5	With guidance and support from adults, strengthen writing through response and self-reflection using questions and suggestions from peers (e.g., adding details).				
SL.K.1.A	Follow agreed-upon norms for discussions (e.g., listening to others with care and taking turns speaking about the topics and texts under discussion)				
SL.K.3	Ask and answer questions in order to seek help, get information, or clarify something that is not understood.				
SL.K.4	Describe familiar people, places, things, and events and, with prompting and support, provide additional detail.				
L.K.1.A	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. A. Print many upper- and lowercase letters.				
L.K.1.B	Use frequently occurring nouns and verbs				
L.K.5.A	With guidance and support from adults, explore word relationships and nuances in word meanings. A. Sort common objects into categories (e.g., shapes, foods) to gain a sense of the concepts the categories represent.				
L.K.6	Use words and phrases acquired through conversations, reading and being read to, and responding to texts.	Use words and phrases acquired through conversations, reading and being read to, and			
Unit Essent	tial Questions Unit Enduring Understandings				
• How do c	hildren get to school?				

 How do school children work and play together? How do families cooperate? How do people in a community cooperate? What do you like to do with your friends? How do machines help people work? 	 Children understand that riding the bus together helps them get to school and arrive safely. Children understand that working together with classmates helps them share tools and supplies and solve problems. Children understand that support from their families helps them take care of themselves and take care of their friends. Children understand that cooperating with others helps them have a fun time and learn new things. Children understand that playing with others helps them share fun experiences and a common goal. Children understand that working with machines helps get a lot of work done and helps with many different jobs.
---	---

Unit Learning Targets

Students will ...

• recognize the letters Aa-Zz, initial sounds and sound discrimination, rhyming words, syllables,

initial and final /m/ and /t/.

- identify character, setting, sequence, and classify and categorize.
- identify by sight: I, am, the, little, a, to
 - Summative Assessment
 - Individual oral assessments
 - Written assessments
 - Unit Benchmark assessment
 - Teacher Created assessment

• Equipment needed:

- Teacher's Manual
- Lesson Plans
- Teacher Made Materials
- Backline Masters
- pearsonrealize.com

Teacher Resources:

Teacher's Manual

- Lesson Plans
- Teacher Made Materials
- Backline Masters
- pearsonrealize.com

Formative Assessments

• Teacher observation, Teacher Created Assessments, Homework, Workbook pages

Lesson Plans				
Lesson	Timeframe			
Lesson 1	5 days			
The Little School Bus				
Lesson 2				
We Are So Proud	5 days			
Lesson 3				
Plaidypus Lost	5 days			
Lesson 4	5 days			
Miss Bindergarten Takes a Field Trip with Kindergarten				
Lesson 5	5 days			
Smash! Crash!				
Lesson 6				
Dig Dig Digging	5 days			
Teacher Notes:	1			
The lesson schedule can be revised based on stud	ents' abilities and needs, and school calendar.			

English Language Arts Curriculum

Content Area: English Language Arts	
Lesson Title: The Little School Bus	Timeframe: One week at two
 phonological/phonemic awareness 	hours per day per lesson.
- letter recognition/phonics	
 high frequency words 	
- comprehension	
- writing	
- conventions	
 listening and speaking 	
- vocabulary	
- weekly skills assessment	
Lesson Title: We Are So Proud	
- phonological/phonemic awareness	
- letter recognition/phonics	
 high frequency words 	
- comprehension	
- writing	
- conventions	
 listening and speaking 	
- vocabulary	
- weekly skills assessment	
Lesson Title: Plaidypus Lost	
 phonological/phonemic awareness 	
- letter recognition/phonics	
 high frequency words 	
- comprehension	
- writing	
- conventions	
 listening and speaking 	
- vocabulary	
- weekly skills assessment	
Lesson Title: Miss Bindergarten Takes a Field Trip with Kindergarten	
 phonological/phonemic awareness 	
- letter recognition/phonics	

- high frequency word	15						
- comprehension							
- writing							
- conventions							
 listening and speaking 	ng						
- vocabulary							
- weekly skills assessn	nent						
Lesson Title: Smash! Crash	ļ						
- phonological/phone	emic awareness						
 letter recognition/pl 							
 high frequency word 							
- comprehension							
- writing							
- conventions							
 listening and speaking 	ng						
- vocabulary							
 weekly skills assess 	nent						
Lesson Title: Dig Dig Digging	5						
- phonological/phone	emic awareness						
 letter recognition/pl 	honics						
 high frequency word 							
- comprehension							
- writing							
- conventions							
 listening and speaking 	ng						
- vocabulary							
 weekly skills assess 	nent						
	Lesson Compo	nen	ts				
	21 st Century Th						
Global Awareness	Financial, Economic,	x	Civic Lite	eracy		Health Literacy	
	Business, and	^					
	Entrepreneurial Literacy						
	21 st Century S	kills	<u>.</u>			<u> </u>	
			-				

	Creativity and Innovation	х	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving	x	Communication and Collaboration		Information Literacy
х	Media Literacy		ICT Literacy	х	Life and Career Skills		
Int	erdisciplinary Connection	ons:	Science: Technology				
Integration of Technology: smartboard, computer, i-pad, cd player							
 Equipment needed: TE pp. 16–31 Truckery Rhymes p. 5 My Skills Buddy pp. 12–15 Reader's and Writer's Notebook pp. 1–6 							

Goals/Objectives	Learning Activities/Instructional Strategies	Formative Assessment Tasks
 Students: Content Knowledge: Getting to School Together Phonological Awareness: Rhyming Words Letter Recognition: Aa Comprehension Skill: Character Conventions: Say Our Names Writing: Wonderful, Marvelous Me! Handwriting: A and a Listening and Speaking: Following Directions 	 Content Knowledge: Discuss the Question of the Week: How do children get to school? Oral Vocabulary: Talk with Me/Sing with Me Introduce Amazing Words Phonological Awareness: Introduce and discriminate rhyming words. Letter Recognition: Identify uppercase A and lowercase a. Blend Words: Blend sounds to make rhyming words. Handwriting: Write uppercase A and lowercase a. High-Frequency Words: Learn high- frequency words. Non-decodable Words Routine Decodable Story 1 "I Am!": Read high-frequency words: I, am. Reading Decodable Books Routine Small Group Time Text-Based Comprehension: Identify and describe characters. Read Aloud: Read "At the Bus Stop" TE p. 27. 	 Letters Aa, Bb, Cc, Dd, Ee Comprehension Skill: Character High-Frequency Words: I, am

3	Conventions: Introduce saying	
	names.	
	- Daily Fix-It	
	Writing: Write or dictate sentences	
	about what makes you special.	
	Daily Handwriting: Review	
	uppercase A and lowercase a.	
	Listening and Speaking: Introduce	
	and practice following directions.	
	- Face the speaker when listening.	
	- Ask questions to clarify	
	information.	
	Wrap Up Your Day	

Differentiation

Small group instruction, leveled readers, leveled centers

- Resources Provided: Teacher's Edition p.16
- <u>Video, Big Question Video</u>
- Video, Concept Talk Video
- Song, Sing with Me
- <u>Reader's and Writer's Notebook Key</u>
- Teacher's Edition p.26
- Animation, Envision It! Animation
- Teacher's Edition p.28
- Daily Fix-It

Content Area: Reading/LAL	Unit 2
Unit Title: Look at Us!	
Target Course/Grade Level: Kinderga	rten
Unit Summary How are animals and	plants unique?
Primary interdisciplinary connections	: Science, S.S., Math, Art, Music
	and Problem Solving, Creativity and Innovation, Collaboration, tural Understanding and Interpersonal Communication,

Communication and Media Fluency, Accountability, Productivity, and Ethics

Unit Rationale All students will understand and apply the knowledge of sounds, letters, and words in written English to become independent and fluent readers and will read a variety of materials and texts with fluency and comprehension.

Learning Targets

Standards

- **Reading for Literature (RL):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity.
- **Reading for Informational Text (RI):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity.
- Writing (W): Text Types and Purposes
- **Speaking & Listening (SL):** Comprehension and Collaboration, and Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas.
- Language (L): Conventions of Standard English and Vocabulary Acquisition and Use.

Content Statements The content in this unit includes recognizing letters by sight, writing letters, putting letters in order, recognizing letter sounds, recognizing sounds in words, rhyming words, syllables, nouns, adjectives, vocabulary, identifying parts of a story, sequencing, and writing names.

CPI #	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)
RL.K.2	With prompting and support, retell familiar stories, including key details. (eg. who, what, where, when, how, why)
RL.K.3	With prompting and support, identify characters, settings, and major events in a story.
RL.K.5	Recognize common types of texts (e.g., storybooks, poems).
RI.K.1	With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about key details in a text. eg. who, what, where, when, how, why)
RI.K.2	With prompting and support, identify the main topic and retell key details of a text.
RI.K.3	With prompting and support, describe the connection between two individuals, events, ideas, or pieces of information in a text.
RI.K.7	With prompting and support, describe the relationship between illustrations and the text in which they appear (e.g., what person, place, thing, or idea in the text an illustration depicts)
RI.K.9	With prompting and support, identify basic similarities in and differences between two texts on the same topic (e.g., in illustrations, descriptions, or procedures).
RF.K.1.B	Recognize that spoken words are represented in written language by specific sequences of letters.
RF.K.1.C	Understand that words are separated by spaces in print.
RF.K.2.A	Recognize and produce rhyming words.
RF.K.2.C	Blend and segment onsets and rimes of single-syllable spoken words.

RF.K.2.D	Isolate and pronounce the initial, medial vowel, and final sounds (phonemes) in three-phoneme (consonant-vowel-consonant, or CVC) words.* (This does not include CVCs ending with /l/, /r/, or /x/.)
RF.K.2.E	Add or substitute individual sounds (phonemes) in simple, one-syllable words to make new words.
RF.K.3	Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding and encoding words.
RF.K.3.A	Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound correspondences by producing many of the most frequently used sounds each consonant.
RF.K.3.B	Associate the long and short sounds with common spellings (graphemes) for the five major vowels
RF.K.3.C	Read common high-frequency and sight words with automaticity.
RF.K.3.D	Distinguish between similarly spelled words by identifying the sounds of the letters that differ. (e.g., nap and tap; cat and cot)
W.K.2	Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose informative/explanatory texts in which they name what they are writing about and supply some information about the topic.
W.K.3	Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to narrate a single event or several loosely linked events, tell about the events in the order in which they occurred, and provide a reaction to what happened.
W.K.5	With guidance and support from adults, strengthen writing through response and self reflection using questions and suggestions from peers (e.g., adding details)
W.K.7	Participate in shared research and writing projects (e.g., explore a number of books by a favorite author and express opinions about them).
W.K.8	With guidance and support from adults, recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question.
SL.K.1.B	Continue a conversation through multiple exchanges.
SL.K.2	Confirm understanding of a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media by asking and answering questions about key details and requesting clarification if something is not understood.
SL.K.3	Ask and answer questions in order to seek help, get information, or clarify something that is not understood.
SL.K.4	Describe familiar people, places, things, and events and, with prompting and support, provide additional detail.
L.K.1	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
L.K.1.B	Use frequently occurring nouns and verbs.
L.K.1.C	Form regular plural nouns orally by adding /s/ or /es/ (e.g., dog, dogs; wish, wishes).
L.K.2	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.
L.K.2.C	Write a letter or letters for most consonant and short-vowel sounds (phonemes).
L.K.2.D	Spell simple words phonetically, drawing on knowledge of sound-letter relationships.
L.K.5.B	Demonstrate understanding of frequently occurring verbs and adjectives by relating them to their opposites (antonyms)

L.K.5.C Identify real-life connections between v colorful).	Identify real-life connections between words and their use (e.g., note places at school that are colorful).		
L.K.6 Use words and phrases acquired throug responding to texts	Use words and phrases acquired through conversations, reading and being read to, and responding to texts		
Unit Essential Questions	Unit Enduring Understandings		
 How are flowers unique? What can we learn about nature when we look closely? What special animals live in the grasslands? What unique thing does a bear do in the winter? What kind of a home does an animal need? How are real and make believe plants alike and different? 	 Children understand that flowers have parts that do different jobs and make fruit and seeds? Children understand that looking closely at nature helps them see new and different things and helps them appreciate nature. Children learn that the baby animals of the grasslands look very different and do many things with their mothers. Children learn that in the winter a bear sleeps in a cave or den and keeps warm and quiet. Children understand that some animals look for a winter home and find a warm place to stay. Children understand that, no matter where or how they grow, all plants need the same things and are amazing in their own way. 		
Unit Learning Targets			
 Students will recognize initial and medial /a/ and /i/, initial and identify character, setting, sequence, and classify 			
realism and fantasy.identify by sight; have, is, we, my, like, he, for			

• identify by sight: have, is, we, my, like, he, for

Evidence of Learning

Summative Assessment

- Individual oral assessments
- Written assessments
- Unit Benchmark assessment
- Teacher created assessment

Equipment needed: Teacher's Manual, Big Books, Letter/sound cards, student workbooks, picture/words cards, flip charts, leveled readers, smartboard, computer

Teacher Resources:

- Teacher's Manual
- Lesson plans

- Teacher Made Materials
- Backline Masters
- pearsonrealize.com

Formative Assessments

• Teacher observation, Teacher created assessments, homework, workbook pages

Lesson Plans

Lesson	Timeframe
Lesson 1	5 days
Flowers	
Lesson 2	5 days
Nature Spy	
Lesson 3	5 days
Animal Babies in Grasslands	
Lesson 4	5 days
Bear Snores On	
Lesson 5	5 days
A Bed for Winter	
Lesson 6	5 days
Jack and the Beanstalk	

Teacher Notes:

The lesson schedule can be revised based on students' abilities and needs, and school calendar.

Curriculum Development Resources

• Julie Davis smartboard activities(from teacherspayteachers.com)

Lesson Plan 1			
Content Area: English Language Arts			
Lesson Title: Flowers Timeframe: One week at t			
- phonological/phonemic awareness	hours per day per lesson.		
- letter recognition/phonics			
 high frequency words 			
- comprehension			
- writing			

-	conventions					
-	listening and speaking					
-	vocabulary					
-	- weekly skills assessment					
Lesson	Title: Nature Spy					
-	phonological/phonemic awareness					
-	letter recognition/phonics					
-	high frequency words					
-	comprehension					
-	writing					
-	conventions					
-	listening and speaking					
-	vocabulary					
-	weekly skills assessment					
Lesson	Title: Animal Babies in Grasslands					
-	phonological/phonemic awareness					
-	letter recognition/phonics					
-	high frequency words					
-	comprehension					
-	writing					
-	conventions					
-	listening and speaking					
-	vocabulary					
-	weekly skills assessment					
Lesson	Title: Bear Snores On					
-	phonological/phonemic awareness					
-	letter recognition/phonics					
-	high frequency words					
-	comprehension					
-	writing					
-	conventions					
-	listening and speaking					
-	vocabulary					
-	weekly skills assessment					
Lesson	Title: A Bed for the Winter					
-	phonological/phonemic awareness					
-	letter recognition/phonics					
-	high frequency words					

	-	comprehension						
	-	writing						
	-	conventions						
	-	listening and speak	ing					
	-	vocabulary						
	-	weekly skills assess	mei	nt				
Le	sson	Title: Jack and the	Bear	nstalk				
	-	phonological/phon	emi	c awareness				
	-	letter recognition/	phoi	nics				
	-	high frequency wo	rds					
	-	comprehension						
	-	writing						
	-	conventions						
	-	listening and speak	ing					
	-	vocabulary						
	-	weekly skills assess	smei	nt				
				Lesson Compor	nent	ts		
				21 st Century The	eme	<u>es</u>		
х	Glo	bal Awareness		Financial, Economic,		Civic Literacy		Health Literacy
				Business, and				
				Entrepreneurial Literacy				
			•	21 st Century S	kills	<u>.</u>	•	
х	Cre	eativity and	х	Critical Thinking and		Communication	х	Information
	Inn	ovation		Problem Solving		and Collaboration		Literacy
	Me	dia Literacy		ICT Literacy	x	Life and Career Skill	S	
Int	Interdisciplinary Connections: Science: Technology							
Integration of Technology: smartboard, computer, i-pad, cd player								
	• Equipment needed: TE pp. 16–31							
	Truckery Rhymes p. 11							
	• My Skills Buddy pp. 12–15							
	 Reader's and Writer's Notebook pp. 1–2, 81–84 							

English Language Arts Curriculum

Goals/Objectives	Learning Activities/Instructional Strategies	Formative Assessment Tasks
Students: Content Knowledge: Looking at Flowers Phonemic Awareness: Initial /a/ Phonics: /a/ Spelled Aa Comprehension Skill: Compare and Contrast Conventions: Nouns for More Than One Writing: Wonderful, Marvelous Me! Handwriting: A and a Listening and Speaking: Listen for Sequence	 Content Knowledge: Discuss the Question of the Week: How are flowers unique? Oral Vocabulary: Talk with Me/Sing with Me Introduce Amazing Words Phonemic Awareness: Identify and discriminate words with initial /a/. Phonics: Recognize uppercase A and lowercase a. Associate the sound /a/ with the spelling a. Blend Words: Blend and read words with /a/. Review sound-spellings for Mm and Tt. Daily Handwriting: Write uppercase A and lowercase a. High-Frequency Words: Learn high- frequency words. Non-decodable Words Routine Decodable Story 7 "I Have!": Read high-frequency words: I, have, a, the, is, little. Reading Decodable Books Routine Small Group Time Text-Based Comprehension: Introduce comparing and contrasting. Read Aloud: Read "A Look at Two Flowers" TE p. 27. Conventions: Identify and use nouns for more than one. Daily Fix-It Writing: Write or dictate sentences about something that makes you special. Daily Handwriting: Review 	 Phonics: Short a Spelled Aa Comprehension Skill: Compare and Contrast High-Frequency Words: have, is

uppercase A and lowercase a. Listening and Speaking: Practice listening for sequence. - Understand the purpose of listening for sequence. - Ask questions to clarify information.				
	Wrap Up Your Day			
Differentiation				
Small groups, leveled read	lers, leveled centers			
Resources Provided	Resources Provided			
•				
	 <u>Video, Big Question Video</u> Video, Concept Talk Video 			
	Song, Sing with Me Beader's and Writer's Netsback Key			
 <u>Reader's and Writer's Notebook Key</u> Teacher's Edition p.26 				
 Animation, Envision It! Animation 				
Teacher's Edition p.28				
 Daily Fix-It 				

Content Area: Reading/LAL

UNIT 3

Unit Title: Changes All Around Us

Target Course/Grade Level: Kindergarten

Unit Summary How do changes affect us?

Primary interdisciplinary connections: Science, S.S., Math, Art, Music.

21st century themes: Critical Thinking and Problem Solving, Creativity and Innovation, Collaboration, Teamwork and Leadership, Cross-cultural Understanding and Interpersonal Communication, Communication and Media Fluency, Accountability, Productivity, and Ethics

Unit Rationale All students will understand and apply the knowledge of sounds, letters, and words in written English to become independent and fluent readers and will read a variety of materials and texts with fluency and comprehension.

Learning Targets

Standards

- **Reading for Literature (RL):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity.
- **Reading for Informational Text (RI):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity.
- Writing (W): Text Types and Purposes
- **Speaking & Listening (SL):** Comprehension and Collaboration, and Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas.
- Language (L): Conventions of Standard English and Vocabulary Acquisition and Use.

Content Statements The content in this unit includes recognizing letters by sight, writing letters, putting letters in order, recognizing letter sounds, recognizing sounds in words rhyming words, syllables, nouns, verbs, vocabulary, identifying parts of a story, and writing names.

CPI #	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)
RL.K.1	With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about key details in a text(e.g., who, what, where, when, why, how).
RL.K.2	With prompting and support, retell familiar stories, including key details (e.g., who, what, where, when, why, how).
RL.K.3	With prompting and support, identify characters, settings, and major events in a story.
RL.K.9	With prompting and support, compare and contrast the adventures and experiences of characters in familiar stories.
RI.K.1	With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about key details in a text (e.g., who, what, where, when, why, how).
RI.K.3	With prompting and support, describe the connection between two individuals, events, ideas, or pieces of information in a text.
RF.K.1.B	Recognize that spoken words are represented in written language by specific sequences of letters.
RF.K.2	Demonstrate understanding of spoken words, syllables, and sounds (phonemes).
RF.K.2.A	Recognize and produce rhyming words
RF.K.2.D	Isolate and pronounce the initial, medial vowel, and final sounds (phonemes) in three-phoneme (consonant-vowel-consonant, or CVC) words.* (This does not include CVCs ending with /l/, /r/, or /x/.)
RF.K.2.E	Add or substitute individual sounds (phonemes) in simple, one-syllable words to make new words.
RF.K.3	Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding and encoding words.
RF.K.3.A	Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound correspondences by producing many of the most frequently used sounds of each consonant
RF.K.3.C	Read high-frequency and sight words with automaticity

W.K.1	Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose opinion pieces in which they tell a reader the topic or the name of the book they are writing about and state an opinion or				
	preference about the topic or book (e.g., My favorite book is).				
W.K.2	Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose informative/explanatory texts in				
VV.IX.Z	which they name what they are writing about and supply some information about the topic.				
W.K.3	Use a combination of drawing, dictating	, and writing to narrate a single event or several loosely			
	linked events, tell about the events in the	ne order in which they occurred, and provide a reaction to			
	what happened.				
W.K.5		strengthen writing through response and self-reflection			
_	using questions and suggestions from p				
W.K.6		guidance and support from adults, explore a variety of digital tools to produce and publish			
	writing, including in collaboration with				
SL.K.1		ns with diverse partners about kindergarten topics and			
	texts with peers and adults in small and				
SL.K.1.A		ons (e.g., listening to others with care and taking turns			
	speaking about the topics and texts und				
SL.K.2	-	oud or information presented orally or through other			
		ns about key details and requesting clarification if			
	something is not understood.				
SL.K.4	additional detail.	and events and, with prompting and support, provide			
		descriptions as desired to provide additional detail			
SL.K.5	Add drawings or other visual displays to descriptions as desired to provide additional detail.				
SL.K.6	Speak audibly and express thoughts, feelings, and ideas clearly.				
L.K.1	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing				
	or speaking.				
L.K.1.B	Use frequently occurring nouns and verbs				
L.K.1.F	Produce and expand complete sentences in shared language activities.				
L.K.4.A	Identify new meanings for familiar word	is and apply them accurately (e.g., knowing duck is a bird			
2	and learning the verb to duck).				
L.K.4.B		es (e.g., -ed, -s, -ing) as a clue to the meaning of an			
	unknown word.	the accurring works and adjactives by relating them to their			
L.K.5.B	opposites (antonyms).	tly occurring verbs and adjectives by relating them to their			
		vords and their use (e.g., note places at school that are			
L.K.5.C	colorful).	volus and their use (e.g., note places at school that are			
L.K.5.D	strut, prance) by acting out the meanings.				
L.K.6 Use words and phrases acquired through conversations, reading and being read to, and responding to texts.					
Unit Essential		Unit Enduring Understandings			
• How does a	panda change in its first year of	 Children understand that as a panda gets older, it 			
life?		changes in size, just like they do and it can do new			
		things and has new experiences.			
• what new the	nings can you do as you get older?	נוווובא מווע וומא ווביא באמצוופוונבא.			

 How is life today different from life hundreds of years ago? What happens when animals change? How are things we use today different from 	 Children understand the excitement they feel when they are big enough to try something new and when they are not sure they are ready yet. Children understand the importance of history 		
things used long ago?What causes us to change the way we feel?	 when they learn about George Washington and when they learn about the Revolutionary War. Children understand that some animals change as they grow and can do new things as they grow, just as children can. 		
	 Children understand that many things from the past have changed to be more efficient and have changed as technology improves. 		
	 Children understand that their feelings will change as they get older and they learn from new experiences and find new friends. 		

Unit Learning Targets

Students will ...

- recognize initial and medial /o/, initial and final /n/, /b/, /r/, /d/, /k/, /f/.
- identify character, setting, plot, sequence, and cause and effect, compare and contrast, drawing conclusions, main idea .
- identify by sight: me, with, she, see, look, they, you, of
- recognize and use verbs for now and past, verbs that add -s, verbs for now and future, meaningful word groups, sentences
- ask and answer questions, recite rhymes, and respond to literature.

Evidence of Learning

Summative Assessment

- Individual oral assessments
- Written assessments
- Unit Benchmark assessment
- Teacher created assessment

Equipment needed:

Teacher Resources:

- Teacher's Manual
- Lesson plans
- Teacher Made Materials
- Backline Masters
- pearsonrealize.com

Formative Assessments

• Teacher observation, Teacher created assessments, homework, workbook pages

Lesson P	lans		
Lesson Timeframe			
Lesson 1			
Little Panda	5 days		
Lesson 2			
Little Quack	5 days		
Lesson 3			
George Washington Visits	5 days		
Lesson 4			
Farfallina and Marcel	5 days		
Lesson 5			
Then and Now	5 days		
Lesson 6			
The Lion and the Mouse	5 days		

The lesson schedule can be revised based on students' abilities and needs, and school calendar.

Curriculum Development Resources

- pearsonrealize.com
- Julie Davis smartboard activities(from teacherspayteachers.com)

Lesson Plan	1
Content Area:	
Lesson Title: Little Panda	Timeframe: One week at two
-phonological/phonemic awareness	hours per day per lesson.
letter recognition/phonics	
 high frequency words 	
• comprehension	
• writing	
• conventions	

٠	listening and speaking	
٠	vocabulary	
٠	weekly skills assessment	
٠	Lesson Title: Little Quack	
٠	phonological/phonemic awareness	
٠	letter recognition/phonics	
٠	high frequency words	
٠	comprehension	
٠	writing	
•	conventions	
•	listening and speaking	
•	vocabulary	
٠	weekly skills assessment	
Lesson	Title: George Washington Visits	
٠	phonological/phonemic awareness	
•	letter recognition/phonics	
•	high frequency words	
•	comprehension	
•	writing	
٠	conventions	
٠	listening and speaking	
•	vocabulary	
•	weekly skills assessment	
Lesson	Title: Farfallina and Marcel	
•	phonological/phonemic awareness	
•	letter recognition/phonics	
•	high frequency words	
•	comprehension	
•	writing	

	 conventions 						
	 listening and speaki 	ng					
	 vocabulary 						
	 weekly skills assess 	ment					
	,						
Le	sson Title: Then and Now						
	• phonological/phon	emic awareness					
	• letter recognition/p	honics					
	• high frequency wor	ds					
	• comprehension						
	• writing						
	 conventions 						
	 listening and speaki 	ng					
	• vocabulary						
	• weekly skills assess	ment					
Le	sson Title: The Lion and T	he Mouse					
	• phonological/phon	emic awareness					
	• letter recognition/p	honics					
	• high frequency wor	ds					
	• comprehension						
	• writing						
	• conventions						
	 listening and speaki 	ng					
	 vocabulary 						
	• weekly skills assess	ment					
		Lesson Compo	nent	ts			
		21 st Century Th	eme	<u>es</u>			
x	Global Awareness	Financial, Economic, Business, and Entrepreneurial Literacy	x	Civic Lite	eracy	x	Health Literacy

			21 st Century S	kills	<u>i</u>		
	Creativity and Innovation	x	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving	x	Communication and Collaboration	x	Information Literacy
	Media Literacy		ICT Literacy	х	Life and Career Skill	S	
In	terdisciplinary Connection	ons:	Science: Technology	•			
In	tegration of Technology	: sm	artboard, computer, i-pad,	cd p	layer		
	Equipment needed	d: T	E pp. 16–31				
	Truckery Rhymes	p. 2	17				
	My Skills Buddy p	р. 1	.2–15				
	Reader's and Wri	ter'	s Notebook pp. 1–2, 161-	-164			

Goals/Objectives	Learning Activities/Instructional Strategies	Formative Assessment Tasks
 Students: Content Knowledge: How a Baby Panda Changes Phonemic Awareness: Initial /n/ Phonics: /n/ Spelled Nan Comprehension Skill: Compare and Contrast Conventions: Verbs Writing: Wonderful, Marvelous Me! Handwriting: N and n 	 Content Knowledge: Discuss the Question of the Week: How does a panda change in its first year of life? Oral Vocabulary: Talk with Me/Sing with Me Introduce Amazing Words Phonemic Awareness: Identify and discriminate words with initial /n/. Blend words that begin with /n/. Phonics: Recognize uppercase N and lowercase n. Associate the sound /n/ with the spelling n. Blend Words: Blend and read words with /n/. Review sound-spellings for Aa, Cc, Ii, Mm, Pp, Ss, Tt. Handwriting: Write uppercase N and lowercase n. High-Frequency Words: Learn high-frequency words. Non-decodable Words Routine Decodable Story 13 "Nan and Nat": Read high- frequency words: I, am, have, we, is, with, a, the. Reading Decodable Books Routine 	Phonics: /n/ Spelled Nn; /b/ Spelled Bb Comprehe nsion Skill: Compare and Contrast High- Frequency Words: me, with, she

 Listening and Speaking: 	 Text-Based Comprehension: Introduce comparing and contrasting. Read Aloud: Read "Best Friends" TE p. 27.
Drama—Respond to Literature	 3. Conventions: Identify and use verbs. Daily Fix-It Writing: Write or dictate sentences about something that makes you special. Daily Handwriting: Review uppercase N and lowercase n. Listening and Speaking: Practice responding to a story. Understand the purpose of responding to literature. Speak loudly and clearly. Take turns speaking. Speak one at a time. Wrap Up Your Day
Differentiation	
Small groups, leveled re	eaders, leveled centers
Resources Provided	
Teacher's Edition p.16	
	uestion Video
	ept Talk Video
Song, Sing w	
	d Writer's Notebook Key
Teacher's Ed	-
Teacher's Ed	-
	Envision It! Animation
• <u>Daily Fix-It</u>	

Content Area: Reading/LAL	Unit 4
Unit Title: Let's Go Exploring	
Target Course/Grade Level: Kindergarte	
Unit Summary: Where will our adventu	res take us?

Primary interdisciplinary connections: Science, Social Studies, Math, Art, Music

English Language Arts Curriculum

21st century themes: Critical Thinking and Problem-solving, Creativity and Innovation, Collaboration, Teamwork and Leadership, Cross-cultural Understanding and Interpersonal Communication, Communication and Media Fluency, Accountability, Productivity, and Ethics

Unit Rationale All students will understand and apply the knowledge of sounds, letters, and words in written English to become independent and fluent readers and will read a variety of materials and texts with fluency and comprehension.

Learning Targets

Standards

- **Reading for Literature (RL):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity.
- **Reading for Informational Text (RI):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity.
- Writing (W): Text Types and Purposes
- **Speaking & Listening (SL):** Comprehension and Collaboration, and Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas.
- Language (L): Conventions of Standard English and Vocabulary Acquisition and Use.

Content Statements The content in this unit includes recognizing letters by sight, writing letters(capital letters and periods), putting letters in order, recognizing letter sounds, recognizing sounds in words, rhyming words, syllables, nouns, pronouns I and me, naming and telling sentences, vocabulary, identifying parts of a story, and writing names.

CPI #	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)
RL.K.1	With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about key details in a text (e.g., who, what, where, when, why, how).
RL.K.2	With prompting and support, retell familiar stories, including key details (e.g., who, what, where, when, why, how).
RL.K.3	With prompting and support, identify characters, settings, and major events in a story.
RL.K.4	Ask and answer questions about unknown words in a text.
RL.K.5	Recognize common types of texts (e.g., storybooks, poems).
RL.K.6	With prompting and support, name the author and illustrator of a story and define the role of each in telling the story
RL.K.7	With prompting and support, describe the relationship between illustrations and the story in which they appear (e.g., what moment in a story an illustration depicts).
RI.K.1	With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about key details in a text (e.g., who, what, where, when, why, how).

RI.K.4	With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about unknown words in a text.
RI.K.5	Identify the front cover, back cover, and title page of a book.
RI.K.6	Name the author and illustrator of a text and define the role of each in presenting the ideas or information in a text.
RF.K.1.B	Recognize that spoken words are represented in written language by specific sequences of letters.
RF.K.2.A	Recognize and produce rhyming words.
RF.K.2.C	Blend and segment onsets and rimes of single-syllable spoken words
RF.K.2.D	Isolate and pronounce the initial, medial vowel, and final sounds (phonemes) in three-phoneme (consonant-vowel-consonant, or CVC) words.* (This does not include CVCs ending with /l/, /r/, or /x/.)
RF.K.2.E	Add or substitute individual sounds (phonemes) in simple, one-syllable words to make new words.
RF.K.3.A	Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound correspondences by producing many of the most frequently used sounds of each consonant
RF.K.3.C	Read common high-frequency words by sight (e.g., the, of, to, you, she, my, is, are, do, does).
W.K.2	Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose informative/explanatory texts in which they name what they are writing about and supply some information about the topic.
W.K.3	Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to narrate a single event or several loosely linked events, tell about the events in the order in which they occurred, and provide a reaction to what happened.
W.K.7	Participate in shared research and writing projects (e.g., explore a number of books by a favorite author and express opinions about them).
W.K.8	With guidance and support from adults, recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question.
SL.K.1.A	Follow agreed-upon norms for discussions (e.g., listening to others with care and taking turns speaking about the topics and texts under discussion).
SL.K.4	Describe familiar people, places, things, and events and, with prompting and support, provide additional detail.
L.K.1.F	Produce and expand complete sentences in shared language activities.
L.K.2	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.
L.K.2.A	Capitalize the first word in a sentence and the pronoun I.
L.K.2.B	Recognize and name end punctuation.
L.K.2.C	Write a letter or letters for most consonant and short-vowel sounds (phonemes).
L.K.2.D	Spell simple words phonetically, drawing on knowledge of sound-letter relationships.
L.K.5.A	Sort common objects into categories (e.g., shapes, foods) to gain a sense of the concepts the categories represent.
L.K.5.C	Identify real-life connections between words and their use (e.g., note places at school that are colorful).

L.K.6	Use words and phrases acquired throu responding to texts.	gh conversations, reading and being read to, and
Unit Essentia	Questions	Unit Enduring Understandings
 What is a lu What adver How can an What would adventure? 	re learn from our adventures? cky adventure? ntures can animals have? adventure cause trouble? d it be like to have an Antarctic of adventures can you have in the	 Children understand that an adventure doesn't need to happen far from home and can teach us what is really important. Children understand that a lucky adventure may bring exciting experiences and may introduce us to exciting new people. Children understand that animals are curious and like adventures and try new things. Children understand an adventure can be troublesome when we are not careful or considerate about what we do and when we don't follow rules. Children understand that visiting a new place is an exciting new experience and is an opportunity to learn about new wildlife. Children understand that exploring a big city lets them see new sights and lets them share the experience with a friend or relative.

Unit Learning Targets

Students will ...

- recognize initial and medial /e/, initial and final /h/, /l/, /g/ and consonant blends .
- identify character, setting, plot, sequence, and cause and effect, compare and contrast, classify

and categorize.

- identify by sight: are, that, do, one, two, three, four, five, here, go, from •
- recognize naming parts, action parts, complete sentences, telling sentences, capital letters and • periods, pronouns I and me.
- ask and answer questions, recite rhymes, and respond to literature, give directions, listening for • sequence, discussing Authors and Illustrators.

Evidence of Learning

Summative Assessment

- Individual oral assessments
- Written assessments
- Unit Benchmark assessment _

English Language Arts Curriculum

- Teacher Created assessment

Equipment needed: Teacher's Manual, Big books, Letter/sound cards, student workbooks, picture/word cards, flip charts, leveled readers, smartboard, computer

Teacher Resources:

- Teacher's Manual
- Lesson Plans
- Teacher Made Materials
- Backline Masters
- pearsonrealize.com

Formative Assessments

• Teacher observation, Teacher Created Assessments, Homework, Workbook pages

Lesson Plans

Lesson	Timeframe
Lesson 1	
Rooster's Off to See the World	5 days
Lesson 2	
My Lucky Day	5 days
Lesson 3	
One Little Mouse	5 days
Lesson 4	
Goldilocks and the Three Bears	5 days
Lesson 5	5 days
If You Could Go To Antarctica	
Lesson 6	5 days
Abuela	

The lesson schedule can be revised based on students' abilities and needs, and school calendar.

Curriculum Development Resources

• pearsonrealize.com

• Julie Davis smartboard activities(from teacherspayteachers.com)

English Language Arts Curriculum

Lesson Plan	1					
Content Area: English Language Arts						
Lesson Title: Rooster's Off to See the World	Timeframe: One week at two					
- phonological/phonemic awareness	hours per day per lesson.					
- letter recognition/phonics						
- high frequency words						
- comprehension						
- writing						
- conventions						
 listening and speaking 						
vocabulary						
 weekly skills assessment 						
Lesson Title: My Lucky Day						
- phonological/phonemic awareness						
- letter recognition/phonics						
 high frequency/phonics 						
- comprehension						
- writing						
- conventions						
 listening and speaking 						
- vocabulary						
 weekly skills assessment 						
Lesson Title: One Little Mouse						
- phonological/phonemic awareness						
- letter recognition/phonics						
 high frequency/phonics 						
- comprehension						
- writing						
- conventions						
 listening and speaking 						
- vocabulary						
 weekly skills assessment 						
Lesson Title: Goldilocks and the Three Bears						
 phonological/phonemic awareness 						
- letter recognition/phonics						
 high frequency/phonics 						
- comprehension						

	- writing								
	- conventions								
	- listening and speak	ing							
	- vocabulary	U							
	 weekly skills assess 	mer	nt						
Le	sson Title: If You Could G								
	- phonological/phor	nemi	ic awareness						
	 letter recognition/phonics spelling 								
	 high frequency/pho 	onics	5						
	- comprehension								
	- writing								
	- conventions								
	- listening and speaking								
	- vocabulary								
	 weekly skills assess 	mer	nt						
Le	sson Title: Abuela								
	 phonological/phor letter recognition/p spelling high frequency/pho comprehension writing conventions listening and speak vocabulary weekly skills assess 	ohor	nics s						
			Lesson Compor	nent	ts				
			21 st Century Th	eme	25				
x	Global Awareness		Financial, Economic, Business, and Entrepreneurial Literacy		Civic Literacy	x	Health Literacy		
			21 st Century S	kills	<u> </u>		•		
х	Creativity and	х	Critical Thinking and	x	Communication	x	Information		
	Innovation		Problem Solving		and Collaboration		Literacy		

English Language Arts Curriculum

	Media Literacy	ICT Literacy	x	Life and Career Skills			
In	Interdisciplinary Connections: Science: Technology						
In	Integration of Technology: smartboard, computer, i-pad, cd player						
Equipment needed: TE pp. 16-31							
Truckery Rhymes p. 23							
	My Skills Buddy pp. 12–15 Deciderly and Writeria Netshark pp. 1, 2, 241, 244						
	 Reader's and Writer's Notebook pp. 1–2, 241–244 						

Goals/Objectives	Learning Activities/Instructional Strategies	Formative Assessment Tasks
 Students: Content Knowledge: Learning From Adventures Phonological Awareness: Initial /h/ Phonics:/h/ Spelled Hh Comprehension Skill: Sequence Conventions: Naming Parts Writing: Wonderful, Marvelous Me! Handwriting: Write H and h Listening and Speaking: Give Directions 	 Content Knowledge: Discuss the Question of the Week: What can we learn from our adventures? Oral Vocabulary: Talk with Me/Sing with Me Introduce Amazing Words Phonological Awareness: Learn initial /h/. Phonolos: Recognize uppercase H and lowercase h. Associate the sound /h/ with the spelling h. Blend Words: Blend and read words with /h/. Handwriting: Write uppercase H and lowercase h. High-Frequency Words: Learn high- frequency words. Non-decodable Words Routine Decodable Story 19 "I Have!": Read high-frequency words: I, have, a, the, is, little, that, my, me, do, you, with, like. Reading Decodable Books Routine Small Group Time Text-Based Comprehension: Identify sequence. 	 /h/ Spelled Hh Comprehension Skill: Sequence High-Frequency Words: are, that, do

	Read Aloud: Read "Kate Kitten Takes a Walk" TE p. 27.
	 3. Conventions: Identify and use naming parts of sentences. Daily Fix-It Writing: Write or dictate a sentence about how you are special. Daily Handwriting: Review uppercase H and lowercase h.
	Listening and Speaking: Introduce giving directions. - Follow and give directions. - Share information by speaking loudly and clearly. Wrap Up Your Day
Differentiation Small group, leveled read	
Resources Provided	
 Teacher's Edition <u>Video, Big Questic</u> <u>Video, Concept Ta</u> <u>Song, Sing with M</u> <u>Reader's and Writ</u> Teacher's Edition <u>Animation, Envision</u> Teacher's Edition 	<u>n Video</u> <u>< Video</u> <u>r's Notebook Key</u> .26 <u>n It! Animation</u>

Content Area: Reading/LAL UNIT 5	
Unit Title: Going Places	
Target Course/Grade Level: Kindergarten	
Unit Summary How do people and things get from here to there?	
Primary interdisciplinary connections: Science, Social Studies, Math, Art, Music	

English Language Arts Curriculum

21st century themes: Critical Thinking and Problem-solving, Creativity and Innovation, Collaboration, Teamwork and Leadership, Cross-cultural Understanding and Interpersonal Communication, Communication and Media Fluency, Accountability, Productivity, and Ethics

Unit Rationale All students will understand and apply the knowledge of sounds, letters, and words in written English to become independent and fluent readers and will read a variety of materials and texts with fluency and comprehension.

Learning Targets

Standards

- **Reading for Literature (RL):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity.
- **Reading for Informational Text (RI):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity.
- Writing (W): Text Types and Purposes
- **Speaking & Listening (SL):** Comprehension and Collaboration, and Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas.

•	Language (L):	Conventions of Standard English and Vocabulary Acquisition and Use.
---	---------------	---

Content Statements		
CPI #	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)	
RL.K.1	With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about key details in a text (e.g., who, what, where, when, why, how).	
RL.K.3	With prompting and support, identify characters, settings, and major events in a story.	
RL.K.5	Recognize common types of texts (e.g., storybooks, poems).	
RL.K.10	Actively engage in group reading activities with purpose and understanding.	
RI.K.1	With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about key details in a text (e.g., who, what, where, when, why, how).	
RI.K.2	With prompting and support, identify the main topic and retell key details of a text.	
RI.K.3	With prompting and support, describe the connection between two individuals, events, ideas, or pieces of information in a text.	
RI.K.8	With prompting and support, identify the reasons an author gives to support points in a text	
RF.K.2	Demonstrate understanding of spoken words, syllables, and sounds (phonemes).	
RF.K.2.A	Recognize and produce rhyming words.	
RF.K.2.B	Count, pronounce, blend, and segment syllables in spoken words.	
RF.K.2.D	Isolate and pronounce the initial, medial vowel, and final sounds (phonemes) in three- phoneme (consonant-vowel-consonant, or CVC) words.* (This does not include CVCs ending with /l/, /r/, or /x/.)	

RF.K.2.E	Add or substitute individual sounds (phonemes) in simple, one-syllable words to make new words.	
RF.K.3	Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding and encoding words.	
RF.K.3.A	Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound correspondences by producing the primary sound or many of the most frequent sounds for each consonant.	
RF.K.3.B	Associate the long and short sounds with common spellings (graphemes) for the five major vowels.	
RF.K.3.D	Distinguish between similarly spelled words by identifying the sounds of the letters that differ (e.g., nap and tap; cat and cot).	
RF.K.4	Read emergent text with one-to-one correspondence to develop fluency and comprehension skills.	
W.K.2	Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose informative/explanatory texts in which they name what they are writing about and supply some information about the topic.	
W.K.3	Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to narrate a single event or several loosely linked events, tell about the events in the order in which they occurred, and provide a reaction to what happened.	
W.K.5	With guidance and support from adults, strengthen writing through response and self- reflection using questions and suggestions from peers (e.g., adding details).	
W.K.7	Participate in shared research and writing projects (e.g., explore a number of books by a favorite author and express opinions about them).	
SL.K.1.A	Follow agreed-upon norms for discussions (e.g., listening to others with care and taking turns speaking about the topics and texts under discussion).	
SL.K.1.B	Continue a conversation through multiple exchanges.	
SL.K.2	Confirm understanding of a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media by asking and answering questions about key details and requesting clarification if something is not understood.	
L.K.1.B	Use frequently occurring nouns and verbs.	
L.K.1.C	Form regular plural nouns orally by adding /s/ or /es/ (e.g., dog, dogs; wish, wishes).	
L.K.1.E	Use the most frequently occurring prepositions (e.g., to, from, in, out, on, off, for, of, by, with).	
L.K.1.F	Produce and expand complete sentences in shared language activities.	
L.K.2.A	Capitalize the first word in a sentence and the pronoun I.	
L.K.2.B	Recognize and name end punctuation.	
L.K.5.B	Demonstrate understanding of frequently occurring verbs and adjectives by relating them to their opposites (antonyms).	
L.K.5.C	Identify real-life connections between words and their use (e.g., note places at school that are colorful).	
L.K.6	Use words and phrases acquired through conversations, reading and being read to, and responding to texts.	

Unit Essential Questions	Unit Enduring Understandings
 Unit Essential Questions What are different ways of going places? What kinds of transportation help us in an emergency? What kinds of transportation help people do their jobs? What kind of work do trains do? How do people in different parts of the world travel? How do children around the world get to school? 	 Unit Enduring Understandings Children understand that transportation can take many different forms and helps people get from one place to another. Children understand that the Coast Guard provides help during a storm or in other emergencies and uses emergency vehicles to assist in a rescue. Children understand that trucks are an important form of transportation and help move goods from one place to another. Children understand that trains are important in moving people and things from one place to another they are going. Children understand that transportation is important to people all over the world and exists everywhere in many different forms. Children understand that school children around
	the world need to go to school and use different forms of transportation depending on where they live and what the climate is like.

Unit Learning Targets

Students will ...

- recognize initial and medial /u/, initial and final /j/, /w/, /k/, /s/, /v/, /z/, /y/, /kw/.
- identify character, setting, plot, sequence, and cause and effect, compare and contrast, reality

and fantasy, main idea, drawing conclusions.

- identify by sight: yellow, blue, green, what, said, was, where, come
- recognize questions, question marks and uppercase letters, prepositions, nouns, nouns in sentences, and verbs.
- ask and answer questions, and respond to literature, give directions, listening for sequence, discussing literature.

Evidence of Learning

Summative Assessment

- Individual oral assessments
- Written assessments
- Unit Benchmark assessment

- Teacher Created assessment

Equipment needed: Teacher's Manual, Big books, Letter/sound cards, student workbooks, picture/word cards, flip charts, leveled readers, smartboard, computer

Teacher Resources:

- Teacher's Manual
- Lesson Plans
- Teacher Made Materials
- Backline Masters
- pearsonrealize.com

Formative Assessments

• Teacher observation, Teacher Created Assessments, Homework, Workbook pages

Lesson Plans

Lesson	Timeframe	
Lesson 1		
Max Takes the Train	5 days	
Lesson 2		
Mayday! Mayday!	5 days	
Lesson 3		
Trucks Roll!	5 days	
Lesson 4	5 days	
The Little Engine that Could		
Lesson 5	5 days	
On the Move!		
Lesson 6	5 days	
This Is the Way We Go to School		

Teacher Notes:

The lesson schedule can be revised based on students' abilities and needs, and school calendar.

Curriculum

• Julie Davis smartboard activities (from teacherspayteachers.com)

Lesson Plan	1			
Content Area: English Language Arts				
Lesson Title: Max Takes the Train Timeframe: One week at two				
 phonological/phonemic awareness letter recognition/phonics high frequency words 	hours per day per lesson.			
 comprehension writing 				
 conventions listening and speaking 				
 vocabulary weekly skills assessment 				
Lesson Title: Mayday! Mayday!				
 phonological/phonemic awareness letter recognition/phonics 				
 high frequency words comprehension 				
- writing				
conventionslistening and speaking				
 vocabulary weekly skills assessment 				
Lesson Title: Trucks Roll!				
 phonological/phonemic awareness letter recognition/phonics high frequency words comprehension 				
 writing conventions 				
listening and speakingvocabulary				
 weekly skills assessment Lesson Title: The Little Engine That Could 				
 phonological/phonemic awareness letter recognition/phonics high frequency words 				

	- comprehension						
	- writing						
	- conventions						
	 listening and speak 	ing					
	- vocabulary						
	 weekly skills assess 		nt				
Le	sson Title: On the Move						
	 phonological/phon 						
	 letter recognition/p 		nics				
	 high frequency wor 	ds					
	- comprehension						
	- writing						
	- conventions						
	 listening and speak 	ing					
	- vocabulary						
	- weekly skills assess						
Le	sson Title: This Is the Wa						
	 phonological/phon 						
	 letter recognition/p 		nics				
	 high frequency wor 	ds					
	- comprehension						
	- writing						
	- conventions						
	 listening and speak 	ing					
	- vocabulary						
	 weekly skills assess 	mer	nt				
			Lesson Compor	nent	ts		
			21 st Century The	eme	<u>es</u>		
x	Global Awareness	х	Financial, Economic,		Civic Literacy		Health Literacy
		- •	Business, and				,
			Entrepreneurial Literacy				
			21 st Century S	kills			
x	Creativity and	х	Critical Thinking and	x	Communication	x	Information
X	Innovation	X	Problem Solving	×	and Collaboration	×	Literacy
\vdash	Media Literacy		ICT Literacy		Life and Career Skill	 	Litting
	INICUIA LITEIALY		ici Literacy	Х		3	

Interdisciplinary Connections: Science: Technology

Integration of Technology: smartboard, computer, i-pad, cd player

- Equipment needed: TE pp. 16–31
- Truckery Rhymes p. 12
- My Skills Buddy pp. 12–15
- Reader's and Writer's Notebook pp. 1–2, 321–324

Goals/Objectives	Learning Activities/Instructional Strategies	Formative Assessment Tasks
 Students: Content Knowledge: Different Kinds of Transportation Phonological Awareness: Initial /j/ Phonics: /j/ Spelled Jj Comprehension Skill: Realism and Fantasy Conventions: Questions Writing: Wonderful, Marvelous Me! Handwriting: Write J and j Listening and Speaking: Ask and Answer Questions 	 Content Knowledge: Discuss the Question of the Week: What are different ways of going places? Oral Vocabulary: Talk with Me/Sing with Me Introduce Amazing Words Phonological Awareness: Learn initial /j/. Phonics: Recognize uppercase J and lowercase j. Associate the sound /j/ with the spelling j. Blend Words: Blend and read words with /j/. Handwriting: Write uppercase J and lowercase j. High-Frequency Words: Learn high- frequency words. Non-decodable Words Routine Academic Vocabulary: Read academic vocabulary. Decodable Story 25 "Jen and Will": Read high-frequency words: blue, the, is, a, have, like, go, to, they, see, you. Reading Decodable Books Routine Small Group Time 	 /j/ Spelled Jj, /w/ Spelled Ww Comprehension Skill: Realism and Fantasy High-Frequency Words: yellow, green, blue

Differentiation	fantasy. Read Aloud: Read "Going to the Moon" TE p. 27. 3. Conventions: Identify and use questions. - Daily Fix-It Writing: Write or dictate a sentence about something that makes you special. Daily Handwriting: Review uppercase J and lowercase j. Listening and Speaking: Practice asking and answering questions. - Speak loudly and clearly. Wrap Up Your Day	
Small group, leveled read Resources Provided	ers, leveled centers	
 Teacher's Edition (<u>Video, Big Questic</u> <u>Video, Concept Ta</u> <u>Song, Sing with M</u> 	on Video Ik Video e er's Notebook Key o.26 on It! Animation	

Content A	rea: Reading/LAL UNIT 6
Unit Title:	Putting It Together
Target Co	urse/Grade Level: Kindergarten
Unit Sum	mary: What Are Different Ways of Building?
Primary in	nterdisciplinary connections: Science, Social Studies, Math, Art, Music
21 st centu	ry themes: Critical Thinking and Problem-solving, Creativity and Innovation, Collaboration,
Teamwor	k and Leadership, Cross-cultural Understanding and Interpersonal Communication,
Communi	cation and Media Fluency, Accountability, Productivity, and Ethics

Unit Rationale All students will understand and apply the knowledge of sounds, letters, and words in written English to become independent and fluent readers and will read a variety of materials and texts with fluency and comprehension.

Learning Targets

Standards

- **Reading for Literature (RL):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity.
- **Reading for Informational Text (RI):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity.
- Writing (W): Text Types and Purposes
- **Speaking & Listening (SL):** Comprehension and Collaboration, and Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas.
- Language (L): Conventions of Standard English and Vocabulary Acquisition and Use.

Content St	atements	
CPI #	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)	
RL.K.1	With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about key details in a text (e.g., who, what, where, when, why, how)	
RL.K.3	With prompting and support, identify characters, settings, and major events in a story (e.g., who, what, where, when, why, how)	
RL.K.5	Recognize common types of texts (e.g., storybooks, poems).	
RI.K.1	With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about key details in a text (e.g., who, what, where, when, why, how)	
RI.K.2	With prompting and support, identify the main topic and retell key details of a text.	
RI.K.8	With prompting and support, identify the reasons an author gives to support points in a text.	
RI.K.10	Actively engage in group reading activities with purpose and understanding.	
RF.K.2	Demonstrate understanding of spoken words, syllables, and sounds (phonemes).	
RF.K.2.A	Recognize and produce rhyming words	
RF.K.2.B	Count, pronounce, blend, and segment syllables in spoken words.	
RF.K.2.D	Isolate and pronounce the initial, medial vowel, and final sounds (phonemes) in three- phoneme (consonant-vowel-consonant, or CVC) words.* (This does not include CVCs ending with /l/, /r/, or /x/.)	
RF.K.2.E	Add or substitute individual sounds (phonemes) in simple, one-syllable words to make new words.	
RF.K.3.A	Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound correspondences by producing the primary sound or many of the most frequent sounds for each consonant.	
RF.K.3.B	Associate the long and short sounds with common spellings (graphemes) for the five major vowels.	
RF.K.3.C	Read common high-frequency words by sight (e.g., the, of, to, you, she, my, is, are, do, does).	
W.K.2	Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose informative/explanatory texts in which they name what they are writing about and supply some information about the topic.	

W.K.3	Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to narrate a single event or several loosely linked events, tell about the events in the order in which they occurred, and provide a reaction to what happened.			
W.K.5	W With guidance and support from adults, strengthen writing through response and self- reflection using questions and suggestions from peers (e.g., adding details			
W.K.7		writing projects (e.g., explore a number of books by a		
W.K.8	With guidance and support from a information from provided sources	dults, recall information from experiences or gather s to answer a question.		
SL.K.1.A	Follow agreed-upon norms for disc speaking about the topics and text	cussions (e.g., listening to others with care and taking turns s under discussion).		
SL.K.1.B	Continue a conversation through n	nultiple exchanges.		
SL.K.2	Confirm understanding of a text re	ad aloud or information presented orally or through other estions about key details and requesting clarification if		
SL.K.3	Ask and answer questions in order not understood.	to seek help, get information, or clarify something that is		
L.K.1	Demonstrate command of the con- writing or speaking.	ventions of standard English grammar and usage when		
L.K.1.D	Understand and use question word how).	Understand and use question words (interrogatives) (e.g., who, what, where, when, why,		
L.K.1.E	Use the most frequently occurring with).	Use the most frequently occurring prepositions (e.g., to, from, in, out, on, off, for, of, by,		
L.K.1.F	Produce and expand complete sen	tences in shared language activities.		
L.K.2	Demonstrate command of the com and spelling when writing.	ventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation,		
L.K.2.A	Capitalize the first word in a senter	nce and the pronoun I.		
L.K.2.B	Recognize and name end punctuat	ion.		
L.K.5	With guidance and support from a meanings	dults, explore word relationships and nuances in word		
L.K.6	Use words and phrases acquired th responding to texts.	nrough conversations, reading and being read to, and		
Unit Essen	tial Questions	Unit Enduring Understandings		
• How is a	school built?	 Children understand that big machines are used 		
What too	ols do you need to build things?	to build a school and have special jobs to do.		
• How do beavers build their homes?		 Children understand that different tools are used 		
 What can friends build together? 		to do special jobs and can help build things.		
• Who helps to build a house?		Children understand that beavers live in the water		
• How do ants build their nests?		and use their teeth to cut down trees and use the wood they cut to build dams and lodges.		
		 Children understand that friends can have fun building things together and can build things and then have an adventure together. 		

	• Children understand that many workers are
	 Children understand that many workers are needed to design a house and to build a house. Children understand that different kinds of ants
	build different kinds of nests depending on what
	they need and use different materials to build
	their nests.
Unit Learning Targets	
Students will	
 recognize initial and medial /a/, /e/, /i/, /o 	/, /u/, initial, medial and final sounds.
 identify character, setting, plot, sequence, 	compare and contrast, main idea, drawing
conclusions.	
	t, where, is, go, that, come, the, was, to, like, from, for,
my, of, we, yellow, have, they, four, two, blue, ye	
	I phrases, telling sentences, questions, exclamations,
complete sentences.	the state of the second state of the state o
Discuss fact and opinion, interpret informa	
	e of Learning
Summative Assessment (- Individual oral assessments	
- Written assessments	
 Unit Benchmark assessment Teacher Created assessment 	
	Letter/sound cards, student workbooks, picture/word
cards, flip charts, leveled readers, smartboard, con	
Teacher Resources:	iputei
Teacher's Manual	
Lesson Plans	
 Teacher Made Materials 	
Backline Masters	
 pearsonrealize.com 	
Formative Assessments	
 Teacher observation, Teacher Created 	
Assessments, Homework, Workbook pages	
	on Plans
Lesson	Timeframe
Lesson 1	5 days
Building With Dad	,
Lesson 2	
Old MacDonald Had a Workshop	5 days
Lesson 3	·
Building Beavers	5 days
Lesson 4	5 days
Alistair and Kip's Great Adventure	

Lesson 5	5 days	
The House That Tony Lives In		
Lesson 6		
Ants and Their Nests	5 days	
Teacher Notes:		
The lesson schedule can be revised based on students' abilities and needs, and school calendar.		
Curriculum Development Resources		
• noorsonroolizo.com		

- pearsonrealize.com
- Julie Davis smartboard activities(from teacherspayteachers.com)

Pacing Guide – Grade 1

Content Area: English Language Arts Grade Level: First Grade

First Marking Period - Pacing Guide UNIT R – My World

Standards: RL.1.3, RL.1.5, RL.1.6, RI.1.9, RI.1.10, RF.1.2, RF.1.2.B, RF.1.2.C, RF.1.2.D, RF.1.3, RF.1.3.B, RF.1.3.G, W.1.6, W.1.7, W.1.8, SL.1.1, SL.1.1.A, SL.1.1.C, SL.1.2, SL.1.4, SL.1.6, L.1.1.B, L.1.1.C, L.1.1.E, L.1.1.F, L.1.1.J, L.1.2, L.1.2.B, L.1.5.A, L.1.5.B, L.1.5.C

Second Marking Period - Pacing Guide

UNIT 1- Animals, Tame and Wild

Standards: RL.1.1, RL.1.2, RL.1.3, RL.1.7, RI.1.2, RI.1.3, RI.1.8, RF.1.1, RF.1.1.A, RF.1.2.B, RF.1.2.C, RF.1.2.D, RF.1.3, RF.1.3.A, RF.1.3.B, RF.1.3.F, RF.1.3.G, RF.1.4, RF.1.4.B, W.1.2, W.1.3, W.1.5, SL.1.1, SL.1.1.A, SL.1.1.B, SL.1.1.C, SL.1.4, L.1.1.G, L.1.1.J, L.1.2, L.1.2.B, L.1.2.D, L.1.2.E, L.1.5.C

UNIT 2 – Communities

Standards: RL1.2, RL1.3, RL1.5, RI.1.2, RI.1.3, RI.1.8, RF.1.2.A, RF.1.2.B, RF.1.2.C, RF.1.2.D, RF.1.3, RF.1.3.A, RF.1.3.B, RF.1.3.C, RF.1.3.D, RF.1.3.F, RF.1.3.G, RF.1.4, RF.1.4.B, W.1.2, W.1.3, W.1.5, SL1.1, SL1.1.A, SL1.2, SL1.4, L.1.1, L.1.1.B, L.1.1.C, L.1.1.J, L.1.2.A, L.1.2.C, L.1.2.D, L.1.5.C

Third Marking Period - Pacing Guide

Remainder of UNIT 2 – Communities

Standards: RL1.2, RL1.3, RL1.5, RI.1.2, RI.1.3, RI.1.8, RF.1.2.A, RF.1.2.B, RF.1.2.C, RF.1.2.D, RF.1.3, RF.1.3.A, RF.1.3.B, RF.1.3.C, RF.1.3.D, RF.1.3.F, RF.1.3.G, RF.1.4, RF.1.4.B, W.1.2, W.1.3, W.1.5, SL.1.1, SL.1.1.A, SL.1.2, SL.1.4, L.1.1, L.1.1.B, L.1.1.C, L.1.1.J, L.1.2.A, L.1.2.C, L.1.2.D, L.1.5.C

UNIT 3-Changes

English Language Arts Curriculum

Standards: RL.1.1 RL.1.3 RL.1.7 RL.1.9 RL.1.10 RI.1.1 RI.1.3 RI.1.4 RF.1.2.B RF.1.2.C RF.1.2.D RF.1.3 RF.1.3.B RF.1.3.C RF.1.3.E RF.1.3.F RF.1.3.G RF.1.4.B W.1.1 W.1.2 W.1.3 W.1.5 SL.1.1.A SL.1.4 L.1.1 L.1.1.C L.1.1.E L.1.1.J L.1.2 L.1.2.D L.1.5.C

Fourth Marking Period - Pacing Guide

UNIT 4-Treasures

Standards: RL.1.1, RL.1.2, RL.1.3, RL.1.4, RL.1.7, RL.1.10, RI.1.2, RI.1.6, RI.1.7, RF.1.2.B, RF.1.2.C, RF.1.2.D, RF.1.3, RF.1.3.A, RF.1.3.B, RF.1.3.C, RF.1.3.E, RF.1.3.F, RF.1.3.G, RF.1.4.A, RF.1.4.B, RF.1.4.C, W.1.,1 W.1.2, W.1.3, W.1.5, SL.1.1, SL.1.1.A, SL.1.3, SL.1.4, L.1.1.A, L.1.1.B, L.1.1.F, L.1.1.H, L.1.1.J, L.1.2, L.1.2.D, L.1.4.B, L.1.5.C, L.1.5.D, L.1.6

UNIT 5-Great Ideas

Standards: RL.1.1, RL.1.2, RL.1.3, RI.1.2, RI.1.3, RI.1.5, RI.1.7, RF.1.2.B, RF.1.2.C, RF.1.2.D, RF.1.3, RF.1.3.C, RF.1.3.E, RF.1.3.F, RF.1.3.G, RF.1.4.B, W.1.1, W.1.2, W.1.3, W.1.5, SL.1.1.A, SL.1.2, SL.1.5, L.1.1, L.1.1.D, L.1.1.I, L.1.1.J, L.1.2.D, L.1.4.A, L.1.4.B, L.1.4.C, L.1.5.C

Jnit Title: Unit R, My World	
Target Course/Grade Level: First Grade	
Unit Summary:	
Recognize letters and letter sounds	
Distinguish short and long vowels	
Segment and Blend Phonemes	
 Isolate initial, medial, and final phonemes 	
 Read and comprehend sight words 	
 Identify initial and final consonant blends 	
 Visualize, ask questions, predict, monitor and clarify selected readings 	
 Recognize character, setting, plot, and main ideas 	
Identify realism and fantasy	
Classify, rhyme, and use context clues	
 Introduction to the writing process 	
Listen attentively and speak clearly	
Write letters	
Write simple sentences	
 Recognize story sequence and compare/contrast selected readings 	
 Read with fluency, accuracy, and appropriate rate 	
• Recognize Nouns: Common, Proper, Special Titles, Singular, Plural, and Nouns in Sentences	
Recognize verbs	
Recognize adjectives	
Primary Interdisciplinary Connections:	
Social Studies	
	I

- Mathematics
- Technology
- Music
- Science
- Art
- Physical Education
- History

21st Century Themes:

Standard 9.1 - 21st Century Life and Career Skills: All students will demonstrate the creative, critical thinking, collaboration, and problem-solving skills needed to function successfully as both global citizens and workers in diverse ethnic and organizational cultures.

- Critical Thinking and Problem Solving
- Creativity and Innovation
- Collaboration, Teamwork, and Leadership
- Cross-Cultural Understanding and Interpersonal Communication
- Communication and Media Fluency
- Accountability, Productivity, and Ethics

Unit Rationale:

To help students understand and apply the knowledge of sounds, letters, and words in written English to become independent, fluent readers and clear, concise, organized writers.

Learning Targets

Standards:

- **Reading for Literature (RL):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
- **Reading for Informational Text (RI):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
- **Reading Foundational Skills (RF):** Print Concepts, Phonological Awareness, Phonics & Word Recognition, and Fluency
- Writing (W): Text Types & Purposes
- Speaking & Listening (SL): Comprehension & Collaboration and Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas
- Language (L): Conventions of Standard English and Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

Content Statements:

The content in this unit includes phonological and print awareness, introduction to the writing process, grammar, and listening comprehension. Additionally, classification, rhyming, prediction, and the use of context clues will be studied.

CPI Number	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)
RL.1.3	Describe characters, settings, and major event(s) in a story, using key details.

	-	
RL.1.5	Explain major differences between books that tell stories and books that give information,	
	drawing on a wide reading of a range of text types.	
RL.1.6	Identify who is telling the story at various points in a text	
RI.1.9	Identify basic similarities in and differences between two texts on the same topic (e.g., in	
	illustrations, descriptions, or procedures).	
RI.1.10	With prompting and support, read informational texts at grade level text complexity or above.	
RF.1.2	Demonstrate mastery of spoken words, syllables, and sounds (phonemes) by using knowledge	
	that every syllable must have a vowel sound to determine the number of syllables in a printed	
	word.	
RF.1.2.B	Orally produce single-syllable words by blending sounds (phonemes), including consonant blends.	
RF.1.2.C	Isolate and pronounce initial, medial vowel, and final sounds (phonemes) in spoken single-syllable	
	words.	
RF.1.2.D	Segment spoken single-syllable words into their complete sequence of individual sounds	
	(phonemes).	
RF.1.3	Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.	
RF.1.3.B	Decode regularly spelled one-syllable words	
RF.1.3.G	Recognize and read grade-appropriate irregularly spelled words.	
W.1.6		
	writing, including in collaboration with peers.	
W.1.7	Participate in shared research and writing projects (e.g., explore a number of "how-to" books on	
	a given topic and use them to write a sequence of instructions).	
W.1.8	With guidance and support from adults, recall information from experiences or gather	
	information from provided sources to answer a question.	
SL.1.1	Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about grade 1 topics and texts	
	with peers and adults in small and larger groups	
SL.1.1.A	Follow agreed-upon norms for discussions (e.g., listening to others with care, speaking one at a	
	time about the topics and texts under discussion).	
SL.1.1.C	Ask questions to clear up any confusion about the topics and texts under discussion.	
SL.1.2	Ask and answer questions about key details in a text read aloud or information presented orally	
	or through other media.	
SL.1.4	Describe people, places, things, and events with relevant details, expressing ideas and feelings	
	clearly	
SL.1.6	Produce complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation. (See grade 1 Language	
	standards 1 and 3 on page 26 for specific expectations.)	
L.1.1.B	Use common, proper, and possessive nouns.	
L.1.1.C	Use singular and plural nouns with matching verbs in basic sentences (e.g., He hops; We hop)	
L.1.1.E	Use verbs to convey a sense of past, present, and future (e.g., Yesterday I walked home; Today I	
	walk home; Tomorrow I will walk home).	
L.1.1.F	Use frequently occurring adjectives.	

L.1.1.J	Produce and expand	complete simple and compound declarative, interrogative, imperative, and	
		es in response to prompts.	
L.1.2		and of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and	
	spelling when writing		
L.1.2.B	Use end punctuation for sentences.		
L.1.5.A	Sort words into categories (e.g., colors, clothing) to gain a sense of the concepts the categories		
	represent.		
L.1.5.B			
	tiger is a large cat wi		
L.1.5.C			
	cozy).		
Unit Essent	ial Questions	Unit Enduring Understandings	
How details	oes understanding a	• Understanding of a text's features, structures, and characteristics	
	structure help me	facilitate the reader's ability to make meaning of the text.	
	understand its	• Letters and letter combinations represent sounds.	
meanii		 Oral discussion helps to build connections to others and create 	
	re sounds	opportunities for learning.	
	ented by letters?	 Listening is the process of receiving, constructing meaning from, and 	
•	an discussion	responding to spoken and/nonverbal messages.	
	se our knowledge	 Children will understand that at home our family and pets live 	
	iderstanding of an	together.	
 What is around us at home? Who is in our family? 		 Children will understand that family members are children, adults, and 	
		pets and love each other.	
		 Children will understand that we can see and do many things outside. 	
		 Children will understand that neighborhood friends play with us, do 	
	s outside our door?	fun things with us, and help us out.	
	can we do with our	 Children will understand that there are many places and rooms in a 	
	orhood friends?	school, there are different kinds of people in a school, and a classroom	
-	s around us at	is filled with many things.	
school		 Children will understand that in our neighborhoods we can see 	
	can we see around	schools, libraries, and parks, stores, restaurants, farmers markets, and	
	ighborhood?	lots of people.	
	ing Targets		
The studer			
	Become aware of sound		
	Expand their understanding of print and book concepts		
	-	that sounds are represented by spellings	
	earn to blend sounds a		
		of the conventions of Standard English grammar and usage when writing or	
speaki	ng.		
0	Demonstrate command	of the conventions of Standard English capitalization, punctuation, and	
spellin	g when writing.		
	<u> </u>		

Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases by using context clues, analyzing meaningful word parts, and consulting general and specialized reference materials, as appropriate.

Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings

Evidence of Learning

Summative Assessment (5 days):

- Unit R Assessment
- Diagnostic Assessment
- Teacher-Created Tests
- Oral-fluency (WPM)
- Dictation and Spelling
- Writing Rubrics
- Daily Assessments
- Weekly Language Tests
- Formative Assessments:
- Work Samples
- Journals
- Performance Tasks
- Teacher Observations
- Student Participation
- Running Records

Equipment Needed:

- Laptop
- SMART Board/Computer

Teacher Resources:

- Teachers' Edition Textbooks
- Teacher Resources
- Graphic Organizers
- Internet Resource
- Big Books Phonics First Materials
- Differentiated Learning Centers
- Reader's and Writer's Notebook
- Leveled Readers

Lesson Plans

Lesson	
Week 1: Sam	
Integrate Science and Social Studies	
 Weekly Question – What is around us at home? 	

English Language Arts Curriculum

Knowle	dge Goals – Children will understand that at home: our family and pets live	
togethe	er, we have books, furniture, and clothes, we have toys and games, and we have	
food.		
Phonen	nic Awareness – initial, medial, and final phonemes, segment and blend	
phonen	nes, blend onsets and rimes	
Phonics	s – consonants m /m/, s, ss/s/,t/t/, short a	
Spelling		
• High-fr	equency words – a, green, I, see	
	ehension – character, questioning	
Vocabu	lary – sort nouns	
	/ – reread for fluency	
	nouns in sentences	
-	itions – nouns for people, animals, and things	
	ng and Speaking – participate in discussion	
Week 2: Sr		2 hours/5
	te Science and Social Studies	days
-	Question –Who is in our family?	,
	dge Goals – Children will understand that family members are children, are adults,	
	s and love each other.	
•	nic Awareness – c/k/, p/p/,n/n/	
	5 – isolate initial, medial, and final phonemes, identify syllables, segment and blend	
phonen		
 Spelling 		
	, equency words – do, look, was, yellow, you	
-	ehension – plot, story structure	
	lary – sort nouns and verbs	
	/ – reread for fluency	
-	, – verbs in sentences	
-	itions – verbs	
	ng and Speaking – follow instructions	
Week 3: Ti		2 hours/5
	te Science and Social Studies	days
	Question –What is outside our door?	,.
,	dge Goals – Children will understand that we can see and do many things outside.	
	nic Awareness – f, ff/f/,b/b/,g/g/, short i	
	s – isolate initial, medial, and final phonemes, rhyming words, and segment and	
	honemes	
 Spelling 		
	equency words – like, the, one, we	
•	ehension – setting, predict and set purpose	
-	lary – give descriptions	
	<i>i</i> – reread for fluency	
	– nouns in sentences	
-	itions – nouns for places	
		55

English Language Arts Curriculum

Listening and Speaking – restate instructions	21 /5
/eek 4: The Big Top	2 hours/5
Integrate Science and Social Studies	days
Weekly Question – What can we do with our neighborhood friends?	
Knowledge Goals – Children will understand that neighborhood friends play with us, do	
fun things, and help us out.	
Phonemic Awareness – isolate initial, medial, and final phonemes, rhyming words, and	
segment and blend phonemes.	
Phonics – consonants d/d/,l,ll,/l/,h,/h/, short o	
Spelling	
High-frequency words – are, have, that, they, two	
Comprehension – simple sentences	
Vocabulary – sort descriptive words	
Fluency – reread fluency	
Writing – simple sentences	
Conventions – simple sentences	
Listening and Speaking – give directions	
/eek 5: School Day	2 hours/5
Integrate Science and Social Studies	days
Weekly Question – What is around us at school?	
Knowledge Goals – Children will understand that there are many places and rooms in a	
school, there are different kinds of people in a school, and a classroom is filled with many	
things.	
Phonemic Awareness – initial, medial, and final phonemes, segment and blend	
phonemes, and identify syllables	
Phonics – r/r/,w/w/,j/j/,k/k/, short e	
Spelling	
High-frequency words – he, is, three, to, with	
Comprehension – plot, monitor and clarify	
Vocabulary – use descriptive words	
Fluency – reread for fluency	
Writing – sentences with adjectives	
Conventions - adjectives	
Listening and Speaking –ask questions and follow/restate directions	
/eek 6: Farmers Market	2 hours/5
Integrate Science and Social Studies	days
Weekly Question – What can we see around our neighborhood?	
Knowledge Goals – Children will understand that in our neighborhoods we can see	
schools, libraries, and parks, stores, restaurants, and farmers markets, and lots of people	
Phonemic Awareness – isolate initial and medial phonemes, segment and blend	
phonemes, and count phonemes	
Phonics v/v/,y/y/,z,zz/z/, short u	
Spelling -	
	1

- Comprehension realism and fantasy, background knowledge
- Vocabulary sort words
- Fluency reread for fluency
- Writing sentences in nouns, verbs, and adjectives
- Conventions sentences
- Listening and Speaking ask questions and retell stories

Teacher Notes:

- The lesson schedule can be revised based on students' abilities and needs.
- The textbook includes and recommends additional selections that support the unit theme.

Curriculum Development Resources:

(Click the links below to access additional resources used to design this unit)

www.pearsonrealize.com, www.smartexchange.com, www.teacherspayteachers.com,

www.abcya.com, www.apples4theteacher.com, www.education.com, www.scholastic.com,

www.corestandards.org

Content Area: English Language Arts

Unit Title: Unit One, Animals, Tame and Wild

Target Course/Grade Level: First Grade

Unit Summary:

- Recognize letters and letter sounds
- Distinguish short vowels
- Segment and Blend Phonemes
- Identify inflected endings –s and –ing
- Read and comprehend sight words
- Identify initial and final consonant blends
- Visualize, ask questions, predict, monitor and clarify selected readings
- Recognize character, setting, plot, and main ideas
- Classify, rhyme, and use context clues
- Introduction to the writing process
- Use capital letters for names, "I", cities, states, days, months, and the beginning of a sentence
- Listen attentively and speak clearly
- Write letters

Primary Interdisciplinary Connections:

- Social Studies
- Mathematics
- Technology
- Music
- Science
- Art
- Physical Education

History

21st Century Themes:

Standard 9.1 - 21st Century Life and Career Skills: All students will demonstrate the creative, critical thinking, collaboration, and problem-solving skills needed to function successfully as both global citizens and workers in diverse ethnic and organizational cultures.

- Critical Thinking and Problem Solving
- Creativity and Innovation
- Collaboration, Teamwork, and Leadership
- Cross-Cultural Understanding and Interpersonal Communication
- Communication and Media Fluency
- Accountability, Productivity, and Ethics

Unit Rationale:

To help students understand and apply the knowledge of sounds, letters, and words in written English to become independent, fluent readers and clear, concise, organized writers.

Learning Targets

Standards:

- **Reading for Literature (RL):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
- **Reading for Informational Text (RI):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
- **Reading Foundational Skills (RF):** Print Concepts, Phonological Awareness, Phonics & Word Recognition, and Fluency
- Writing (W): Text Types & Purposes
- Speaking & Listening (SL): Comprehension & Collaboration and Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas
- Language (L): Conventions of Standard English and Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

Content Statements:

The content in this unit includes phonological and print awareness, introduction to the writing process, grammar, and listening comprehension. Additionally, classification, rhyming, prediction, and the use of context clues will be studied.

CPI	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)	
Number		
RL.1.1	Ask and answer questions about key details in a text.	
RL.1.2	Retell stories, including key details, and demonstrate understanding of their central message or	
	lesson.	
RL.1.3	Describe characters, settings, and major event(s) in a story, using key details.	
RL.1.7	Use illustrations and details in a story to describe its characters, setting, or events.	
RI.1.2	Identify the main topic and retell key details of a text.	
RI.1.3	Describe the connection between two individuals, events, ideas, or pieces of information in a	
	text.	

RI.1.8	Identify the reasons an author gives to support points in a text and explain the application of this		
	information with prompting as needed.		
RF.1.1	Demonstrate mastery of the organization and basic features of print including those listed under		
	Kindergarten foundation skills.		
RF.1.1.A	Recognize the distinguishing features of a sentence (e.g., first word, capitalization, ending		
	punctuation).		
RF.1.2.B	Orally produce single-syllable words by blending sounds (phonemes), including consonant blends.		
RF.1.2.C	Isolate and pronounce initial, medial vowel, and final sounds (phonemes) in spoken single-syllable words.		
RF.1.2.D	Segment spoken single-syllable words into their complete sequence of individual sounds		
	(phonemes).		
RF.1.3	Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.		
RF.1.3.A	Know the spelling-sound correspondences for common consonant digraphs.		
RF.1.3.B	Decode regularly spelled one-syllable words.		
RF.1.3.F	Read words with inflectional endings.		
RF.1.3.G	Recognize and read grade-appropriate irregularly spelled words.		
RF.1.4	Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension.		
RF.1.4.B	Read grade-level text orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive		
NI .1.4.D	readings.		
W.1.2	Write informative/explanatory texts in which they name a topic, supply some facts about the		
	topic, and provide some sense of closure.		
W.1.3	Write narratives in which they recount two or more appropriately sequenced events, include		
	some details regarding what happened, use temporal words to signal event order, and provide		
	some sense of closure		
W.1.5	With guidance and support from adults, focus on a topic, respond to questions and suggestions		
	from peers and self-reflection, and add details to strengthen writing and ideas as needed.		
SL.1.1	Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about grade 1 topics and texts		
	with peers and adults in small and larger groups		
SL.1.1.A	Follow agreed-upon norms for discussions (e.g., listening to others with care, speaking one at a		
	time about the topics and texts under discussion).		
SL.1.1.B	Build on others' talk in conversations by responding to the comments of others through multiple		
	exchanges.		
SL.1.1.C	Ask questions to clear up any confusion about the topics and texts under discussion.		
SL.1.4	Describe people, places, things, and events with relevant details, expressing ideas and feelings		
	clearly.		
L.1.1.G	Use frequently occurring conjunctions (e.g., and, but, or, so, because).		
L.1.1.J	Produce and expand complete simple and compound declarative, interrogative, imperative, and		
	exclamatory sentences in response to prompts.		
L.1.2	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and		
	spelling when writing.		
L.1.2.B	Use end punctuation for sentences.		

L.1.2.D	Use conventional spelling for wor	rds with common spelling patterns and for frequently occurring	
	irregular words.		
L.1.2.E Spell untaught words phonetically		y, drawing on phonemic awareness and spelling conventions.	
L.1.5.C	Identify real-life connections betw	ween words and their use (e.g., note places at home that are	
	cozy)		
Unit Essent	ial Questions	Unit Enduring Understandings	
 How do structu its mea How an letters? How ca knowle idea(s)? Can one What de How do their base Which it is an an	bes understanding a text's re help me better understand uning? re sounds represented by an discussion increase our edge and understanding of an ? e hear but not listen? lo pets need? elps animals? o animals help people? o wild animals take care of	 Understanding of a text's features, structures, and characteristics facilitate the reader's ability to make meaning of the text. Letters and letter combinations represent sounds. Oral discussion helps to build connections to others and create opportunities for learning. Listening is the process of receiving, constructing meaning from, and responding to spoken and/nonverbal messages. Pets need food, water, shelter, exercise, and love. Pet owners, vets, and trainers help animals. Animals provide people with food, transportation, and services. 	
	an we learn about wild s by watching them?	 Wild animals provide food and protection from harm for their babies. All kinds of animals live in our neighborhood. Neighborhood animals need different kinds of food and shelter. We can learn about wild animals by watching them. Wild animals need food, water, and shelter. We protect animals from danger. 	

Unit Learning Targets

The students will . . .

- Become aware of sounds
- Expand their understanding of print and book concepts
- Gain an understanding that sounds are represented by spellings
- Learn to blend sounds and spellings
- Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
- Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing

	nd how language functions in different contexts, to e, and to comprehend more fully when reading or
listening.	
-	wn and multiple-meaning words and phrases by using
, 0	parts, and consulting general and specialized reference
materials, as appropriate.	
	language, word relationships, and nuances in word
meanings.	
=	ice of Learning
Summative Assessment (5 days):	
Unit 1 Assessment	
 Diagnostic Assessment 	
 Teacher-Created Tests 	
 Oral-fluency (WPM) 	
 Dictation and Spelling 	
Writing Rubrics	
Daily Assessments	
 Weekly Language Tests 	
Formative Assessments:	
Work Samples	
Journals	
Performance Tasks	
Teacher Observations	
 Student Participation 	
 Running Records 	
Equipment Needed:	
Laptop	
 SMART Board/Computer 	
Teacher Resources:	
 Teachers' Edition Textbooks 	
Teacher Resources	
Graphic Organizers	
Internet Resource	
 Big Books Phonics First Materials 	
Differentiated Learning Centers	
 Reader's and Writer's Notebook 	
Leveled Readers	
Le	sson Plans
Lesson	Time frame
Week 1: Sam, Come Back!	2 hours/5 days

English Language Arts Curriculum

•	Integrate Science and Social Studies	
•	Weekly Question-What do pets need?	
•	Knowledge Goals-pets need food and water,	
	pets need shelter, pets need shelter, pets	
	need exercise, pets need love	
•	Phonemic Awareness-short /a/, consonant	
	pattern -ck	
•	Spelling	
•	High-frequency words-come, on, in, my, on,	
	way	
•	Comprehension-character and setting	
•	Vocabulary-words for location	
•	Fluency-accuracy	
•	Writing-story	
•	Conventions-sentences	
•	Listening and Speaking-asking questions	
•	Research Skills-identify and focus topic,	
-	selecting books, gather and record	
	information, synthesize	
We	ek 2: Pig in a Wig	2 hours/5 days
•	Integrate Science and Social Studies	2 11001 3/ 3 00 43
•	Weekly Question-Who helps animals?	
•	Knowledge Goals-pet owners help animals,	
	vets help animals, and trainers help animals	
•	Phonemic Awareness-short /i/, consonant -x	
•	Spelling	
•	High-frequency words-she, take, up, what	
•	Comprehension-plot and summarize	
•	Vocabulary-alphabetize	
•	Fluency-accuracy	
•	Writing-fantasy story	
	Conventions-subjects of sentences	
•	Listening and Speaking-share information and	
•	ideas	
	Research Skills-identify and focus topic, media	
•	center/library, gather and record information,	
	synthesize	2 hours/E doug
•	Week 3: The Big Blue Ox Integrate Science and Social Studies	2 hours/5 days
•	•	
-	Weekly Question-How do animals help	
_	people? Knowledge Cools food for people	
•	Knowledge Goals-food for people,	
-	transportation for people, services to people	
•	Phonemic Awareness-short /o/ and plural -s	

e Caelling	
• Spelling	
High-frequency words-blue, from, get, help,	
little, use	
 Comprehension-character and setting, 	
visualize	
 Vocabulary-synonyms 	
Fluency-rate	
Writing-short poem	
 Conventions-sentences 	
 Listening and Speaking-give introductions 	
 Research Skills-identify and focus topic, 	
picture dictionary, gather and record	
information, synthesize	
Week 4: A Fox and a Kit	2 hours/5 days
Integrate Science and Social Studies	
Weekly Question-How do wild animals take	
care of their babies?	
• Knowledge Goals-provide food for their babies	
and protect their babies from harm	
• Phonemic Awareness-inflected endings –s and	
-ing	
Spelling	
• High-frequency words-eat, five, four, her, this,	
too	
• Comprehension-main idea and details,	
important ideas	
Vocabulary	
Fluency-accuracy and rate	
Writing-personal narrative	
Conventions-declarative sentences	
• Listening and Speaking-share information and	
ideas	
• Research Skills-identify and focus topic, how	
to read a chart, gather and record information,	
synthesize	
Week 5: Get the Egg!	2 hours/5 days
Integrate Science and Social Studies	
Weekly Question-Which wild animals live in	
our neighborhood?	
• Knowledge Goals-all kinds of animals live in	
our neighborhood, neighborhood animals	
need different kinds of food and shelter	
• Phonemic Awareness-short /e/, initial	
consonant blends	

• Spelling	1
 High-frequency words-saw, small, tree, your 	
 Comprehension-main ideas and details 	
 Vocabulary-sort words 	
 Fluency-appropriate phrasing 	
Writing-realistic story	
 Conventions-interrogative sentences 	
 Listening and Speaking-give descriptions 	
 Research Skills-identify and focus topic 	
Week 6: Animal Park	2 hours/5 days
Integrate Science and Social Studies	
Weekly Question-What can we learn about	
wild animals by watching them?	
• Knowledge Goals-we can learn about animals	
by watching them, wild animals need food,	
water, and shelter, we protect animals from	
danger	
• Phonemic Awareness-short /u/, final	
consonant blends	
• Spelling	
• High-frequency words-home, into, many,	
them	
• Comprehension-cause/effect, text structure	
Vocabulary	
Fluency-appropriate phrasing	
Writing-brief composition	
Conventions-exclamatory sentences	
 Listening and Speaking-give directions 	
• Research Skills-identify and focus topic, notes,	
gather and record information, synthesize	
Teacher Notes:	
• The lesson schedule can be revised base	ed on students' abilities and needs.
• The textbook includes and recommends	additional selections that support the unit theme.
Curriculum Development Resources:	
(Click the links below to access additional resou	rces used to design this unit)
www.pearsonrealize.com	
www.smartexchange.com	
www.teacherspayteachers.com	
www.abcya.com	
www.apples4theteacher.com	
www.education.com	
www.scholastic.com	
www.corestandards.org	
	64

Content Area: English Language Arts

Unit Title: Unit Two, Communities

Target Course/Grade Level: First Grade

Unit Summary:

- Recognize letters and letter sounds
- Distinguish short and long vowels
- Segment and Blend Phonemes
- Identify inflected ending -ed
- Identify consonant digraphs sh, th, wh, ch, tch, and ph
- Read and comprehend sight words
- Identify initial and final consonant blends
- Visualize, ask questions, predict, monitor and clarify selected readings
- Recognize character, setting, plot, and main ideas
- Classify, rhyme, and use context clues
- Introduction to the writing process
- Use capital letters for names, "I", cities, states, days, months, and the beginning of a sentence
- Listen attentively and speak clearly
- Write letters
- Recognize story sequence, cause/effect, author's purpose, and compare/contrast selected readings
- Read with fluency, accuracy, and appropriate rate
- Recognize Nouns: Common, Proper, Special Titles, Singular, Plural, and Nouns in Sentences

Primary Interdisciplinary Connections:

- Social Studies
- Mathematics
- Technology
- Music
- Science
- Art
- Physical Education
- History

21st Century Themes:

Standard 9.1 - 21st Century Life and Career Skills: All students will demonstrate the creative, critical thinking, collaboration, and problem-solving skills needed to function successfully as both global citizens and workers in diverse ethnic and organizational cultures.

- Critical Thinking and Problem Solving
- Creativity and Innovation
- Collaboration, Teamwork, and Leadership

- Cross-Cultural Understanding and Interpersonal Communication
- Communication and Media Fluency
- Accountability, Productivity, and Ethics

Unit Rationale:

To help students understand and apply the knowledge of sounds, letters, and words in written English to become independent, fluent readers and clear, concise, organized writers.

Learning Targets

Standards:

- **Reading for Literature (RL):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
- **Reading for Informational Text (RI):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
- **Reading Foundational Skills (RF):** Print Concepts, Phonological Awareness, Phonics & Word Recognition, and Fluency
- Writing (W): Text Types & Purposes
- Speaking & Listening (SL): Comprehension & Collaboration and Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas
- Language (L): Conventions of Standard English and Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

Content Statements:

The content in this unit includes phonological and print awareness, introduction to the writing process, grammar, and listening comprehension. Additionally, classification, rhyming, prediction, and the use of context clues will be studied.

the use of		
CPI	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)	
Number		
RL.1.2	Retell stories, including key details, and demonstrate understanding of their central message or	
	lesson.	
RL.1.3	Describe characters, settings, and major event(s) in a story, using key details.	
RL.1.5	Explain major differences between books that tell stories and books that give information,	
	drawing on a wide reading of a range of text types.	
RI.1.2	Identify the main topic and retell key details of a text.	
RI.1.3	Describe the connection between two individuals, events, ideas, or pieces of information in a	
	text.	
RI.1.8	Identify the reasons an author gives to support points in a text and explain the application of this	
	information with prompting as needed.	
RF.1.2.A	Distinguish long from short vowel sounds in spoken single-syllable words.	
RF.1.2.B	Orally produce single-syllable words by blending sounds (phonemes), including consonant blends.	
RF.1.2.C	.1.2.C Isolate and pronounce initial, medial vowel, and final sounds (phonemes) in spoken single-syllabl	
	words.	
RF.1.2.D	Segment spoken single-syllable words into their complete sequence of individual sounds	
	(phonemes).	
RF.1.3	Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.	

RF.1.3.A	Know the spelling-sound correspondences for common consonant digraphs		
RF.1.3.B	Decode regularly spelled one-syll	able words.	
RF.1.3.C	Know final -e and common vowel team conventions for representing long vowel sounds.		
RF.1.3.D	Distinguish long and short vowels when reading regularly spelled one-syllable words		
RF.1.3.F	Read words with inflectional end	ings.	
RF.1.3.G	Recognize and read grade-approp	priate irregularly spelled words.	
RF.1.4	Read with sufficient accuracy and	fluency to support comprehension.	
RF.1.4.B	Read grade-level text orally with	accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive	
	readings.		
W.1.2		xts in which they name a topic, supply some facts about the	
	topic, and provide some sense of		
W.1.3		count two or more appropriately sequenced events, include	
		pened, use temporal words to signal event order, and provide	
	some sense of closure.		
W.1.5	•	adults, focus on a topic, respond to questions and suggestions	
		d add details to strengthen writing and ideas as needed.	
SL.1.1	Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about grade 1 topics and texts		
	with peers and adults in small and larger groups.		
SL.1.1.A			
	time about the topics and texts under discussion).		
SL.1.2	Ask and answer questions about key details in a text read aloud or information presented orally		
	or through other media.		
SL.1.4			
	clearly.		
L.1.1	Demonstrate command of the co	nventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing	
	or speaking.		
L.1.1.B	Use common, proper, and posses		
L.1.1.C		h matching verbs in basic sentences (e.g., He hops; We hop).	
L.1.1.J	Produce and expand complete simple and compound declarative, interrogative, imperative, and		
	exclamatory sentences in response to prompts.		
L.1.2.A	Capitalize dates and names of people.		
L.1.2.C	Use commas in dates and to separate single words in a series.		
L.1.2.D			
	irregular words.		
L.1.5.C	-	ween words and their use (e.g., note places at home that are	
	cozy).		
	tial Questions	Unit Enduring Understandings	
	oes understanding a text's	 Understanding of a text's features, structures, and 	
	ure help me better understand	characteristics facilitate the reader's ability to make	
	aning?	meaning of the text.	
	re sounds represented by	 Letters and letter combinations represent sounds. 	
letters	?		

Unit Learning Targets

The students will . . .

- Become aware of sounds
- Expand their understanding of print and book concepts
- Gain an understanding that sounds are represented by spellings
- Learn to blend sounds and spellings
- Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
- Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.
- Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening.
- Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases by using context clues, analyzing meaningful word parts, and consulting general and specialized reference materials, as appropriate.
- Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.

Evidence of Learning

Summative Assessment (5 days):

- Unit 2 Assessment
- Diagnostic Assessment
- Teacher-Created Tests
- Oral-fluency (WPM)
- Dictation and Spelling

- Writing Rubrics
- Daily Assessments
- Weekly Language Tests
- Formative Assessments:

• Work Samples

- Journals
- Performance Tasks
- Teacher Observations
- Student Participation
- Running Records

Equipment Needed:

- Laptop
- SMART Board/Computer

Teacher Resources:

- Teachers' Edition Textbooks
- Teacher Resources
- Graphic Organizers
- Internet Resource
- Big Books Phonics First Materials
- Differentiated Learning Centers
- Reader's and Writer's Notebook
- Leveled Readers

Lesson Plans		
Lesson	Time frame	
Week 1: A Big Fish For Max	2 hours/5 days	
 Integrate Science and Social Studies 		
Weekly Question-What does a family do		
together?		
 Knowledge Goals-work together, play 		
together, and solve problems together		
Phonemic Awareness-vowel sound /a/ and /al/		
• Spelling		
• High-frequency words-catch, good, no, put,		
said, want		
Comprehension-sequence, predict and set		
purpose		
 Vocabulary-sort nouns 		
 Fluency-accuracy and appropriate rate 		
Writing-friendly letter		
Conventions-common nouns		

2 hours/5 days
2 hours/5 days

• Research Skills-identify and focus topic, map,	
gather and record information, synthesize	
 Week 4: The Big Circle Integrate Science and Social Studies Weekly Question-How do animal communities work together to survive? Knowledge Goals-hunt for food, do different jobs, stay in groups, and protect their young Phonemic Awareness-contractions and o_e Spelling High-frequency words-down, inside, now, there, together Comprehension-sequence and inferring Vocabulary-sort words Fluency-accuracy and rate Writing-poem Conventions-proper nouns: days, months, and holidays Listening and Speaking-Informal conversations Research Skills-identify and focus topic 	2 hours/5 days
periodical/newsletter, gather and record	
information, synthesize	
Week 5: Life in the Forest	2 hours/5 days
 Integrate Science and Social Studies Weekly Question-How are plant and animal communities important to each other? Knowledge Goals-animals eat plants, animals use plants for shelter, plants grow when animals bury seeds, plants thrive when animals transport pollen Phonemic Awareness-inflected ending –ed, u_e, e_e Spelling High-frequency words-around, find, food, grow, under, water Comprehension-author's purpose, background knowledge Vocabulary-context clues Fluency-appropriate phrasing Writing-description Conventions-singular and plural nouns Listening and Speaking-share information and 	

• Research Skills-identify and focus topic,	
alphabetical order, gather and record	
information, synthesize	
Week 6: Honey Bees	2 hours/5 days
 Integrate Science and Social Studies 	
• Weekly Question-How is an insect community	
like a community of people?	
• Knowledge Goals-live in communities, have	
special jobs, work together, behave in the	
same way as people	
Phonemic Awareness-syllables, long /e/ /ee/	
Spelling	
• High-frequency words-also, family, new, other,	
some, their	
Comprehension-compare/contrast and	
questioning	
Vocabulary-antonyms	
 Fluency-accuracy and appropriate rate 	
 Writing-expository paragraph 	
Conventions-nouns in sentences	
Listening and Speaking-accuracy and	
appropriate rate	
Research Skills-identify and focus topic,	
picture dictionary, gather and record	
information, synthesize	
Teacher Notes:	
 The lesson schedule can be revised based on students' abilities and needs. 	
 The textbook includes and recommends additional selections that support the unit theme. 	
Curriculum Development Resources:	
(Click the links below to access additional resources used to design this unit)	
www.pearsonrealize.com	
www.smartexchange.com	
www.teacherspayteachers.com	
www.abcya.com	
www.apples4theteacher.com	
www.education.com	
www.scholastic.com	
www.corestandards.org	

Content Area: English Language Arts

Unit Title: Unit Three, Changes

Target Course/Grade Level: First Grade

Unit Summary:

- Recognize letters and letter sounds
- Distinguish short and long vowels
- Segment and Blend Phonemes
- Identify inflected ending –ed, -est, -ing, -er, -es
- Identify syllable patterns VC/CV
- Recognize consonant patterns –ng, -nk and –r-controlled vowels
- Read and comprehend sight words
- Identify initial and final consonant blends
- Visualize, ask questions, predict, monitor and clarify selected readings
- Recognize character, setting, plot, and main ideas
- Classify, rhyme, and use context clues
- Introduction to the writing process
- Use capital letters for names, "I", cities, states, days, months, and the beginning of a sentence
- Listen attentively and speak clearly
- Write letters
- Recognize story sequence, fact/opinion, author's purpose, drawing conclusions, and compare/contrast selected readings
- Read with fluency, accuracy, and appropriate rate
- Recognize Verbs: Action verbs, verbs that add-s, verbs that do not add –s, verbs for past and for future, and *am, is, are, was, and were.*
- Use contractions with *Not*

Primary Interdisciplinary Connections:

- Social Studies
- Mathematics
- Technology
- Music
- Science
- Art
- Physical Education
- History

21st Century Themes:

Standard 9.1 - 21st Century Life and Career Skills: All students will demonstrate the creative, critical thinking, collaboration, and problem-solving skills needed to function successfully as both global citizens and workers in diverse ethnic and organizational cultures.

- Critical Thinking and Problem Solving
- Creativity and Innovation
- Collaboration, Teamwork, and Leadership
- Cross-Cultural Understanding and Interpersonal Communication
- Communication and Media Fluency
- Accountability, Productivity, and Ethics

Unit Rationale:

To help students understand and apply the knowledge of sounds, letters, and words in written English to become independent, fluent readers and clear, concise, organized writers.

Learning Targets

Standards:

- **Reading for Literature (RL):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
- **Reading for Informational Text (RI):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
- **Reading Foundational Skills (RF):** Print Concepts, Phonological Awareness, Phonics & Word Recognition, and Fluency
- Writing (W): Text Types & Purposes
- Speaking & Listening (SL): Comprehension & Collaboration and Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas
- Language (L): Conventions of Standard English and Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

Content Statements:

The content in this unit includes phonological and print awareness, introduction to the writing process, grammar, and listening comprehension. Additionally, classification, rhyming, prediction, and the use of context clues will be studied.

СРІ	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)			
Number				
RL.1.1	Ask and answer questions about key details in a text.			
RL.1.3	Describe characters, settings, and major event(s) in a story, using key details			
RL.1.7	Use illustrations and details in a story to describe its characters, setting, or events.			
RL.1.9	Compare and contrast the adventures and experiences of characters in stories.			
RL.1.10	With prompting and support, read and comprehend stories and poetry at grade level text			
	complexity or above.			
RI.1.1	Ask and answer questions about key details in a text.			
RI.1.3	Describe the connection between two individuals, events, ideas, or pieces of information in a			
	text.			
RI.1.4	Ask and answer questions to help determine or clarify the meaning of words and phrases in a			
	text.			
RF.1.2.B	Orally produce single-syllable words by blending sounds (phonemes), including consonant blends.			
RF.1.2.C	Isolate and pronounce initial, medial vowel, and final sounds (phonemes) in spoken single-syllable			
	words.			

RF.1.2.D	Segment spoken single-syllable words into their complete sequence of individual sounds (phonemes)		
RF.1.3	Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.		
RF.1.3.B	Decode regularly spelled one-syllable words.		
RF.1.3.C	Know final -e and common vowel team conventions for representing long vowel sounds.		
RF.1.3.E	Decode two-syllable words following basic patterns by breaking the words into syllables using		
	knowledge that every syllable must have a vowel sound		
RF.1.3.F	Read words with inflectional endings.		
RF.1.3.G	Recognize and read grade-appropriate irregularly spelled words.		
RF.1.4.B	Read grade-level text orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings.		
W.1.1	Write opinion pieces in which they introduce the topic or name the book they are writing about, state an opinion, supply a reason for the opinion, and provide some sense of closure.		
W.1.2	Write informative/explanatory texts in which they name a topic, supply some facts about the topic, and provide some sense of closure.		
W.1.3	Write narratives in which they recount two or more appropriately sequenced events, include some details regarding what happened, use temporal words to signal event order, and provide some sense of closure.		
W.1.5	With guidance and support from adults, focus on a topic, respond to questions and suggestions from peers and self-reflection, and add details to strengthen writing and ideas as needed.		
SL.1.1.A	Follow agreed-upon norms for discussions (e.g., listening to others with care, speaking one at a time about the topics and texts under discussion).		
SL.1.4	Describe people, places, things, and events with relevant details, expressing ideas and feelings clearly.		
L.1.1	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.		
L.1.1.C	Use singular and plural nouns with matching verbs in basic sentences (e.g., He hops; We hop).		
L.1.1.E	Use verbs to convey a sense of past, present, and future (e.g., Yesterday I walked home; Today I walk home; Tomorrow I will walk home).		
L.1.1.J	Produce and expand complete simple and compound declarative, interrogative, imperative, and exclamatory sentences in response to prompts.		
L.1.2	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.		
L.1.2.D	Use conventional spelling for words with common spelling patterns and for frequently occurring irregular words.		
L.1.5.C			
Unit Essen	tial Questions Unit Enduring Understandings		
• How d	loes understanding a text's • Understanding of a text's features, structures, and		
	ure help me better understand characteristics facilitate the reader's ability to make		
	aning? meaning of the text.		

- Oral discussion helps to build connections to others How are sounds represented by • letters? and create opportunities for learning. How can discussion increase our • Listening is the process of receiving, constructing • knowledge and understanding of an meaning from, and responding to spoken idea(s)? and/nonverbal messages. • Can one hear but not listen? • Places grow in size when new people come, can be How do places change made better by people working together, and change • What do we learn as we grow and to reflect the needs of the people. change? • As we grow and change we learn to do new things, • What can we learn about animals as we understand how we are the same as others, and they grow and change? we understand how we are different from others. • What changes happen in a garden? • Babies go through many changes and learn as they
- What changes can be seen in nature?
 What do animals do when the seasons
 What do animals do when the seasons
 - We plant seeds in a garden, rain and sun help seeds grow, and it takes time for plants to grow.
 - Some animals undergo amazing changes. Caterpillars change to become butterflies. The cycle of change repeats itself.
 - Animals may gather food or feed more in summer and fall. Animals may build new homes and migrate in fall and spring.

Unit Learning Targets

The students will . . .

change?

- Become aware of sounds
- Expand their understanding of print and book concepts
- Gain an understanding that sounds are represented by spellings
- Learn to blend sounds and spellings
- Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
- Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.
- Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening.
- Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases by using context clues, analyzing meaningful word parts, and consulting general and specialized reference materials, as appropriate.
- Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings

Evidenc	e of Learning
Summative Assessment (5 days):	
Unit 3 Assessment	
Diagnostic Assessment	
Teacher-Created Tests	
 Oral-fluency (WPM) 	
 Dictation and Spelling 	
Writing Rubrics	
Daily Assessments	
Weekly Language Tests	
Formative Assessments:	
Work Samples	
Journals	
Performance Tasks	
Teacher Observations	
Student Participation	
Running Records	
Equipment Needed:	
• Laptop	
 SMART Board/Computer 	
Teacher Resources:	
 Teachers' Edition Textbooks 	
Teacher Resources	
Graphic Organizers	
Internet Resource	
 Big Books Phonics First Materials 	
 Differentiated Learning Centers 	
 Reader's and Writer's Notebook 	
Leveled Readers	
Less	son Plans
Lesson	Time frame
Week 1: A Place to Play	2 hours/5 days
Integrate Science and Social Studies	
Weekly Question-How do places change?	
 Knowledge Goals-Children will understand that p 	-
in size when new people come, can be made bet	
people working together, and change to reflect t	he needs
of people.	
Phonemic Awareness-Segment and Blend Phone	mes,
Rhyming Words, Add Initial Phonemes	
 Phonics-Vowel Sounds of "y" and syllable pattern CV 	
 Spelling-Vowel sounds of "y" 	

		1
•	High-frequency words-always, become, day, everything,	
	nothing, stays, things	
•	Comprehension-Sequence and Summarize	
•	Vocabulary-Antonyms	
•	Fluency-Accuracy and Appropriate Rate	
•	Writing-Realistic Story	
•	Conventions-Action Verbs	
•	Listening and Speaking-Relate and Experience in Sequence	
٠	Research Skills-Identify and Focus Topic	
We	eek 2: Ruby In Her Own Time	2 hours/5 days
•	Integrate Science and Social Studies	
•	Weekly Question-What do we learn as we grow and	
	change?	
•	Knowledge Goals-Children will understand that as we grow	
	and change we learn to do new things, we understand how	
	we are the same as others, and we understand how we are	
	different from others.	
•	Phonemic Awareness-Segment and Blend Phonemes	
•	Phonics-Compound Words and Consonant Patterns –ng	
	and -nk	
•	Spelling-Consonant Patterns –ng and -nk	
•	High-frequency words-any, enough, ever, every, own, sure,	
	were	
•	Comprehension-Compare/Contrast and Inferring	
•	Vocabulary-Synonyms	
•	Fluency-Appropriate Phrasing	
•	Writing-Comments About a Story	
•	Conventions-Verbs that add -s	
•	Listening and Speaking-Share Information and Ideas	
•	Research Skills-Glossary, Gather and Record Information,	
	and Synthesize	
•	Week 3: The Class Pet	2 hours/5 days
•	Integrate Science and Social Studies	
•	Weekly Question-What can we learn about animals as they	
_	grow and change?	
•	Knowledge Goals-Children will understand that babies go	
	through many changes, babies learn as they grow, and it is	
	fun to learn something new.	
•	Phonemic Awareness-r-controlled or, ore and endings –	
	es/plural -es	
	Phonics- r-controlled or, ore and endings –es/plural -es	
	Spelling-endings —es and plural -es	
	High-frequency words-away, car, friends, house, our,	
	school, and very	
L	שלו שלו אבו א	

	Communication Foot/Oninian	
•	Comprehension-Fact/Opinion	
•	Vocabulary-Descriptive Words	
•	Fluency-Appropriate Phrasing	
•	Writing-Summary	
•	Conventions-Verbs That Do Not Add -s	
•	Listening and Speaking-Give Descriptions	
•	Research Skills-Classifying/Categorizing	
We	ek 4: Frog and Toad Together	2 hours/5 days
•	Integrate Science and Social Studies	
•	Weekly Question-What changes happen in a garden?	
•	Knowledge Goals-Children will understand that we plant	
	seeds in a garden, rain and sun help seeds grow, and it	
	takes time for plants to grow.	
•	Phonemic Awareness-r-Controlled "are" and adding	
	endings	
•	Phonics-Isolate Final Phonemes, Segment and Blend	
	Phonemes, and Add Phonemes	
•	Spelling-Adding endings	
•	High-frequency words-afraid, again, few, how, read, and	
	soon	
•	Comprehension-Author's Purpose and Visualize	
•	Vocabulary-Dictionary/Glossary	
•	Fluency-Expression and Intonation	
•	Writing-Lists	
•	Conventions-Verbs for Past and or Future	
•	Listening and Speaking-Poetry Presentation	
•	Research Skills-Diagram	
We	ek 5: I'm a Caterpillar	2 hours/5 days
•	Integrate Science and Social Studies	
•	Weekly Question-What changes can be seen in nature?	
•	Knowledge Goals-Children will understand that some	
	animals undergo amazing changes, caterpillars change to	
	become butterflies, and the cycle of change repeats itself.	
•	Phonemic Awareness-Contractions, r-controlled -er, -ir, and	
	-ur.	
•	Phonics-Isolate Medial and Final Phonemes, Segment and	
1	Blend Syllables, and Rhyming Words	
•	Spelling-r-Controlled vowels –er, -ir, and -ur	
•	High-frequency words-done, know, push, visit, and wait	
•	Comprehension-Fact/Opinion and Text Structure	
	Vocabulary-Dictionary/Glossary	
	Fluency-Expression and Intonation	
	Writing-Captions and Pictures	
	Conventions-Focus/Ideas	
-		70

Listening and Speaking-Share Information and Ideas	
Research Skills-My Computer	
Week 6: Where Are My Animal Friends?	2 hours/5 days
 Integrate Science and Social Studies 	
• Weekly Question-What do animals do when the seasons change?	
 Knowledge Goals-Children will understand that animals 	
may gather food or feed more in summer and fall, build	
new homes in fall and spring, and migrate in fall and spring.	
 Phonemic Awareness-Segment and Blend Words and Change and Add Phonemes 	
 Phonics-Consonant Pattern –dge, Comparative Endings –er 	
and -est	
 Spelling-Comparative Endings –er and -est 	
 High-frequency words-before, does, good-bye, oh, right, won't 	
Comprehension-Draw Conclusions and Background	
Knowledge	
Vocabulary-Context Clues	
Fluency-Expression and Intonation	
Writing-Play Scene	
Conventions-Contractions with not	
 Listening and Speaking-Give Announcements 	
Research Skills-Picture Graph, Gather and Record	
Information, and Synthesize	
Teacher Notes:	
 The lesson schedule can be revised based on stude 	nts' abilities and needs.
• The textbook includes and recommends additional	selections that support the unit theme.
Curriculum Development Resources:	
(Click the links below to access additional resources used t	o design this unit)
www.pearsonrealize.com	
www.smartexchange.com	
www.teacherspayteachers.com	
www.abcya.com	
www.apples4theteacher.com	
www.education.com	
www.scholastic.com	
www.corestandards.org	
www.corestandards.org	

Content Area: English Language Arts

Unit Title: Unit Four, Treasures

Target Course/Grade Level: First Grade

Unit Summary:

- Recognize letters and letter sounds
- Distinguish short and long vowels
- Segment and Blend Phonemes
- Identify inflected ending -er and -est
- Identify vowel digraphs -ai and -ay
- Recognize consonant patterns -kn and -wr
- Recognize singular and plural possessives
- Read and comprehend sight words
- Identify compound words
- Identify initial and final consonant blends
- Visualize, ask questions, predict, monitor and clarify selected readings
- Recognize character, setting, plot, and main ideas
- Classify, rhyme, and use context clues
- Introduction to the writing process
- Use capital letters for names, "I", cities, states, days, months, and the beginning of a sentence
- Listen attentively and speak clearly
- Write letters
- Recognize theme, facts/details, and cause/effect in selected readings
- Read with fluency, accuracy, and appropriate rate
- Recognize Adjectives: Adjectives that compare and adjectives for color, shape, size, what kind, how many, and articles

Primary Interdisciplinary Connections:

- Social Studies
- Mathematics
- Technology
- Music
- Science
- Art
- Physical Education
- History

21st Century Themes:

Standard 9.1 - 21st Century Life and Career Skills: All students will demonstrate the creative, critical thinking, collaboration, and problem-solving skills needed to function successfully as both global citizens and workers in diverse ethnic and organizational cultures.

- Critical Thinking and Problem Solving
- Creativity and Innovation

- Collaboration, Teamwork, and Leadership
- Cross-Cultural Understanding and Interpersonal Communication
- Communication and Media Fluency
- Accountability, Productivity, and Ethics

Unit Rationale:

To help students understand and apply the knowledge of sounds, letters, and words in written English to become independent, fluent readers and clear, concise, organized writers.

Learning Targets

Standards:

- **Reading for Literature (RL):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
- **Reading for Informational Text (RI):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
- **Reading Foundational Skills (RF):** Print Concepts, Phonological Awareness, Phonics & Word Recognition, and Fluency
- Writing (W): Text Types & Purposes
- Speaking & Listening (SL): Comprehension & Collaboration and Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas
- Language (L): Conventions of Standard English and Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

Content Statements:

The content in this unit includes phonological and print awareness, introduction to the writing process, grammar, and listening comprehension. Additionally, classification, rhyming, prediction, and the use of context clues will be studied.

CPI	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)		
Number			
RL.1.1	Ask and answer questions about key details in a text.		
RL.1.2	Retell stories, including key details, and demonstrate understanding of their central message or		
	lesson.		
RL.1.3	Describe characters, settings, and major event(s) in a story, using key details.		
RL.1.4	Identify words and phrases in stories or poems that suggest feelings or appeal to the senses.		
RL.1.7	Use illustrations and details in a story to describe its characters, setting, or events.		
RL.1.10	With prompting and support, read and comprehend stories and poetry at grade level text		
	complexity or above.		
RI.1.2	Identify the main topic and retell key details of a text.		
RI.1.6	Distinguish between information provided by pictures or other illustrations and information		
	provided by the words in a text.		
RI.1.7	Use the illustrations and details in a text to describe its key ideas.		
RF.1.2.B	Orally produce single-syllable words by blending sounds (phonemes), including consonant blends.		
RF.1.2.C	Isolate and pronounce initial, medial vowel, and final sounds (phonemes) in spoken single-syllable		
	words.		

RF.1.2.D	Segment spoken single-syllable words into their complete sequence of individual sounds (phonemes).		
RF.1.3	Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.		
RF.1.3.A	Know the spelling-sound correspondences for common consonant digraphs.		
RF.1.3.B	Decode regularly spelled one-syllable words.		
RF.1.3.C	Know final -e and common vowel team conventions for representing long vowel sounds.		
RF.1.3.E	Decode two-syllable words following basic patterns by breaking the words into syllables using knowledge that every syllable must have a vowel sound.		
RF.1.3.F	Read words with inflectional endings.		
RF.1.3.G	Recognize and read grade-appropriate irregularly spelled words.		
RF.1.4.A	Read grade-level text with purpose and understanding.		
RF.1.4.B	Read grade-level text orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings.		
RF.1.4.C	Use context to confirm or self-correct word recognition and understanding, rereading as necessary		
W.1.1	Write opinion pieces in which they introduce the topic or name the book they are writing about, state an opinion, supply a reason for the opinion, and provide some sense of closure.		
W.1.2	Write informative/explanatory texts in which they name a topic, supply some facts about the topic, and provide some sense of closure.		
W.1.3	Write narratives in which they recount two or more appropriately sequenced events, include some details regarding what happened, use temporal words to signal event order, and provide some sense of closure.		
W.1.5	With guidance and support from adults, focus on a topic, respond to questions and suggestions from peers and self-reflection, and add details to strengthen writing and ideas as needed.		
SL.1.1	Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about grade 1 topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups.		
SL.1.1.A	Follow agreed-upon norms for discussions (e.g., listening to others with care, speaking one at a time about the topics and texts under discussion).		
SL.1.3	Ask and answer questions about what a speaker says in order to gather additional information or clarify something that is not understood.		
SL.1.4	Describe people, places, things, and events with relevant details, expressing ideas and feelings clearly.		
L.1.1.A	Print all upper- and lowercase letters.		
L.1.1.B	Use common, proper, and possessive nouns.		
L.1.1.F	Use frequently occurring adjectives.		
L.1.1.H	Use determiners (e.g., articles, demonstratives).		
L.1.1.J Produce and expand complete simple and compound declarative, interrogative, i			
	exclamatory sentences in response to prompts		
L.1.2	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.		

L.1.2.D	Use conventional spelling for words with common spelling patterns and for frequently occurring irregular words.		
L.1.4.B	Use frequently occurring affixes and inflection (e.g., -ed, -s, - ing, re-, un-, pre-, -ful, -less) as a clue to the meaning of a word.		
L.1.5.C	Identify real-life connections between words and their use (e.g., note places at home that are cozy).		
L.1.5.D	Distinguish shades of meaning among verbs differing in manner (e.g., look, peek, glance, stare, glare, scowl) and adjectives differing in intensity (e.g., large, gigantic) by defining or choosing them or by acting out the meanings.		
L.1.6	Use words and phrases acquired through conversations, reading and being read to, and responding to texts, including using frequently occurring conjunctions to signal simple		
Unit Essen	tial Questions	Unit Enduring Understandings	
glare, scowl) and adjectives differ them or by acting out the meaninL.1.6Use words and phrases acquired		ngs. through conversations, reading and being read to, and ing frequently occurring conjunctions to signal simple	
	·	communities, and food and other resources.	
Unit Learn	ing Targets		

The students will . . .

- Become aware of sounds
- Expand their understanding of print and book concepts
- Gain an understanding that sounds are represented by spellings
- Learn to blend sounds and spellings
- Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
- Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.
- Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening.
- Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases by using context clues, analyzing meaningful word parts, and consulting general and specialized reference materials, as appropriate.
- Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.

Evidence of Lea	rning
Summative Assessment (5 days):	
Unit 4 Assessment	
Diagnostic Assessment	
Teacher-Created Tests	
• Oral-fluency (WPM)	
Dictation and Spelling	
Writing Rubrics	
Daily Assessments	
Weekly Language Tests	
Formative Assessments:	
Work Samples	
• Journals	
Performance Tasks	
 Teacher Observations 	
Student Participation	
Running Records	
Equipment Needed:	
• Laptop	
 SMART Board/Computer 	
Teacher Resources:	
 Teachers' Edition Textbooks 	
Teacher Resources	
	85

- Graphic Organizers
- Internet Resource
- Big Books Phonics First Materials
- Differentiated Learning Centers
- Reader's and Writer's Notebook
- Leveled Readers

Lesson Plans		
Lesson	Time frame	
/eek 1: Mama's Birthday Present	2 hours/5 days	
Integrate Science and Social Studies		
Weekly Question-How can a surprise be a treasure?		
Knowledge Goals-Children will understand that a surprise can show us how		
much others care about us, give us good memories to cherish, allow us to spend		
time with family and friends, and be something that has a special meaning.		
Phonemic Awareness-Segment and Blend Phonemes		
Phonics-Vowel Digraphs –ai and -ay		
Spelling Vowel Digraphs –ai and -ay		
High-frequency words-about, enjoy, give, surprise, worry, would		
Comprehension-Draw Conclusions		
Vocabulary-Time and Order Words		
Fluency-Expression and Intonation		
Writing-Friendly Letter		
Conventions-Adjectives		
Listening and Speaking-Give Descriptions		
Research Skills-Interview and Gather and Record Information		
/eek 2: Cinderella	2 hours/5 days	
Integrate Science and Social Studies		
Weekly Question-How can a story be a treasure?		
Knowledge Goals-Children will understand that treasures can be traditional		
stories, can be unexpected, and can make us happy.		
Phonemic Awareness-Segment and Blend Phonemes, Create Words, and Change		
Final Phonemes.		
Phonics-Adding endings, Vowel Digraph "ea"		
Spelling-Vowel Digraph "ea"		
High-frequency words-colors, draw, drew, great, over, show, sign		
Comprehension-Theme and Visualize		
Vocabulary-Compound Words		
Fluency-Accuracy and Rate		
Writing-Invitation		
Conventions-Adjectives for Colors and Shapes		
Listening and Speaking-Share Information About Fairness		
Research Skills-Table/Chart		
/eek 3: A Trip to Washington, D.C.	2 hours/5 days	

-	
Weekly Question-What treasures can we find in our country?	
Knowledge Goals-Children will understand that we can find monuments and	
symbols, important historical documents, manmade and natural wonders, and	
cities and their attractions.	
Phonemic Awareness-Isolate Initial Phonemes, Create Words, and Change	
Phonemes	
Phonics-Three-Letter Consonant Blends and Digraphs –oa and -ow	
Spelling- Digraphs –oa and -ow	
High-frequency words-found, mouth, once, took, wild	
Comprehension-Facts/Details an Important Ideas	
Vocabulary-Sort Nouns and Verbs	
Fluency-Expression and Intonation	
Writing-Descriptive Poem	
Conventions-Adjectives for Size	
Listening and Speaking-Poetry Presentation	
Research Skills-Bar Graph	
ek 4: A Southern Ranch	2 hours/5 days
Integrate Science and Social Studies	
Weekly Question-Why do we treasure special places?	
Knowledge Goals-Children will understand that we can share special places	
others and a special place can be for work or fun.	
Phonemic Awareness-Segment and Blend Phonemes	
Phonics-Consonant Patterns –kn and -wr	
Spelling-Vowel Digraphs –ie and -igh	
High-frequency words-above, eight, laugh, moon, and touch	
· · ·	
•	
-	
-	
ek 5: Peter's Chair	2 hours/5 days
	. ,
-	
Phonics-Vowel digraphs –ue, -ew, and -ui	
	Integrate Science and Social Studies Weekly Question-What treasures can we find in our country? Knowledge Goals-Children will understand that we can find monuments and symbols, important historical documents, manmade and natural wonders, and cities and their attractions. Phonemic Awareness-Isolate Initial Phonemes, Create Words, and Change Phonemes Phonics-Three-Letter Consonant Blends and Digraphs –oa and -ow Spelling- Digraphs –oa and -ow High-frequency words-found, mouth, once, took, wild Comprehension-Facts/Details an Important Ideas Vocabulary-Sort Nouns and Verbs Fluency-Expression and Intonation Writing-Descriptive Poem Conventions-Adjectives for Size Listening and Speaking-Poetry Presentation Research Skills-Bar Graph ek 4: A Southern Ranch Integrate Science and Social Studies Weekly Question-Why do we treasure special places? Knowledge Goals-Children will understand that we can share special places others and a special place can be for work or fun. Phonemic Awareness-Segment and Blend Phonemes Phonics-Consonant Patterns –kn and -wr Spelling-Vowel Digraphs –ie and -igh High-frequency words-above, eight, laugh, moon, and touch Comprehension-Facts and Details, Questioning Vocabulary-Context Clues Fluency-Accuracy, Rate, and Expression Writing-Realistic Story Conventions-Adjectives for what kind Listening and Speaking-Purpose of Media Research Skills-Glossary, Gather and Record Information, Synthesize, and Communicate ek 5: Peter's Chair Sweekly Question-What treasures can we share at home? Knowledge Goals-Children will understand that we can share furniture and things we have outgrown, family photographs and memories, toys or other personal belongings, and/or something that has been in the family a long time. Phonemic Awareness-Segment and Blend Phonemes? Knowledge Goals-Children will understand that we can share furniture and things we have outgrown, family photographs and memories, toys or other personal belongings, and/or something that has been in the family a long time. Phonemic Awareness-Segment and

 Spelling-Compound Words High-frequency words-picture, remember, room, stood, and thought Comprehension-Theme and Story Structure Vocabulary-Dictionary/Glossary Fluency-Appropriate Phrasing Writing-Thank-You Note
 Comprehension-Theme and Story Structure Vocabulary-Dictionary/Glossary Fluency-Appropriate Phrasing
 Vocabulary-Dictionary/Glossary Fluency-Appropriate Phrasing
Fluency-Appropriate Phrasing
Writing-Thank-You Note
Conventions-Adjectives for How Many Articles
Listening and Speaking
Research Skills-E-mail and Gather and Record Information
Week 6: Henry and Mudge and Mrs. Hopper's House2 hours/5 days
Integrate Science and Social Studies
 Weekly Question-What treasures can we share with neighbors?
Knowledge Goals-Children will understand that neighbors can share friendship
and good times, pride in their community, and food and other resources.
Phonemic Awareness-Segment and Blend Two-Syllable Words, Segment and
Blend Phonemes, and Change Phonemes
 Phonics-Vowel sound –oo and suffixes –ly and -ful
Spelling-Suffixes –ly and -ful
High-frequency wor, ds-across, because, dance, only, opened, shoes, and told
Comprehension-Cause/Effect, Predict and Set Purpose
Vocabulary-Compound Words
Fluency-Expression and Intonation
Writing-Directions
Conventions-Adjectives that Compare
Listening and Speaking
Research Skills-Alphabetical Order, Gather and Record Information, and
Synthesize
Teacher Notes:
 The lesson schedule can be revised based on students' abilities and needs.
• The textbook includes and recommends additional selections that support the unit theme.
Curriculum Development Resources:
(Click the links below to access additional resources used to design this unit)
www.pearsonrealize.com
www.smartexchange.com
www.teacherspayteachers.com
www.abcya.com
www.apples4theteacher.com
www.education.com
www.scholastic.com
www.corestandards.org

Content Area: English Language Arts

Unit Title: Unit 5, Great Ideas

Target Course/Grade Level: First Grade

Unit Summary:

- Recognize letters and letter sounds
- Distinguish short and long vowels
- Segment and blend phonemes
- Isolate initial, medial, and final phonemes
- Remove phonemes
- Read and comprehend sight words
- Identify initial and final consonant blends
- Recognize diphthongs
- Recognize suffixes
- Visualize, ask questions, predict, monitor and clarify selected readings
- Recognize character, setting, plot, main idea, theme
- Draw conclusions, compare and contrast, sequence, inferring
- Identify realism and fantasy
- Classify, rhyme, and use context clues
- Identify facts and details
- Identify compound words, synonyms
- Listen attentively and speak clearly
- Write questions
- Write a fantasy story, an advertisement, an autobiography, a poem, a letter
- Write imperative sentences
- Recognize story sequence and compare/contrast selected readings
- Read with fluency, accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression
- Identify nouns, pronouns, verbs, adjectives, adverbs, propositions, propositional phrases

Primary Interdisciplinary Connections:

- Social Studies
- Mathematics
- Technology
- music
- Science
- Art
- Physical Education
- History

21st Century Themes:

Standard 9.1 - 21st Century Life and Career Skills: All students will demonstrate the creative, critical thinking, collaboration, and problem-solving skills needed to function successfully as both global citizens and workers in diverse ethnic and organizational cultures.

- Critical Thinking and Problem Solving
- Creativity and Innovation
- Collaboration, Teamwork, and Leadership
- Cross-Cultural Understanding and Interpersonal Communication
- Communication and Media Fluency
- Accountability, Productivity, and Ethics

Unit Rationale:

To help students understand and apply the knowledge of sounds, letters, and words in written English to become independent, fluent readers and clear, concise, organized writers.

Learning Targets

Standards:

- **Reading for Literature (RL):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
- **Reading for Informational Text (RI):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
- **Reading Foundational Skills (RF):** Print Concepts, Phonological Awareness, Phonics & Word Recognition, and Fluency
- Writing (W): Text Types & Purposes
- Speaking & Listening (SL): Comprehension & Collaboration and Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas
- Language (L): Conventions of Standard English and Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

Content Statements:

The content in this unit includes phonological and print awareness, introduction to the writing process, grammar, and listening comprehension. Additionally, classification, rhyming, prediction, and the use of context clues will be studied.

CPI	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)		
Number			
RL.1.1	Ask and answer questions about key details in a text.		
RL.1.2	Retell stories, including key details, and demonstrate understanding of their central message or		
	lesson.		
RL.1.3	Describe characters, settings, and major event(s) in a story, using key details.		
RI.1.2	Identify the main topic and retell key details of a text.		
RI.1.3	Describe the connection between two individuals, events, ideas, or pieces of information in a		
	text.		
RI.1.5	Know and use various text features (e.g., headings, tables of contents, glossaries, electronic		
	menus, icons) to locate key facts or information in a text.		
RI.1.7	Use the illustrations and details in a text to describe its key ideas.		
RF.1.2.B	Orally produce single-syllable words by blending sounds (phonemes), including consonant blends		
RF.1.2.C	Isolate and pronounce initial, medial vowel, and final sounds (phonemes) in spoken single-syllable		
	words.		

RF.1.3 k	
	Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.
	Know final -e and common vowel team conventions for representing long vowel sounds.
RF.1.3.E	Decode two-syllable words following basic patterns by breaking the words into syllables using
k	knowledge that every syllable must have a vowel sound.
RF.1.3.F F	Read words with inflectional endings.
RF.1.3.G	Recognize and read grade-appropriate irregularly spelled words.
	Read grade-level text orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings.
W.1.1	Write opinion pieces in which they introduce the topic or name the book they are writing about,
S	state an opinion, supply a reason for the opinion, and provide some sense of closure.
W.1.2	Write informative/explanatory texts in which they name a topic, supply some facts about the
t	topic, and provide some sense of closure.
	Write narratives in which they recount two or more appropriately sequenced events, include
	some details regarding what happened, use temporal words to signal event order, and provide
	some sense of closure.
	With guidance and support from adults, focus on a topic, respond to questions and suggestions
	from peers and self-reflection, and add details to strengthen writing and ideas as needed.
	Follow agreed-upon norms for discussions (e.g., listening to others with care, speaking one at a
t	time about the topics and texts under discussion).
SL.1.2	Ask and answer questions about key details in a text read aloud or information presented orally
c	or through other media.
SL.1.5 A	Add drawings or other visual displays to descriptions when appropriate to clarify ideas, thoughts,
a	and feelings.
L.1.1 [Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing
c	or speaking.
L.1.1.D (Use personal, possessive, and indefinite pronouns (e.g., I, me, my; they, them, their; anyone,
e	everything).
L.1.1. ા	Use frequently occurring prepositions (e.g., during, beyond, toward).
	Produce and expand complete simple and compound declarative, interrogative, imperative, and
	exclamatory sentences in response to prompts.
	Use conventional spelling for words with common spelling patterns and for frequently occurring
	rregular words
	Use sentence-level context as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.
	Use frequently occurring affixes and inflection (e.g., -ed, -s, - ing, re-, un-, pre-, -ful, -less) as a clue
t	to the meaning of a word.
L.1.4.C	dentify frequently occurring root words (e.g., look) and their inflectional forms (e.g., looks,
	ooked, looking).
	dentify real-life connections between words and their use (e.g., note places at home that are
	cozy).

Jnit Essential Questions	Unit Enduring Understandings
 What difference can a great idea make? When does a problem need a clever solution? How can we look at things in a different way? How do we solve mysteries? How can a great idea make our lives easier? How can a great idea change the way we live? What can happen when someone has a new idea? 	 Understanding of a text's features, structures, and characteristics facilitate the reader's ability to make meaning of the text. Oral discussion helps to build connections to others and create opportunities for learning. Listening is the process of receiving, constructing meaning from, and responding to spoken and/nonverbal messages. Children will understand that we need a clever solution when something unexpected happens, when we don't have the tools we need, when others won't help us, when other solutions fail. Children will understand that we can think about what is fair, imagine how others feel, listen to what others say, learn from our experiences. Children will understand that a great idea can help us save time and energy, meet our needs, and do things safely. Children will understand that a great idea can change how we learn, how we spend our time, how we travel, how we communicate. Children will understand that a new idea can bring people together, make life easier, change the way we

Unit Learning Targets

The students will . . .

- Become aware of sounds
- Expand their understanding of print and book concepts
- Gain an understanding that sounds are represented by spellings
- Learn to blend sounds and spellings
- Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
- Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.
- Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening.

- Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases by using context clues, analyzing meaningful word parts, and consulting general and specialized reference materials, as appropriate.
- Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings

Evidence of Learning

Summative Assessment (5 days):

- Unit 5 Assessment
- Diagnostic Assessment
- Teacher-Created Tests
- Oral-fluency (WPM)
- Dictation and Spelling
- Writing Rubrics
- Daily Assessments
- Weekly Language Tests

Formative Assessments:

- Work Samples
- Journals
- Performance Tasks
- Teacher Observations
- Student Participation
- Running Records

Equipment Needed:

- Laptop
- SMART Board/Computer

Teacher Resources:

- Teachers' Edition Textbooks
- Teacher Resources
- Graphic Organizers
- Internet Resource
- Big Books Phonics First Materials
- Differentiated Learning Centers
- Reader's and Writer's Notebook
- Leveled Readers

Lesson Plans

Lesson	Time frame
Week 1: Tippy-Toe Chick, Go!	2 hours/5 days
 Integrate Science and Social Studies 	

•	Phonemic Awareness – isolate medial phonemes,	
	segment and blend phonemes, add final phonemes	
•	Phonics – vowel sound in foot spelled oo, adding endings	
•	Spelling	
•	High-frequency words – like, the, one, we	
•	Comprehension – setting, predict and set purpose	
•	Vocabulary – give descriptions	
•	Fluency – expression intonation	
•	Writing – questions	
•	Conventions – trait: word choice, writing mini- lessons:	
	Questions, conventions: pronouns/ and me	
•	Listening and Speaking – techniques in media	
We	eek 4: Simple Machines	2 hours/5 days
•	Integrate Science and Social Studies	
•	Weekly Question – How can a great idea make our lives	
	easier?	
•	Knowledge Goals – Children will understand that a great	
	idea can help us save time and energy, meet our needs,	
	do things safely	
•	Phonemic Awareness – segment and blend phonemes,	
	create words, change phonemes	
•	Phonics – suffixes –er, -or, diphthongs oi, oy	
•	Spelling	
•	High-frequency words – among, another, instead, none	
•	Comprehension – main idea and details, summarize	
•	Vocabulary – context clues	
•	Fluency – appropriate phrasing	
•	Writing – advertisement	
•	Conventions – more about pronouns	
•	Listening and Speaking – respond to media	
We	eek 5: Alexander Graham Bell: A Great Inventor	2 hours/5 days
•	Integrate Science and Social Studies	. ,
•	Weekly Question – How can a great idea change the way	
	we live?	
•	Knowledge Goals – Children will understand that a great	
	idea can change how we learn, how we spend our time,	
	how we travel, how we communicate	
•	Phonemic Awareness – segment and blend phonemes,	
	segment and blend words, create words, change	
	phonemes	
•	Phonics – vowel digraphs and diphthongs, vowel sound in	
-	ball: aw, au	
•	Spelling	
L -	o	

• High-frequency words – built, early, learn, science,	
through	
 Comprehension – sequence, text structure 	
 Vocabulary – compound words 	
 Fluency – expression and intonation 	
Writing – autobiography	
Conventions - adverbs	
• Listening and Speaking –techniques in media	
Week 6: The Stone Garden	2 hours/5 days
Integrate Science and Social Studies	
• Weekly Question – What can happen when someo	ne has
a new idea?	
• Knowledge Goals – Children will understand that a	new
idea can bring people together, make life easier, ch	lange
the way we think, make the world better	
Phonemic Awareness – segment and blend phoner	nes,
rhyming words, remove phonemes	
 Phonics long o, long i, prefixes un-, re- 	
• Spelling – prefixes un-, re-, long o spelled o, long i s	pelled
i	
 High-frequency words – answered, carry, different, 	poor
 Comprehension – theme, inferring 	
 Vocabulary – time and order words 	
 Fluency – appropriate phrasing 	
 Writing – poem 	
 Conventions – prepositions and prepositional phras 	ses
Listening and Speaking – respond to media	
Teacher Notes:	
 The lesson schedule can be revised based of 	on students' abilities and needs.
• The textbook includes and recommends ad	ditional selections that support the unit theme.
Curriculum Development Resources:	
(Click the links below to access additional resource	es used to design this unit)
www.pearsonrealize.com	
www.smartexchange.com	
www.teacherspayteachers.com	
www.abcya.com	
www.apples4theteacher.com	
www.education.com	
www.scholastic.com	
www.corestandards.org	

Pacing Guide – Grade 2

Content Area: English Language Arts Grade Level: Second Grade

First Marking Period - Pacing Guide UNIT 1 – Exploration

Standards: RL.2.3, RI.2.1, RI.2.2, RI.2.4, RF.2.3, RF.2.3.A, RF.2.3.C, RF.2.3.F, RF.2.4, RF.2.4.B, W.2.2, W.2.3, W.2.5, W.2.7, SL.2.1, SL.2.1.A, SL.2.1.B, SL.2.1.C, SL.2.4, SL.2.6, L.2.,1 L.2.1.E, L.2.1.F, L.2.2, L.2.4, L.2.5 A, L.2.6

L.2.5.A, L.2.6

Second Marking Period - Pacing Guide

UNIT 2- Working Together

Standards: RL.2.1, RL.2.2, RL.2.3, RL.2.9, RI.2.1, RI.2.4, RI.2.5, RI.2.6, RF.2.3, RF.2.3.A, RF.2.3.B, RF.2.3.C, RF.2.3.E, RF.2.3.F, RF.2.4, RF.2.4.A, RF.2.4.B, W.2.2, W.2.3, SL.2.1, SL.2.1.A, SL.2.2, SL.2.3, L.2.1, L.2.1.A, L.2.1.B, L.2.1.F, L.2.2, L.2.2.A, L.2.2.C, L.2.2.D, L.2.6

UNIT 3 – Creative Ideas

Standards: RL.2.1, RL.2.2, RL.2.5, RL.2.6, RL.2.7, RI.2.1, RI.2.8, RI.2.9, RI.2.10, RF.2.3, RF.2.3.A, RF.2.3.B, RF.2.3.C, RF.2.3.F, RF.2.4, RF.2.4.B, W.2.1, W.2.3, SL.2.1, SL.2.1.A, SL.2.2, SL.2.3, SL.2.4, SL.2.6, L.2.1, L.2.1.D, L.2.2, L.2.2.B, L.2.4.B, L.2.5.B, L.2.6

Third Marking Period - Pacing Guide Remainder of UNIT 3 – Creative Ideas

Standards: RL.2.1, RL.2.2, RL.2.5, RL.2.6, RL.2.7, RI.2.1, RI.2.8, RI.2.9, RI.2.10, RF.2.3, RF.2.3.A, RF.2.3.B, RF.2.3.C, RF.2.3.F, RF.2.4, RF.2.4.B, W.2.1, W.2.3, SL.2.1, SL.2.1.A, SL.2.2, SL.2.3, SL.2.4, SL.2.6, L.2.1, L.2.1.D, L.2.2, L.2.2.B, L.2.4.B, L.2.5.B, L.2.6

UNIT 4-Our Changing World

Standards: RL.2.1, RL.2.2, RL.2.5, RL.2.7, RI.2.1, RI.2.2, RI.2.5, RI.2.6, RI.2.7, RF.2.3, RF.2.3.B, RF.2.3.C, RF.2.3.D, RF.2.4, RF.2.4.A, RF.2.4.B, W.2.1, W.2.2, W.2.3, W.2.5, SL.2.1, SL.2.1.A, SL.2.4, SL.2.5, L.2.1.C, L.2.1.E, L.2.1.F, L.2.2, L.2.2.B, L.2.4, L.2.4.A, L.2.4.B, L.2.4.C, L.2.5, L.2.5.A, L.2.5.B, L.2.6

Fourth Marking Period - Pacing Guide

UNIT 5- Responsibility

Standards: RL2.1, RL2.3, RL2.5, RL2.7, RI2.1, RI2.2, RI2.6, RI2.7, RF.2.3, RF.2.3.B, RF.2.3.D, RF.2.3.E, RF.2.3.F, RF.2.4, RF.2.4.A, RF.2.4.B, W.2.3, W.2.5, W.2.6, SL2.1, SL2.1.A, SL2.2, SL2.3, SL2.4, SL2.6, L.2.1, L.2.1.F, L.2.2, L.2.2.C, L.2.2.E, L.2.3.A, L.2.4, L.2.4.B, L.2.4.C, L.2.4.D, L.2.4.E, L.2.5, L.2.6

UNIT 6-Putting It Together

Standards: RL.2.1 RL.2.4 RL.2.5 RL.2.10 RI.2.1 RI.2.2 RI.2.3 RI.2.6 RF.2.3 RF.2.3.D RF.2.4.A RF.2.4.B RF.2.4.C W.2.1 W.2.2 W.2.3 W.2.8 SL.2.1 SL.2.1.A SL.2.2 SL.2.3 SL.2.6 L.2.1 L.2.1.F L.2.2 L.2.2.A L.2.2.E L.2.3.A L.2.4 L.2.4.A L.2.4.C L.2.4.E L.2.5.A L.2.6

Textbook Series: Scott Foresman Reading Street Common Core

English Language Arts Curriculum

Content Area: English Language Arts

Unit Title: Unit 1 Exploration

Target Course/Grade Level: Second Grade

Unit Summary:

- Recognize letters and sounds
- Read a decodable book identify short vowel words, identify characters' actions and feelings
- Complete dictation and spelling: Read and Write r-controlled ar, or, ore, oar, ir, er, ur; Identify words with initial and final consonant digraphs ch, tch, sh, th, wh
- Read and respond to text
- Write a journal response
- Distinguish Medial Phonemes
- Segment and Blend Phonemes
- Phonics/Spelling: review syllable patterns VC/CV VCC/V, Long Vowels VCe/V consonant blends, inflected endings, consonant digraphs
- Conventions: Write complete sentences using capital letters and end punctuation, identify subjects/predicates
- Identify character, plot, setting of story, main idea
- Use context clues to identify unfamiliar vocabulary words
- Read aloud with accuracy, fluency, and intonation
- Write a personal narrative
- Read and write realistic fiction

Primary Interdisciplinary Connections:

- Technology
- Science
- Social Studies
- Math

21st Century Themes:

- All students will demonstrate the creative, critical thinking, collaboration, and problem-solving skills needed to function successfully as both global citizens and workers in diverse ethnic and organizational cultures.
- Critical and Problem Solving
- Creativity and Innovation
- Collaboration, Teamwork, and Leadership
- Cross-Cultural Understanding and Interpersonal Communication
- Communication and Media Fluency
- Accountability, Productivity and Ethnics

Unit Rationale:

To help students understand and apply the knowledge of sounds, letters, and words in written English to become independent, fluent readers and to write clear, concise, organized sentences/paragraphs

Learning Targets

Standards:

- **Reading for Literature (RL):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
- **Reading for Informational Text (RI):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
- **Reading Foundational Skills (RF):** Print Concepts, Phonological Awareness, Phonics & Word Recognition, and Fluency
- Writing (W): Text Types & Purposes
- **Speaking & Listening (SL):** Comprehension & Collaboration and Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas
- Language (L): Conventions of Standard English and Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

Content Statements:

The content being studied in this unit focuses on studying vowel sounds, parts of speech, reading strategies, literary elements, and written expression.

j			
CPI	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)		
Number			
RL.2.3	Describe how characters in a story respond to major events and challenges using key details.		
RI.2.1	Ask and answer such questions as who, what, where, when, why, and how to demonstrate Inderstanding of key details in a text.		
RI.2.2	dentify the main topic of a multi-paragraph text as well as the focus of specific paragraphs within the text		
RI.2.4	Determine the meaning of words and phrases in a text relevant to a grade 2 topic or subject area.		
RF.2.3	Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.		
RF.2.3.A	Know spelling-sound correspondences for common vowel teams.		
RF.2.3.C	Decode regularly spelled two-syllable words with long vowels		
RF.2.3.F	Recognize and read grade-appropriate irregularly spelled words.		
RF.2.4	Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension.		
RF.2.4.B	Read grade-level text orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings.		
W.2.2	Write informative/explanatory texts in which they introduce a topic, use evidence-based facts and definitions to develop points, and provide a conclusion.		

r			
W.2.3	-	a well elaborated event or short sequence of events,	
	include details to describe actions, thou	ghts, and feelings, use temporal words to signal event	
	order, and provide a sense of closure.		
W.2.5	With guidance and support from adults	and peers, focus on a topic and strengthen writing as	
	needed through self-reflection, revising	and editing.	
W.2.7	Participate in shared research and writing	ng projects (e.g., read a number of books on a single	
	topic to produce a report; record science observations)		
SL.2.1	Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about grade 2 topics and texts		
	with peers and adults in small and large	r groups	
SL.2.1.A	Follow agreed-upon norms for discussion	ns (e.g., gaining the floor in respectful ways, listening	
	to others with care, speaking one at a ti	me about the topics and texts under discussion).	
SL.2.1.B	Build on others' talk in conversations by	linking their explicit comments to the remarks of	
	others.		
SL.2.1.C Ask for clarification and further explana		tion as needed about the topics and texts under	
	discussion.		
SL.2.4	Tell a story or recount an experience wi	th appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details,	
	speaking audibly in coherent sentences.		
SL.2.6	Produce complete sentences when appl	ropriate to task and situation in order to provide	
	requested detail or clarification. (See gr	ade 2 Language standards 1 and 3 on page 26 for	
specific expectations.)			
L.2.1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when		ons of standard English grammar and usage when	
writing or speaking.			
L.2.1.E	Use adjectives and adverbs, and choose	between them depending on what is to be modified.	
L.2.1.F	Produce, expand, and rearrange comple	ete simple and compound sentences (e.g., The boy	
		ned the movie; The action movie was watched by the	
	little boy		
L.2.2	Demonstrate command of the conventi	ons of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and	
	spelling when writing		
L.2.4	Determine or clarify the meaning of unk	nown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based	
	on grade 2 reading and content, choosin	ng flexibly from an array of strategies.	
L.2.5.A	Identify real-life connections between w	vords and their use (e.g., describe foods that are spicy	
or juicy).			
		h conversations, reading and being read to, and	
	responding to texts, including using adje	ectives and adverbs to describe (e.g., When other kids	
	are happy that makes me happy).		
Unit Essent	ial Questions	Unit Enduring Understandings	
How details	oes understanding a text's structure	• Understanding of a text's features, structures,	
	he better understand its meaning?	and characteristics facilitate the reader's ability to	
	o I figure out a word I do not know?	make meaning of the text.	
	oes fluency affect comprehension?	-	

 What do readers do when they do not understand everything in a text? Why do readers need to pay attention to a 	 Readers use language structure and context clue to identify the intended meaning of words and phrases as they are used in text.
writer's choice of words?	 Fluent readers group words quickly to help them
 How do readers construct meaning from text? 	 gain meaning from what they read. Good readers employ strategies to help them
• How do good writers express themselves?	understand text. Strategics to help them select, and apply strategies to enhance their
How does process shape the writer's product?	comprehension.
• Why does a writer choose a particular form of	Words powerfully affect meaning.
writing?How does a listener understand a message?	 Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and make connections (text to text, text to world, text)
• What can we learn by exploring different	to self) to make personally relevant and useful.
communities?What can we learn by exploring space?With the second se	 Good writers develop and refine their ideas for thinking, learning, communicating, and aestheti
What can we discover by exploring nature?What can we learn by exploring the desert?	expression.A writer selects a form based on audience and
• How does exploration help us find answers?	 purpose. Effective listeners are able to interpret and
	evaluate increasingly complex messages.
	 Social Studies Knowledge Goals: Children will understand that different communities are both
	alike and different, have plants and wildlife, and
	have children who feel the same about school.
	 Social Studies Knowledge Goals: Children will understand that exploring space: is done by
	astronauts, requires high-tech equipment, and
	could be done by anyone who is interested.
	 Children will understand that exploring nature includes: the skies and space, water, forests, an our neighborhoods.
	 Children will understand that the desert: gets
	very little rain, is home to many animals, and ha
	plants that need little water.Children will understand that we can explore
	questions by: exploring new places, reading
Jnit Learning Targets	books, and asking others for help.

Unit Learning Targets

The students will . . .

- Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
- Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.

- Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening.
- Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases by using context clues, analyzing meaningful word parts, and consulting general and specialized reference materials, as appropriate.
- Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.

Evidence of Learning

Summative Assessment (5 days):

- Oral Fluency Test
- Two day Weekly Test
- Written Comprehension Assessments
- Unit 1 Assessment
- Oral Fluency/words per minute
- Writing Rubrics
- Teacher Created Tests
- Weekly Language Test
- Weekly Spelling Test

Formative Assessments:

- Teacher observation
- Student participation
- Oral reading
- Oral fluency/words per minute
- Dictation & Spelling
- Journal
- Running Records
- Equipment Needed:
- SMART Board
- I-Pads

Teacher Resources:

- Textbooks
- Reader Writer's Notebook
- Sound/Spelling Cards
- Posters/Visuals
- Venn Diagrams
- T-Charts
- Differentiated Learning Centers
- Teacher created materials
- Leveled Decodable Readers
- Big Book
- Leveled Decodable Readers

• Phonics First Materials

• SMART Exchange

SMART Exchange Lesson Pla	ins	
Lesson	Timeframe	
Week 1 "The Twin Club"	2 hours /5 days	
Phonemic awareness and phonics		
Blending and Dictation		
Develop oral language		
 Integrate Science and Social Studies 		
Weekly Questions		
High frequency/Amazing Words		
Vocabulary		
Listening and Speaking		
Read decodable book		
Dictation and Spelling		
Comprehension Strategies		
Word Analysis		
Writing Process Strategies		
Writing Conventions		
Research Skills		
Genre-Realistic Fiction		
Week 2 "Exploring Space with an Astronaut"	2 hours / 5 days	
Phonemic awareness and phonics		
 Blending and Dictation 		
Develop oral language		
 Integrate Science and Social Studies 		
Weekly Questions		
 High frequency/Amazing Words 		
Vocabulary		
Listening and Speaking		
Read decodable book		
Dictation and Spelling		
Comprehension Strategies		
Word Analysis		
Writing Process Strategies		
Writing Conventions		
Research Skills		
Genre: Expository Text		

Week 3 "Henry and Mudge and the Starry	2 hours / 5 days
Night"	
Phonemic awareness and phonics	
Blending and Dictation	
Develop oral language	
Integrate Science and Social Studies	
Weekly Questions	
 High frequency/Amazing Words 	
Vocabulary	
Listening and Speaking	
Read decodable book	
Dictation and Spelling	
Comprehension Strategies	
Word Analysis	
Writing Process Strategies	
Writing Conventions	
Research Skills	
Genre: Realistic Fiction	
Week 4 "A Walk in the Desert"	2 hours/5 day
Phonemic awareness and phonics	
Blending and Dictation	
Develop oral language	
Integrate Science and Social Studies	
Weekly Questions	
 High frequency/Amazing Words 	
 Vocabulary 	
Listening and Speaking	
 Read decodable book 	
 Dictation and Spelling 	
 Comprehension Strategies 	
Word Analysis Writing Process Strategies	
Writing Process Strategies	
Writing Conventions	
Research Skills	
Genre: Expository Text	21. /51
Week 5 "The Strongest One"	2 hours/5 day
 Phonemic awareness and phonics Blonding and Distation 	
Blending and DictationDevelop oral language	
 Integrate Science and Social Studies 	
 Weekly Questions 	
weekiy Questions	

English Language Arts Curriculum

High frequency/Amazing Words		
VocabularyListening and Speaking		
Read decodable book		
 Dictation and Spelling 		
 Comprehension Strategies Word Analysis 		
 Word Analysis Writing Process Strategies 		
 Writing Process strategies Writing Conventions 		
Research Skills		
Genre: Drama		
Week 6- Review Week	2 hours/5 day	
 Phonemic awareness and phonics 	2 110013/5 089	
 Blending and Dictation 		
 Develop oral language 		
 Integrate Science and Social Studies 		
 Weekly Questions 		
 High frequency/Amazing Words 		
 Vocabulary 		
Listening and Speaking		
Read decodable book		
Dictation and Spelling		
Comprehension Strategies		
Word Analysis		
Writing Process Strategies		
Writing Conventions		
Research Skills		
Teacher Notes		
• The lesson schedule can be revised based of	on students' abilities and needs.	
Curriculum Development Resources:		
(Click the links below to access additional resou	rces used to design this unit)	
www.pearsonrealize.com		
www.watke's web.com		
www.smartexchange.com		
www.teacherspayteachers.com		
www.abcteach.com		
www.education.com		
www.scholastic .com		
teacherwebpage		
www.corestandards.org		

Content Area: English Language Arts

Unit Title: Unit 2 Working Together

Target Course/Grade Level: Second Grade

Unit Summary:

- Recognize letters and sounds
- Read a decodable book identify facts and details
- Complete dictation and spelling: Read and Write r-controlled ar, or, ore, oar, ir, er, ur; Identify words with initial and final consonant digraphs ch, tch, sh, th, wh
- Read and respond to text
- Write a journal response
- Distinguish Medial Phonemes
- Segment and Blend Phonemes
- Phonics/Spelling: review syllable patterns VC/CV, Long Vowels VCe, consonant blends, inflected endings, consonant digraphs
- Conventions: Apply knowledge of sentences, subjects/predicates, declarative and interrogative sentences, contractions, singular/plural nouns
- Make inferences and understand the author's purpose
- Read and write narrative nonfiction
- Determine cause and effect
- Use context clues to identify unfamiliar vocabulary words
- Read aloud with accuracy, fluency, and intonation
- Write a biography

Primary Interdisciplinary Connections:

- Technology
- Science
- Social Studies
- Math

21st Century Themes:

- All students will demonstrate the creative, critical thinking, collaboration, and problem-solving skills needed to function successfully as both global citizens and workers in diverse ethnic and organizational cultures.
- Critical and Problem Solving
- Creativity and Innovation
- Collaboration, Teamwork, and Leadership
- Cross-Cultural Understanding and Interpersonal Communication
- Communication and Media Fluency
- Accountability, Productivity and Ethnics

Unit Rationale:

To help students understand and apply the knowledge of sounds, letters, and words in written English to become independent, fluent readers and to write clear, concise, organized sentences/paragraphs

Learning Targets

Standards:

- **Reading for Literature (RL):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
- **Reading for Informational Text (RI):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
- **Reading Foundational Skills (RF):** Print Concepts, Phonological Awareness, Phonics & Word Recognition, and Fluency
- Writing (W): Text Types & Purposes
- **Speaking & Listening (SL):** Comprehension & Collaboration and Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas

Language (L): Conventions of Standard English and Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

Content Statements:

The content being studied in this unit focuses on studying vowel sounds, parts of speech, reading strategies, and written expression.

Ç ;	
CPI	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)
Number	
RL.2.1	Ask and answer such questions as who, what, where, when, why, and how to demonstrate
	understanding of key details in a text.
RL.2.2	Recount stories, including fables and folktales from diverse cultures, and determine their
	central message/theme, lesson, or moral.
RL.2.3	Describe how characters in a story respond to major events and challenges using key details.
RL.2.9	Compare and contrast two or more versions of the same story (e.g., Cinderella stories) by
	different authors or from different cultures.
RI.2.1	Ask and answer such questions as who, what, where, when, why, and how to demonstrate
	understanding of key details in a text.
RI.2.4	Determine the meaning of words and phrases in a text relevant to a grade 2 topic or subject
	area.
RI.2.5	Know and use various text features (e.g., captions, bold print, subheadings, glossaries, indexes,
	electronic menus, icons) to locate key facts or information in a text efficiently.
RI.2.6	Identify the main purpose of a text, including what the author wants to answer, explain, or
	describe.
RF.2.3	Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.
RF.2.3.A	Know spelling-sound correspondences for common vowel teams.
RF.2.3.B	Decode regularly spelled two-syllable words with long vowels.
RF.2.3.D	Identify words with inconsistent but common spelling-sound correspondences.

RF.2.3.E	Recognize and read grade-appropriate	irregularly spelled words
RF.2.4		
-	Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension.	
RF.2.4.A	Read grade-level text with purpose and understanding.	
RF.2.4.B	Read grade-level text orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings	
W.2.2	Write informative/explanatory texts in which they introduce a topic, use evidence-based facts and definitions to develop points, and provide a conclusion.	
W.2.3	Write narratives in which they recount a well elaborated event or short sequence of events, include details to describe actions, thoughts, and feelings, use temporal words to signal event order, and provide a sense of closure.	
SL.2.1	Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about grade 2 topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups.	
SL.2.1.A	Follow agreed-upon norms for discussions (e.g., gaining the floor in respectful ways, listening to others with care, speaking one at a time about the topics and texts under discussion).	
SL.2.2	Recount or describe key ideas or details from a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media.	
SL.2.3	Ask and answer questions about what a speaker says in order to clarify comprehension, gather additional information, or deepen understanding of a topic or issue.	
L.2.1	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.	
L.2.1.A	Use collective nouns (e.g., group).	
L.2.1.B	Form and use frequently occurring irregular plural nouns (e.g., feet, children, teeth, mice, fish).	
L.2.1.F	Produce, expand, and rearrange complete simple and compound sentences (e.g., The boy watched the movie; The little boy watched the movie; The action movie was watched by the little boy).	
L.2.2	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.	
L.2.2.A	Capitalize holidays, product names, and	d geographic names.
L.2.2.C	Use an apostrophe to form contraction	s and frequently occurring possessives.
L.2.2.D	Generalize learned spelling patterns when writing words (e.g., cage \rightarrow badge; boy \rightarrow boil).	
L.2.6	Use words and phrases acquired through conversations, reading and being read to, and responding to texts, including using adjectives and adverbs to describe (e.g., When other kids are happy that makes me happy).	
Unit Essen	tial Questions	Unit Enduring Understandings
	loes understanding a text's	 Understanding of a text's features,
	ure help me better understand its	structures, and characteristics facilitate the
meaning?		reader's ability to make meaning of the text.
	lo I figure out a word I do not	 Readers use language structure and context
know?		clues to identify the intended meaning of
How does fluency affect comprehension?		words and phrases as they are used in text.

responsibility and work, spend time with
--

• Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.

Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. • Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases by using context clues, analyzing meaningful word parts, and consulting general and specialized reference materials, as appropriate. Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings. **Evidence of Learning** Summative Assessment (5 days): Oral Fluency Test • Two day – Weekly Test Written Comprehension Assessments • Unit 2 Assessment Oral Fluency/words per minute • Writing Rubrics Teacher Created Tests Weekly Language Test Weekly Spelling Test **Formative Assessments:** • Teacher observation Student participation Oral reading Oral fluency/words per minute • Dictation & Spelling Journal Running Records **Equipment Needed:** SMART Board • I-Pads **Teacher Resources:** Textbooks Reader Writer's Notebook Sound/Spelling Cards Posters/Visuals • Venn Diagrams • T-Charts Differentiated Learning Centers Teacher created materials • Leveled Decodable Readers

- Big Book
- Leveled Decodable Readers
- Phonics First Materials
- SMART Exchange

Lesson Pla	ns
Lesson	Timeframe
Week 1 "Tara and Tiree, Fearless Friends"	2 hours /5 days
Phonemic awareness and phonics	
Blending and Dictation	
Develop oral language	
 Integrate Science and Social Studies 	
Weekly Questions	
High frequency/Amazing Words	
Vocabulary	
Listening and Speaking	
Read decodable book	
Dictation and Spelling	
Comprehension Strategies	
Word Analysis	
Writing Process Strategies	
Writing Conventions	
Research Skills	
Genre-Literary Non-Fiction	
Week 2 "Abraham Lincoln"	2 hours / 5 days
Phonemic awareness and phonics	
Blending and Dictation	
Develop oral language	
Integrate Science and Social Studies	
Weekly Questions	
High frequency/Amazing Words	
Vocabulary	
Listening and Speaking	
Read decodable book	
Dictation and Spelling	
Comprehension Strategies	
Word Analysis	
Writing Process Strategies	
Writing Conventions	
Research Skills	
Genre: Informational Text	

Week 3 "Scarcity"	2 hours / 5 days
 Phonemic awareness and phonics 	, ,
 Blending and Dictation 	
Develop oral language	
 Integrate Science and Social Studies 	
Weekly Questions	
High frequency/Amazing Words	
Vocabulary	
 Listening and Speaking 	
Read decodable book	
Dictation and Spelling	
Comprehension Strategies	
Word Analysis	
Writing Process Strategies	
Writing Conventions	
Research Skills	
Genre: Expository Text	
Week 4 "The Bremen Town Musicians"	2 hours/5 day
Phonemic awareness and phonics	
Blending and Dictation	
Develop oral language	
 Integrate Science and Social Studies 	
Weekly Questions	
 High frequency/Amazing Words 	
Vocabulary	
Listening and Speaking	
Read decodable book	
 Dictation and Spelling 	
Comprehension Strategies	
Word Analysis	
Writing Process Strategies	
Writing Conventions	
Research Skills	
Genre: Drama/Fairy Tale	
Week 5 "One Good Turn Deserves Another"	2 hours/5 day
 Phonemic awareness and phonics 	
Blending and Dictation	
Develop oral language	
 Integrate Science and Social Studies 	

Mookly Questions	
Weekly Questions	
High frequency/Amazing Words	
Vocabulary	
Listening and Speaking	
Read decodable book	
Dictation and Spelling	
 Comprehension Strategies 	
Word Analysis	
 Writing Process Strategies 	
 Writing Conventions 	
Research Skills	
Genre: Folk Tale	
Week 6- Review Week	2 hours/5 day
• Phonemic awareness and phonics	
Blending and Dictation	
 Develop oral language 	
 Integrate Science and Social Studies 	
 Weekly Questions 	
 High frequency/Amazing Words 	
 Vocabulary 	
 Listening and Speaking Read decodable book 	
Dictation and Spelling	
Comprehension Strategies	
Word Analysis	
Writing Process Strategies	
Writing Conventions	
Research Skills	
Teacher Notes	
 The lesson schedule can be revised based of 	on students' abilities and needs.
 The program recommends to meet with gu 	uided reading groups.
Curriculum Development Resources:	
(Click the links below to access additional resources	s used to design this unit)
www.pearsonrealize.com	
<u>www.watke's</u> web.com	
www.smartexchange.com	
www.teacherspayteachers.com	
www.abcteach.com	
www.education.com	
www.scholastic .com	
teacherwebpage	
	113

Content Area: English Language Arts

Unit Title: Unit 3 Creative Ideas

Target Course/Grade Level: Second Grade

Unit Summary:

- Recognize letters and sounds
- Read a decodable book identify facts and details
- Complete dictation and spelling: Read and respond to text
- Write a journal response
- Distinguish Medial Phonemes
- Segment and Blend Phonemes
- Phonics/Spelling: vowel patterns e, ee, ea, y, a, ai, ay; substitute final phonemes
- Conventions: Apply knowledge of sentences, subjects/predicates, declarative and interrogative sentences, contractions, singular/plural nouns, synonyms/antonyms, verbs
- Make inferences and understand the author's purpose
- Read and write narrative nonfiction
- Determine cause and effect
- Use context clues to identify unfamiliar vocabulary words
- Read aloud with accuracy, fluency, and intonation
- Read and Write a Fantasy
- Write an Autobiography
- Write a Friendly Letter

Primary Interdisciplinary Connections:

- Technology
- Science
- Social Studies
- Math

21st Century Themes:

- All students will demonstrate the creative, critical thinking, collaboration, and problem-solving skills needed to function successfully as both global citizens and workers in diverse ethnic and organizational cultures.
- Critical and Problem Solving
- Creativity and Innovation
- Collaboration, Teamwork, and Leadership
- Cross-Cultural Understanding and Interpersonal Communication
- Communication and Media Fluency
- Accountability, Productivity and Ethnics

Unit Rationale:

To help students understand and apply the knowledge of sounds, letters, and words in written English to become independent, fluent readers and to write clear, concise, organized sentences/paragraphs

Learning Targets

Standards:

- **Reading for Literature (RL):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
- **Reading for Informational Text (RI):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
- **Reading Foundational Skills (RF):** Print Concepts, Phonological Awareness, Phonics & Word Recognition, and Fluency
- Writing (W): Text Types & Purposes
- Speaking & Listening (SL): Comprehension & Collaboration and Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas

Language (L): Conventions of Standard English and Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

Content Statements:

The content being studied in this unit focuses on studying vowel sounds, parts of speech, reading strategies, and written expression.

00.000			
СРІ	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)		
Number			
RL.2.1	Ask and answer such questions as who, what, where, when, why, and how to demonstrate		
	understanding of key details in a text.		
RL.2.2	Recount stories, including fables and folktales from diverse cultures, and determine their		
	central message/theme, lesson, or moral.		
RL.2.5	Describe the overall structure of a story, including describing how the beginning introduces		
	the story and the ending concludes the action identifying how each successive part builds on		
	earlier sections.		
RL.2.6	Acknowledge differences in the points of view of characters, including by speaking in a		
	different voice for each character when reading dialogue aloud.		
RL.2.7	Use information gained from the illustrations and words in a print or digital text to		
	demonstrate understanding of its characters, setting, or plot.		
RI.2.1	Ask and answer such questions as who, what, where, when, why, and how to demonstrate		
	understanding of key details in a text.		
RI.2.8	Describe and identify the logical connections of how reasons support specific points the		
	author makes in a text.		
RI.2.9	Compare and contrast the most important points presented by two texts on the same topic.		
RI.2.10	Read and comprehend informational texts, including history/social studies, science, and		
	technical texts, at grade level text complexity proficiently with scaffolding as needed.		
RF.2.3	Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.		

RF.2.3.A	Know spelling-sound correspondences for common vowel teams.
RF.2.3.B	Decode regularly spelled two-syllable words with long vowels.
RF.2.3.C	Decode words with common prefixes and suffixes.
RF.2.3.E	Recognize and read grade-appropriate irregularly spelled words
RF.2.4	Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension.
RF.2.4.B	Read grade-level text orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings.
W.2.1	Write opinion pieces in which they introduce the topic or book they are writing about, state an opinion, supply reasons that support the opinion, use linking words (e.g., because, and, also) to connect opinion and reasons, and provide a conclusion
W.2.3	Write narratives in which they recount a well elaborated event or short sequence of events, include details to describe actions, thoughts, and feelings, use temporal words to signal event order, and provide a sense of closure.
SL.2.1	Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about grade 2 topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups.
SL.2.1.A	Follow agreed-upon norms for discussions (e.g., gaining the floor in respectful ways, listening to others with care, speaking one at a time about the topics and texts under discussion).
SL.2.2	Recount or describe key ideas or details from a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media.
SL.2.3	Ask and answer questions about what a speaker says in order to clarify comprehension, gather additional information, or deepen understanding of a topic or issue.
SL.2.4	Tell a story or recount an experience with appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details, speaking audibly in coherent sentences.
SL.2.6	Produce complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation in order to provide requested detail or clarification. (See grade 2 Language standards 1 and 3 on page 26 for specific expectations.)
L.2.1	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
L.2.1.D	Form and use the past tense of frequently occurring irregular verbs (e.g., sat, hid, told).
L.2.2	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.
L.2.2.B	Use commas in greetings and closings of letters.
L.2.4.B	Determine the meaning of the new word formed when a known prefix is added to a known word (e.g., happy/unhappy, tell/retell).
L.2.5.B	Distinguish shades of meaning among closely related verbs (e.g., toss, throw, hurl) and closely related adjectives (e.g., thin, slender, skinny, scrawny).
L.2.6	Use words and phrases acquired through conversations, reading and being read to, and responding to texts, including using adjectives and adverbs to describe (e.g., When other kids are happy that makes me happy).

Unit Essential Questions	Unit Enduring Understandings
 How does understanding a text's 	 Understanding of a text's features,
structure help me better understand its	structures, and characteristics facilitate the
meaning?	reader's ability to make meaning of the text.
 How do I figure out a word I do not 	Readers use language structure and context
know?	clues to identify the intended meaning of
How does fluency affect comprehension?	words and phrases as they are used in text.
 What do readers do when they do not 	 Fluent readers group words quickly to help
understand everything in a text?	them gain meaning from what they read.
Why do readers need to pay attention to	 Good readers employ strategies to help them
a writer's choice of words?	understand text. Strategic readers can
 How do readers construct meaning from 	develop, select, and apply strategies to
text?	enhance their comprehension.
 How do good writers express 	 Words powerfully affect meaning.
themselves? How does process shape	 Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and
the writer's product?	make connections (text to text, text to world,
 Why does a writer choose a particular form of writing? 	text to self) to make personally relevant and useful.
 How does a listener understand a 	 Good writers develop and refine their ideas
message?	for thinking, learning, communicating, and
 L1: When does support from others help 	aesthetic expression.
with creative ideas?	 A writer selects a form based on audience
• L2: In what ways do we communicate?	and purpose.
• L3: How can creative thinking solve a	• Effective listeners are able to interpret and
problem?	evaluate increasingly complex messages.
• L4: When does a creative idea lead to a	Children will understand that support from
surprise?	others: helps creative ideas turn into
• L5: Where do creative ideas come from?	inventions, helps projects get completed.
	 Students will understand that we
	communicate in creative ways through:
	speaking, writing, signs/symbols,
	actions/behaviors.
	Children will understand that creative
	thinking can solve problems when: we use
	something in a different way, we have a good
	plan
	Children will understand that creative ideas
	can lead to surprises when we: share with
	others, help others, use clever thinking

٠	Children will understand that creative ideas
	come from: research, working together, new
	ways of thinking, improving something

Unit Learning Targets

The students will . . .

- Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
- Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.
- Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening.
- Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases by using context clues, analyzing meaningful word parts, and consulting general and specialized reference materials, as appropriate.
- Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.

Evidence of Learning

Summative Assessment (5 days):

- Oral Fluency Test
- Two day Weekly Test
- Written Comprehension Assessments
- Unit 3 Assessment
- Oral Fluency/words per minute
- Writing Rubrics
- Teacher Created Tests
- Weekly Language Test
- Weekly Spelling Test

Formative Assessments:

- Teacher observation
- Student participation
- Oral reading
- Oral fluency/words per minute
- Dictation & Spelling
- Journal
- Running Records

Equipment Needed:

- SMART Board
- I-Pads

Teacher Resources:

• Textbooks

- Reader Writer's Notebook
- Sound/Spelling Cards
- Posters/Visuals
- Venn Diagrams
- T-Charts
- Differentiated Learning Centers
- Teacher created materials
- Leveled Decodable Readers
- Big Book
- Leveled Decodable Readers
- Phonics First Materials
- SMART Exchange

Lesson Plans	
Lesson	Timeframe
Week 1 "Pearl and Wagner are Friends"	2 hours /5 days
 Phonemic awareness and phonics-a, ai, ay, ee, ea, y 	
Blending and Dictation	
Develop oral language	
 Integrate Science and Social Studies 	
Weekly Questions	
 High frequency/Amazing Words 	
Vocabulary	
 Listening and Speaking 	
Read decodable book	
 Dictation and Spelling 	
 Comprehension Strategies-Retelling 	
Word Analysis	
 Writing Process Strategies 	
 Writing Conventions-verbs 	
 Research Skills-Gather and record information 	
Genre-Fantasy	
Week 2 "Dear Juno"	2 hours / 5 days
 Phonemic awareness and phonics-o, oa, ow, substitute medial phonemes 	
 Blending and Dictation 	
Develop oral language	
 Integrate Science and Social Studies 	
Weekly Questions	
 High frequency/Amazing Words 	
Vocabulary	
 Listening and Speaking-Solve problems 	

English Language Arts Curriculum

• [Read decodable book Dictation and Spelling	
	Dictation and Spelling	
• (
	Comprehension Strategies	
	Nord Analysis	
• V	Nriting Process Strategies	
	Nriting Conventions-Friendly Letter, verbs with singular and plural nouns	
• R	Research Skills	
• 0	Genre: Realistic Fiction, Historical Fiction	
Week	x 3 "Anansi Goes Fishing"	2 hours / 5 days
• P	Phonemic awareness and phonics	
• B	Blending and Dictation	
• [Develop oral language	
• II	ntegrate Science and Social Studies- Children will understand that creative	
t	hinking can solve problems when we use something in a different way	
• V	Neekly Questions	
• +	ligh frequency/Amazing Words	
• \	/ocabulary	
• L	istening and Speaking	
• R	Read decodable book	
• [Dictation and Spelling	
• 0	Comprehension Strategies	
• V	Nord Analysis	
• V	Nriting Process Strategies	
• V	Nriting Conventions-Narrative Poem; verbs for past, future, present	
• R	Research Skills	
• (Genre: Folk Tale, Poetry	
Week	< 4 "Rosa and Blanca"	2 hours/5 day
• P	Phonemic awareness and phonics-i, ie, igh, y	
• B	Blending and Dictation-make predictions	
• [Develop oral language	
• II	ntegrate Science and Social Studies	
• V	Neekly Questions	
• +	ligh frequency/Amazing Words	
• \	/ocabulary	
• L	istening and Speaking	
• R	Read decodable book	
• [Dictation and Spelling	
	Comprehension Strategies	
	Vord Analysis	
	•	

Writing Conventions-	
Research Skills	
Genre: Realistic Fiction	
Week 5 "A Weed Is a Flower"	2 hours/5 day
• Phonemic awareness and phonics-comparative endings: er, est; inflected	
endings –ed, -ing	
 Blending and Dictation 	
Develop oral language	
 Integrate Science and Social Studies 	
Weekly Questions	
High frequency/Amazing Words	
Vocabulary	
 Listening and Speaking 	
Read decodable book	
 Dictation and Spelling 	
Comprehension Strategies	
Word Analysis	
 Writing Process Strategies-Autobiography 	
 Writing Conventions-verbs-Am, Is, Was, Were 	
Research Skills	
 Genre: Biography 	
Veek 6- Review Week	2 hours/5 day
 Phonemic awareness and phonics 	
 Blending and Dictation 	
Develop oral language	
 Integrate Science and Social Studies 	
Weekly Questions	
 High frequency/Amazing Words 	
 Vocabulary 	
 Listening and Speaking 	
Read decodable book	
 Dictation and Spelling 	
Comprehension Strategies	
Word Analysis	
 Writing Process Strategies 	
Writing Conventions	
Research Skills	
eacher Notes	1
• The lesson schedule can be revised based on students' abilities and needs.	
• The program recommends meeting with guided reading groups.	

Curriculum Development Resources:

(Click the links below to access additional resources used to design this unit)

www.pearsonrealize.com, www.watke's web.com, www.smartexchange.com,

www.teacherspayteachers.com, www.abcteach.com, www.education.com, www.scholastic .com,

teacherwebpage, www.corestandards.org

Content Area: English Language Arts

Unit Title: Unit 4 Our Changing World

Target Course/Grade Level: Second Grade

Unit Summary:

- Recognize letters and sounds
- Read a decodable book identify facts and details
- Complete dictation and spelling: Read and respond to text
- Write a journal response
- Distinguish Medial Phonemes
- Segment and Blend Phonemes
- Phonics/Spelling:
- Conventions: apply adjectives (senses)
- Make inferences and understand the author's purpose
- Read and write narrative nonfiction
- Determine cause and effect
- Use context clues to identify unfamiliar vocabulary words
- Read aloud with accuracy, fluency, and intonation
- Read
- Write
- Write a Friendly Letter

Primary Interdisciplinary Connections:

- Technology
- Science
- Social Studies
- Math

21st Century Themes:

- All students will demonstrate the creative, critical thinking, collaboration, and problem-solving skills needed to function successfully as both global citizens and workers in diverse ethnic and organizational cultures.
- Critical and Problem Solving
- Creativity and Innovation
- Collaboration, Teamwork, and Leadership

- Cross-Cultural Understanding and Interpersonal Communication
- Communication and Media Fluency
- Accountability, Productivity and Ethnics

Unit Rationale:

To help students understand and apply the knowledge of sounds, letters, and words in written English to become independent, fluent readers and to write clear, concise, organized sentences/paragraphs

Learning Targets

Standards:

- **Reading for Literature (RL):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
- **Reading for Informational Text (RI):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
- **Reading Foundational Skills (RF):** Print Concepts, Phonological Awareness, Phonics & Word Recognition, and Fluency
- Writing (W): Text Types & Purposes
- Speaking & Listening (SL): Comprehension & Collaboration and Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas
 - Language (L): Conventions of Standard English and Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

Content Statements:

The content being studied in this unit focuses on studying vowel sounds, parts of speech, reading strategies, and written expression.

CPI	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)
Number	
RL.2.1	Ask and answer such questions as who, what, where, when, why, and how to demonstrate understanding of key details in a text.
RL.2.2	Recount stories, including fables and folktales from diverse cultures, and determine their central message/theme, lesson, or moral.
RL.2.5	Describe the overall structure of a story, including describing how the beginning introduces the story and the ending concludes the action identifying how each successive part builds on earlier sections.
RL.2.7	Use information gained from the illustrations and words in a print or digital text to demonstrate understanding of its characters, setting, or plot.
RI.2.1	Ask and answer such questions as who, what, where, when, why, and how to demonstrate understanding of key details in a text.
RI.2.2	Identify the main topic of a multi-paragraph text as well as the focus of specific paragraphs within the text.
RI.2.5	Know and use various text features (e.g., captions, bold print, subheadings, glossaries, indexes, electronic menus, icons) to locate key facts or information in a text efficiently.
RI.2.6	Identify the main purpose of a text, including what the author wants to answer, explain, or describe

RI.2.7	Explain how specific illustrations and images (e.g., a diagram showing how a machine works) contribute to and clarify a text.
RF.2.3	Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.
RF.2.3.A	Know spelling-sound correspondences for additional common vowel teams.
RF.2.3.C	Decode words with common prefixes and suffixes.
RF.2.3.D	Identify words with inconsistent but common spelling-sound correspondences.
RF.2.4	Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension.
RF.2.4.A	Read grade-level text with purpose and understanding.
RF.2.4.B	Read grade-level text orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings.
W.2.1	Write opinion pieces in which they introduce the topic or book they are writing about, state an opinion, supply reasons that support the opinion, use linking words (e.g., because, and, also) to connect opinion and reasons, and provide a conclusion.
W.2.2	Write informative/explanatory texts in which they introduce a topic, use evidence-based facts and definitions to develop points, and provide a conclusion.
W.2.3	Write narratives in which they recount a well elaborated event or short sequence of events, include details to describe actions, thoughts, and feelings, use temporal words to signal event order, and provide a sense of closure.
W.2.5	With guidance and support from adults and peers, focus on a topic and strengthen writing as needed through self-reflection, revising and editing.
SL.2.1	Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about grade 2 topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups.
SL.2.1.A	Follow agreed-upon norms for discussions (e.g., gaining the floor in respectful ways, listening to others with care, speaking one at a time about the topics and texts under discussion).
SL.2.4	Tell a story or recount an experience with appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details, speaking audibly in coherent sentences.
SL.2.5	Use multimedia; add drawings or other visual displays to stories or recounts of experiences when appropriate to clarify ideas, thoughts, and feelings.
L.2.1.C	Use reflexive pronouns (e.g., myself, ourselves).
L.2.1.E	Use adjectives and adverbs, and choose between them depending on what is to be modified.
L.2.1.F	Produce, expand, and rearrange complete simple and compound sentences (e.g., The boy watched the movie; The little boy watched the movie; The action movie was watched by the little boy).
L.2.2	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.
L.2.2.B	Use commas in greetings and closings of letters.
L.2.4	Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 2 reading and content, choosing flexibly from an array of strategies.
L.2.4.A	Use sentence-level context as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase

L.2.4.B	Determine the meaning of the new wo	rd formed when a known prefix is added to a known	
	word (e.g., happy/unhappy, tell/retell).		
L.2.4.C	Use a known root word as a clue to the	meaning of an unknown word with the same root (e.g.,	
	addition, additional).		
L.2.5	Demonstrate understanding of word re	lationships and nuances in word meanings.	
L.2.5.A	Identify real-life connections between v	words and their use (e.g., describe foods that are spicy	
	or juicy).		
L.2.5.B		losely related verbs (e.g., toss, throw, hurl) and closely	
	related adjectives (e.g., thin, slender, sl		
L.2.6		gh conversations, reading and being read to, and	
	responding to texts, including using adjectives and adverbs to describe (e.g., When other kids		
Linit Eccon	are happy that makes me happy). Itial Questions	Unit Enduring Understandings	
	-	Unit Enduring Understandings	
	does understanding a text's ure help me better understand its	 Understanding of a text's features, structures, and characteristics facilitate the 	
mean	0	reader's ability to make meaning of the text.	
	do I figure out a word I do not	 Readers use language structure and context aluga to identify the intended magning of 	
know		clues to identify the intended meaning of	
	does fluency affect comprehension?	words and phrases as they are used in text.	
	do readers do when they do not	 Fluent readers group words quickly to help them as in managing from what they are all 	
	stand everything in a text?	them gain meaning from what they read.	
	do readers need to pay attention to	 Good readers employ strategies to help them 	
	er's choice of words?	understand text. Strategic readers can	
	do readers construct meaning from	develop, select, and apply strategies to	
text?		enhance their comprehension.	
	do good writers express	Words powerfully affect meaning.	
	selves? How does process shape	 Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and 	
	riter's product?	make connections (text to text, text to world,	
	does a writer choose a particular	text to self) to make personally relevant and	
	of writing?	useful.	
	does a listener understand a	 Good writers develop and refine their ideas 	
messa	-	for thinking, learning, communicating, and	
	bw can familiar things help us with	 aesthetic expression. A writer selects a form based on audience 	
chang			
	ow do plants change over time?	and purpose.	
	bw do changes occur under the	 Effective listeners are able to interpret and avaluate increasingly complex messages 	
groun		evaluate increasingly complex messages.	
	hy are some changes difficult?	 Children will understand that change: can be difficult, a bit scans, and comforting 	
	ow do changes in the weather affect	difficult, a bit scary, and comforting	
us?			

 Children will understand that plants: have a growth cycle, need sun, rain, and nutrients, provide food and beauty Children will understand: the different kinds of soil, how kinds of soil are formed, the interrelationships of plants, animals, people, and soil Children will understand that change can: take us to places we have never been, make us look at ourselves in new ways, open us to new opportunities Children will understand that: changes in weather affect our lives, weather changes can be unexpected, we need rain for plants to grow

Unit Learning Targets

The students will . . .

- Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
- Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.
- Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening.
- Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases by using context clues, analyzing meaningful word parts, and consulting general and specialized reference materials, as appropriate.
- Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.

Evidence of Learning

Summative Assessment (5 days):

- Oral Fluency Test
- Two day Weekly Test
- Written Comprehension Assessments
- Unit 4 Assessment
- Oral Fluency/words per minute
- Writing Rubrics
- Teacher Created Tests
- Weekly Language Test
- Weekly Spelling Test

Formative Assessments:

- Teacher observation
- Student participation
- Oral reading
- Oral fluency/words per minute
- Dictation & Spelling
- Journal
- Running Records

Equipment Needed:

- SMART Board
- I-Pads

Teacher Resources:

- Textbooks
- Reader Writer's Notebook
- Sound/Spelling Cards
- Posters/Visuals
- Venn Diagrams
- T-Charts
- Differentiated Learning Centers
- Teacher created materials
- Leveled Decodable Readers
- Big Book
- Leveled Decodable Readers
- Phonics First Materials
- SMART Exchange

Lesso	on Plans
Lesson	Timeframe
Week 1 "Froggy Fable"	2 hours /5 days
Phonemic awareness and phonics- final	
syllable –le; comparative endings	
Blending and Dictation	
Develop oral language	
Integrate Science and Social Studies	
Weekly Questions	
High frequency/Amazing Words	
• Vocabulary: clearing, crashed, perfect,	
pond, spilling, splashing, traveled	
Listening and Speaking	
Read decodable book-comprehension	
Dictation and Spelling	

Comprehension Strategies-Using	Context
Clues	
Word Analysis	
Writing Process Strategies-Friend	ly Letter
Writing Conventions-verbs	
Research Skills-Gather and record	1,
communicate information	
Genre-Tall Tale	
Week 2 "The Life Cycle of a Pumpkin"	
Phonemic awareness and phonics	s-vowel
patterns oo, u	
 Blending and Dictation 	
 Develop oral language 	
Integrate Science and Social Studi	ies
Weekly Questions	
High frequency/Amazing Words	
 Vocabulary: bumpy, fruit, harvest 	, root,
smooth, soil, vine	
• Listening and Speaking-Make an	
Announcement	
Read decodable book- context clu	Jes
 Dictation and Spelling 	
Comprehension Strategies-Seque	nce,
Important Ideas	
Word Analysis	
Writing Process Strategies-exposi	tory
nonfiction	
Writing Conventions-Friendly Lett	ter, verbs
with singular and plural nouns	
Conventions: adjectives for numb	er, size,
shape	
Research Skills	
Genre: Expository Text	
Week 3 "Soil"	2 hours / 5 days
 Phonemic awareness and phonics 	
dipthongs: ou, ow, oi, oy	
 Blending and Dictation- suffixes 	
 Develop oral language-appropriat 	
phrasing	
 Integrate Science and Social Studi 	ies-

 Weekly Questions High frequency/Amazing Words Vocabulary: grains, materials, particles, seeps, substances, texture Listening and Speaking-Fact and Opinion, speak loud and clear Read decodable book Dictation and Spelling Comprehension Strategies-context clues Word Analysis Writing Process Strategies Conventions: comparative and superlative adjectives Research Skills Genre: Expository Text 	
Week 4 "The Night The Moon Fell"	2 hours/5 day
 Phonemic awareness and phonics-syllable patterns Blending and Dictation-make predictions Develop oral language Integrate Science and Social Studies Weekly Questions High frequency/Amazing Words Vocabulary: balance, crayons, coral, rattle, slivers, sway, whisper Text Based Comprehension- Plot and Theme, visualize Listening and Speaking Read decodable book Conventions: Adverbs that tell when and where Comprehension Strategies-text evidence Word Analysis Writing Process Strategies Writing Conventions-Narrative Poem Research Skills-Inquiry Genre: Myth 	
 Week 5 "The First Tortilla" Phonemic awareness and phonics-vowel digraphs-oo, ue, ew, ui 	2 hours/5 day

Blending and Dictation- prefixes	
Develop oral language-expression and	
intonation	
Integrate Science and Social Studies	
Weekly Questions High frequency/Amazing Words	
Vocabulary: awaken, cliffs, mountain, prize,	
rainbow, suffer, volcano	
Listening and Speaking-Give an oral	
summary	
Read decodable book	
Dictation and Spelling	
Comprehension Strategies-Plot and Theme	
Word Analysis	
Writing Process Strategies-Thank You Note	
Writing Conventions-adverbs that tell how	
Research Skills-Communicate	
Genre: Legend	
eek 6- Review Week	2 hours/5 day
Phonemic awareness and phonics	
Blending and Dictation	
Develop oral language	
Integrate Science and Social Studies	
Weekly Questions	
High frequency/Amazing Words	
Vocabulary	
Listening and Speaking	
Read decodable book	
Dictation and Spelling	
Comprehension Strategies	
Word Analysis	
Writing Process Strategies	
Writing Conventions	
Research Skills	
eacher Notes	
The lesson schedule can be revised based on	
The program recommends meeting with guid	ed reading groups.
urriculum Development Resources:	
lick the links below to access additional resourc	es used to design this unit)
ww.pearsonrealize.com	

www.watke's web.com www.smartexchange.com www.teacherspayteachers.com www.abcteach.com www.education.com www.scholastic .com teacherwebpage www.corestandards.org

Content Area: English Language Arts

Unit Title: Unit 5 Responsibility

Target Course/Grade Level: Second Grade

Unit Summary:

- Recognize letters and sounds
- Read a decodable book identify facts and details
- Complete dictation and spelling: Read and respond to text
- Write a journal response
- Distinguish Medial Phonemes
- Segment and Blend Phonemes
- Phonics/Spelling: Prefixes un-, re-, pre-, dis-Suffixes –ly, -ful, -er, -or, -ish Vowel patterns aw, au, au(gh) al, Consonant patterns: ph, gh, ck, ng
- Conventions: pronouns
- Make inferences and understand the author's purpose
- Read and write narrative nonfiction
- Determine cause and effect
- Use context clues to identify unfamiliar vocabulary words
- Read aloud with accuracy, fluency, and intonation
- Genres: Animal Fantasy, Poetry, Realistic Fiction, Humorous Fiction, Literary Nonfiction
- Write: narrative nonfiction, compound words, realistic fiction, animal fantasy

Primary Interdisciplinary Connections:

- Technology
- Science
- Social Studies
- Math

21st Century Themes:

- All students will demonstrate the creative, critical thinking, collaboration, and problem-solving skills needed to function successfully as both global citizens and workers in diverse ethnic and organizational cultures.
- Critical and Problem Solving
- Creativity and Innovation
- Collaboration, Teamwork, and Leadership
- Cross-Cultural Understanding and Interpersonal Communication
- Communication and Media Fluency
- Accountability, Productivity and Ethnics

Unit Rationale:

To help students understand and apply the knowledge of sounds, letters, and words in written English to become independent, fluent readers and to write clear, concise, organized sentences/paragraphs

Learning Targets

Standards:

- **Reading for Literature (RL):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
- **Reading for Informational Text (RI):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
- **Reading Foundational Skills (RF):** Print Concepts, Phonological Awareness, Phonics & Word Recognition, and Fluency
- Writing (W): Text Types & Purposes
- Speaking & Listening (SL): Comprehension & Collaboration and Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas

Language (L): Conventions of Standard English and Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

Content Statements:

The content being studied in this unit focuses on studying vowel sounds, parts of speech, reading strategies, and written expression.

CPI	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)
Number	
RL.2.1	Ask and answer such questions as who, what, where, when, why, and how to demonstrate understanding of key details in a text.
RL.2.3	Describe how characters in a story respond to major events and challenges using key details.
RL.2.5	Describe the overall structure of a story, including describing how the beginning introduces the story and the ending concludes the action identifying how each successive part builds on earlier sections
RL.2.7	Use information gained from the illustrations and words in a print or digital text to demonstrate understanding of its characters, setting, or plot.
RI.2.1	Ask and answer such questions as who, what, where, when, why, and how to demonstrate understanding of key details in a text.

RI.2.2	Identify the main topic of a multi paragraph text as well as the focus of specific paragraphs within the text.
RI.2.6	Identify the main purpose of a text, including what the author wants to answer, explain, or describe.
RI.2.7	Explain how specific illustrations and images (e.g., a diagram showing how a machine works) contribute to and clarify a text.
RF.2.3	Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.
RF.2.3.A	Know spelling-sound correspondences for additional common vowel teams.
RF.2.3.C	Decode words with common prefixes and suffixes.
RF.2.3.D	Identify words with inconsistent but common spelling-sound correspondences.
RF.2.3.E	Recognize and read grade-appropriate irregularly spelled words.
RF.2.4	Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension.
RF.2.4.A	Read grade-level text with purpose and understanding.
RF.2.4.B	Read grade-level text orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings.
W.2.3	Write narratives in which they recount a well elaborated event or short sequence of events, include details to describe actions, thoughts, and feelings, use temporal words to signal event order, and provide a sense of closure.
W.2.5	With guidance and support from adults and peers, focus on a topic and strengthen writing as needed through self-reflection, revising and editing.
W.2.6	With guidance and support from adults, use a variety of digital tools to produce and publish writing, including in collaboration with peers.
SL.2.1	Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about grade 2 topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups.
SL.2.1.A	Follow agreed-upon norms for discussions (e.g., gaining the floor in respectful ways, listening to others with care, speaking one at a time about the topics and texts under discussion).
SL.2.2	Recount or describe key ideas or details from a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media.
SL.2.3	Ask and answer questions about what a speaker says in order to clarify comprehension, gather additional information, or deepen understanding of a topic or issue.
SL.2.4	Tell a story or recount an experience with appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details, speaking audibly in coherent sentences.
SL.2.6	Produce complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation in order to provide requested detail or clarification. (See grade 2 Language standards 1 and 3 on page 26 for specific expectations.)
L.2.1	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
L.2.1.F	Produce, expand, and rearrange complete simple and compound sentences (e.g., The boy watched the movie; The little boy watched the movie; The action movie was watched by the little boy).

L.2.2		ions of standard English capitalization, punctuation,
	and spelling when writing.	
L.2.2.C		s and frequently occurring possessives.
L.2.2.E	Consult print and digital resources, incl correct spellings.	uding beginning dictionaries, as needed to check and
L.2.3.A	Compare formal and informal uses of E	nglish.
L.2.4	Determine or clarify the meaning of un on grade 2 reading and content, choosi	known and multiple-meaning words and phrases based ng flexibly from an array of strategies.
L.2.4.B	Determine the meaning of the new wo word (e.g., happy/unhappy, tell/retell).	rd formed when a known prefix is added to a known
L.2.4.C	Use a known root word as a clue to the (e.g., addition, additional).	meaning of an unknown word with the same root
L.2.4.D		idual words to predict the meaning of compound words
1245	(e.g., birdhouse, lighthouse, housefly; b	
L.2.4.E	meaning of words and phrases.	es, both print and digital, to determine or clarify the
L.2.5		lationships and nuances in word meanings
L.2.6	responding to texts, including using adj are happy that makes me happy).	gh conversations, reading and being read to, and ectives and adverbs to describe (e.g., When other kids
	tial Questions	Unit Enduring Understandings
	does it mean to be responsible?	 Understanding of a text's features,
	do I figure out a word I do not	structures, and characteristics facilitate the
know		reader's ability to make meaning of the text.
	loes fluency affect comprehension?	Readers use language structure and context
	do readers do when they do not	clues to identify the intended meaning of
	stand everything in a text?	words and phrases as they are used in text.
	do readers need to pay attention to er's choice of words?	 Fluent readers group words quickly to help them gain meaning from what they read.
	to readers construct meaning from	 Good readers employ strategies to help them
text?		understand text. Strategic readers can
	lo good writers express	develop, select, and apply strategies to
	selves? How does process shape	enhance their comprehension.
	riter's product?	 Words powerfully affect meaning.
	does a writer choose a particular	• Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and
form	of writing?	make connections (text to text, text to world,
How a	loes a listener understand a	text to self) to make personally relevant and
messa	-	useful.
	hy should we be responsible for	
doing	a good job?	

 L2: How can we be responsible community members? L3: How can be responsible animal lovers? L4: How can we be responsible friends and neighbors? L5: How can we be responsible when we make a mistake? 	 Good writers develop and refine their ideas for thinking, learning, communicating, and aesthetic expression. A writer selects a form based on audience and purpose. Effective listeners are able to interpret and evaluate increasingly complex messages. Children will understand that people being responsible for doing a good job: do everything the job requires, help each other, communicate with each other, take pride in their work Children will understand that responsible community members: solve problems, help each other, and respect each other. Children will understand that responsible animal owners: provide care for the animal, give attention to the animal, train the animal. Children will understand that friends and neighbors: communicate with one another, help one another, respect each other. Children will understand that: rules have a purpose, there are consequences when rules are broken.

Unit Learning Targets

The students will . . .

- Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
- Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.
- Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening.
- Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases by using context clues, analyzing meaningful word parts, and consulting general and specialized reference materials, as appropriate.
- Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.

	Evidence of Learning
Sur	nmative Assessment (5 days):
•	Oral Fluency Test
•	Two day – Weekly Test
٠	Written Comprehension Assessments
٠	Unit 5 Assessment
٠	Oral Fluency/words per minute
٠	Writing Rubrics
٠	Teacher Created Tests
٠	Weekly Language Test
٠	Weekly Spelling Test
For	mative Assessments:
•	Teacher observation
•	Student participation
•	Oral reading
•	Oral fluency/words per minute
•	Dictation & Spelling
٠	Journal
٠	Running Records
Equ	Jipment Needed:
٠	SMART Board
٠	I-Pads
Теа	acher Resources:
•	Textbooks
•	Reader Writer's Notebook
٠	Sound/Spelling Cards
٠	Posters/Visuals
٠	Venn Diagrams
•	T-Charts
•	Differentiated Learning Centers
•	Teacher created materials
•	Leveled Decodable Readers
•	Big Book
٠	Leveled Decodable Readers
	Phonics First Materials
•	SMART Exchange

Lesson Plans		
Lesson	Timeframe	
Week 1 "Fire Fighter"	2 hours /5 days	
• Phonemic awareness and phonics-suffixes –ly	· -	
ful, -er, -or, -ish		
-comparative endings –er, -est,		
 Blending and Dictation 		
 Develop oral language 		
 Comprehension: Fact/Opinion 		
 Integrate Science and Social Studies 		
Weekly Questions		
 High frequency/Amazing Words 		
• Vocabulary words: building, burning, masks,		
quickly, roar, station, tightly		
 Listening and Speaking 		
 Read decodable book-comprehension 		
 Dictation and Spelling 		
Comprehension Strategies-Using Context Clue	es	
Word Analysis		
Writing Process Strategies-Narrative Nonfiction	on	
 Writing Conventions-pronouns 		
 Research Skills-Online Directory 		
 Genre-Drama 		
Week 2 "Carl the Complainer"	2 hours / 5 days	
Phonemic awareness and phonics-prefixes un	-,	
re-, pre-, dis-		
Suffixes—ly, -ful, -er, -or, -ish		
 Blending and Dictation 		
 Develop oral language 		
 Integrate Science and Social Studies 		
 Weekly Questions 		
 High frequency/Amazing Words 		
• Vocabulary: annoy, complain, mumbles, shru	gs,	
signature		
 Comprehension: Cause/Effect 		
Listening and Speaking-Make an Announceme	ent	
 Read decodable book- context clues 		
 Dictation and Spelling 		
Comprehension Strategies-Sequence, Importa	ant	
Ideas		

	Word Analysis	
	-	
•	Writing Process Strategies-	
•	Writing Conventions-realistic fiction	
	Trait: Organization	
•	Conventions: singular and plural pronouns	
•	Research Skills- Bar Graph	
٠	Genre: Realistic Fiction	
We	ek 3 "Bad Dog, Dodger"	2 hours / 5 days
•	Phonemic awareness and phonics-consonant	
	digraphs: kn, wr, gn, mb	
•	Blending and Dictation- review consonant	
	digraphs	
•	Develop oral language-appropriate phrasing	
•	Integrate Science and Social Studies-	
•	Weekly Questions	
•	High frequency/Amazing Words	
•	Vocabulary: chased, chewing, dripping, grabbed,	
	practice, treat, wagged	
•	Listening and Speaking-Fact and Opinion, speak	
	loud and clear	
•	Read decodable book	
•		
	•	
•	-	
•		
•		21 /51
We	•	2 hours/5 day
•	•	
•	0	
•		
•	0	
•	•	
•	High frequency/Amazing Words	
•	Vocabulary: adventure, climbed, clubhouse,	
	exploring, greatest, truest, wondered	
•	Text Based Comprehension-character and setting	
• • • • • • • • • • • •	Dictation and Spelling Comprehension Strategies-plot/theme, using background knowledge to infer meaning, review skill: sequence Writing Process Strategies- Trait: voice Conventions: using I and Me Research Skills- Online Reference Resources Genre: Realistic Fiction, Procedural text ek 4 "Horace and Morris but mostly Dolores" Phonemic awareness and phonics-consonant patterns ph, gh, ck, ng Blending and Dictation- Develop oral language-appropriate phrasing Integrate Science and Social Studies Weekly Questions High frequency/Amazing Words Vocabulary: adventure, climbed, clubhouse, exploring, greatest, truest, wondered	2 hours/5 day

Listening and Speaking	
Read decodable book	
 Conventions: Different kinds of pronouns 	
 Comprehension Strategies-text evidence 	
Word Analysis	
Writing Process Strategies	
 Writing Conventions-Narrative Poem 	
Research Skills-Inquiry	
Genre: Fantasy	
Week 5 "The Signmaker's Assistant"	2 hours/5 day
• Phonemic awareness and phonics-vowel patterns	
aw, au, au(gh), al	
• Blending and Dictation- review spelling patterns	
Develop oral language-expression and intonation	
 Integrate Science and Social Studies 	
Weekly Questions	
 High frequency/Amazing Words 	
• Vocabulary: afternoon, blame, idea, important,	
signmaker, townspeople	
 Listening and Speaking-Identify and Speak to your 	
Audience	
Read decodable book	
 Dictation and Spelling 	
 Comprehension Strategies-Main Idea and Details 	
Word Analysis	
Writing Process Strategies-Humorous Sentences	
 Writing Process strategies manorous sentences Writing Conventions-contractions 	
 Research Skills-Communicate 	
Genre: Humorous Fiction	
	2 hours /E dou
Week 6- Review Week	2 hours/5 day
Phonemic awareness and phonics	
Blending and Dictation	
Develop oral language	
Integrate Science and Social Studies	
Weekly Questions	
High frequency/Amazing Words	
Vocabulary	
 Listening and Speaking 	
Read decodable book	
Dictation and Spelling	

	-	
Comprehension Strategies		
Word Analysis		
Writing Process Strategies		
Writing Conventions		
Research Skills		
Teacher Notes		
• The lesson schedule can be revised based on students' abilities and needs.		
• The program recommends meeting with guided reading groups.		
Curriculum Development Resources:		
(Click the links below to access additional resources used to design this unit)		
www.pearsonrealize.com		
www.watke's web.com		
www.smartexchange.com		
www.teacherspayteachers.com		
www.abcteach.com		
www.education.com		
www.scholastic .com		
teacherwebpage		
www.corestandards.org		

Content Area: English Language Arts

Unit Title: Unit 6 Traditions

Target Course/Grade Level: Second Grade

Unit Summary:

- Recognize letters and sounds
- Read a decodable book identify facts and details
- Complete dictation and spelling: Read and respond to text
- Write a journal response
- Distinguish Medial Phonemes
- Segment and Blend Phonemes
- Phonics/Spelling Inflected Endings Abbreviations
 Final Syllables –tion, -ture, -ion
 Suffixes: -ness, -less, -able, -ible
 Prefixes: mis-, mid-, micro-, non-
 - Review: plurals, contractions, final syllable -le

- Conventions: capital letters, quotation marks, prepositions, prepositional phrases, commas, commas in compound sentences
- Make inferences and understand the author's purpose
- Read and write narrative nonfiction
- Determine
- Use context clues to identify unfamiliar vocabulary words
- Read aloud with accuracy, fluency, and intonation
- Genres: Expository Text, Poetry, Realistic Fiction, Informational Text, Literary Nonfiction
- Write: narrative nonfiction, persuasive statement, realistic fiction, invitation letter, compare and contrast text, poem

Primary Interdisciplinary Connections:

- Technology
- Science
- Social Studies
- Math

21st Century Themes:

- All students will demonstrate the creative, critical thinking, collaboration, and problem-solving skills needed to function successfully as both global citizens and workers in diverse ethnic and organizational cultures.
- Critical and Problem Solving
- Creativity and Innovation
- Collaboration, Teamwork, and Leadership
- Cross-Cultural Understanding and Interpersonal Communication
- Communication and Media Fluency
- Accountability, Productivity and Ethnics

Unit Rationale:

To help students understand and apply the knowledge of sounds, letters, and words in written English to become independent, fluent readers and to write clear, concise, organized sentences/paragraphs

Learning Targets

Standards:

- **Reading for Literature (RL):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
- **Reading for Informational Text (RI):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
- **Reading Foundational Skills (RF):** Print Concepts, Phonological Awareness, Phonics & Word Recognition, and Fluency
- Writing (W): Text Types & Purposes
- Speaking & Listening (SL): Comprehension & Collaboration and Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas

Langu	age (L): Conventions of Standard English and Vocabulary Acquisition and Use		
Content St	atements:		
The conter	nt being studied in this unit focuses on studying vowel sounds, parts of speech, reading		
strategies,	and written expression.		
CPI			
Number	0 ()		
RL.2.1	Ask and answer such questions as who, what, where, when, why, and how to demonstrate understanding of key details in a text.		
RL.2.4	Describe how words and phrases (e.g., regular beats, alliteration, rhymes, repeated lines)		
112.2.7	supply rhythm and meaning in a story, poem, or song.		
RL.2.5	Describe the overall structure of a story, including describing how the beginning introduces		
112.2.5	the story and the ending concludes the action identifying how each successive part builds on		
	earlier sections.		
RL.2.10	Read and comprehend literature, including stories and poetry, at grade level text complexity		
	or above with scaffolding as needed.		
RI.2.1	Ask and answer such questions as who, what, where, when, why, and how to demonstrate		
	understanding of key details in a text.		
RI.2.2	Identify the main topic of a multi-paragraph text as well as the focus of specific paragraphs		
	within the text.		
RI.2.3	Describe the connection between a series of historical events, scientific ideas or concepts, or		
	steps in technical procedures in a text		
RI.2.6	Identify the main purpose of a text, including what the author wants to answer, explain, or describe.		
RF.2.3	Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.		
RF.2.3.C	Decode words with common prefixes and suffixes.		
RF.2.4.A	Read grade-level text with purpose and understanding.		
RF.2.4.B	Read grade-level text orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings.		
RF.2.4.C	Use context to confirm or self-correct word recognition and understanding, rereading as		
	necessary.		
W.2.1	Write opinion pieces in which they introduce the topic or book they are writing about, state an		
	opinion, supply reasons that support the opinion, use linking words (e.g., because, and, also)		
	to connect opinion and reasons, and provide a conclusion.		
W.2.2	Write informative/explanatory texts in which they introduce a topic, use evidence-based facts		
	and definitions to develop points, and provide a conclusion.		
W.2.3	Write narratives in which they recount a well elaborated event or short sequence of events,		
	include details to describe actions, thoughts, and feelings, use temporal words to signal event		
	order, and provide a sense of closure.		
W.2.8	Recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a		
	question.		
SL.2.1	Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about grade 2 topics and texts		
	with peers and adults in small and larger groups.		

SL.2.1.A	Follow agreed-upon norms for discussions (e.g., gaining the floor in respectful ways, listening		
	to others with care, speaking one at a time about the topics and texts under discussion).		
SL.2.2	Recount or describe key ideas or details from a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media.		
SL.2.3	Ask and answer questions about what a speaker says in order to clarify comprehension, gather additional information, or deepen understanding of a topic or issue.		
SL.2.6	Produce complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation in order to provide requested detail or clarification. (See grade 2 Language standards 1 and 3 on page 26 for specific expectations.)		
L.2.1	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.		
L.2.1.F	Produce, expand, and rearrange complete simple and compound sentences (e.g., The boy watched the movie; The little boy watched the movie; The action movie was watched by the little boy).		
L.2.2	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.		
L.2.2.A	Capitalize holidays, product names, and geographic names.		
L.2.2.E	Consult print and digital resources, including beginning dictionaries, as needed to check and correct spellings.		
L.2.3.A	Compare formal and informal uses of E	nglish.	
L.2.4	Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 2 reading and content, choosing flexibly from an array of strategies.		
L.2.4.A	Use sentence-level context as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.		
L.2.4.C	Use a known root word as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word with the same root (e.g., addition, additional).		
L.2.4.E	Use glossaries and beginning dictionaries, both print and digital, to determine or clarify the meaning of words and phrases.		
L.2.5.A	Identify real-life connections between words and their use (e.g., describe foods that are spicy or juicy).		
L.2.6	Use words and phrases acquired through conversations, reading and being read to, and responding to texts, including using adjectives and adverbs to describe (e.g., When other kids are happy that makes me happy).		
Unit Esser	ntial Questions	Unit Enduring Understandings	
 Are traditions and celebrations important in our lives? How do I figure out a word I do not know? How does fluency affect comprehension? What do readers do when they do not understand everything in a text? 		 Understanding of a text's features, structures, and characteristics facilitate the reader's ability to make meaning of the text. Readers use language structure and context clues to identify the intended meaning of words and phrases as they are used in text. 	

- Why do readers need to pay attention to a writer's choice of words?
- How do readers construct meaning from text?
- How do good writers express themselves? How does process shape the writer's product?
- Why does a writer choose a particular form of writing?
- How does a listener understand a message?
- L1: Why are sports traditions Important in our country?
- L2: What traditions and celebrations involve our country's flag?
- L3: Why are family celebrations special?
- L4: What can we learn about cowboy traditions?
- L5: How are different traditions celebrated and shared?

- Fluent readers group words quickly to help them gain meaning from what they read.
- Good readers employ strategies to help them understand text. Strategic readers can develop, select, and apply strategies to enhance their comprehension.
- Words powerfully affect meaning.
- Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and make connections (text to text, text to world, text to self) to make personally relevant and useful.
- Good writers develop and refine their ideas for thinking, learning, communicating, and aesthetic expression.
- A writer selects a form based on audience and purpose.
- Effective listeners are able to interpret and evaluate increasingly complex messages.
- Children will understand that sports are: an important tradition in our culture, enjoyed by players and spectators, played by both girls and boys
- Children will understand some of the traditions that honor the flag: the Pledge of Allegiance, the National Anthem, the National Anthem, the Fourth of July
- Children will understand that family celebrations: involve cultural traditions, include certain activities, include special foods
- Children will understand that cowboys worked hard, had difficult working conditions, wore protective clothing
- Children will understand that traditions can be: shared and celebrated at special events, brought from other lands, learned at home and at school

Unit Learning Targets

The students will . . .

- Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
- Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.
- Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening.
- Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases by using context clues, analyzing meaningful word parts, and consulting general and specialized reference materials, as appropriate.
- Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.

Evidence of Learning

Summative Assessment (5 days):

- Oral Fluency Test
- Two day Weekly Test
- Written Comprehension Assessments
- Unit 6 Assessment
- Oral Fluency/words per minute
- Writing Rubrics
- Teacher Created Tests
- Weekly Language Test
- Weekly Spelling Test

Formative Assessments:

- Teacher observation
- Student participation
- Oral reading
- Oral fluency/words per minute
- Dictation & Spelling
- Journal
- Running Records

Equipment Needed:

- SMART Board
- I-Pads

Teacher Resources:

- Textbooks
- Reader Writer's Notebook
- Sound/Spelling Cards

- Posters/Visuals
- Venn Diagrams
- T-Charts
- Differentiated Learning Centers
- Teacher created materials
- Leveled Decodable Readers
- Big Book
- Leveled Decodable Readers
- Phonics First Materials
- SMART Exchange

Lesson	Plans
Lesson	Timeframe
Week 1 "Just Like Josh Gibson"	2 hours /5 days
 Spelling-inflected endings 	
Review-plural endings	
 Blending and Dictation 	
 Develop oral language 	
 Comprehension: compare and contrast 	
 Integrate Science and Social Studies 	
Weekly Questions	
 High frequency/Amazing Words 	
 Vocabulary Words: bases, cheers, filed, plate, 	
sailed, threw	
 Listening and Speaking 	
 Read decodable book-comprehension 	
 Dictation and Spelling 	
 Comprehension Strategies-monitor and clarify 	
 Word Analysis 	
 Writing Process Strategies-Realistic Fiction 	
 Writing Conventions-using capital letters 	
 Research Skills-Globe 	
 Genre-Expository Text 	
Week 2 "Red, White, and Blue: The Story of the	2 hours / 5 days
American Flag	
 Phonemic awareness: Abbreviations 	
 Blending and Dictation 	
 Develop oral language 	
 Integrate Science and Social Studies 	
Weekly Questions	
 High frequency/Amazing Words 	

Vocabulary Words: America, birthday, flag,	
freedom, nicknames, stars, stripes	
Comprehension: Author's Purpose	
Listening and Speaking-	
Read decodable book- context clues	
Dictation and Spelling	
Comprehension Strategies-Summarize	
Important Ideas, Fact/Opinion	
Word Analysis	
Writing Process Strategies-	
Writing Conventions-realistic fiction	
Trait: Organization	
Conventions: Quotation Marks	
Research Skills- Chart	
Genre: Poetry	
Week 3 "A Birthday Basket for Tia"	2 hours / 5 days
• Final Syllables: -tion, -ture, -ion	
• Develop oral language-appropriate phrasing	
Integrate Science and Social Studies-	
Weekly Questions	
High frequency/Amazing Words	
• Vocabulary words: aunt, bank, basket, collects,	
favorite, present	
• Listening and Speaking-Listen to a description	
Read decodable book	
Dictation and Spelling	
Comprehension Strategies-draw conclusions,	
questioning, cause/effect	
Writing: Invitation Letter	
Conventions: Prepositions, prepositional	
phrasing	
 Research Skills- Interview and Natural Resources 	
Genre: Realistic Fiction	
Week 4 "Cowboys"	2 hours/5 day
 Phonemic awareness: suffixes:-ness, -less, -able, 	
-ible	
Develop oral language-appropriate phrasing	
 Integrate Science and Social Studies 	
Weekly Questions	
 High frequency/Amazing Words 	
	147

• Vocabulary words: campfire, cattle, cowboy,	
galloped, herd, railroad, trails	
 Text Based Comprehension-sequence, text 	
structure	
 Listening and Speaking-Identify written 	
conventions	
Read decodable book	
 Conventions: Commas 	
 Comprehension Strategies-text structure, 	
sequence	
Word Analysis	
 Writing Process Strategies-Compare/Contrast 	
• Writing Process strategies-compare/contrast	
 Writing Conventions-Commas Research Skills-Schedule 	
Genre: Informational Text Week 5 "Grace for President"	2 hours /E dou
	2 hours/5 day
 Phonemic awareness and phonics-prefixes: mis-, 	
mid-, micro-, non-	
Blending and Dictation- review spelling patterns	
 Develop oral language-expression and interaction 	
intonation	
Integrate Science and Social Studies	
Weekly Questions	
High frequency/Amazing Words	
 Vocabulary-assembly, election, microphone, 	
rallies, slogan, speeches	
 Listening and Speaking-Listen for Speaker's 	
Purpose	
Read decodable book	
 Dictation and Spelling 	
 Comprehension Strategies-Facts and Details, 	
Predict and set a purpose	
Word Analysis	
Writing Process Strategies-Humorous Sentences	
 Writing Conventions-contractions 	
 Research Skills-Communicate 	
Genre: Schedule	
Week 6- Review Week	2 hours/5 day
Phonemic awareness and phonics	

Blending and Dictation			
 Develop oral language 			
 Integrate Science and Social Studies 			
Weekly Questions			
 High frequency/Amazing Words 			
Vocabulary			
Listening and Speaking			
Read decodable book			
 Dictation and Spelling 			
Comprehension Strategies			
Word Analysis			
Writing Process Strategies			
Writing Conventions			
Research Skills			
Teacher Notes			
• The lesson schedule can be revised based on stude	ents' abilities and needs.		
 The program recommends meeting with guided reading groups. 			
Curriculum Development Resources:			
(Click the links below to access additional resources us	(Click the links below to access additional resources used to design this unit)		
www.pearsonrealize.com			
<u>www.watke's</u> web.com			
www.smartexchange.com			
www.teacherspayteachers.com			
www.abcteach.com			
www.education.com			
www.scholastic .com			
teacherwebpage			
www.corestandards.org			

Pacing Guide -Grade 3

Content Area: English Language Arts Grade Level: Third Grade

First Marking Period - Pacing Guide UNIT 1 – Which Skills Help Us Make Our Way in the World

Standards: RL.3.1, RL.3.2, RL.3.3, RL.3.5, RL.3.7, RI.3.1, RI.3.3, RI.3.8, RI.3.9, RF.3.3, RF.3.3.C, RF.3.4, RF.3.4.A, RF.3.4.B, RF.3.4.C, W.3.2, W.3.2.A, W.3.2.B, W.3.3, W.3.3.A, W.3.3.C, W.3.7, SL.3.1, SL.3.1A, SL.3.1.B, SL.3.4, L.3.1, L.3.1.F, L.3.1.I, L.3.2, L.3.2.E, L.3.2.F, L.3.2.G, L.3.3, L.3.4, L.3.4.A, L.3.4.C, L.3.4.D,

L.3.5, L.3.6,

Second Marking Period - Pacing Guide

UNIT 2-What are Smart Ways that Problems Can Be Solved

Standards: RL.3.1, RL.3.2, RL.3.6, RI.3.1, RI.3.2, RI.3.5, RI.3.8, RF.3.3, RF.3.3.B, RF.3.3.C, RF.3.4, RF.3.4.A, RF.3.4.B, RF.3.4.C, W.3.1.A, W.3.1.B, W.3.2, W.3.2.A, W.3.2.B, W.3.2.C, W.3.2.D, W.3.3, W.3.3.B, W.3.4, W.3.5, SL.3.1.B, SL.3.1.C, SL.3.4, L.3.1, L.3.1.A, L.3.1.B, L.3.2, L.3.2.D, L.3.2.F, L.3.3.A, L.3.4, L.3.4, A

L.3.4.C, L.3.5, L.3.6

UNIT 3 – How are People and Nature Connected?

Standards: RL3.1, RL3.3, RL3.7, Rl3.1, Rl3.2, Rl3.3, Rl3.5, Rl3.7, Rl3.8, RF3.3, RF3.3.A, RF3.3.D, RF3.4, RF3.4,

Third Marking Period - Pacing Guide

Remainder of UNIT 3 – How are People and Nature Connected?

Standards: RL.3.1, RL.3.3, RL.3.7, RI.3.1, RI.3.2, RI.3.3, RI.3.5, RI.3.7, RI.3.8, RF.3.3, RF.3.3.A, RF.3.3.D, RF.3.4, RF.3.4.A, RF.3.4.B, W.3.2, W.3.2.A, W.3.2.B, W.3.3, W.3.3.A, W.3.3.C, W.3.3.D, W.3.4, SL.3.1.B, SL.3.1.D, SL.3.4, SL.3.6, L.3.1, L.3.1.A, L.3.1.D, L.3.1.E, L.3.1.F, L.3.1.I, L.3.2.E, L.3.2.F, L.3.3, L.3.3, A, L.3.4, L.3.4.B, L.3.4.B, L.3.4.D, L.3.5, L.3.6

L.3.4.A, L.3.4.B, L.3.4.D, L.3.5, L.3.6

UNIT 4- What Does it Mean to be Unique

Standards: RL.3.1, RL.3.2, RL.3.4, RI.3.1, RI.3.2, RI.3.3, RI.3.5, RI.3.6, RI.3.7, RF.3.3, RF.3.3.A, RF.3.3.C, RF.3.3.D, RF.3.4, RF.3.4.B, W.3.1.A, W.3.1.B, W.3.1.C, W.3.2.A, W.3.3.A, W.3.3.C, W.3.4, W.3.5, W.3.6, SL.3.1.A, SL.3.1.B, SL.3.4, L.3.1.A, L.3.1.B, L.3.1.F, L.3.1.I, L.3.2.E, L.3.2.F, L.3.3, L.3.3.B, L.3.4, L.3.4.A,

L.3.4.D, L.3.6

Fourth Marking Period - Pacing Guide

UNIT 5- What Happens when Two Way of Life Come Together?

Standards: RL.3.1, RL.3.2, RL.3.3, RL.3.9, RL.3.10, RI.3.1, RI.3.2, RI.3.4, RI.3.6, RI.3.10, RF.3.3, RF.3.3.B, RF.3.3.C, RF.3.4, RF.3.4.B, RF.3.4.C, W.3.1, W.3.1.A, W.3.1.B, W.3.1.D, W.3.2.A, W.3.2.B, W.3.3, W.3.3.A, W.3.3.B, W.3.4, SL.3.1.B, SL.3.4, SL.3.5, L.3.1.A, L.3.1.E, L.3.1.G, L.3.1.H, L.3.1.I, L.3.2.E, L.3.2.F, L.3.3.A, L.3.4, L.3.4.A, L.3.5, L.3.5.A, L.3.5.B, L.3.5.C, L.3.6 UNIT 6-What Does it Mean to be Free?

. **Standards:** RL.3.1, RL.3.2, RL.3.3, RI.3.1, RI.3.2, RI.3.3, RI.3.7, RF.3.3, RF.3.3, RF.3.3, B RF.3.4, RF.3.4.B, W.3.2.A, W.3.2.B, W.3.3, W.3.3.A, W.3.3.B, W.3.4, SL.3.2, SL.3.3, SL.3.4, SL.3.6, L.3.1, L.3.1.C, L.3.1.H, L.3.1.I, L.3.2, L.3.2.A, L.3.2.B, L.3.2.C, L.3.2.E, L.3.2.F, L.3.3, L.3.3.A, L.3.4, L.3.4.A, L.3.4.B, L.3.4.D, L.3.5, L.3.6

Content Area: English Language Arts

Unit Title: Unit 1 Which skills help us make our way in the world?

Target Course/Grade Level: Third Grade

Unit Summary/ Content Statements:

- Week 1- short vowels; syllables vc/cv, rhythm and cadence, literary elements, background knowledge, plot, homonyms, accuracy, narrative poem, sentences, short vowels; syllables vc/cv, news report
- Week 2- plurals -s, -es, -ies; point of view, sequence, summarize, theme, compound words, rate, fable trait: conventions, subjects and predicates, plurals -s, -es, -ies, description
- Week 3- base words ending in -ed, -ing,-er, -est; exaggeration and hyperbole, sequence and visualize, literary elementary: character, setting, unknown words, expression, Thankyou note trait: Organization, declarative and interrogative sentences, base words ending in -ed, -ing,-er, -est; tell a story
- Week 4- vowel digraphs ee, ea, ai, ay, oa, ow; sensory details, compare and contrast, Background knowledge, fact and opinion, multiple-meaning words, accuracy, Description Trait: Voice, imperative and exclamatory sentences, vowel digraphs ee, ea, ai, ay, oa, ow; Panel discussion
- Week 5- vowel diphthongs ou, ow, oi, oy; simile, author's purpose, story structure, fact and opinion, prefixes and suffixes, appropriate phrasing with punctuation cues, writing for tests: realistic fiction trait: sentences, compound sentences, vowel diphthongs ou, ow, oi, oy, book report

Primary Interdisciplinary Connections:

- Technology
- Reading passages are cross curricular ideas and themes that touch upon Science, Culture, and Social Studies.
- Activities include art and math projects.

21stCentury Themes:

- Recognize a problem and brainstorm ways to solve the problem individually or collaboratively.
- Evaluate available resources that can assist in solving problems.
- Determine when the use of technology is appropriate to solve problems.
- Apply critical thinking and problem-solving skills in classroom and family settings.

	ticipate in brainstorming sessions to seek information, ideas, and strategies that foster ative thinking.			
 Practice collaborative skills in groups, and explain how these skills assist in completing 				
	tasks in different settings (at home, in school, and during play).			
	when presenting to an audience.			
	hin and outside of the classroom.			
	plain the meaning of productivity and accountability, and describe situations in which			
	oductivity and accountability are important in the home, school, and community.			
•	ablish and follow performance goals to guide progress in assigned areas of responsibility			
	d accountability during classroom projects and extra-curricular activities.			
	blain the importance of understanding and following rules in family, classroom, and			
-	nmunity settings.			
Unit Ratio				
	vill read fiction selection, apply a variety of reading strategies, and write in a clear,			
concise ma				
	Learning Targets			
Standards				
	• ng for Literature (RL): Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of			
	ledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity			
	ng for Informational Text (RI): Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of			
	ledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity			
	ng Foundational Skills (RF): Print Concepts, Phonological Awareness, Phonics & Word			
	nition, and Fluency			
-	ng (W): Text Types & Purposes			
	ing & Listening (SL): Comprehension & Collaboration and Presentation of Knowledge			
	and Ideas			
CPI	 Language (L): Conventions of Standard English and Vocabulary Acquisition and Use CPI Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI) 			
Number				
RL.3.1	Ask and answer questions, and make relevant connections to demonstrate understanding of a			
	text, referring explicitly to the text as the basis for the answers.			
RL.3.2	Recount stories, including fables, folktales, and myths from diverse cultures; determine the			
	central message/theme, lesson, or moral and explain how it is revealed through key details in the text.			
RL.3.3	Describe the characters in a story (e.g., their traits, motivations, or feelings) and explain how			
NL:3:3	their actions contribute to the plot.			

RL.3.5	Refer to parts of stories, dramas, and poems when writing or speaking about a text, using terms such as chapter, scene, and stanza; describe how each successive part builds on earlier sections.		
RL.3.7	Explain how specific aspects of a text's illustrations contribute to what is conveyed by the words in a story (e.g., create mood, emphasize aspects of a character or setting).		
RI.3.1	Ask and answer questions, and make relevant connections to demonstrate understanding of a text, referring explicitly to the text as the basis for the answers.		
RI.3.3	Describe the relationship between a series of historical events, scientific ideas or concepts, or steps in technical procedures in a text, using language that pertains to time, sequence, and cause/effect.		
RI.3.8	Describe the logical connection between particular sentences and paragraphs in a text (e.g., comparison, cause/effect, first/second/third in a sequence) to support specific points the author makes in a text.		
RI.3.9	Compare, contrast and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) the most important points and key details presented in two texts on the same topic.		
RF.3.3	Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.		
RF.3.3.C	Read grade-appropriate irregularly spelled words.		
RF.3.4	Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension.		
RF.3.4.A	Read grade-level text with purpose and understanding.		
RF.3.4.B	Read grade-level prose and poetry orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings		
RF.3.4.C	Use context to confirm or self-correct word recognition and understanding, rereading as necessary		
W.3.2	Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly.		
W.3.2.A	Introduce a topic and group related information together; include text features (e.g.: illustrations, diagrams, captions) when useful to support comprehension.		
W.3.2.B	Develop the topic with facts, definitions, and details.		
W.3.3	Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using narrative echnique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences.		
W.3.3.A	Establish a situation and introduce a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally.		
W.3.3.C	Use temporal words and phrases to signal event order.		
W.3.7	Conduct short research projects that build knowledge about a topic.		
SL.3.1	Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher led) with diverse partners on <i>grade 3 topics and texts</i> , building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.		
SL.3.1.A	Explicitly draw on previously read text or material and other information known about the topic to explore ideas under discussion.		

T		
Follow agreed-upon norms for discussions (e.g., gaining the floor in respectful ways, listening		
to others with care, speaking one at a time about the topics and texts under discussion).		
Report on a topic or text, tell a story, or recount an experience with appropriate facts and		
relevant, descriptive details, speaking clearly at an understandable pace.		
Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when		
Ensure subject-verb and pronoun-antecedent agreement.		
Produce simple, compound, and complex sentences.		
Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation,		
Use conventional spelling for high-frequency and other studied words and for adding suffixes		
Use spelling patterns and generalizations (e.g., word families, position-based spellings, syllable		
	beginning dictionaries, as needed to check and correct	
Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.		
Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning word and phrases based		
on grade 3 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.Use sentence-level context as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.		
Use a known root word as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word with the same root (e.		
company, companion).		
Use glossaries or beginning dictionaries, both print and digital, to determine or clarify the		
	opriate conversational, general academic, and domain	
	Unit Enduring Understandings	
	 Understanding of a text's features, structures, 	
rld?	and characteristics facilitate the reader's	
at can we learn by trying new things?	ability to make meaning of the text.	
at can we learn by trading with one	 Fluent readers group words quickly to help 	
other?	them gain meaning from what they read.	
w can we achieve goals?	 Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and 	
w can we get what we want and need?	make connections (text to text, text to world,	
at do we need to know about saving	text to self) to make text personally relevant and useful.	
spending?	 Readers use language structure and content 	
	clues to identify the meaning of words and	
	phrases as they are used in text.	
	to others with care, speaking one at a t Report on a topic or text, tell a story, or relevant, descriptive details, speaking of Demonstrate command of the convent writing or speaking. Ensure subject-verb and pronoun-anter Produce simple, compound, and compl Demonstrate command of the convent and spelling when writing. Use conventional spelling for high-freq to base words (e.g., sitting, smiled, crie Use spelling patterns and generalizatio patterns, ending rules, meaningful wor Consult reference materials, including I spellings. Use knowledge of language and its con Determine or clarify the meaning of un on grade 3 reading and content, choosi Use sentence-level context as a clue to Use a known root word as a clue to the company, companion). Use glossaries or beginning dictionaries precise meaning of key words and phra Demonstrate understanding of word re Acquire and use accurately grade-appre specific words and phrases, including the After dinner that night we went looking tial Questions ich skills help us make our way in the rld? at can we learn by trying new things? at can we learn by trying new things? at can we achieve goals? w can we achieve goals? w can we get what we want and need? at do we need to know about saving	

 Letters and letter combinations represent sounds. Good readers employ strategies to help them understand text. Strategic readers develop, select, and apply strategies to enhance their comprehension. Good writers develop and refine their ideas for thinking, learning, communicating, and aesthetic expression. Rules, conventions of language, help readers understand what is being communicated. Children will understand that family celebrations: involve cultural traditions, include certain activities, include special foods Children will understand that cowboys worked hard, had difficult working conditions, wore protective clothing Children will understand that traditions can be: shared and celebrated at special events, brought from other lands, learned at home and at school
 rent information dience member and how it relates to being a good speaker nd organize a presentation about different sections of a

- Write a tall tale
- Write a letter of advice.
- Create poems.

Evidence of Learning

Summative Assessment (5 days):

- Weekly Story Tests
- Spelling Tests
- Theme Skills Tests
- Oral Reading Evaluations

Formative Assessments:

- Teacher Observation
- Oral Discussion

- Open-Ended Question/Answers
- Practice Book Pages
- Journal Writing

Equipment Needed:

- Textbook-Grade 3
- Practice Book-Grade 3
- SMARTboard/ iPad
- Leveled Readers
- Journals
- Computer

Teacher Resources:

- Teacher Edition Grade 3 Textbook and Practice Book
- Digital Transparencies
- Teacher-Created Tests
- Lessons Plans
- Teacher-Created Projects
- Dictionaries

Lesson Plans

LESSUITFIC	1113
Lesson	Timeframe
Week 1: "When Charlie McButton lost Power"	1 week at 2 hours a day per lesson
Day 1	
Teacher read aloud	
 Introduce key vocabulary 	
 Introduce new spelling words 	
 Introduce grammar skill 	
Daily Fix	
Day 2	
 Read story selection 	
 Complete comprehension skill preview 	
 Spelling practice 	
 Grammar/writing practice 	
Daily Fix	
Day 3	
 Reread story selection 	
 Complete comprehension check 	
 Spelling practice 	
 Grammar/writing practice 	
Daily Fix	
Day 4	
Reread story selection	

•	Answer comprehension questions	
•		
•	Spelling practice	
•	Grammar/writing practice	
•	Interdisciplinary activities	
•	Daily Fix	
Day 5		
•	Selection assessment	
•	Spelling assessment	
•	Grammar/writing assessment	
•	Daily Fix	
Week	2: "What About Me?"	1 week at 2 hours a day per lesson
Day 1		
•	Teacher read aloud	
•	Introduce key vocabulary	
•	Introduce new spelling words	
•	Introduce grammar skill	
•	Daily Fix	
Day 2	,	
-	Read story selection	
•	Complete comprehension skill preview	
•	Spelling practice	
•	Grammar/writing practice	
•	Daily Fix	
Day 3	July 1 M	
•	Reread story selection	
•	Complete comprehension check	
•	Spelling practice	
	Grammar/writing practice	
	Daily Fix	
Day 4	Daily HX	
Day 4	Reread story selection	
	Answer comprehension questions	
	Spelling practice	
	Grammar/writing practice	
•	Interdisciplinary activities	
● Day F	Daily Fix	
Day 5	Colortion process ant	
•	Selection assessment	
•	Spelling assessment	
•	Grammar/writing assessment	

Daily Fix	
Week 3 – "Kumak's Fish"	1 week at 2 hours a day per lesson
Day 1	
 Teacher read aloud 	
 Introduce key vocabulary 	
 Introduce new spelling words 	
 Introduce grammar skill 	
Daily Fix	
Day 2	
 Read story selection 	
Complete comprehension skill preview	
Spelling practice	
Grammar/writing practice	
Daily Fix	
Day 3	
Reread story selection	
Complete comprehension check	
Spelling practice	
Grammar/writing practice Daily Figure	
Daily Fix	
Day 4Reread story selection	
 Answer comprehension questions 	
 Spelling practice 	
 Grammar/writing practice 	
 Interdisciplinary activities 	
 Daily Fix 	
Day 5	
Selection assessment	
 Spelling assessment 	
 Grammar/writing assessment 	
Daily Fix	
Week 4: " Supermarket"	1 week at 2 hours a day per lesson
Day 1	
Teacher read aloud	
 Introduce key vocabulary 	
 Introduce new spelling words 	
 Introduce grammar skill 	
Daily Fix	
Day 2	

	Dood stony coloction	
•	Read story selection	
•	Complete comprehension skill preview	
•	Spelling practice	
•	Grammar/writing practice	
•	Daily Fix	
Day 3	Deveed stew colortion	
•	Reread story selection	
•	Complete comprehension check	
•	Spelling practice	
•	Grammar/writing practice	
•	Daily Fix	
Day 4	Development of the second s	
•	Reread story selection	
•	Answer comprehension questions	
•	Spelling practice	
•	Grammar/writing practice	
•	Interdisciplinary activities	
•	Daily Fix	
Day 5		
•	Theme skills assessment	
•	Spelling assessment	
•	Grammar/writing assessment	
•	Daily Fix	
	5 "My Rows and Piles of Coins"	1 week at 2 hours a day per lesson
Day 1		
•	Teacher read aloud	
•	Introduce key vocabulary	
•	Introduce new spelling words	
•	Introduce grammar skill	
•	Daily Fix	
Day 2		
•	Read story selection	
•	Complete comprehension skill preview	
•	Spelling practice	
•	Grammar/writing practice	
•	Daily Fix	
Day 3		
•	Reread story selection	
•	Complete comprehension check	
•	Spelling practice	

 Grammar/writing practice 	
Daily Fix	
Day 4	
Reread story selection	
 Answer comprehension questions 	
 Spelling practice 	
 Grammar/writing practice 	
 Interdisciplinary activities 	
Daily Fix	
Day 5	
 Poem writing 	
 Spelling assessment 	
 Grammar/writing assessment 	
Daily Fix	
Teacher Notes	
• Based on students' abilities, these plans may	be modified.

Curriculum Development Resources:

(Click the links below to access additional resources used to design this unit)

<u>pearsonrealize.com</u> or www.pearsonsuccess.net<u>www.pearsonrealize.com</u>, <u>www.smartexchange.com</u> www.teacherspayteachers.com, <u>www.abcteach.com</u>, <u>www.education.com</u>, <u>www.corestandards.org</u>

Content Area: English Language Arts

Unit Title: Unit 2- What are smart ways that problems can be solved?

Target Course/Grade Level: Third Grade

Unit Summary/ Content Statements:

- Week 1- syllables v/cv, vc/v, main idea and details, monitor and clarify, identify and focus topic, common and proper nouns, poetry (cinquains)
- Week 2- final syllable, compare and contrast, visualize, plot, unfamiliar words, expression, fairy tale: Word Choice, singular and plural nouns, final syllable –le, persuasive speech
- Week 3- compound words, onomatopoeia, draw conclusions, questioning, main idea and details, compound words, advertisement trait: focus/ideas, irregular plural nouns, compound words, presentation
- Week 4- consonant blends, dialogue and narration, authors purpose, predict and set purpose, review: compare and contrast, antonyms, appropriate phrasing, friendly letter trait: conventions, singular possessive nouns, words with spl, thr, squ, str, scr, Media literacy: interview
- Week 5- consonant digraphs, imagery, main idea and details, text structure, draw conclusions, unfamiliar words, rate, directions trait: organization, plural possessive nouns, consonant digraphs /sh/, /th/, /f/, /ch/, /ng/, description

Primary Interdisciplinary Connections:

- Technology
- Reading passages are cross curricular ideas and themes that touch upon Science, Culture, and Social Studies.
- Activities include art and math projects.

21stCentury Themes:

- Recognize a problem and brainstorm ways to solve the problem individually or collaboratively.
- Evaluate available resources that can assist in solving problems.
- Determine when the use of technology is appropriate to solve problems.
- Apply critical thinking and problem-solving skills in classroom and family settings.
- Participate in brainstorming sessions to seek information, ideas, and strategies that foster creative thinking.
- Practice collaborative skills in groups, and explain how these skills assist in completing tasks in different settings (at home, in school, and during play).
- Use effective oral and written communication in face-to-face and online interactions and when presenting to an audience.
- Express needs, wants, and feelings appropriately in various situations.
- Demonstrate an awareness of one's own culture and other cultures during interactions within and outside of the classroom.
- Explain the meaning of productivity and accountability, and describe situations in which productivity and accountability are important in the home, school, and community.
- Establish and follow performance goals to guide progress in assigned areas of responsibility and accountability during classroom projects and extra-curricular activities.
- Explain the importance of understanding and following rules in family, classroom, and community settings.

Unit Rationale:

Students will read fiction selection, apply a variety of reading strategies, and write in a clear, concise manner.

Learning Targets

Standards:

- **Reading for Literature (RL):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
- **Reading for Informational Text (RI):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
- **Reading Foundational Skills (RF):** Print Concepts, Phonological Awareness, Phonics & Word Recognition, and Fluency
- Writing (W): Text Types & Purposes
- Speaking & Listening (SL): Comprehension & Collaboration and Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas
- Language (L): Conventions of Standard English and Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

CPI	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)		
Number			
RL.3.1	Ask and answer questions, and make relevant connections to demonstrate understanding of a		
	text, referring explicitly to the text as the basis for the answers		
RL.3.2	Recount stories, including fables, folktales, and myths from diverse cultures; determine the central		
	message/theme, lesson, or moral and explain how it is revealed through key details in the text.		
RL.3.6	Distinguish their own point of view from that of the narrator or those of the characters.		
RI.3.1	Ask and answer questions, and make relevant connections to demonstrate understanding of a		
	text, referring explicitly to the text as the basis for the answers.		
RI.3.2	Determine the main idea of a text; recount the key details and explain how they support the main		
	idea.		
RI.3.5	Use text features and search tools (e.g., key words, sidebars, hyperlinks) to locate information		
	relevant to a given topic efficiently.		
RI.3.8	Describe the logical connection between particular sentences and paragraphs in a text (e.g.,		
	comparison, cause/effect, first/second/third in a sequence) to support specific points the author		
	makes in a text		
RF.3.3	Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.		
RF.3.3.B	Decode words with common Latin suffixes.		
RF.3.3.C	Decode multi-syllable words.		
RF.3.4	Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension.		
RF.3.4.A	Read grade-level text with purpose and understanding.		
RF.3.4.B	Read grade-level prose and poetry orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on		
	successive readings		
RF.3.4.C	Use context to confirm or self-correct word recognition and understanding, rereading as necessary		
W.3.1.A	Introduce the topic or text they are writing about, state an opinion, and create an organizational		
	structure that lists reasons.		
W.3.1.B	Provide reasons that support the opinion.		
W.3.2	Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly.		
W.3.2.A	Introduce a topic and group related information together; include text features (e.g.: illustrations,		
W 2 2 5	diagrams, captions) when useful to support comprehension.		
W.3.2.B	Develop the topic with facts, definitions, and details.		
W.3.2.C	Use linking words and phrases (e.g., also, another, and, more, but) to connect ideas within		
W 2 2 D	categories of information. Provide a conclusion.		
W.3.2.D			
W.3.3	Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using narrative technique,		
W.3.3.B	descriptive details, and clear event sequences. Use dialogue and descriptions of actions, thoughts, and feelings to develop experiences and		
VV.3.3.D	events or show the response of characters to situations.		
	events of show the response of characters to situations.		
W.3.4	With guidance and support from adults, produce writing in which the development and		
	organization are appropriate to task and purpose. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types		
	are defined in standards 1–3 above.)		

W.3.5	With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by		
	planning, revising, and editing. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of		
	Language standards 1–3 up to and	l including grade 3 on page 29.)	
SL.3.1.B	Follow agreed-upon norms for discussions (e.g., gaining the floor in respectful ways, listening to		
	others with care, speaking one at a time about the topics and texts under discussion).		
SL.3.1.C	Ask questions to check understand	ding of information presented, stay on topic, and link their	
	comments to the remarks of other	rs.	
SL.3.4	Report on a topic or text, tell a sto	ry, or recount an experience with appropriate facts and	
	relevant, descriptive details, speal	king clearly at an understandable pace.	
L.3.1		wentions of standard English grammar and usage when writing	
	or speaking.		
L.3.1.A		nouns, verbs, adjectives, and adverbs in general and there	
	functions in particular sentences.		
L.3.1.B	Form and use regular and irregula	•	
L.3.2		ventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and	
	spelling when writing.		
L.3.2.D	Form and use possessives.		
L.3.2.F	Use spelling patterns and generalizations (e.g., word families, position-based spellings, syllable		
	patterns, ending rules, meaningful word parts) in writing words.		
L.3.3.A	Choose words and phrases for effect.		
L.3.4	Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning word and phrases based on		
1244	grade 3 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies		
L.3.4.A	Use sentence-level context as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.		
L.3.4.C	Use a known root word as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word with the same root (e.g.,		
L.3.5	company, companion).	ord relationships and nuances in word meanings.	
L.3.5.C	_		
L.J.J.C	Distinguish shades of meaning among related words that describe states of mind or degrees of certainty (e.g., knew, believed, suspected, heard, wondered).		
L.3.6		appropriate conversational, general academic, and domain	
	specific words and phrases, including those that signal spatial and temporal relationships (e.g.,		
	After dinner that night we went looking for them).		
Unit Essential Questions		Unit Enduring Understandings	
	hich skills help us make our	• Understanding of a text's features, structures, and	
way in the world?		characteristics facilitate the reader's ability to	
 How do the structures of plants 		make meaning of the text.	
and animals help them solve		 Fluent readers group words quickly to help them 	
problems?		gain meaning from what they read.	
•	ow do you know if a solution is	 Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and 	
		make connections (text to text, text to world, text	
-		to self) to make text personally relevant and	
• When is it time to find a		, , ,	
solution?		useful.	

 What can we do to make sure solutions are fair? How have plants and animals adapted to solve problems? Readers use language structure and context clues to identify the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in text. Letters and letter combinations represent sounds. Good readers employ strategies to help them understand text. Strategic readers develop, select, and apply strategies to enhance their comprehension. Good writers develop and refine their ideas for thinking, learning, communicating, and expression. Rules, conventions of language, help readers understand what is being communicated. Unit Learning Targets The students will Write an informational speech using the facts gathered. Including opinions about the facts gathered Write a persuasive speech trying to convince someone to do something or believe something. Come up with possible solutions for a problem Have students work with a small group to create a description of types of bird nests. Evidence of Learning Summative Assessment (5 days): Weekly Story Tests Spelling Tests Theme Skills Tests Oral Reading Evaluations Formative Assessments: Teacher Observation Oral Discussion 		-		
 How have plants and animals adapted to solve problems? Letters and letter combinations represent sounds. Good readers employ strategies to help them understand text. Strategic readers develop, select, and apply strategies to enhance their comprehension. Good writers develop and refine their ideas for thinking, learning, communicating, and expression. Rules, conventions of language, help readers understand what is being communicated. Unit Learning Targets Write an informational speech using the facts gathered. Including opinions about the facts gathered Write a persuasive speech trying to convince someone to do something or believe something. Come up with possible solutions for a problem Have students conduct the radio interview with their partner. Students can only communicate with words and sounds Students work with a small group to create a description of types of bird nests. Evidence of Learning Summative Assessment (5 days): Weekly Story Tests Spelling Tests Oral Reading Evaluations Formative Assessments: Teacher Observation 	 What can we do to make sure 	Readers use language structure and context clues		
 adapted to solve problems? Letters and letter combinations represent sounds. Good readers employ strategies to help them understand text. Strategic readers develop, select, and apply strategies to enhance their comprehension. Good writers develop and refine their ideas for thinking, learning, communicating, and expression. Rules, conventions of language, help readers understand what is being communicated. Unit Learning Targets Write an informational speech using the facts gathered. Including opinions about the facts gathered Write a persuasive speech trying to convince someone to do something or believe something. Come up with possible solutions for a problem Have students conduct the radio interview with their partner. Students can only communicate with words and sounds Students work with a small group to create a description of types of bird nests. Evidence of Learning Summative Assessment (5 days): Weekly Story Tests Spelling Tests Oral Reading Evaluations Formative Assessments: Teacher Observation 	solutions are fair?	to identify the meaning of words and phrases as		
 Good readers employ strategies to help them understand text. Strategic readers develop, select, and apply strategies to enhance their comprehension. Good writers develop and refine their ideas for thinking, learning, communicating, and expression. Rules, conventions of language, help readers understand what is being communicated. Unit Learning Targets The students will Write an informational speech using the facts gathered. Including opinions about the facts gathered Write a persuasive speech trying to convince someone to do something or believe something. Come up with possible solutions for a problem Have students conduct the radio interview with their partner. Students can only communicate with words and sounds Students work with a small group to create a description of types of bird nests. Evidence of Learning Summative Assessment (5 days): Weekly Story Tests Spelling Tests Oral Reading Evaluations Formative Assessments: Teacher Observation 	•	they are used in text.		
 understand text. Strategic readers develop, select, and apply strategies to enhance their comprehension. Good writers develop and refine their ideas for thinking, learning, communicating, and expression. Rules, conventions of language, help readers understand what is being communicated. Unit Learning Targets The students will Write an informational speech using the facts gathered. Including opinions about the facts gathered Write a persuasive speech trying to convince someone to do something or believe something. Come up with possible solutions for a problem Have students conduct the radio interview with their partner. Students can only communicate with words and sounds Students work with a small group to create a description of types of bird nests. Evidence of Learning Summative Assessment (5 days): Weekly Story Tests Spelling Tests Theme Skills Tests Oral Reading Evaluations Formative Assessments: Teacher Observation 	adapted to solve problems?	•		
 and apply strategies to enhance their comprehension. Good writers develop and refine their ideas for thinking, learning, communicating, and expression. Rules, conventions of language, help readers understand what is being communicated. Unit Learning Targets The students will Write an informational speech using the facts gathered. Including opinions about the facts gathered Write a persuasive speech trying to convince someone to do something or believe something. Come up with possible solutions for a problem Have students conduct the radio interview with their partner. Students can only communicate with words and sounds Students work with a small group to create a description of types of bird nests. Evidence of Learning Summative Assessment (5 days): Weekly Story Tests Spelling Tests Theme Skills Tests Oral Reading Evaluations Formative Assessments: Teacher Observation 				
 comprehension. Good writers develop and refine their ideas for thinking, learning, communicating, and expression. Rules, conventions of language, help readers understand what is being communicated. Unit Learning Targets The students will Write an informational speech using the facts gathered. Including opinions about the facts gathered Write a persuasive speech trying to convince someone to do something or believe something. Come up with possible solutions for a problem Have students conduct the radio interview with their partner. Students can only communicate with words and sounds Students will a small group to create a description of types of bird nests. Evidence of Learning Summative Assessment (5 days): Weekly Story Tests Spelling Tests Theme Skills Tests Oral Reading Evaluations Formative Assessments: Teacher Observation 				
 Good writers develop and refine their ideas for thinking, learning, communicating, and expression. Rules, conventions of language, help readers understand what is being communicated. Unit Learning Targets The students will Write an informational speech using the facts gathered. Including opinions about the facts gathered Write a persuasive speech trying to convince someone to do something or believe something. Come up with possible solutions for a problem Have students conduct the radio interview with their partner. Students can only communicate with words and sounds Students with a small group to create a description of types of bird nests. Evidence of Learning Summative Assessment (5 days): Weekly Story Tests Spelling Tests Theme Skills Tests Oral Reading Evaluations Formative Assessments: Teacher Observation 				
thinking, learning, communicating, and expression. Rules, conventions of language, help readers understand what is being communicated. Unit Learning Targets The students will Write an informational speech using the facts gathered. Including opinions about the facts gathered Write a persuasive speech trying to convince someone to do something or believe something. Come up with possible solutions for a problem Have students conduct the radio interview with their partner. Students can only communicate with words and sounds Students work with a small group to create a description of types of bird nests. Evidence of Learning Summative Assessment (5 days): Weekly Story Tests Spelling Tests Theme Skills Tests Oral Reading Evaluations Formative Assessments: Teacher Observation				
expression. Rules, conventions of language, help readers understand what is being communicated. Unit Learning Targets The students will Write an informational speech using the facts gathered. Including opinions about the facts gathered Write a persuasive speech trying to convince someone to do something or believe something. Come up with possible solutions for a problem Have students conduct the radio interview with their partner. Students can only communicate with words and sounds Students work with a small group to create a description of types of bird nests. Evidence of Learning Summative Assessment (5 days): Weekly Story Tests Spelling Tests Theme Skills Tests Oral Reading Evaluations Formative Assessments: Teacher Observation				
 Rules, conventions of language, help readers understand what is being communicated. Unit Learning Targets The students will Write an informational speech using the facts gathered. Including opinions about the facts gathered Write a persuasive speech trying to convince someone to do something or believe something. Come up with possible solutions for a problem Have students conduct the radio interview with their partner. Students can only communicate with words and sounds Students work with a small group to create a description of types of bird nests. Evidence of Learning Summative Assessment (5 days): Weekly Story Tests Spelling Tests Theme Skills Tests Oral Reading Evaluations 				
understand what is being communicated. Unit Learning Targets The students will Write an informational speech using the facts gathered. Including opinions about the facts gathered Write a persuasive speech trying to convince someone to do something or believe something. Come up with possible solutions for a problem Have students conduct the radio interview with their partner. Students can only communicate with words and sounds Students work with a small group to create a description of types of bird nests. Evidence of Learning Summative Assessment (5 days): Weekly Story Tests Spelling Tests Oral Reading Evaluations Formative Assessments: Teacher Observation				
 Unit Learning Targets The students will Write an informational speech using the facts gathered. Including opinions about the facts gathered Write a persuasive speech trying to convince someone to do something or believe something. Come up with possible solutions for a problem Have students conduct the radio interview with their partner. Students can only communicate with words and sounds Students work with a small group to create a description of types of bird nests. Evidence of Learning Summative Assessment (5 days): Weekly Story Tests Spelling Tests Oral Reading Evaluations Formative Assessments: Teacher Observation 				
 The students will Write an informational speech using the facts gathered. Including opinions about the facts gathered Write a persuasive speech trying to convince someone to do something or believe something. Come up with possible solutions for a problem Have students conduct the radio interview with their partner. Students can only communicate with words and sounds Students work with a small group to create a description of types of bird nests. Evidence of Learning Summative Assessment (5 days): Weekly Story Tests Spelling Tests Oral Reading Evaluations Formative Assessments: Teacher Observation 		understand what is being communicated.		
 Write an informational speech using the facts gathered. Including opinions about the facts gathered Write a persuasive speech trying to convince someone to do something or believe something. Come up with possible solutions for a problem Have students conduct the radio interview with their partner. Students can only communicate with words and sounds Students work with a small group to create a description of types of bird nests. Evidence of Learning Summative Assessment (5 days): Weekly Story Tests Spelling Tests Theme Skills Tests Oral Reading Evaluations Formative Assessments: Teacher Observation 				
 gathered Write a persuasive speech trying to convince someone to do something or believe something. Come up with possible solutions for a problem Have students conduct the radio interview with their partner. Students can only communicate with words and sounds Students work with a small group to create a description of types of bird nests. Evidence of Learning Summative Assessment (5 days): Weekly Story Tests Spelling Tests Theme Skills Tests Oral Reading Evaluations Formative Assessments: Teacher Observation 				
 Write a persuasive speech trying to convince someone to do something or believe something. Come up with possible solutions for a problem Have students conduct the radio interview with their partner. Students can only communicate with words and sounds Students work with a small group to create a description of types of bird nests. Evidence of Learning Summative Assessment (5 days): Weekly Story Tests Spelling Tests Theme Skills Tests Oral Reading Evaluations Formative Assessments: Teacher Observation 		ng the facts gathered. Including opinions about the facts		
 Come up with possible solutions for a problem Have students conduct the radio interview with their partner. Students can only communicate with words and sounds Students work with a small group to create a description of types of bird nests. Evidence of Learning Summative Assessment (5 days): Weekly Story Tests Spelling Tests Theme Skills Tests Oral Reading Evaluations Formative Assessments: Teacher Observation 	-			
 Have students conduct the radio interview with their partner. Students can only communicate with words and sounds Students work with a small group to create a description of types of bird nests. Evidence of Learning Summative Assessment (5 days): Weekly Story Tests Spelling Tests Theme Skills Tests Oral Reading Evaluations Formative Assessments: Teacher Observation 				
communicate with words and sounds Students work with a small group to create a description of types of bird nests. Evidence of Learning Summative Assessment (5 days): Weekly Story Tests Spelling Tests Theme Skills Tests Oral Reading Evaluations Formative Assessments: Teacher Observation 		•		
 Students work with a small group to create a description of types of bird nests. Evidence of Learning Summative Assessment (5 days): Weekly Story Tests Spelling Tests Theme Skills Tests Oral Reading Evaluations Formative Assessments: Teacher Observation 				
Evidence of Learning Summative Assessment (5 days):				
Summative Assessment (5 days): Weekly Story Tests Spelling Tests Theme Skills Tests Oral Reading Evaluations Formative Assessments: Teacher Observation 	 Students work with a small group 			
 Weekly Story Tests Spelling Tests Theme Skills Tests Oral Reading Evaluations Formative Assessments: Teacher Observation 	Current (E. days)	Evidence of Learning		
 Spelling Tests Theme Skills Tests Oral Reading Evaluations Formative Assessments: Teacher Observation 				
 Theme Skills Tests Oral Reading Evaluations Formative Assessments: Teacher Observation 				
 Oral Reading Evaluations Formative Assessments: Teacher Observation 				
 Formative Assessments: Teacher Observation 				
Teacher Observation	0			
		Open-Ended Question/Answers		
Practice Book Pages	_			
Journal Writing	-			
Equipment Needed:				
 Textbook-Grade 3 Practice Book-Grade 3 				

- Practice Book-Grade 3
- SMARTboard/ iPad
- Leveled Readers
- Journals

Computer	
Teacher Resources:	
 Teacher Edition Grade 3 Textboo 	k and Practice Book
 Digital Transparencies 	
 Teacher-Created Tests 	
 Lessons Plans 	
 Teacher-Created Projects 	
 Dictionaries 	
	Lesson Plans
Lesson	Time frame
Week 1: " Penguin Chick"	1 week at 2 hours a day per lesson
Day 1	
 Teacher read aloud 	
 Introduce key vocabulary 	
 Introduce new spelling words 	
 Introduce grammar skill 	
Daily Fix	
Day 2	
 Read story selection 	
 Complete comprehension skill pr 	review
 Spelling practice 	
 Grammar/writing practice 	
Daily Fix	
Day 3	
 Reread story selection 	
• Complete comprehension check	
• Spelling practice	
 Grammar/writing practice 	
Daily Fix	
, Day 4	
Reread story selection	
 Answer comprehension question 	1S
• Spelling practice	
 Grammar/writing practice 	
 Interdisciplinary activities 	
 Daily Fix 	
Day 5	
Selection assessment	
 Spelling assessment 	
 Grammar/writing assessment 	

Daily Fix	
Week 2: Pig in a Wig	1 week at 2 hours a day per lesson
Day 1	
Teacher read aloud	
 Introduce key vocabulary 	
 Introduce new spelling words 	
 Introduce grammar skill 	
Daily Fix	
Day 2	
Read story selection	
Complete comprehension skill preview	
Spelling practice	
Grammar/writing practice	
Daily Fix	
Day 3	
Reread story selection	
Complete comprehension check	
Spelling practice	
Grammar/writing practice Daily Five	
Daily Fix	
 Bay 4 Reread story selection 	
 Answer comprehension questions 	
 Spelling practice 	
 Grammar/writing practice 	
 Interdisciplinary activities 	
Daily Fix	
Day 5	
Selection assessment	
 Spelling assessment 	
 Grammar/writing assessment 	
Daily Fix	
Week 3 – "Prudy's Problem and How She	1 week at 2 hours a day per lesson
Solved It"	
Day 1	
Teacher read aloud	
Introduce key vocabulary	
 Introduce new spelling words 	
Introduce grammar skill	
Daily Fix	

Day 2		
•	Read story selection	
•	Complete comprehension skill preview	
•	Spelling practice	
•	Grammar/writing practice	
•	Daily Fix	
Day 3	2 dig t in	
•	Reread story selection	
•	Complete comprehension check	
•	Spelling practice	
	Grammar/writing practice	
	Daily Fix	
Day 4		
	Reread story selection	
	Answer comprehension questions	
	Spelling practice	
-	Grammar/writing practice	
-	Interdisciplinary activities	
•	Daily Fix	
	Dally Fix	
Day 5	Selection assessment	
•		
•	Spelling assessment	
•	Grammar/writing assessment	
• Week	Daily Fix	
	4: " Tops & Bottoms"	1 week at 2 hours a day per lesson
Day 1	Teesherrendelaud	
•	Teacher read aloud	
•	Introduce key vocabulary	
•	Introduce new spelling words	
•	Introduce grammar skill	
•	Daily Fix	
Day 2		
•	Read story selection	
٠	Complete comprehension skill preview	
•	Spelling practice	
•	Grammar/writing practice	
•	Daily Fix	
Day 3		
٠	Reread story selection	
٠	Complete comprehension check	

 Spelling practice Grammar/writing practice Daily Fix Day 4 Reread story selection Answer comprehension questions Spelling practice Grammar/writing practice Interdisciplinary activities Daily Fix Day 5 	
Theme skills assessment	
 Spelling assessment 	
 Grammar/writing assessment 	
Daily Fix	
Week 5 "Amazing Bird Nests"	1 week at 2 hours a day per lesson
Day 1	
Teacher read aloud	
 Introduce key vocabulary 	
 Introduce new spelling words Introduce growmer skill 	
 Introduce grammar skill Daiby Fix 	
Daily Fix Day 2	
Read story selection	
Complete comprehension skill preview	
• Spelling practice	
Grammar/writing practice	
Daily Fix	
Day 3	
 Reread story selection 	
 Complete comprehension check 	
Spelling practice	
Grammar/writing practice	
Daily Fix	
Day 4	
 Reread story selection Answer comprehension questions 	
 Answer comprehension questions Spelling practice 	
 Grammar/writing practice 	
 Interdisciplinary activities 	

•	Daily Fix		
Day 5			
•	Poem writing		
•	Spelling assessment		
•	Grammar/writing assessment		
•	Daily Fix		
Те	acher Notes:		
	Based on students' abilities, these pla	ins may be modified.	
Cu	Curriculum Development Resources:		
(Cl	(Click the links below to access additional resources used to design this unit)		
pe	pearsonrealize.com or www.pearsonsuccess.net		
wv	www.smartexchange.com		
ww	www.teacherspayteachers.com		
ww	ww.abcya.com		
wv	ww.corestandards.org		

Content Area: English Language Arts

Unit Title: Unit 3 How are people and nature connected?

Target Course/Grade Level: Third Grade

Unit Summary/ Content Standards:

- Week 1- contractions, imagery, draw conclusions, important ideas, author's purpose, homophones, expression, fiction trait: voice, action and linking verbs, contractions, Media Literacy: Commercial
- Week 2- prefixes un, re, mis, and dis, structural elements of a play, Skill- Literary Elements: Character, setting, plot, Strategy- inferring, Review Skill- Compare and Contrast, Unknown Words, accuracy, Play trait: sentences, Main and Helping verbs, prefixes un, re, mis, dis, Drama
- Week 3- Spellings of /j/, /s/, /k/, Simile and metaphor, graphic sources, text structure, author's purpose, unknown words, appropriate phrasing, formal letter trait: conventions, subject-verb agreement, spellings of /j/, /s/, /k/, voice mail
- Week 4 suffixes, word choice, generalize, story structure, draw conclusions, unfamiliar words, rate, news article: sentences, present, past, and future tenses, suffixes –ly, -ful, -ness, -less, description
- Week 5- consonant patterns wr, kn, gn, st, mb, Rhyme, cause and effect, predict and set a purpose, generalize, prefixes and suffixes, expression, compare and contrast composition trait: Word Choice, irregular verbs, consonant patterns wr, kn, gn, st, mb, oral report

Primary Interdisciplinary Connections:

• Reading passages are cross curricular ideas and themes that touch upon Science, Culture, and Social Studies.

- Activities include Art and Math projects.
- Technology

21st Century Themes:

- Recognize a problem and brainstorm ways to solve the problem individually or collaboratively.
- Evaluate available resources that can assist in solving problems.
- Determine when the use of technology is appropriate to solve problems.
- Apply critical thinking and problem-solving skills in classroom and family settings.
- Participate in brainstorming sessions to seek information, ideas, and strategies that foster creative thinking.
- Practice collaborative skills in groups, and explain how these skills assist in completing tasks in different settings (at home, in school, and during play).
- Use effective oral and written communication in face-to-face and online interactions and when presenting to an audience.
- Express needs, wants, and feelings appropriately in various situations.
- Demonstrate an awareness of one's own culture and other cultures during interactions within and outside of the classroom.
- Explain the meaning of productivity and accountability, and describe situations in which productivity and accountability are important in the home, school, and community.
- Establish and follow performance goals to guide progress in assigned areas of responsibility and accountability during classroom projects and extra-curricular activities.
- Explain the importance of understanding and following rules in family, classroom, and community settings.

Unit Rationale:

The students will read fiction selections, apply a variety of reading strategies, and write in a clear, concise, organized manner.

Learning Targets

Standards:

- **Reading for Literature (RL):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
- **Reading for Informational Text (RI):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
- **Reading Foundational Skills (RF):** Print Concepts, Phonological Awareness, Phonics & Word Recognition, and Fluency
- Writing (W): Text Types & Purposes
- Speaking & Listening (SL): Comprehension & Collaboration and Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas
- Language (L): Conventions of Standard English and Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

CPI	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)	
Number		

DI 2.4		
RL.3.1	Ask and answer questions, and make relevant connections to demonstrate understanding of a text,	
	referring explicitly to the text as the basis for the answers.	
RL.3.3	Describe the characters in a story (e.g., their traits, motivations, or feelings) and explain how their	
	actions contribute to the plot.	
RL.3.7	Explain how specific aspects of a text's illustrations contribute to what is conveyed by the words in	
	a story (e.g., create mood, emphasize aspects of a character or setting).	
RI.3.1	Ask and answer questions, and make relevant connections to demonstrate understanding of a text,	
	referring explicitly to the text as the basis for the answers.	
RI.3.2	Determine the main idea of a text; recount the key details and explain how they support the main	
	idea.	
RI.3.3	Describe the relationship between a series of historical events, scientific ideas or concepts, or steps	
	in technical procedures in a text, using language that pertains to time, sequence, and cause/effect.	
RI.3.5	Use text features and search tools (e.g., key words, sidebars, hyperlinks) to locate information	
	relevant to a given topic efficiently.	
RI.3.7	Use information gained from text features (e.g., illustrations, maps, photographs) and the words in	
	a text to demonstrate understanding of the text (e.g., where, when, why, and how key events	
	occur).	
RI.3.8	Describe the logical connection between particular sentences and paragraphs in a text (e.g.,	
	comparison, cause/effect, first/second/third in a sequence) to support specific points the author	
	makes in a text.	
RF.3.3	Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.	
RF.3.3.A	Identify and know the meaning of the most common prefixes and derivational suffixes	
RF.3.3.D	Read grade-appropriate irregularly spelled words	
RF.3.4	Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension.	
RF.3.4.A	Read grade-level text with purpose and understanding.	
RF.3.4.B	Read grade-level prose and poetry orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on	
	successive readings	
W.3.2	Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly.	
W.3.2.A	Introduce a topic and group related information together; include text features (e.g.: illustrations,	
	diagrams, captions) when useful to support comprehension.	
W.3.2.B	Develop the topic with facts, definitions, and details.	
W.3.3	Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using narrative echnique,	
	descriptive details, and clear event sequences.	
W.3.3.A	Establish a situation and introduce a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that	
	unfolds naturally.	
W.3.3.C	Use temperal words and phrases to signal event order	
W.3.3.C	Use temporal words and phrases to signal event order.	
W.3.3.D	Provide a conclusion.	
W.3.4	With guidance and support from adults, produce writing in which the development and	
	organization are appropriate to task and purpose. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are	
	defined in standards 1–3 above.)	
SL.3.1.B	Follow agreed-upon norms for discussions (e.g., gaining the floor in respectful ways, listening to	
	others with care, speaking one at a time about the topics and texts under discussion).	

SL.3.1.D	Explain their own ideas and understandi	ng in light of the discussion	
SL.3.4	Report on a topic or text, tell a story, or	recount an experience with appropriate facts and relevant,	
	descriptive details, speaking clearly at a	n understandable pace.	
SL.3.6	Speak in complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation in order to provide requested		
		uage standards 1 and 3 on page 28 for specific	
	expectations.)		
L.3.1		ons of standard English grammar and usage when writing or	
	speaking.		
L.3.1.A		, verbs, adjectives, and adverbs in general and their	
	functions in particular sentences.		
L.3.1.D	Form and use regular and irregular verb		
L.3.1.E	Form and use the simple (e.g., I walked;		
L.3.1.F	Ensure subject-verb and pronoun-antec		
L.3.1.I	Produce simple, compound, and comple		
L.3.2.E		ency and other studied words and for adding suffixes to	
L.3.2.F	base words (e.g., sitting, smiled, cries, h	s (e.g., word families, position-based spellings, syllable	
L.J.Z.F	patterns, ending rules, meaningful word		
L.3.3			
L.3.3.A	Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening. Choose words and phrases for effect.*		
L.3.4	Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning word and phrases based on		
	grade 3 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies		
L.3.4.A	Use sentence-level context as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.		
L.3.4.B	Determine the meaning of the new word formed when a known affix is added to a known word		
	(e.g., agreeable/disagreeable, comfortable/uncomfortable, care/careless, heat/preheat).		
L.3.4.D	Use glossaries or beginning dictionaries, both print and digital, to determine or clarify the precise		
	meaning of key words and phrases.		
L.3.5	Demonstrate understanding of word relationships and nuances in word meanings		
L.3.6	Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate conversational, general academic, and domain		
	specific words and phrases, including those that signal spatial and temporal relationships (e.g., After		
	dinner that night we went looking for them).		
Unit Essential Questions		Unit Enduring Understandings	
• How do people and nature interact?		 Understanding of a text's features, structures, 	
 How do people explain things in nature? 		and characteristics facilitate the reader's ability	
What can we learn about nature by		to make meaning of the text.	
investigating?		 Fluent readers group words quickly to help them 	
		gain meaning from what they read.	
 How can people help animals in danger? 		 Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and 	
 What can we observe in different 		make connections (text to text, text to world,	
environments?		text to self) to make text personally relevant and	
		useful.	

	 Readers use language structure and content clues to identify the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in text. Letters and letter combinations represent sounds. Good readers employ strategies to help them understand text. Strategic readers develop, select, and apply strategies to enhance their comprehension. Good writers develop and refine their ideas for thinking, learning, communicating, and aesthetic expression. Rules, conventions of language, help readers and the strategies is the strategies in the strategies in the strategies is the strategies in the strategies is the strategies in the strategies in the strategies is the strategies for thinking, learning, communicating, and aesthetic expression.
	understand what is being communicated.
Unit Learning Targets	
The students will	
Create a commercial that has to convince	•
 Students act out a dramatization using voi 	ice, movement, and eye contact
Discuss leaving a voice mail	
Write a fantasy play.	
Create a collage.	
Write an interview.	
Create poems	
	ence of Learning
Summative Assessment (5 days):	
Weekly Story Tests	
• Spelling Tests	
Theme Skills Tests	
Oral Reading Evaluations	
Formative Assessments:	
Teacher Observation	
Oral Discussion	
Open-Ended Question/Answers Drastics Back Backs	
Practice Book Pages	
• Journal Writing	
Equipment Needed:	
 Textbook-Grade 3 Bractice Book Grade 2 	

- Practice Book-Grade 3
- SMARTboard/iPad
- Leveled Readers

- Journals
- Computer

Teacher Resources:

- Teacher Edition Grade 3 Textbook and Practice Book
- Digital Transparencies
- Teacher-Created Tests
- Lessons Plans
- Teacher-Created Projects
- Dictionaries

Lesson	Plans
Lesson	Timeframe
Week 1 – "How Do You Raise a Raisin?"	1 week at 2 hours a day per lesson
Day 1	
 Teacher read aloud 	
 Introduce key vocabulary 	
 Introduce new spelling words 	
 Introduce grammar skill 	
Daily Fix	
Day 2	
 Read story selection 	
 Complete comprehension skill preview 	
 Spelling practice 	
 Grammar/writing practice 	
Daily Fix	
Day 3	
 Reread story selection 	
 Complete comprehension check 	
 Spelling practice 	
 Grammar/writing practice 	
Daily Fix	
Day 4	
 Reread story selection 	
 Answer comprehension questions 	
Spelling practice	
Grammar/writing practice	
 Interdisciplinary activities 	
Daily Fix	
Day 5	
Selection assessment	
 Spelling assessment 	

 Grammar/writing assessment Daily Fix 	
 Daily Fix Week 2 – "Pushing Up the Sky" 	1 week at 2 hours a day per lesson
Day 1	
Teacher read aloud	
 Introduce key vocabulary 	
 Introduce new spelling words 	
 Introduce grammar skill 	
Daily Fix	
Day 2	
Read story selection	
Complete comprehension skill preview	
• Spelling practice	
Grammar/writing practice	
Daily Fix	
Day 3	
Reread story selection	
Complete comprehension check	
 Spelling practice 	
 Grammar/writing practice 	
Daily Fix	
Day 4	
 Reread story selection 	
 Answer comprehension questions 	
Spelling practice	
Grammar/writing practice	
 Interdisciplinary activities 	
• Daily Fix	
Day 5	
Selection assessment	
Spelling assessment	
Grammar/writing assessment	
Daily Fix	1 work at 2 hours a day participan
Week 3 – "Seeing Stars"	1 week at 2 hours a day per lesson
 Day 1 Teacher read aloud 	
 Introduce key vocabulary Introduce now coolling words 	
 Introduce new spelling words Introduce grammar skill 	
 Introduce grammar skill Daily Fix 	
Daily Fix	

Day 2	
Read story selection	
Complete comprehension skill previo	ew
Spelling practice	
 Grammar/writing practice 	
Daily Fix	
Day 3	
Reread story selection	
Complete comprehension check	
 Spelling practice 	
 Grammar/writing practice 	
Daily Fix	
Day 4	
Reread story selection	
Answer comprehension questions	
 Spelling practice 	
 Grammar/writing practice 	
 Interdisciplinary activities 	
Daily Fix	
Day 5	
 Selection assessment 	
 Spelling assessment 	
 Grammar/writing assessment 	
Daily Fix	
Week 4 – "A Symphony of Whales"	1 week at 2 hours a day per lesson
Day 1	
Teacher read aloud	
 Introduce key vocabulary 	
 Introduce new spelling words 	
 Introduce grammar skill 	
Daily Fix	
Day 2	
 Read story selection 	
Complete comprehension skill previo	ew
Spelling practice	
Grammar/writing practice	
Daily Fix	
Day 3	
 Reread story selection 	
Complete comprehension check	

Spelling practice	
 Grammar/writing practice 	
 Daily Fix 	
Day 4	
Reread story selection	
 Answer comprehension questions 	
• Spelling practice	
 Grammar/writing practice 	
 Interdisciplinary activities 	
Daily Fix	
Day 5	
Selection assessment	
 Spelling assessment 	
 Grammar/writing assessment 	
Daily Fix	
Week 5 – "Around One Cactus"	1 week at 2 hours a day per lesson
Day 1	
Teacher read aloud	
 Introduce key vocabulary 	
 Introduce new spelling words 	
 Introduce grammar skill 	
Daily Fix	
Day 2	
Read story selection	
Complete comprehension skill preview	
 Spelling practice 	
 Grammar/writing practice 	
Daily Fix	
Day 3	
 Reread story selection 	
 Complete comprehension check 	
Spelling practice	
 Grammar/writing practice 	
Daily Fix	
Day 4	
 Reread story selection 	
 Answer comprehension questions 	
Spelling practice	
 Grammar/writing practice 	
Interdisciplinary activities	

Daily Fix	
Day 5	
Selection assessment	
 Spelling assessment 	
 Grammar/writing assessment 	
Daily Fix	
Teacher Notes:	
Based on students' abilities, these plans may be moc	lified.
Curriculum Development Resources:	
(Click the links below to access additional resources	used to design this unit)
pearsonrealize.com or www.pearsonsuccess.net	
www.smartexchange.com	
www.teacherspayteachers.com	
www.abcya.com	
www.corestandards.org	

Content Area: English Language Arts	
Unit Title : Unit 4, What does it mean to be unique?	

Target Course/Grade Level: Third Grade

Unit Summary:

- Week 1- Irregular plurals, point of view, generalize, summarize, graphic sources, unfamiliar words, accuracy, persuasive text trait: conventions, singular and plural pronouns, irregular plurals, presentation
- Week 2- vowels: r-controlled, author's craft, graphic sources, important ideas, main idea and details, unknown words, appropriate phrasing and punctuation cues, imaginative story trait: conventions, subject and object pronouns, vowels: r- controlled, weather forecast.
- Week 3- Prefixes pre, mid, over, out, bi, de, idioms, fact and opinion, inferring, cause and effect, multiple meaning words, expression, biography trait: sentences, possessive pronouns, prefixes pre, mid, over, out, interview
- Week 4- suffixes er, or, ess, ist, word choice, fact and opinion, questioning, generalization, multiple meaning words, appropriate phrasing, autobiography trait: organization, contractions, suffixes er, or, ess, ist, Media Literacy: sportscast
- Week 5- syllables vcccv, sensory details, cause and effect, monitor and clarify, draw conclusions, unknown words, rates, writing for tests: word choice, prepositions, syllables vcccv, book review

Primary Interdisciplinary Connections:

- Technology
- Reading passages are cross curricular ideas and themes that touch upon Science, Culture, and Social Studies.

• Activities include Art and Math projects.

21st Century Themes:

- Recognize a problem and brainstorm ways to solve the problem individually or collaboratively.
- Evaluate available resources that can assist in solving problems.
- Determine when the use of technology is appropriate to solve problems.
- Apply critical thinking and problem-solving skills in classroom and family settings.
- Participate in brainstorming sessions to seek information, ideas, and strategies that foster creative thinking.
- Practice collaborative skills in groups, and explain how these skills assist in completing tasks in different settings (at home, in school, and during play).
- Use effective oral and written communication in face-to-face and online interactions and when presenting to an audience.
- Express needs, wants, and feelings appropriately in various situations.
- Demonstrate an awareness of one's own culture and other cultures during interactions within and outside of the classroom.
- Explain the meaning of productivity and accountability, and describe situations in which productivity and accountability are important in the home, school, and community.
- Establish and follow performance goals to guide progress in assigned areas of responsibility and accountability during classroom projects and extra-curricular activities.
- Explain the importance of understanding and following rules in family, classroom, and community settings.

Unit Rationale:

Students will read fiction selection, apply a variety of reading strategies, and write in a clear, concise manner.

Learning Targets

Standards:

- **Reading for Literature (RL):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
- **Reading for Informational Text (RI):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
- **Reading Foundational Skills (RF):** Print Concepts, Phonological Awareness, Phonics & Word Recognition, and Fluency
- Writing (W): Text Types & Purposes
- Speaking & Listening (SL): Comprehension & Collaboration and Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas
- Language (L): Conventions of Standard English and Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

Content Statements:

The content of this unit includes following directions, making inferences, identifying cause and effect, monitoring and clarifying, making judgments, summarizing, and evaluating test. Also included are spelling and phonetic rules, identifying verbs and verb forms, and writing a biography.

CPI	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)
Number	
RL.3.1	Ask and answer questions, and make relevant connections to demonstrate understanding of a text, referring explicitly to the text as the basis for the answers.
RL.3.2	Recount stories, including fables, folktales, and myths from diverse cultures; determine the central message/theme, lesson, or moral and explain how it is revealed through key details in the text
RL.3.4	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, distinguishing literal from nonliteral language.
RI.3.1	Ask and answer questions, and make relevant connections to demonstrate understanding of a text, referring explicitly to the text as the basis for the answers.
RI.3.2	Determine the main idea of a text; recount the key details and explain how they support the main idea.
RI.3.3	Describe the relationship between a series of historical events, scientific ideas or concepts, or steps in technical procedures in a text, using language that pertains to time, sequence, and cause/effect.
RI.3.5	Use text features and search tools (e.g., key words, sidebars, hyperlinks) to locate information relevant to a given topic efficiently
RI.3.6	Distinguish their own point of view from that of the author of a text.
RI.3.7	Use information gained from text features (e.g., illustrations, maps, photographs) and the words in a text to demonstrate understanding of the text (e.g., where, when, why, and how key events occur).
RF.3.3	Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.
RF.3.3.A	Identify and know the meaning of the most common prefixes and derivational suffixes
RF.3.3.C	Decode multi-syllable words.
RF.3.3.D	Read grade-appropriate irregularly spelled words.
RF.3.4	Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension.
RF.3.4.B	Read grade-level prose and poetry orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings
W.3.1.A	Introduce the topic or text they are writing about, state an opinion, and create an organizational structure that lists reasons.
W.3.1.B	Provide reasons that support the opinion.
W.3.1.C	Use linking words and phrases (e.g., because, therefore, since, for example) to connect opinion and reasons.
W.3.2	Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly.
W.3.2.A	Introduce a topic and group related information together; include text features (e.g.: illustrations, diagrams, captions) when useful to support comprehension.

W.3.3.A	Establish a situation and introduce a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally.	
W.3.3.C	Use temporal words and phrases to signal event order.	
W.3.4	With guidance and support from adults, produce writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task and purpose. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)	
W.3.5	With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, and editing. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1–3 up to and including grade 3 on page 29.)	
W.3.6	With guidance and support from adults, use technology to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others.	
SL.3.1.A	Explicitly draw on previously read text or material and other information known about the topic to explore ideas under discussion. Follow agreed-upon norms for discussions	
SL.3.1.B	Follow agreed-upon norms for discussions (e.g., gaining the floor in respectful ways, listening to others with care, speaking one at a time about the topics and texts under discussion).	
SL.3.4	Report on a topic or text, tell a story, or recount an experience with appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details, speaking clearly at an understandable pace.	
L.3.1.A	Explain the function of nouns, pronouns, verbs, adjectives, and adverbs in general and their functions in particular sentences.	
L.3.1.B	Form and use regular and irregular plural nouns	
L.3.1.F	Ensure subject-verb and pronoun-antecedent agreement	
L.3.1.I	Produce simple, compound, and complex sentences.	
L.3.2.E	Use conventional spelling for high-frequency and other studied words and for adding suffixes to base words (e.g., sitting, smiled, cries, happiness).	
L.3.2.F	Use spelling patterns and generalizations (e.g., word families, position-based spellings, syllable patterns, ending rules, meaningful word parts) in writing words.	
L.3.3	Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.	
L.3.3.B	Recognize and observe differences between the conventions of spoken and written standard English.	
L.3.4	Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning word and phrases based on grade 3 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.	
L.3.4.A	Use sentence-level context as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.	
L.3.4.D	Use glossaries or beginning dictionaries, both print and digital, to determine or clarify the precise meaning of key words and phrases.	
L.3.6	Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate conversational, general academic, and domain specific words and phrases, including those that signal spatial and temporal relationships (e.g., After dinner that night we went looking for them).	
Unit Essent	ial Questions	Unit Enduring Understandings
	o talents make someone unique? nakes nature's record holders unique?	 Understanding of a text's features, structures, and characteristics facilitate the
	it valuable to have unique interests?	reader's ability to make meaning of the text.

 What unique traits does it take to be the first to do something? What behaviors are unique to different animals? Unit Learning Targets 	 Fluent readers group words quickly to help them gain meaning from what they read. Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and make connections (text to text, text to world, text to self) to make text personally relevant and useful. Readers use language structure and content clues to identify the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in text. Letters and letter combinations represent sounds. Good readers employ strategies to help them understand text. Strategic readers develop, select, and apply strategies to enhance their comprehension. Good writers develop and refine their ideas for thinking, learning, communicating, and aesthetic expression. Rules, conventions of language, help readers understand what is being communicated. 	
The students will		
 Give a presentation Give a weather forecast 		
 Give a weather forecast Conduct an interview with a partner 		
 Present a sportscast with a partner 		
 Write a book review 		
Evidence o	of Learning	
Summative Assessment (5 days):		
Weekly Story Tests		
 Spelling Tests 		
Theme Skills Tests		
Oral Reading Evaluations		
Formative Assessments:		
Teacher Observation		
Oral Discussion		
 Open-Ended Question/Answers 		
Practice Book Pages		
Journal Writing		
Equipment Needed:		

- Textbook-Grade 3
- Practice Book-Grade 3
- SMARTboard/ iPad
- Leveled Readers
- Journals
- Computer

Teacher Resources:

- Teacher Edition Grade 3 Textbook and Practice Book
- Digital Transparencies
- Teacher-Created Tests
- Lessons Plans
- Teacher-Created Projects
- Dictionaries

Lesso	n Plans
Lesson	Timeframe
Week 1: "The Man Who Invented Basketball" Day 1	1 week at 2 hours a day per lesson
 Teacher read aloud Introduce key vocabulary Introduce new spelling words Introduce grammar skill Daily Fix 	
 Daily Fix Day 2 Read story selection Complete comprehension skill preview Spelling practice Grammar/writing practice Daily Fix Day 3 Reread story selection Complete comprehension check 	
 Spelling practice Grammar/writing practice Daily Fix Day 4 Reread story selection Answer comprehension questions 	
 Spelling practice Grammar/writing practice Interdisciplinary activities 	

Daily Fix	
Day 5	
 Selection assessment 	
 Spelling assessment 	
 Grammar/writing assessment 	
Daily Fix	
Week 2: "Hottest, Coldest, Highest, Deepest"	1 week at 2 hours a day per lesson
Day 1	
 Teacher read aloud 	
 Introduce key vocabulary 	
 Introduce new spelling words 	
 Introduce grammar skill 	
Daily Fix	
Day 2	
 Read story selection 	
 Complete comprehension skill preview 	
 Spelling practice 	
 Grammar/writing practice 	
Daily Fix	
Day 3	
Reread story selection	
 Complete comprehension check 	
 Spelling practice 	
 Grammar/writing practice 	
Daily Fix	
Day 4	
Reread story selection	
Answer comprehension questions	
 Spelling practice 	
 Grammar/writing practice 	
 Interdisciplinary activities 	
Daily Fix	
Day 5	
Selection assessment	
 Spelling assessment 	
 Grammar/writing assessment 	
Daily Fix	
Week 3: "Rocks in His Head"	1 week at 2 hours a day per lesson
Day 1	
Teacher read aloud	

 Introduce key vocabulary 	
 Introduce new spelling words 	
 Introduce grammar skill 	
Daily Fix	
Day 2	
Read story selection	
Complete comprehension skill preview	
Spelling practice	
 Grammar/writing practice 	
 Daily Fix 	
Day 3	
Reread story selection	
Complete comprehension check	
Spelling practice	
 Grammar/writing practice 	
Daily Fix	
Day 4	
 Reread story selection 	
 Answer comprehension questions 	
Spelling practice	
 Grammar/writing practice 	
 Interdisciplinary activities 	
Daily Fix	
Day 5	
Selection assessment	
 Spelling assessment 	
 Grammar/writing assessment 	
 Daily Fix 	
Week 4: "America's Champion Swimmer: Gertrude	1 week at 2 hours a day per lesson
Ederle"	1 week at 2 hours a day per lesson
Day 1	
Teacher read aloud	
Introduce key vocabulary	
Introduce new spelling words	
Introduce grammar skill	
Daily Fix	
Day 2	
 Read story selection 	
 Complete comprehension skill preview 	
Spelling practice	

 Grammar/writing practice Daily Fix Day 3 Reread story selection Complete comprehension check Spelling practice Grammar/writing practice Daily Fix Day 4 Reread story selection Answer comprehension questions 	
 Day 3 Reread story selection Complete comprehension check Spelling practice Grammar/writing practice Daily Fix Day 4 Reread story selection 	
 Reread story selection Complete comprehension check Spelling practice Grammar/writing practice Daily Fix Day 4 Reread story selection 	
 Complete comprehension check Spelling practice Grammar/writing practice Daily Fix Day 4 Reread story selection 	
 Spelling practice Grammar/writing practice Daily Fix Day 4 Reread story selection 	
 Grammar/writing practice Daily Fix Day 4 Reread story selection 	
 Daily Fix Day 4 Reread story selection 	
Day 4 Reread story selection 	
Reread story selection	
 Answer comprehension questions 	
Spelling practice	
Grammar/writing practice	
Interdisciplinary activities	
Daily Fix	
Day 5	
Selection assessment	
Spelling assessment	
Grammar/writing assessment	
Daily Fix	
Week 5: Fly, Eagle, Fly! : An African Tale 1 week at 2 hours a day per lesson	
Day 1	
Teacher read aloud	
 Introduce key vocabulary 	
 Introduce new spelling words 	
 Introduce grammar skill 	
Daily Fix	
Day 2	
Read story selection	
Complete comprehension skill preview	
Spelling practice	
Grammar/writing practice	
Daily Fix	
Day 3	
Reread story selection	
Complete comprehension check	
• Spelling practice	
Grammar/writing practice	
• Daily Fix	
Day 4	

Reread story selection		
 Answer comprehension questions 		
 Spelling practice 		
 Grammar/writing practice 		
 Interdisciplinary activities 		
Daily Fix		
Day 5		
 Selection assessment 		
 Spelling assessment 		
 Grammar/writing assessment 		
Daily Fix		
Teacher Notes:		
 Based on students' abilities, these plans may be modified 		
Curriculum Development Resources:		
(Click the links below to access additional resources used to design this unit)		
www.pearsonrealize.com or www.pearsonsuccess.net, www.smartexchange.com		
www.teacherspayteachers.com, www.abcya.com, www.corestandards.org		

Content Area: English Language Arts

Unit Title: UNIT 5: What happens when two ways of life come together?

Target Course/Grade Level: Third Grade

Unit Summary/ Content Statements:

- Week 1- syllable pattern cv/vc, word choice, compare and contrast, visualize, cause and effect, synonyms, rate, letter to the editor trait: organization, adjectives and articles, syllable pattern cv/vc, introduction
- Week 2- homophones, point of view, main idea and details, inferring, compare and contrast, homophones, accuracy, personal narrative trait: conventions, comparative and superlative adjectives, homophones, drama
- Week 3- vowel pattern for /o/, mood, sequence, monitor and clarify, draw conclusions, compound words, expression and punctuation cues, poetry trait: word choice, vowel patterns au, augh, ou, ough, song or poem.
- Week 4- vowel patterns ei, eigh, dialogue and narration, draw conclusions, summarize, sequence, unfamiliar words, accuracy, invitation trait: focus/ideas, comparative and superlative adverbs, vowel patterns ei, eigh, radio advertisement
- Week 5- suffixes –y, -ish, -hood, -ment, onomatopoeia, author's purpose, background knowledge, draw conclusions, homonyms, appropriate phrasing, book review trait: conventions, conjunctions, suffixes –y, -ish, -hood, -ment, retelling

Primary Interdisciplinary Connections:

- Technology
- Reading passages are cross curricular ideas and themes that touch upon Science, Culture, and Social Studies.
- Activities include Art and Math projects.

21st Century Themes:

- Recognize a problem and brainstorm ways to solve the problem individually or collaboratively.
- Evaluate available resources that can assist in solving problems.
- Determine when the use of technology is appropriate to solve problems.
- Apply critical thinking and problem-solving skills in classroom and family settings.
- Participate in brainstorming sessions to seek information, ideas, and strategies that foster creative thinking.
- Practice collaborative skills in groups, and explain how these skills assist in completing tasks in different settings (at home, in school, and during play).
- Use effective oral and written communication in face-to-face and online interactions and when presenting to an audience.
- Express needs, wants, and feelings appropriately in various situations.
- Demonstrate an awareness of one's own culture and other cultures during interactions within and outside of the classroom.
- Explain the meaning of productivity and accountability, and describe situations in which productivity and accountability are important in the home, school, and community.
- Establish and follow performance goals to guide progress in assigned areas of responsibility and accountability during classroom projects and extra-curricular activities.
- Explain the importance of understanding and following rules in family, classroom, and community settings.

Unit Rationale:

Students will read fiction selection, apply a variety of reading strategies, and write in a clear, concise manner.

Learning Targets

Standards:

- **Reading for Literature (RL):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
- **Reading for Informational Text (RI):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
- **Reading Foundational Skills (RF):** Print Concepts, Phonological Awareness, Phonics & Word Recognition, and Fluency
- Writing (W): Text Types & Purposes
- Speaking & Listening (SL): Comprehension & Collaboration and Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas
- Language (L): Conventions of Standard English and Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

CPI	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)	
Number		
RL.3.1	Ask and answer questions, and make relevant connections to demonstrate understanding of a	
	text, referring explicitly to the text as the basis for the answers.	
RL.3.2	Recount stories, including fables, folktales, and myths from diverse cultures; determine the	
	central message/theme, lesson, or moral and explain how it is revealed through key details in	
	the text.	
RL.3.3	Describe the characters in a story (e.g., their traits, motivations, or feelings) and explain how their actions contribute to the plot	
RL.3.9	Compare, contrast and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and	
	background knowledge) the central message/theme, lesson, and/ or moral, settings, and plots of stories written by the same author about the same or similar characters (e.g., in books from a	
	series).	
RL.3.10	By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems at	
	grade level text-complexity or above, with scaffolding as needed.	
RI.3.1	Ask and answer questions, and make relevant connections to demonstrate understanding of a	
	text, referring explicitly to the text as the basis for the answers.	
RI.3.2	Determine the main idea of a text; recount the key details and explain how they support the	
	main idea.	
RI.3.4	Determine the meaning of general academic and domain-specific words and phrases in a text	
RI.3.6	relevant to a grade 3 topic or subject area. Distinguish their own point of view from that of the author of a text.	
RI.3.10	By the end of the year, read and comprehend literary nonfiction at grade level text-complexity	
KI.3.10	or above, with scaffolding as needed.	
RF.3.3	Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.	
RF.3.3.B	Decode words with common Latin suffixes.	
RF.3.3.C	Decode multi-syllable words.	
RF.3.4	Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension.	
RF.3.4.B	Read grade-level prose and poetry orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on	
	successive readings	
RF.3.4.C	Use context to confirm or self-correct word recognition and understanding, rereading as	
	necessary	
W.3.1	Write opinion pieces on topics or texts, supporting a point of view with reasons.	
W.3.1.A	Introduce the topic or text they are writing about, state an opinion, and create an organizational	
	structure that lists reasons.	
W.3.1.B	Provide reasons that support the opinion.	
W.3.1.D	Provide a conclusion	
W.3.2.A	Introduce a topic and group related information together; include text features (e.g.:	
W/ 3 3 P	illustrations, diagrams, captions) when useful to support comprehension. Develop the topic with facts, definitions, and details.	
W.3.2.B		
W.3.3	Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using narrative echnique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences.	
	עבאטוידעיי עבנמויא, מווע גובמו בייבווג אבעעבווגבא.	

W.3.3.A	Establish a situation and introduce a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally	
W.3.3.B	Use dialogue and descriptions of actions, thoughts, and feelings to develop experiences and events or show the response of characters to situations.	
W.3.4	With guidance and support from adults, produce writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task and purpose. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)	
SL.3.1.B	Follow agreed-upon norms for discussions (e.g., gaining the floor in respectful ways, listening to others with care, speaking one at a time about the topics and texts under discussion).	
SL.3.4	Report on a topic or text, tell a story, or recount an experience with appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details, speaking clearly at an understandable pace.	
SL.3.5	Create engaging audio recordings of stories or poems that demonstrate fluid reading at an understandable pace; add visual displays when appropriate to emphasize or enhance certain facts or details.	
L.3.1.A	Explain the function of nouns, pronouns, verbs, adjectives, and adverbs in general and their functions in particular sentences.	
L.3.1.E	Form and use the simple (e.g., I walked; I walk; I will walk) verb tenses.	
L.3.1.G	Form and use comparative and superlative adjectives and adverbs, and choose between them depending on what is to be modified.	
L.3.1.H	Use coordinating and subordinating conjunctions.	
L.3.1.I	Produce simple, compound, and complex sentences.	
L.3.2.E	Use conventional spelling for high-frequency and other studied words and for adding suffixes to base words (e.g., sitting, smiled, cries, happiness).	
L.3.2.F	Use spelling patterns and generalizations (e.g., word families, position-based spellings, syllable patterns, ending rules, meaningful word parts) in writing words.	
L.3.3.A	Choose words and phrases for effect.*	
L.3.4	Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning word and phrases based on grade 3 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.	
L.3.4.A	Use sentence-level context as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.	
L.3.5	Demonstrate understanding of word relationships and nuances in word meanings.	
L.3.5.A	Distinguish the literal and nonliteral meanings of words and phrases in context (e.g., take steps).	
L.3.5.B	Identify real-life connections between words and their use (e.g., describe people who are friendly or helpful).	
L.3.5.C	Distinguish shades of meaning among related words that describe states of mind or degrees of certainty (e.g., knew, believed, suspected, heard, wondered).	
L.3.6	Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate conversational, general academic, and domain specific words and phrases, including those that signal spatial and temporal relationships (e.g., After dinner that night we went looking for them).	

 Unit Essential Questions How does culture influence the clothes we wear? How are cultures alike and different? Why is it hard to adapt to a new culture? How can different cultures contribute to the foods we eat? How does city life compare to life in the country? 	 Unit Enduring Understandings Understanding of a text's features, structures, and characteristics facilitate the reader's ability to make meaning of the text. Fluent readers group words quickly to help them gain meaning from what they read. Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and make connections (text to text, text to world, text to self) to make text personally relevant and useful. Readers use language structure and content clues to identify the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in text. Letters and letter combinations represent sounds. Good readers employ strategies to help them understand text. Strategic readers develop, select, and apply strategies to enhance their comprehension. Good writers develop and refine their ideas for thinking, learning, communicating, and aesthetic expression. Rules, conventions of language, help readers 		
understand what is being communicated.			
Unit Learning Targets			
The students will			
Write a persuasive writing piece Fallow and directions for making introductions to a			
 Follow oral directions for making introductions to g Work in groups to write a dramatization of a story 	groups		
 Work in groups to write a dramatization of a story Choose a song or poem and perform it from memory 	nrv.		
 Prepare a 2 minute radio ad that persuades people 	-		
 Work in groups to retell a story 			
Evidence of Learning			
Summative Assessment (5 days):			
Weekly Story Tests			
Spelling Tests			
Theme Skills Tests			
Oral Reading Evaluations			
Formative Assessments:			
Teacher Observation			
Oral Discussion			

- Open-Ended Question/Answers
- Practice Book Pages
- Journal Writing

Equipment Needed:

- Textbook-Grade 3
- Practice Book-Grade 3
- SMARTboard/ iPad
- Leveled Readers
- Journals
- Computer

Teacher Resources:

- Teacher Edition Grade 3 Textbook and Practice Book
- Digital Transparencies
- Teacher-Created Tests
- Lessons Plans
- Teacher-Created Projects
- Dictionaries

Lesson Plans

Lesson Pi	ans
Lesson	Timeframe
Week 1: "Suki's Kimono"	1 week at 2 hours a day per lesson
Day 1	
Teacher read aloud	
 Introduce key vocabulary 	
 Introduce new spelling words 	
 Introduce grammar skill 	
Daily Fix	
Day 2	
Read story selection	
-	
Complete comprehension skill preview	
Spelling practice	
Grammar/writing practice	
Daily Fix	
Day 3	
 Reread story selection 	
 Complete comprehension check 	
 Spelling practice 	
 Grammar/writing practice 	
Daily Fix	
Day 4	
Reread story selection	
 Answer comprehension questions 	

c. Castling another	
Spelling practice	
Grammar/writing practice	
 Interdisciplinary activities 	
Daily Fix	
Day 5	
Selection assessment	
 Spelling assessment 	
Grammar/writing assessment	
Daily Fix	
Week 2: "I Love Saturdays y domingos"	1 week at 2 hours a day per lesson
	I week at 2 hours a day per lesson
Day 1	
Teacher read aloud	
Introduce key vocabulary	
Introduce new spelling words	
 Introduce grammar skill 	
Daily Fix	
Day 2	
 Read story selection 	
Complete comprehension skill preview	
 Spelling practice 	
Grammar/writing practice	
• Daily Fix	
Day 3	
Reread story selection	
Complete comprehension check	
Spelling practice	
Grammar/writing practice	
Daily Fix	
Day 4	
 Reread story selection 	
 Answer comprehension questions 	
 Spelling practice 	
 Grammar/writing practice 	
 Interdisciplinary activities 	
• Daily Fix	
Day 5	
Selection assessment	
 Spelling assessment 	
Grammar/writing assessment	
Daily Fix	

Week 3: "Good- Bye, 382 Shin Dang Dong"	1 week at 2 hours a day per lesson
Day 1	
Teacher read aloud	
 Introduce key vocabulary 	
 Introduce new spelling words 	
 Introduce grammar skill 	
Daily Fix	
Day 2	
Read story selection	
Complete comprehension skill preview	
 Spelling practice 	
 Grammar/writing practice 	
• Daily Fix	
Day 3	
Reread story selection	
 Complete comprehension check 	
 Spelling practice 	
 Grammar/writing practice 	
 Daily Fix 	
Day 4	
Reread story selection	
 Answer comprehension questions 	
 Spelling practice 	
 Grammar/writing practice 	
 Interdisciplinary activities 	
 Daily Fix 	
Day 5	
Selection assessment	
 Spelling assessment 	
 Grammar/writing assessment 	
 Daily Fix 	
Week 4: "Jalapeno Bagels"	1 week at 2 hours a day per lesson
Day 1	
Teacher read aloud	
 Introduce key vocabulary 	
 Introduce new spelling words 	
 Introduce new spennig words Introduce grammar skill 	
 Daily Fix 	
Daily HX Day 2	
Read story selection	
- Neau story selection	

Complete comprehension skill preview	
 Spelling practice 	
 Grammar/writing practice 	
Daily Fix	
Day 3	
 Reread story selection 	
Complete comprehension check	
Spelling practice	
 Grammar/writing practice 	
Daily Fix	
Day 4	
 Reread story selection 	
 Answer comprehension questions 	
 Spelling practice 	
 Grammar/writing practice 	
 Interdisciplinary activities 	
 Daily Fix 	
 Day 5 Selection assessment 	
Spelling assessment	
Grammar/writing assessment	
Daily Fix	
Week 5: "Me and Uncle Romie"	1 week at 2 hours a day per lesson
Day 1	
Teacher read aloud	
Introduce key vocabulary	
Introduce new spelling words	
 Introduce grammar skill 	
Daily Fix	
Day 2	
 Read story selection 	
Complete comprehension skill preview	
Spelling practice	
 Grammar/writing practice 	
Daily Fix	
Day 3	
Reread story selection	
Complete comprehension check	
Spelling practice	
 Grammar/writing practice 	

•	Daily Fix	
Day 4		
•	Reread story selection	
•	Answer comprehension questions	
•	Spelling practice	
•	Grammar/writing practice	
•	Interdisciplinary activities	
•	Daily Fix	
Day 5		
•	Selection assessment	
•	Spelling assessment	
•	Grammar/writing assessment	
•	Daily Fix	
Teach	er Notes:	
• Ba	ased on students' abilities, these plans may b	e modified.
Curric	ulum Development Resources:	
(Click t	the links below to access additional resource	s used to design this unit)
www.	pearsonrealize.com or <u>www.pearsonsucces</u>	s.net, www.smartexchange.com
www.	teacherspayteachers.com, www.abcya.com,	www.corestandards.org

Content Area: English Language Arts

Unit Title: Unit 6, What does it mean to be free?

Target Course/Grade Level: Third Grade

Unit Summary/ Content Statements:

- Week 1- vowel sounds for /u/ and /u/, word choice, fact and opinion, questioning, author's purpose, prefix un-, rate, notes trait: Focus/Ideas, capital letters, vowel sounds in moon and foot, announcement
- Week 2- schwa, metaphor, cause and effect, inferring, theme, antonyms, appropriate phrasing, Poetry: limerick, trait: organization, abbreviations, schwa express an opinion
- Week 3- final syllables, personification, graphic sources, important ideas, fact and opinion, unknown words, accuracy, description trait: word choice, combining sentences, final syllables, talk show
- Week 4- prefixes im-, in-; imagery, literary elements: Plot and Theme, story structure, cause and effect, prefixes and suffixes un-, dis-, -ful; rate, comic book trait: conventions, commas, prefixes, suffixes, and endings; description
- Week 5- related words, foreshadowing, generalize, inferring, literary elements: plot and theme, homographs, expression, writing for tests: historical fiction trait: word choice, quotations and parentheses, related words, song

Primary Interdisciplinary Connections:

- Technology
- Reading passages are cross curricular ideas and themes that touch upon Science, Culture, and Social Studies.
- Activities include Art and Math projects.

21st Century Themes:

- Recognize a problem and brainstorm ways to solve the problem individually or collaboratively.
- Evaluate available resources that can assist in solving problems.
- Determine when the use of technology is appropriate to solve problems.
- Apply critical thinking and problem-solving skills in classroom and family settings.
- Participate in brainstorming sessions to seek information, ideas, and strategies that foster creative thinking.
- Practice collaborative skills in groups, and explain how these skills assist in completing tasks in different settings (at home, in school, and during play).
- Use effective oral and written communication in face-to-face and online interactions and when presenting to an audience.
- Express needs, wants, and feelings appropriately in various situations.
- Demonstrate an awareness of one's own culture and other cultures during interactions within and outside of the classroom.
- Explain the meaning of productivity and accountability, and describe situations in which productivity and accountability are important in the home, school, and community.
- Establish and follow performance goals to guide progress in assigned areas of responsibility and accountability during classroom projects and extra-curricular activities.
- Explain the importance of understanding and following rules in family, classroom, and community settings.

Unit Rationale:

Students will read fiction selection, apply a variety of reading strategies, and write in a clear, concise manner.

Learning Targets

Standards:

- **Reading for Literature (RL):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
- **Reading for Informational Text (RI):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
- **Reading Foundational Skills (RF):** Print Concepts, Phonological Awareness, Phonics & Word Recognition, and Fluency
- Writing (W): Text Types & Purposes
- Speaking & Listening (SL): Comprehension & Collaboration and Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas
- Language (L): Conventions of Standard English and Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

CPI	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)
Number	
RL.3.1	Ask and answer questions, and make relevant connections to demonstrate
	understanding of a text, referring explicitly to the text as the basis for the answers.
RL.3.2	Recount stories, including fables, folktales, and myths from diverse cultures; determine the central message/theme, lesson, or moral and explain how it is revealed through key details in the text
RL.3.3	Describe the characters in a story (e.g., their traits, motivations, or feelings) and explain
	how their actions contribute to the plot.
RI.3.1	Ask and answer questions, and make relevant connections to demonstrate
	understanding of a text, referring explicitly to the text as the basis for the answers.
RI.3.2	Determine the main idea of a text; recount the key details and explain how they support the main idea.
RI.3.3	Describe the relationship between a series of historical events, scientific ideas or concepts, or steps in technical procedures in a text, using language that pertains to time, sequence, and cause/effect.
RI.3.7	Use information gained from text features (e.g., illustrations, maps, photographs) and the words in a text to demonstrate understanding of the text (e.g., where, when, why, and how key events occur).
RF.3.3	Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.
RF.3.3.A	Identify and know the meaning of the most common prefixes and derivational suffixes.
RF.3.3.B	Decode words with common Latin suffixes.
RF.3.4	Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension.
RF.3.4.B	Read grade-level prose and poetry orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings
W.3.2.A	Introduce a topic and group related information together; include text features (e.g.: illustrations, diagrams, captions) when useful to support comprehension.
W.3.2.B	Develop the topic with facts, definitions, and details.
W.3.3	Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using narrative echnique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences.
W.3.3.A	Establish a situation and introduce a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally.
W.3.3.B	Use dialogue and descriptions of actions, thoughts, and feelings to develop experiences and events or show the response of characters to situations.
W.3.4	With guidance and support from adults, produce writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task and purpose. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)

SL.3.2		details of a text read aloud or information presented
	in diverse media and formats, including vi	
SL.3.3	Ask and answer questions about information from a speaker, offering appropriate elaboration and detail.	
SL.3.4	Report on a topic or text, tell a story, or re	ecount an experience with appropriate facts and
	relevant, descriptive details, speaking clea	arly at an understandable pace.
SL.3.6	Speak in complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation in order to provide	
	requested detail or clarification. (See grad	le 3 Language standards 1 and 3 on page 28 for specific
	expectations.)	
L.3.1	Demonstrate command of the conventior	ns of standard English grammar and usage when
	writing or speaking.	
L.3.1.C	Use abstract nouns (e.g., childhood).	
L.3.1.H	Use coordinating and subordinating conju	inctions.
L.3.1.I	Produce simple, compound, and complex	sentences
L.3.2	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and	
	spelling when writing.	
L.3.2.A	Capitalize appropriate words in titles.	
L.3.2.B	Use commas in addresses.	
L.3.2.C	Use commas and quotation marks in dialogue	
L.3.2.E	Use conventional spelling for high-frequency and other studied words and for adding suffixes to	
	base words (e.g., sitting, smiled, cries, hap	opiness).
L.3.2.F	Use spelling patterns and generalizations (e.g., word families, position-based spellings, syllable	
	patterns, ending rules, meaningful word parts) in writing words.	
L.3.3	Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.	
L.3.3.A	Choose words and phrases for effect	
L.3.4		own and multiple-meaning word and phrases based on
	grade 3 reading and content, choosing fle	
L.3.4.A	Use sentence-level context as a clue to th	
L.3.4.B	-	formed when a known affix is added to a known word
		e/uncomfortable, care/careless, heat/preheat).
L.3.4.D		both print and digital, to determine or clarify the
	precise meaning of key words and phrase	
L.3.5	Demonstrate understanding of word relationships and nuances in word meanings.	
L.3.6		riate conversational, general academic, and domain
		se that signal spatial and temporal relationships (e.g.,
	After dinner that night we went looking for	
	ial Questions	Unit Enduring Understandings
-	o we have symbols that represent	 Understanding of a text's features,
freedor	n?	structures, and characteristics facilitate the
What d	loes it mean to grant freedom?	reader's ability to make meaning of the text.
• Why is	freedom of expression important?	• Fluent readers group words quickly to help
,		them gain meaning from what they read.

 Why are rules and laws important to freedom? What is the best way to keep your freedom? 	 Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and make connections (text to text, text to world, text to self) to make text personally relevant and useful. Readers use language structure and content clues to identify the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in text. Letters and letter combinations represent sounds. Good readers employ strategies to help them understand text. Strategic readers develop, select, and apply strategies to enhance their comprehension. Good writers develop and refine their ideas for thinking, learning, communicating, and aesthetic expression. Rules, conventions of language, help readers understand what is being communicated.
Unit Learning Targets	

Unit Learning Targets

The students will . . .

- Prepare an announcement about a new sculpture that is being put up in their town
- Deliver a speech that expresses your opinion about a topic that is important in their community
- Have a class talk show about the kind of murals they would paint and why
- Give a description using words that tells how something looks, sounds, smells, tastes or feels to create images in the listeners' mind
- Write a song that tells a story about the lost city of Atlantis

Evidence of Learning

Summative Assessment (5 days):

- Weekly Story Tests
- Spelling Tests
- Theme Skills Tests
- Oral Reading Evaluations

Formative Assessments:

- Teacher Observation
- Oral Discussion
- Open-Ended Question/Answers
- Practice Book Pages
- Journal Writing

Equipment Needed:

- Textbook-Grade 3
- Practice Book-Grade 3
- SMARTboard/ iPad
- Leveled Readers
- Journals
- Computer

Teacher Resources:

- Teacher Edition Grade 3 Textbook and Practice Book
- Digital Transparencies
- Teacher-Created Tests
- Lessons Plans
- Teacher-Created Projects
- Dictionaries

Lesson P	lans
Lesson	Timeframe
Week 1: "The Story of the Statue of Liberty"	1 week at 2 hours a day per lesson
Day 1	
Teacher read aloud	
 Introduce key vocabulary 	
 Introduce new spelling words 	
 Introduce grammar skill 	
Daily Fix	
Day 2	
Read story selection	
Complete comprehension skill preview	
Spelling practice	
 Grammar/writing practice 	
Daily Fix	
Day 3	
 Reread story selection 	
Complete comprehension check	
Spelling practice	
 Grammar/writing practice 	
Daily Fix	
Day 4	
 Reread story selection 	
 Answer comprehension questions 	
Spelling practice	
 Grammar/writing practice 	
 Interdisciplinary activities 	

Daily Fix	
Day 5	
 Selection assessment 	
 Spelling assessment 	
 Grammar/writing assessment 	
Daily Fix	
Week 2: "Happy Birthday Mr. Kang"	1 week at 2 hours a day per lesson
Day 1	
 Teacher read aloud 	
 Introduce key vocabulary 	
 Introduce new spelling words 	
 Introduce grammar skill 	
Daily Fix	
Day 2	
 Read story selection 	
 Complete comprehension skill preview 	
 Spelling practice 	
 Grammar/writing practice 	
Daily Fix	
Day 3	
 Reread story selection 	
 Complete comprehension check 	
 Spelling practice 	
 Grammar/writing practice 	
Daily Fix	
Day 4	
 Reread story selection 	
 Answer comprehension questions 	
 Spelling practice 	
 Grammar/writing practice 	
 Interdisciplinary activities 	
Daily Fix	
Day 5	
 Selection assessment 	
 Spelling assessment 	
 Grammar/writing assessment 	
Daily Fix	
Week 3: "Talking Walls: Art for the People"	1 week at 2 hours a day per lesson
Day 1	
Teacher read aloud	

 Introduce key vocabulary 	
 Introduce new spelling words 	
 Introduce grammar skill 	
Daily Fix	
Day 2	
Read story selection	
Complete comprehension skill preview	
 Spelling practice 	
 Grammar/writing practice 	
Daily Fix	
Day 3	
Reread story selection	
 Complete comprehension check 	
 Spelling practice 	
 Grammar/writing practice 	
 Graninary writing practice Daily Fix 	
Day 4	
Reread story selection	
Answer comprehension questions	
Spelling practice	
Grammar/writing practice	
Interdisciplinary activities	
Daily Fix	
Day 5	
 Selection assessment 	
 Spelling assessment 	
 Grammar/writing assessment 	
Daily Fix	
Week 4: "Two Bad Ants"	1 week at 2 hours a day per lesson
Day 1	
 Teacher read aloud 	
 Introduce key vocabulary 	
 Introduce new spelling words 	
 Introduce grammar skill 	
Daily Fix	
Day 2	
Read story selection	
Complete comprehension skill preview	
• Spelling practice	
 Grammar/writing practice 	
	1

•	Daily Fix	
Day 3		
•	Reread story selection	
•	Complete comprehension check	
•	Spelling practice	
•	Grammar/writing practice	
•	Daily Fix	
Day 4		
•	Reread story selection	
•	Answer comprehension questions	
•	Spelling practice	
•	Grammar/writing practice	
	Interdisciplinary activities	
•	Daily Fix	
Day 5		
•	Selection assessment	
•	Spelling assessment	
•	Grammar/writing assessment	
•	Daily Fix	
Week	Atlantis: The Legend of a Lost City"	1 week at 2 hours a day per lesson
Day 1		
•	Teacher read aloud	
•	Introduce key vocabulary	
•	Introduce new spelling words	
•	Introduce grammar skill	
•	Daily Fix	
Day 2		
•	Read story selection	
•	Complete comprehension skill preview	
•	Spelling practice	
•	Grammar/writing practice	
•	Daily Fix	
Day 3		
•	Reread story selection	
•	Complete comprehension check	
•	Spelling practice	
•	Grammar/writing practice	
•	Daily Fix	
Day 4		
•	Reread story selection	

Answer comprehension questions	
Spelling practice	
Grammar/writing practice	
 Interdisciplinary activities 	
Daily Fix	
Day 5	
Selection assessment	
 Spelling assessment 	
 Grammar/writing assessment 	
Daily Fix	
Teacher Notes:	
Based on students' abilities, these plans may b	e modified.
Curriculum Development Resources:	
(Click the links below to access additional resource	s used to design this unit)
www.pearsonrealize.com or www.pearsonsucces	s.net, www.smartexchange.com
www.teacherspayteachers.com, www.abcya.com,	www.corestandards.org

Pacing Guide – Grade 4

Content Area: English Language Arts Grade Level: Fourth Grade

First Marking Period - Pacing Guide UNIT 1 – Turning Points

Standards: RL.4.1, RL.4.2, RL.4.3, RL.4.4, RL.4.5, RI.4.1, RI.4.2, RI.4.5, RI.4.8, RI.4.9, RF.4.4, RF.4.4, B, W.4.2.A, W.4.2.C, W.4.2.D, W.4.2.E, W.4.3.A, W.4.3.D, W.4.4, SL.4.1, SL.4.1.B, SL.4.1.C, SL.4.2, SL.4.4, L.4.1, L.4.1.F, L.4.2, L.4.2.C, L.4.2.D, L.4.3.B, L.4.4, L.4.4.A, L.4.4.B, L.4.4.C, L.4.5.C, L.4.6

Second Marking Period - Pacing Guide UNIT 2-Teamwork

Standards: RL.4.1, RL.4.3, RI.4.1, RI.4.2, RI.4.5, RF.4.3, RF.4.3.A, RF.4.4.B, W.4.1.A, W.4.1.B, W.4.1.C, W.4.2, W.4.2.A, W.4.2.B, W.4.4, SL.4.1.A, SL.4.1.B, SL.4.1.C, SL.4.4, L.4.1, L.4.2, L.4.2.A, L.4.3.A, L.4.4, L.4.4.A, L.4.4.B, L.4.4.C, L.4.5, L.4.5.A, L.4.5.B, L.4.6

UNIT 3 – Patterns in Nature

Standards: RL.4.1, RL.4.6, RL.4.7, RI.4.1, RI.4.2, RI.4.5, RI.4.7, RI.4.8, RI.4.10, RF.4.4, RF.4.4.B, RF.4.4.C, W.4.2.A, W.4.3, W.4.3, W.4.4, SL.4.1.C, SL.4.2, SL.4.4, SL.4.5, L.4.1, L.4.1.F, L.4.1.G, L.4.2, L.4.2.D, L.4.3, L.4.4, L.4.4.A, L.4.4.B

English Language Arts Curriculum

Third Marking Period - Pacing Guide Remainder of UNIT 3 – Patterns in Nature

Standards: RL.4.1, RL.4.6, RL.4.7, RI.4.1, RI.4.2, RI.4.5, RI.4.7, RI.4.8, RI.4.10, RF.4.4, RF.4.4.B, RF.4.4.C, W.4.2.A, W.4.3, W.4.3, W.4.4, SL.4.1.C, SL.4.2, SL.4.4, SL.4.5, L.4.1, L.4.1.F, L.4.1.G, L.4.2, L.4.2.D, L.4.3, L.4.4, L.4.4.A, L.4.4.B

UNIT 4-Puzzles and Mysteries

Standards: RL.4.1, RL.4.3, RL.4.9, RL.4.10, RI.4.1, RI.4.2, RI.4.3, RI.4.7, RF.4.4, RF.4.4.B, W.4.1.A, W.4.2, W.4.2.A, W.4.3, W.4.3.A, W.4.3.D, W.4.5, W.4.6, SL.4.1.C, SL.4.3, SL.4.4, SL.4.5, L.4.1, L.4.2.D, L.4.3, L.4.3.A, L.4.3.C, L.4.4, L.4.4.A, L.4.4.B, L.4.4.C, L.4.5.C, L.4.6

Fourth Marking Period - Pacing Guide UNIT 5-Adventures by Land, Air, and Water

Standards: RL4.2, RL4.3, RI.4.1, RI.4.2, RI.4.4, RI.4.5, RI.4.6, RI.4.8, RF.4.3, RF.4.3.A, RF.4.4.A, RF.4.4.B, W.4.1, W.4.1.A, W.4.1.B, W.4.1.D, W.4.3, W.4.3.A, W.4.3.C, W.4.3.D, W.4.4, W.4.10, SL.4.1.A, SL.4.1.C, SL.4.1.D, SL.4.4, L.4.1, L.4.1.D, L.4.1.E, L.4.1.F, L.4.1.G, L.4.2.D, L.4.4.A, L.4.4.B, L.4.4.C, L.4.5.C, L.4.6

UNIT 6- Reaching for Goals

Standards: RL.4.1, RI.4.1, RI.4.2, RI.4.3, RI.4.5, RI.4.7, RF.4.4, RF.4.4.B, W.4.1.A, W.4.2, W.4.2.A, W.4.2.B, W.4.3 W.4.3.A, W.4.3.B, W.4.3.D, W.4.7, W.4.8, W.4.9, W.4.9.B, SL.4.1.B, SL.4.1.C, SL.4.3, SL.4.4, L.4.1, L.4.1.F, L.4.2, L.4.2.A, L.4.2.B, L.4.2.C, L.4.2.D, L.4.4, L.4.4.A, L.4.4.B, L.4.4.C, L.4.6

Textbook Series: Scott Foresman Reading Street Common Core

Content Area: English Language Arts

Unit Title: Unit 1 Turning Points

Target Course/Grade Level: Fourth Grade

Unit Summary/ Content Statement:

- <u>Week 1</u>: word ending -ed, point of view, sequence, summarize, cause and effect, suffixes, appropriate expression, realistic fiction, organizations, declarative and interrogative sentences, short vowel, vccv, dramatic retelling
- <u>Week 2</u>: suffixes -or,-er, sensory words, author's purpose, questioning, sequence, wording endings, appropriate phrasing: punctuation cues, expository comprehension, organization, imperative and exclamatory sentences, long a and i, introduction
- <u>Week 3</u>: word ending -ing, foreshadowing, literary elements: character setting, plot, sequence, multiple word meanings, rate and accuracy, parody, complete subject and predicate, long e and o, advertisement
- <u>Week 4</u>: compound spelling, dialect, author's purpose, story structure, literary elements, character, setting, plot, synonyms and antonyms, expression, friendly letter, conventions, compound sentences, long e, oral report

• <u>Week 5</u>: related words, imagery, main ideas and details, text structure, author's purpose, suffixes -ist, -ive,-ness, appropriate phrasing, personal narrative, voice, clauses and complex sentence, long u, travel show

Primary Interdisciplinary Connections:

• Reading passages include interdisciplinary activities in Art, Writing, Math, Social Studies, and Science.

21st Century Themes:

- Recognize a problem and brainstorm ways to solve the problem individually or collaboratively.
- Evaluate available resources that can assist in solving problems.
- Determine when the use of technology is appropriate to solve problems.
- Apply critical thinking and problem-solving skills in classroom and family settings.
- Participate in brainstorming sessions to seek information, ideas, and strategies that foster creative thinking.
- Practice collaborative skills in groups, and explain how these skills assist in completing tasks in different settings (at home, in school, and during play).
- Use effective oral and written communication in face-to-face and online interactions and when presenting to an audience.
- Express needs, wants, and feelings appropriately in various situations.
- Demonstrate an awareness of one's own culture and other cultures during interactions within and outside of the classroom.
- Explain the meaning of productivity and accountability, and describe situations in which productivity and accountability are important in the home, school, and community.
- Establish and follow performance goals to guide progress in assigned areas of responsibility and accountability during classroom projects and extra-curricular activities.
- Explain the importance of understanding and following rules in family, classroom, and community settings.

Unit Rationale:

All students will understand and apply the knowledge of sounds, letters, and words in written English to become independent and fluent readers and will read a variety of materials and texts with fluency and comprehension

Learning Targets

Standards:

- **Reading for Literature (RL):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
- **Reading for Informational Text (RI):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
- **Reading Foundational Skills (RF):** Print Concepts, Phonological Awareness, Phonics & Word Recognition, and Fluency
- Writing (W): Text Types & Purposes
- Speaking & Listening (SL): Comprehension & Collaboration and Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas
- Language (L): Conventions of Standard English and Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

СРІ	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)	
Number		
RL.4.1	Refer to details and examples in a text and make relevant connections when explaining what the text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text.	
RL.4.2	Determine a theme of a story, drama, or poem from details in the text; summarize the text.	
RL.4.3	Describe in depth a character, setting, or event in a story or drama, drawing on specific details in the text (e.g., a character's thoughts, words, or actions).	
RL.4.4	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including those that allude to significant characters found in literature.	
RL.4.5	Explain major differences between poems, drama, and prose, and refer to the structural elements of poems (e.g., verse, rhythm, meter) and drama (e.g., casts of characters, settings, descriptions, dialogue, stage directions) when writing or speaking about a text.	
RI.4.1	Refer to details and examples in a text and make relevant connections when explaining what the text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text.	
RI.4.2	Determine the main idea of a text and explain how it is supported by key details; summarize the text.	
RI.4.5	Describe the overall structure (e.g., chronology, comparison, cause/effect, problem/solution) of events, ideas, concepts, or information in a text or part of a text	
RI.4.8	Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence to support particular points in a text.	
RI.4.9	Integrate and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) information from two texts on the same topic in order to write or speak about the subject knowledgeably.	
RF.4.4	Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension.	
RF.4.4.B	Read grade-level prose and poetry orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings.	
W.4.2.A	Introduce a topic clearly and group related information in paragraphs and sections; include formatting (e.g., headings), illustrations, and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.	
W.4.2.C	Link ideas within paragraphs and sections of information using words and phrases (e.g., another, for example, also, because).	
W.4.2.D	Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic	
W.4.2.E	Provide a conclusion related to the information or explanation presented.	
W.4.3.A	Orient the reader by establishing a situation and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally.	
W.4.3.D	Use concrete words and phrases and sensory details to convey experiences and events precisely.	
W.4.4	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)	
SL.4.1	Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on <i>grade 4 topics and texts</i> , building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.	
SL.4.1.B	Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions and carry out assigned roles.	
SL.4.1.C	Pose and respond to specific questions to clarify or follow up on information, and make comments that contribute to the discussion and link to the remarks of others.	
SL.4.2	Paraphrase portions of a text read aloud or information presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, and orally).	
SL.4.4	Report on a topic or text, tell a story, or recount an experience in an organized manner, using appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details to support main ideas or themes; speak clearly at an understandable pace.	

L.4.1	Demonstrate command of the conversion of the con	entions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or	
L.4.1.F	Produce complete sentences, recogi	nizing and correcting inappropriate fragments and run-ons.	
L.4.2	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.		
L.4.2.C	Use a comma before a coordinating conjunction in a compound sentence.		
L.4.2.D	Spell grade-appropriate words corre	ctly, consulting references as needed.	
L.4.3.B	Choose punctuation for effect.		
L.4.4	Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 4 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.		
L.4.4.A	Use context (e.g., definitions, examples, or restatements in text) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.		
L.4.4.B	Use common, grade-appropriate Greek and Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., telegraph, photograph, autograph).		
L.4.4.C	Consult reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation and determine or clarify the precise meaning of key words and phrases.		
L.4.5.C	Demonstrate understanding of words by relating them to their opposites (antonyms) and to words with similar but not identical meanings (synonyms).		
L.4.6	including those that signal precise a	propriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, ctions, emotions, or states of being (e.g., quizzed, whined, stammered) ic (e.g., wildlife, conservation, and endangered when discussing animal	
Unit Essen	tial Questions	Unit Enduring Understandings	
 Unit Essential Questions What can we discover from new places and people? What experience bring diverse people together? What opportunities can be found in new places? What do we want to explore new places? What can we discover in the landscape of the Southwest? How does Yosemite reflect the unique qualities of the West? Unit Learning Targets 		 Understanding of a text's features, structures, and characteristics facilitate the reader's ability to make meaning of the text. Readers use language structure and content clues to identify the intended meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text. Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and make connections (text to text, text to world, text to self) to make text personally relevant and useful. Effective listeners are able to interpret and evaluate increasingly complex messages 	
The studer			
	rch Yosemite National Park		
	pramatic retelling in a character's point of view		
	Write an introduction of a character		
	a product advertisement		
Oral R	eport to inform about a topic		
Create	e a travel show of a place you we	ould like to visit	
		209	

English Language Arts Curriculum

	Evi	dence of Learn	ing
Summative Assessment (5 days):			
Integrated Theme	Skills Test		
Weekly Skill Tests			
Weekly Spelling/Vo	cabulary Tests		
Completed Project	S		
Open-Ended Quest	ions		
Formative Assessment	:		
Oral Discussion			
Teacher observation	n		
Equipment Need:			
 Student Books 			
Practice Workbook	S		
 Maps 			
 Smartboard/ipad 			
Teacher Resources:			
Lesson Plans			
Teacher's Manual			
 digital transparence 	ies		
		Lesson Plans	
	Lesson		Time frame
Week 1: "Because of Winn Dixie"			One week at two hours per day per lesson
Day1			
Teacher Read-Alou			
Introduce new voca	=		
Introduce/practice	spelling words		
• Daily Fix it practice			
 Introduce grammar 	skill		
Day 2			
 Reading the selection 			
Comprehension Skil			
Grammar/Writing p	ractice		
 Spelling practice 			
Daily Fix It Practice			
Day 3			
Reread selection			
Comprehension Che	eck		
Spelling Practice			
Grammar/Writing P	ractice		
 Daily Fix Practice 			

Da	y 4	
•	Read Skill Link	
•	Comprehension Skill Review	
•	Daily Fix It Practice	
•	Spelling Activity	
•	Grammar/Writing Practice	
•	Begin Interdisciplinary Activities	
Da	y 5	
•	Weekly Skills Assessment	
•	Spelling Test	
•	Complete Interdisciplinary Activities	
•	Selection Test	
W	eek 2 "Lewis and Clark and Me"	One week at two hours per day per lesson
Da	y1	
•	Teacher Read-Aloud	
٠	Introduce new vocabulary	
٠	Introduce/practice spelling words	
•	Daily Fix It practice	
•	Introduce grammar skill	
Da	y 2	
•	Reading the selection	
•	Comprehension Skill Preview	
٠	Grammar/Writing practice	
•	Spelling practice	
•	Daily Fix It Practice	
Da	y 3	
٠	Reread selection	
٠	Comprehension Check	
•	Spelling Practice	
٠	Grammar/Writing Practice	
•	Daily Fix It Practice	
Da	у 4	
•	Read Skill Link	
•	Comprehension Skill Review	
•	Daily Fix It Practice	
•	Spelling Activity	
•	Grammar/Writing Practice	
•	Begin Interdisciplinary Activities	
Da	y 5	
•	Weekly Skills Assessment	

Spelling Test	
Complete Interdisciplinary Activities	
Selection Test	
Daily Fix It	
Week 3 "On the Banks of Plum Creek"	One week at two hours per day per lesson
Day1	one week at two hours per day per lesson
Teacher Read-Aloud	
 Introduce new vocabulary 	
 Introduce frew vocabulary Introduce/practice spelling words 	
 Daily Fix It practice 	
 Introduce grammar skill 	
Day 2	
Reading the selection	
Comprehension Skill Preview	
Grammar/Writing practice	
 Spelling practice 	
Daily Fix It Practice	
Day 3	
Reread selection	
Comprehension Check	
Spelling Practice	
Grammar/Writing Practice	
Daily Fix It Practice	
Day 4	
Read Skill Link	
Comprehension Skill Review	
Daily Fix it Practice	
Spelling Activity	
Grammar/Writing Practice	
Begin Interdisciplinary Activities	
Day 5	
Weekly Skills Assessment	
Spelling Test	
Complete Interdisciplinary Activities	
Selection Test	
Daily Fix It	
Week 4: "The Horned Toad Prince"	One week at two hours per day per lesson
Day1	
Teacher Read-Aloud	
Introduce new vocabulary	

 Introduce/practice spelling words 	
Daily Fix It practice	
Introduce grammar skill	
Day 2	
Reading the selection	
Comprehension Skill Preview	
Grammar/Writing practice	
Spelling practice	
Daily Fix It Practice	
Day 3	
Reread selection	
Comprehension Check	
Spelling Practice	
Grammar/Writing Practice	
Daily Fix It Practice	
Day 4	
Read Skill Link	
Comprehension Skill Review	
Daily Fix It Practice	
Spelling Activity	
Grammar/Writing Practice	
Begin Interdisciplinary Activities	
Day 5	
Weekly Skills Assessment	
Spelling Test	
Complete Interdisciplinary Activities	
Selection Test	
Daily Fix It	
Week 5: "Letters Home To Yosemite"	One week at two hours per day per lesson
Day1	one week at two hours per day per lesson
Teacher Read-Aloud	
Introduce new vocabulary	
 Introduce/practice spelling words 	
 Daily Fix it practice 	
Introduce grammar skill	
Day 2	
Reading the selection	
Comprehension Skill Preview	
 Grammar/Writing practice 	
 Spelling practice 	

•	Daily Fix it Practice	
Da	bay 3	
•	Reread selection	
•		
•		
•		
•		
Da	bay 4	
•		
•	Comprehension Skill Review	
•		
•		
•	Grammar/Writing Practice	
•	Begin Interdisciplinary Activities	
Da	Day 5	
•	Weekly Skills Assessment	
•	Spelling Test	
•	Complete Interdisciplinary Activities	
•	Selection Test	
•	Daily Fix It	
Те	eacher Notes	
	Based on students' abilities, lessons may be modified a	s needed
Cu	urriculum Development Resources:	
(C	Click the links below to access additional resources used to de	sign this unit)
w	vww.pearsonrealize.com or www.pearsonsuccess.net, www.	smartexchange com

www.pearsonrealize.com or www.pearsonsuccess.net, www.smartexchange.com

www.teacherspayteachers.com, www.abcya.com, www.corestandards.org

Content Area: English Language Arts

Unit Title: Unit Two, Teamwork

Target Course/Grade Level: Fourth Grade

Unit Summary/Content Statements:

- <u>Week 1</u>: prefixes *un* and *in*-, dialogue and narration, cause & effect, background knowledge, character, setting, plot, prefixes & suffixes, appropriate phrasing, poetry trait: word choice, common and proper nouns, adding –s and –es, media literacy: sportscast
- <u>Week 2</u>: word origins, similes and metaphors, draw conclusions, story structure, author's purpose, unknown words, expression, news article trait: focus/ideas, regular plural nouns, irregular plurals, media literacy: newscast
- <u>Week 3</u>: Latin prefixes *dis-*, *re-*, *non-*, sensory words, draw conclusions, questioning, cause and effect, poetry trait: word choice, irregular plural nouns, words with *ar*, *or*, readers' theater

- <u>Week 4</u>: compound words, dialogue and narration, fact and opinion, monitor and clarify, main idea and details, unknown words, expressions, expository composition trait: organization, singular possessive nouns, consonant patterns *ng*, *nk*, *ph*, *wh*, interview
- <u>Week 5</u>: suffix –*ly*, humor, main idea and details, inferring, fact and opinion, unknown words, expression, argument/persuasive essay trait: organization, plural possessive nouns, words with *ear*, *ir*, *our*, *ur*, panel discussion

Primary Interdisciplinary Connections:

• Reading passages include interdisciplinary activities in Art, Writing, Math, Social Studies, and Science.

21st Century Themes:

- Recognize a problem and brainstorm ways to solve the problem individually or collaboratively.
- Evaluate available resources that can assist in solving problems.
- Determine when the use of technology is appropriate to solve problems.
- Apply critical thinking and problem-solving skills in classroom and family settings.
- Participate in brainstorming sessions to seek information, ideas, and strategies that foster creative thinking.
- Practice collaborative skills in groups, and explain how these skills assist in completing tasks in different settings (at home, in school, and during play).
- Use effective oral and written communication in face-to-face and online interactions and when presenting to an audience.
- Express needs, wants, and feelings appropriately in various situations.
- Demonstrate an awareness of one's own culture and other cultures during interactions within and outside of the classroom.
- Explain the meaning of productivity and accountability, and describe situations in which productivity and accountability are important in the home, school, and community.
- Establish and follow performance goals to guide progress in assigned areas of responsibility and accountability during classroom projects and extra-curricular activities.
- Explain the importance of understanding and following rules in family, classroom, and community settings.

Unit Rationale:

All students will understand and apply the knowledge of sounds, letters, and words in written English to become independent and fluent readers and will read a variety of materials and texts with fluency and comprehension.

Learning Targets

Standards:

- **Reading for Literature (RL):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity.
- **Reading for Informational Text (RI):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity.
- **Reading Foundational Skills (RF):** Print Concepts, Phonological Awareness, Phonics & Word Recognition, and Fluency.
- Writing (W): Text Types and Purposes
- **Speaking & Listening (SL):** Comprehension & Collaboration and Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas.

CPI	age (L): Conventions of Standard English and Vocabulary Acquisition and Use. Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)	
	Cumulative Progress indicator (CPI)	
Number		
RL.4.1	Refer to details and examples in a text and make relevant connections when explaining what the text says	
	explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text.	
RL.4.3	Describe in depth a character, setting, or event in a story or drama, drawing on specific details in the text	
	(e.g., a character's thoughts, words, or actions) Refer to details and examples in a text and make relevant connections when explaining what the text says	
RI.4.1	explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text.	
RI.4.2	Determine the main idea of a text and explain how it is supported by key details; summarize the text.	
RI.4.5	Describe the overall structure (e.g., chronology, comparison, cause/effect, problem/solution) of events,	
KI.4.5	ideas, concepts, or information in a text or part of a text.	
RF.4.3	Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.	
RF.4.3.A	Use combined knowledge of all letter-sound correspondences, syllabication patterns, and morphology	
кг.4.э.А	(e.g., roots and affixes) to read accurately unfamiliar multisyllabic words in context and out of context.	
DE 4 4 D		
RF.4.4.B	Read grade-level prose and poetry orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings.	
W.4.1.A	Introduce a topic clearly and group related information in paragraphs and sections; include formatting	
W.4.1.A	(e.g., headings), illustrations, and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.	
W.4.1.B	Develop the topic with facts, definitions, concrete details, text evidence , or other information and	
	examples related to the topic.	
W.4.1.C	Link ideas within paragraphs and sections of information using words and phrases (e.g., another, for	
	example, also, because).	
W.4.2	Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly.	
W.4.2.A	Introduce a topic clearly and group related information in paragraphs and sections; include formatting	
	(e.g., headings), illustrations, and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.	
W.4.2.B	Develop the topic with facts, definitions, concrete details, text evidence, or other information and	
	examples related to the topic.	
W.4.4	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task,	
	purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)	
SL.4.1.A	Explicitly draw on previously read text or material and other information known about the topic to explore ideas under discussion.	
SL.4.1.B	Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions and carry out assigned roles.	
	Pose and respond to specific questions to clarify or follow up on information, and make comments that	
SL.4.1.C	contribute to the discussion and link to the remarks of others.	
SL.4.4	Report on a topic or text, tell a story, or recount an experience in an organized manner, using appropriate	
•=•••	facts and relevant, descriptive details to support main ideas or themes; speak clearly at an understandable	
	pace.	
L.4.1	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or	
	speaking.	
L.4.2	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling	
	when writing.	
L.4.2.A	Use correct capitalization	
L.4.3.A	Choose words and phrases to convey ideas precisely.	

L.4.4	Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 4 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.	
L.4.4.A Use context (e.g., definitions, examples, or restatements in text) as a clue to the meaning of a v phrase.		
L.4.4.B	.B Use common, grade-appropriate Greek and Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., telegraph, photograph, autograph).	
L.4.4.C	1.C Consult reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation and determine or clarify the precise meaning of key words and phrases.	
L.4.5	Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.	
L.4.5.A	Explain the meaning of simple similes and metaphors (e.g., as pretty as a picture) in context.	
L.4.5.B	Recognize and explain the meaning of common idioms, adages, and proverbs.	
L.4.6	Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, including those that signal precise actions, emotions, or states of being (e.g., quizzed, whined, stammered) and that are basic to a particular topic (e.g., wildlife, conservation, and endangered when discussing animal preservation).	

Unit Essential Questions	Unit Enduring Understandings
• What is the value of teamwork?	• Understanding of a text's features, structures,
 How can we learn to appreciate the talents of others? 	 and characteristics facilitate the reader's ability to make meaning of the text. Readers use language structure and content
• How can we work together to achieve a goal?	 clues to identify the intended meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text. Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and
What can teams accomplish?	make connections (text to text, text to world, text to self) to make text personally relevant and
 How can people and animals work as a team? What is the job of the President of the United States? 	 useful. Effective listeners are able to interpret and evaluate increasingly complex messages

Unit Learning Targets

The students will . . .

- Media Literacy: Sportscast partners will act as sportscaster and director to give a play-by-play account of a basketball game that Jo was playing in.
- Media Literacy: Newscast Students will create newscast to convince their audience that the broadcast is reliable and the information is accurate.
- Listening and Speaking: Readers' Theater Students will perform Readers' Theater to understand the structural elements particular to dramatic literature.
- Listening and Speaking: Interview Students will conduct interviews (asking relevant questions, making pertinent comments, and answering using accurate information.
- Listening and Speaking: Panel Discussion a group of people take turns talking about a topic in front of an audience (a chosen U.S. President).

Evidence of Learning		
Summative Assessment (5 days):		
Integrated Theme Skills Test		
Weekly Skill Tests		
 Weekly Spelling/Vocabulary Tests 		
Completed Projects		
Open-Ended Questions Formative Assessment:		
Oral Discussion		
Equipment Needed:		
Smart BoardStudent Books		
Practice Workbooks		
Teacher Resources:		
Lesson Plans		
Teacher's Manual		
	sson Plans	
Lesson	Time Frame	
Week 1: "What Jo Did"	One week at two hours per day per lesson	
Day1		
Teacher Read-Aloud		
 Introduce new vocabulary 		
 Introduce/practice spelling words 		
Daily Fix It		
 Introduce grammar skill 		
Day 2		
 Reading the selection 		
Comprehension Skill Preview		
 Grammar/Writing practice 		
Spelling practice		
Daily Fix It		
Day 3		
Reread selection		
Comprehension Check		
Spelling Practice		
Grammar/Writing Practice		
Daily Fix It		
Day 4		
Read Skill Link		
 Comprehension Skill Review 		

Daily Fix It	
Spelling Activity	
Grammar/Writing Practice	
Begin Interdisciplinary Activities	
Day 5	
Weekly Skills Assessment	
Spelling Test	
Complete Interdisciplinary Activities	
Selection Test	
Week 2: "Coyote School News"	One week at two hours per day per lesson
Day1	
Teacher Read-Aloud	
Introduce new vocabulary	
 Introduce/practice spelling words 	
Daily Fix It	
 Introduce grammar skill 	
Day 2	
Reading the selection	
Comprehension Skill Preview	
Grammar/Writing practice	
Spelling practice	
Daily Fix It	
Day 3	
Reread selection	
Comprehension Check	
Spelling Practice	
Grammar/Writing Practice	
Daily Fix It	
Day 4	
Read Skill Link	
Comprehension Skill Review	
Daily Fix It	
Spelling Activity	
Grammar/Writing Practice	
Begin Interdisciplinary Activities	
Day 5	
Weekly Skills Assessment	
Spelling Test	
Complete Interdisciplinary Activities	
Selection Test	

Week 3: "Scene Two"	One week at two hours per day per lesson
Day 1	
Teacher Read-Aloud	
 Introduce new vocabulary 	
 Introduce/practice spelling words 	
Daily Fix It	
 Introduce grammar skill 	
Day 2	
 Reading the selection 	
Comprehension Skill Preview	
Grammar/Writing practice	
Spelling practice	
Daily Fix It	
Day 3	
 Reread selection 	
Comprehension Check	
Spelling Practice	
Grammar/Writing Practice	
• Daily Fix It	
Day 4	
Read Skill Link	
Comprehension Skill Review	
Daily Fix It	
 Spelling Activity 	
Grammar/Writing Practice	
Begin Interdisciplinary Activities	
Day 5	
Weekly Skills Assessment	
Spelling Test	
Complete Interdisciplinary Activities	
Selection Test	
Week 4: "Horse Heroes"	One week at two hours per day per lesson
Day1	
Teacher Read-Aloud	
 Introduce new vocabulary 	
 Introduce/practice spelling words 	
• Daily Fix It	
 Introduce grammar skill 	
Day 2	
 Reading the selection 	

	1
Comprehension Skill Preview	
 Grammar/Writing practice 	
Spelling practice	
Daily Fix It	
Day 3	
Reread selection	
Comprehension Check	
Spelling Practice	
Grammar/Writing Practice	
Daily Fix It	
Day 4	
Read Skill Link	
Comprehension Skill Review	
Daily Fix It	
 Spelling Activity 	
Grammar/Writing Practice	
Begin Interdisciplinary Activities	
Day 5	
 Weekly Skills Assessment 	
 Spelling Test 	
 Complete Interdisciplinary Activities 	
 Selection Test 	
Week 5: "So You Want to be President?"	One week at two hours per day per lesson
Day1	
Teacher Read-Aloud	
Introduce new vocabulary	
Introduce/practice spelling words	
Daily Fix It	
Introduce grammar skill	
Day 2	
Reading the selection	
Comprehension Skill Preview	
Grammar/Writing practice	
Spelling practice	
Daily Fix It	
Day 3	
Reread selection	
Comprehension Check	
Spelling Practice	
Grammar/Writing Practice	
	221

Daily Fix It
Day 4
Read Skill Link
Comprehension Skill Review
Daily Fix It
Spelling Activity
Grammar/Writing Practice
Begin Interdisciplinary Activities
Day 5
Weekly Skills Assessment
Spelling Test
Complete Interdisciplinary Activities
Selection Test

Curriculum Development Resources:

(Click the links below to access additional resources used to design this unit)

www.pearsonrealize.com or www.pearsonsuccess.net, www.smartexchange.com

www.teacherspayteachers.com, www.abcya.com, www.corestandards.org

Content Area: English Language Arts

Unit Title: Unit Three, Patterns in Nature

Target Course/Grade Level: Fourth Grade

Unit Summary/Content Statements:

- <u>Week 1</u>: Latin Word Origins, formal and informal language, graphic sources, important ideas, fact and opinion, multiple-meaning words, expression, narrative poem trait: organization, action and linking verbs, add –*ed*, -*ing*, persuasive speech
- <u>Week 2</u>: Greek roots *bio-, phon, graph,* flashback, fact and opinion, text structure, graphic sources, text structure, multiple-meaning words, expression, invitation trait: voice, main and helping verbs, homophones, interview
- <u>Week 3</u>: Related words, point of view, generalize, visualize, draw conclusions, unfamiliar words, appropriate phrasing, myth trait: sentences, subject-verb agreement, vowel sound in *shout*, readers' theater
- <u>Week 4</u>: Latin Roots *struct, scrib, script*, personification, cause and effect, predict and set purpose, graphic sources, root words, appropriate phrasing, formal letter trait: organization, past present, and future tenses, compound words, weather broadcast

• <u>Week 5</u>: Related words, exaggeration/hyperbole, generalize, inferring, draw conclusions, affixes: suffixes, appropriate phrasing, summary – trait: sentences, irregular verbs, possessives, how-to demonstration

Primary Interdisciplinary Connections:

• Reading passages include interdisciplinary activities in Art, Writing, Math, Social Studies, and Science.

21st Century Themes:

- Recognize a problem and brainstorm ways to solve the problem individually or collaboratively.
- Evaluate available resources that can assist in solving problems.
- Determine when the use of technology is appropriate to solve problems.
- Apply critical thinking and problem-solving skills in classroom and family settings.
- Participate in brainstorming sessions to seek information, ideas, and strategies that foster creative thinking.
- Practice collaborative skills in groups, and explain how these skills assist in completing tasks in different settings (at home, in school, and during play).
- Use effective oral and written communication in face-to-face and online interactions and when presenting to an audience.
- Express needs, wants, and feelings appropriately in various situations.
- Demonstrate an awareness of one's own culture and other cultures during interactions within and outside of the classroom.
- Explain the meaning of productivity and accountability, and describe situations in which productivity and accountability are important in the home, school, and community.
- Establish and follow performance goals to guide progress in assigned areas of responsibility and accountability during classroom projects and extra-curricular activities.
- Explain the importance of understanding and following rules in family, classroom, and community settings.

Unit Rationale:

All students will understand and apply the knowledge of sounds, letters, and words in written English to become independent and fluent readers and will read a variety of materials and texts with fluency and comprehension.

Learning Targets

Standards:

- **Reading for Literature (RL):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity.
- **Reading for Informational Text (RI):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity.
- **Reading Foundational Skills (RF):** Print Concepts, Phonological Awareness, Phonics & Word Recognition, and Fluency.
- Writing (W): Text Types and Purposes

Ideas.	ng & Listening (SL): Comprehension & Collaboration and Presentation of Knowledge and		
	uage (L): Conventions of Standard English and Vocabulary Acquisition and Use.		
CPI	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)		
Number			
RL.4.1	Refer to details and examples in a text and make relevant connections when explaining what the text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text.		
RL.4.6	Compare and contrast the point of view from which different stories are narrated, including the different		
RL.4.7	between first- and third-person narrations. Make connections between specific descriptions and directions in a text and a visual or oral representation of the text.		
RI.4.1	Refer to details and examples in a text and make relevant connections when explaining what the text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text.		
RI.4.2	Determine the main idea of a text and explain how it is supported by key details; summarize the text.		
RI.4.5	Describe the overall structure (e.g., chronology, comparison, cause/effect, problem/solution) of events, ideas, concepts, or information in a text or part of a text.		
RI.4.7	Interpret information presented visually, orally, or quantitatively (e.g., in charts, graphs, diagrams, time lines, animations, or interactive elements on Web pages) and explain how the information contributes to an understanding of the text in which it appears.		
RI.4.8	Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence to support particular points in a text.		
RI.4.10	By the end of year, read and comprehend literary nonfiction at grade level text-complexity or above, with scaffolding as needed.		
RF.4.4	Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension		
RF.4.4.B	Read grade-level prose and poetry orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings.		
RF.4.4.C	Use context to confirm or self-correct word recognition and understanding, rereading as necessary		
W.4.2.A	Introduce a topic clearly and group related information in paragraphs and sections; include formatting (e.g., headings), illustrations, and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension		
W.4.3	Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using narrative technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences		
W.4.3.A	Orient the reader by establishing a situation and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally		
W.4.4	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)		
SL.4.1.C	Pose and respond to specific questions to clarify or follow up on information, and make comments that contribute to the discussion and link to the remarks of others.		
SL.4.2	Paraphrase portions of a text read aloud or information presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, and orally)		
SL.4.4			
SL.4.5	Add audio recordings and visual displays to presentations when appropriate to enhance the development of main ideas or themes.		
L.4.1	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.		
L.4.1.F	Produce complete sentences, recognizing and correcting inappropriate fragments and run-ons.*		

L.4.1.G	Correctly use frequently confused words (e.g., to, too, two; there, their).*		
L.4.2	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling		
	when writing.		
L.4.2.D	Spell grade-appropriate words corre	ctly, consulting references as needed.	
L.4.3	Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.		
L.4.4	Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 4 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.		
L.4.4.A	Use context (e.g., definitions, examples, or restatements in text) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.		
L.4.4.B	·		
Unit Essen	tial Questions	Unit Enduring Understandings	
 patter What lives o How h patter How d lives? 	is the value of looking at rns in nature? patterns in nature guide the of animals? nave people explained the rn of day and night? do weather patterns affect our causes changes in nature? are some patterns in nature?	 Understanding of a text's features, structures, and characteristics facilitate the reader's ability to make meaning of the text. Readers use language structure and content clues to identify the intended meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text. Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and make connections (text to text, text to world, text to self) to make text personally relevant and useful. 	

Unit Learning Targets

The students will . . .

- Listening and Speaking: Persuasive Speech Students will work together to skim and scan the selection for supporting ideas they can include in their speech to convince people that Luke Howard's cloud-naming system should be the official way of naming clouds.
- Listening and Speaking: Interview Students will conduct an interview with a partner. One student will pretend to be Adelina, while the other will pretend to be a TV reporter. The students pretending to be Adelina should think about the kinds of opinions she would have and to respond as she would respond. The students pretending to be TV reporters will ask relevant questions that listeners would want to know the answers to.
- Listening and Speaking: Readers' Theater Students will choose a scene from How Night Came from the Sea for their Readers' Theater. They will perform their scenes for the class and discuss/answer questions about the scene.
- Media Literacy: Weather Broadcast Students will research information for a weather broadcast. They will include graphic sources that support their broadcast.
- Listening and Speaking: How-to Demonstration Students will give a how-to demonstration that includes a series of related sequences of action.

Evidence o	f Learning
Summative Assessment (5 days):	-
Integrated Theme Skills Test	
Weekly Skill Tests	
Weekly Spelling/Vocabulary Tests	
Completed Projects	
Open-Ended Questions	
Formative Assessment:	
Oral Discussion	
Equipment Needed:	
Smart Board	
Student Books	
Practice Workbooks	
Teacher Resources:	
Lesson Plans	
Teacher's Manual	
Lesson	
Lesson	Time frame
Week 1: "The Man Who Named the Clouds"	One week at two hours per day per lessor
Day1	
 Teacher Read-Aloud 	
 Introduce new vocabulary 	
 Introduce/practice spelling words 	
 Daily Fix It 	
 Introduce grammar skill 	
Day 2	
Reading the selection	
Reading the selectionComprehension Skill Preview	
Reading the selectionComprehension Skill PreviewGrammar/Writing practice	
 Reading the selection Comprehension Skill Preview Grammar/Writing practice Spelling practice 	
 Reading the selection Comprehension Skill Preview Grammar/Writing practice Spelling practice Daily Fix It 	
 Reading the selection Comprehension Skill Preview Grammar/Writing practice Spelling practice Daily Fix It Day 3 	
 Reading the selection Comprehension Skill Preview Grammar/Writing practice Spelling practice Daily Fix It Day 3 Reread selection 	
 Reading the selection Comprehension Skill Preview Grammar/Writing practice Spelling practice Daily Fix It Day 3 Reread selection Comprehension Check 	
 Reading the selection Comprehension Skill Preview Grammar/Writing practice Spelling practice Daily Fix It Day 3 Reread selection Comprehension Check Spelling Practice 	
 Comprehension Skill Preview Grammar/Writing practice Spelling practice Daily Fix It Day 3 Reread selection Comprehension Check 	

Day 4

• Read Skill Link

• Daily Fix It

• Comprehension Skill Review

•	Spelling Activity	
•	Grammar/Writing Practice	
•	Begin Interdisciplinary Activities	
Da	y 5	
•	Weekly Skills Assessment	
•	Spelling Test	
•	Complete Interdisciplinary Activities	
•	Selection Test	
W	eek 2: "Adelina's Whales"	One week at two hours per day per lesson
Da	y1	
•	Teacher Read-Aloud	
•	Introduce new vocabulary	
•	Introduce/practice spelling words	
•	Daily Fix It	
٠	Introduce grammar skill	
Da	y 2	
•	Reading the selection	
•	Comprehension Skill Preview	
•	Grammar/Writing practice	
•	Spelling practice	
•	Daily Fix It	
Da	y 3	
٠	Reread selection	
٠	Comprehension Check	
•	Spelling Practice	
•	Grammar/Writing Practice	
•	Daily Fix It	
Da	у 4	
•	Read Skill Link	
•	Comprehension Skill Review	
•	Daily Fix It	
•	Spelling Activity	
•	Grammar/Writing Practice	
•	Begin Interdisciplinary Activities	
Da	y 5	
•	Weekly Skills Assessment	
•	Spelling Test	
•	Complete Interdisciplinary Activities	
•	Selection Test	

Week 3: "How Night Came from the Sea"	One week at two hours per day per lesson
Day1	
Teacher Read-Aloud	
Introduce new vocabulary	
 Introduce/practice spelling words 	
Daily Fix It	
 Introduce grammar skill 	
Day 2	
Reading the selection	
Comprehension Skill Preview	
Grammar/Writing practice	
Spelling practice	
Daily Fix It	
Day 3	
 Reread selection 	
Comprehension Check	
 Spelling Practice 	
 Grammar/Writing Practice 	
 Daily Fix It 	
Day 4	
 Read Skill Link 	
Comprehension Skill Review	
Daily Fix It	
Spelling Activity	
Grammar/Writing Practice	
Begin Interdisciplinary Activities	
Day 5	
Weekly Skills Assessment	
Spelling Test	
Complete Interdisciplinary Activities	
Selection Test	
Week 4: "Eye of the Storm"	One week at two hours per day per lesson
Day1	
Teacher Read-Aloud	
Introduce new vocabulary	
 Introduce/practice spelling words 	
Daily Fix It	
 Introduce grammar skill 	
Day 2	

-	Deading the colorticu	
•	Reading the selection	
	Comprehension Skill Preview	
•	Grammar/Writing practice	
•	Spelling practice	
	Daily Fix It	
Da	y 3 Deveed extension	
•	Reread selection	
•	Comprehension Check	
	Spelling Practice	
•	Grammar/Writing Practice	
•	Daily Fix It	
	Read Skill Link	
•	Comprehension Skill Review	
	Daily Fix It	
	Spelling Activity	
•	Grammar/Writing Practice	
•	Begin Interdisciplinary Activities	
	y 5	
•	Weekly Skills Assessment	
•	Spelling Test	
•	Complete Interdisciplinary Activities	
•	Selection Test	
	eek 5: "Paul Bunyan"	One week at two hours per day per lesson
Da	•	
•	Teacher Read-Aloud	
•	Introduce new vocabulary	
•	Introduce/practice spelling words	
•	Daily Fix It	
•	Introduce grammar skill	
Da	y 2	
•	Reading the selection	
	Comprehension Skill Preview	
	Grammar/Writing practice	
	Spelling practice	
	Daily Fix It	
	y 3	
•	Reread selection	
	Comprehension Check	
•		

- Spelling Practice
- Grammar/Writing Practice
- Daily Fix It

Day 4

- Read Skill Link
- Comprehension Skill Review
- Daily Fix It
- Spelling Activity
- Grammar/Writing Practice
- Begin Interdisciplinary Activities

Day 5

- Weekly Skills Assessment
- Spelling Test
- Complete Interdisciplinary Activities
- Selection Test

Teacher Notes

• Based on students' abilities, lessons may be modified as needed

Curriculum Development Resources:

(Click the links below to access additional resources used to design this unit)

www.pearsonrealize.com or www.pearsonsuccess.net, www.smartexchange.com

www.teacherspayteachers.com, www.abcya.com, www.corestandards.org

Content Area: English Language Arts

Unit Title: Unit Four, Puzzles and Mysteries

Target Course/Grade Level: Fourth Grade

Unit Summary/Content Statements:

- <u>Week 1</u>: Suffixes –ian, -ist, -ism, idioms and jargon, compare & contrast, visualize, cause & effect, synonyms & antonyms, expression, mystery trait: word choice, singular and plural pronouns, contractions, advertisement
- <u>Week 2</u>: Latin Roots aqua, dict, word choice, compare & contrast, summarize, generalize, multiplemeaning words, appropriate phrasing, song – trait: word choice, kinds of pronouns, final syllable patterns, media literacy: TV commercial
- <u>Week 3</u>: Prefixes *im-, in-,* tone, sequence, important ideas, generalize, unknown words, expression, instructions trait: organization, pronouns & antecedents, consonant digraph /sh/, interview
- <u>Week 4</u>: Greek and Latin prefixes *trans-, tele-,* idioms, graphic sources, predict & set purpose, compare & contrast, Greek and Latin roots, appropriate phrasing, problem-solution essay trait: focus/ideas, possessive pronouns, consonants /j/, /ks/, and /kw/, retelling
- <u>Week 5</u>: Greek prefixes amphi-, anti-, similes and metaphors, literary elements: character & plot, monitor & clarify, compare & contrast, synonyms & antonyms, appropriate expression, adventure story trait: word choice, contractions and negatives, prefixes *un-, dis-, in-*, media literacy: newscast

Primary Interdisciplinary Connections:

• Reading passages include interdisciplinary activities in Art, Writing, Math, Social Studies, and Science.

21st Century Themes:

- Recognize a problem and brainstorm ways to solve the problem individually or collaboratively.
- Evaluate available resources that can assist in solving problems.
- Determine when the use of technology is appropriate to solve problems.
- Apply critical thinking and problem-solving skills in classroom and family settings.
- Participate in brainstorming sessions to seek information, ideas, and strategies that foster creative thinking.
- Practice collaborative skills in groups, and explain how these skills assist in completing tasks in different settings (at home, in school, and during play).
- Use effective oral and written communication in face-to-face and online interactions and when presenting to an audience.
- Express needs, wants, and feelings appropriately in various situations.
- Demonstrate an awareness of one's own culture and other cultures during interactions within and outside of the classroom.
- Explain the meaning of productivity and accountability, and describe situations in which productivity and accountability are important in the home, school, and community.
- Establish and follow performance goals to guide progress in assigned areas of responsibility and accountability during classroom projects and extra-curricular activities.
- Explain the importance of understanding and following rules in family, classroom, and community settings.

Unit Rationale:

All students will understand and apply the knowledge of sounds, letters, and words in written English to become independent and fluent readers and will read a variety of materials and texts with fluency and comprehension.

Learning Targets

Standards:

- **Reading for Literature (RL):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
- **Reading for Informational Text (RI):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
- **Reading Foundational Skills (RF):** Print Concepts, Phonological Awareness, Phonics & Word Recognition, and Fluency
- Writing (W): Text Types & Purposes
- Speaking & Listening (SL): Comprehension & Collaboration and Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas
- Language (L): Conventions of Standard English and Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

CPI	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)	
Number		
RL.4.1	Refer to details and examples in a text and make relevant connections when explaining what the text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text.	
RL.4.3	Describe in depth a character, setting, or event in a story or drama, drawing on specific details in the text (e.g., a character's thoughts, words, or actions).	

1	Compare, contrast and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) stories in the same genre (e.g., mysteries and adventure stories) on their approaches to similar
1	
	themes and topics.
	By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems at grade
	level text-complexity or above, with scaffolding as needed.
	Refer to details and examples in a text and make relevant connections when explaining what the text says
	explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text.
	Determine the main idea of a text and explain how it is supported by key details; summarize the text.
	Explain events, procedures, ideas, or concepts in a historical, scientific, or technical text, including what
	happened and why, based on specific information in the text.
	Interpret information presented visually, orally, or quantitatively (e.g., in charts, graphs, diagrams, time
	lines, animations, or interactive elements on Web pages) and explain how the information contributes to
í	an understanding of the text in which it appears.
RF.4.4	Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension.
RF.4.4.B	Read grade-level prose and poetry orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive
	readings.
	Introduce a topic or text clearly, state an opinion, and create an organizational structure in which related
	ideas are grouped to support the writer's purpose.
	Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly.
	Introduce a topic clearly and group related information in paragraphs and sections; include formatting
	(e.g., headings), illustrations, and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.
	Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using narrative technique, descriptive
	details, and clear event sequences.
	Orient the reader by establishing a situation and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an
1	event sequence that unfolds naturally.
W.4.3.D	Use concrete words and phrases and sensory details to convey experiences and events precisely.
W.4.5	With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning,
	revising, and editing. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1–3 up
	to and including grade 4 on page 29.)
	With some guidance and support from adults, use technology, including the Internet, to produce and
	publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others; demonstrate sufficient command of
	keyboarding skills to type a minimum of one page in a single sitting.
	Pose and respond to specific questions to clarify or follow up on information, and make comments that
	contribute to the discussion and link to the remarks of others
	Identify the reasons and evidence a speaker provides to support particular points.
	Report on a topic or text, tell a story, or recount an experience in an organized manner, using appropriate
	facts and relevant, descriptive details to support main ideas or themes; speak clearly at an understandable
	pace. Add audio recordings and visual displays to presentations when appropriate to enhance the development
	of main ideas or themes.
	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or
	speaking.
	Spell grade-appropriate words correctly, consulting references as needed.
	Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.
	Choose words and phrases to convey ideas precisely.

L.4.3.C	C Differentiate between contexts that call for formal English (e.g., presenting ideas) and situations where		
	informal discourse is appropriate (e.		
L.4.4	Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 4 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.		
L.4.4.A	Use context (e.g., definitions, examples, or restatements in text) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.		
L.4.4.B	Use common, grade-appropriate Greek and Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., telegraph, photograph, autograph).		
L.4.4.C	Consult reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation and determine or clarify the precise meaning of key words and phrases.		
L.4.5.C Demonstrate understanding of words by relating them to their opposites (antonyms) and to words v similar but not identical meanings (synonyms).			
L.4.6 Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words including those that signal precise actions, emotions, or states of being (e.g., quizzed, whine and that are basic to a particular topic (e.g., wildlife, conservation, and endangered when d preservation).		ctions, emotions, or states of being (e.g., quizzed, whined, stammered)	
Unit Essent		Unit Enduring Understandings	
 Unit Essential Questions Why can't you always believe what you think you see? Why do animals behave the way they do? Why are secret codes necessary? How can knowing another language create understanding? How can attention to detail help solve a problem? Is there an explanation for everything? 		 Understanding of a text's features, structures, and characteristics facilitate the reader's ability to make meaning of the text. Readers use language structure and content clues to identify the intended meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text. Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and make connections (text to text, text to world, text to self) to make text personally relevant and useful. Effective listeners are able to interpret and evaluate increasingly complex messages 	
	ing Targets		
The studen	ts will		

Listening and Speaking: Advertisement – Pairs of students will collaborate on a newspaper advertisement for the Science Detectives. Students will present the newspaper advertisement to the class.

- Media Literacy: TV Commercial Students will work together to make a two-column chart headed *Positives* and *Negatives*. They will skim selection to find examples of positive and negative. Partners will use the ideas in their Positives column to create their commercial. They will share their commercial with the class.
- Listening and Speaking: Interview Some students will pretend to be Roy Hawthorne and others will pretend to be a newspaper reporter. Students pretending to be Roy Hawthorne will use accurate information from the text to decide what kinds of opinions he might have about his experience as a code talker. Students pretending to be newspaper reporters will ask relevant questions that readers would want to know about and to write Hawthorne's answers.
- Listening and Speaking: Retelling Students will reread *Seeker of Knowledge* and make a list of the events in the order in which they happen. They will practice their retellings in small groups and then present their retelling for the class.

• Media Literacy: Newscast – Students will write and present a successful newscast, playing the roles of a writer, a director, and a newscaster. They will present the newscast with their partners.

Evidence of Learning

Summative Assessment (5 days):

- Integrated Theme Skills Test
- Weekly Skill Tests
- Weekly Spelling/Vocabulary Tests
- Completed Projects
- Open-Ended Questions

Formative Assessment:

Oral Discussion

Equipment Needed:

- Smart Board
- Student Books
- Practice Workbooks

Teacher Resources:

- Lesson Plans
- Teacher's Manual

Lesson Plans		
Lesson	Time frame	
Week 1: "The Case of the Gasping Garbage"	One week at two hours per day per lesson	
Day1		
Teacher Read-Aloud		
 Introduce new vocabulary 		
 Introduce/practice spelling words 		
Daily Fix It		
 Introduce grammar skill 		
Day 2		
Reading the selection		
Comprehension Skill Preview		
Grammar/Writing practice		
Spelling practice		
Daily Fix It		
Day 3		
Reread selection		
Comprehension Check		
Spelling Practice		
Grammar/Writing Practice		
Daily Fix It		
Day 4		

•	Read Skill Link	
•	Comprehension Skill Review	
Daily Fix It		
•	Spelling Activity	
•	Grammar/Writing Practice	
•	Begin Interdisciplinary Activities	
Da	y 5	
•	Weekly Skills Assessment	
•	Spelling Test	
•	Complete Interdisciplinary Activities	
•	Selection Test	
W	eek 2: "Encantado: Pink Dolphin of the Amazon"	One week at two hours per day per lesson
Da	y1	
•	Teacher Read-Aloud	
•	Introduce new vocabulary	
•	Introduce/practice spelling words	
•	Daily Fix It	
•	Introduce grammar skill	
Da	iy 2	
•	Reading the selection	
•	Comprehension Skill Preview	
•	Grammar/Writing practice	
•	Spelling practice	
•	Daily Fix It	
Da	iy 3	
•	Reread selection	
•	Comprehension Check	
•	Spelling Practice	
•	Grammar/Writing Practice	
•	Daily Fix It	
Da	y 4	
•	Read Skill Link	
•	Comprehension Skill Review	
•	Daily Fix It	
•	Spelling Activity	
•	Grammar/Writing Practice	
	Begin Interdisciplinary Activities	
Da	iy 5 Maaldu Skilla Assassment	
	Weekly Skills Assessment	
•	Spelling Test	

Complete Interdisciplinary Activities	
Selection Test	
Week 3: "Navajo Code Talkers"	One week at two hours per day per lesson
Day1	
 Teacher Read-Aloud 	
 Introduce new vocabulary 	
 Introduce/practice spelling words 	
Daily Fix It	
 Introduce grammar skill 	
Day 2	
 Reading the selection 	
 Comprehension Skill Preview 	
 Grammar/Writing practice 	
 Spelling practice 	
Daily Fix It	
Day 3	
Reread selection	
Comprehension Check	
Spelling Practice	
 Grammar/Writing Practice 	
Daily Fix It	
Day 4	
Read Skill Link	
 Comprehension Skill Review 	
Daily Fix It	
Spelling Activity	
 Grammar/Writing Practice 	
 Begin Interdisciplinary Activities 	
Day 5	
Weekly Skills Assessment	
Spelling Test	
Complete Interdisciplinary Activities	
Selection Test	
Week 4: "Seeker of Knowledge"	One week at two hours per day per lesson
Day1	
Teacher Read-Aloud	
Introduce new vocabulary	
 Introduce/practice spelling words 	
Daily Fix It	
Introduce grammar skill	

n-		
Da	y 2	
•	Reading the selection	
•	Comprehension Skill Preview	
•	Grammar/Writing practice	
•	Spelling practice	
	Daily Fix It	
	y 3 Deveed extension	
	Reread selection	
•	Comprehension Check	
•	Spelling Practice	
	Grammar/Writing Practice	
•	Daily Fix It	
•	Read Skill Link	
	Comprehension Skill Review	
•	Daily Fix It	
•	Spelling Activity	
•	Grammar/Writing Practice	
•	Begin Interdisciplinary Activities	
	y 5	
	Weekly Skills Assessment	
•	Spelling Test	
•	Complete Interdisciplinary Activities	
-	Selection Test	
	eek 5: "Encyclopedia Brown"	One week at two hours per day per lesson
Da	-	
•	Teacher Read-Aloud	
•	Introduce new vocabulary	
•	Introduce/practice spelling words	
•	Daily Fix It	
•	Introduce grammar skill	
Da	y 2	
•	Reading the selection	
•	Comprehension Skill Preview	
•	Grammar/Writing practice	
•	Spelling practice	
•	Daily Fix It	
Da	у З	
•	Reread selection	
•	Comprehension Check	

 Spelling Practice 	
 Grammar/Writing Practice 	
Daily Fix It	
Day 4	
Read Skill Link	
Comprehension Skill Review	
Daily Fix It	
Spelling Activity	
Grammar/Writing Practice	
Begin Interdisciplinary Activities	
Day 5	
Weekly Skills Assessment	
Spelling Test	
Complete Interdisciplinary Activities	
Selection Test	
Teacher Notes	

• Based on students' abilities, lessons may be modified as needed

Curriculum Development Resources:

(Click the links below to access additional resources used to design this unit)

www.pearsonrealize.com or www.pearsonsuccess.net

Content Area: English Language Arts

Unit Title: Unit Five, Adventures by Land, Air, and Water

Target Course/Grade Level: Fourth Grade

Unit Summary/Content Statements:

- <u>Week 1</u>: French word origins, word choice, author's purpose, important ideas, graphic sources, homographs, rate and accuracy, fantasy trait: sentences, adjectives & articles, multisyllabic words, dramatization
- <u>Week 2</u>: Suffixes *-ous, -able, -ible,* sensory words, compare & contrast, visualize, literary elements: character & plot, Greek and Latin Roots, appropriate phrasing, legend trait: sentences, adverbs, words with double consonants, media literacy: radio announcement
- <u>Week 3</u>: Related words, imagery, Literary Elements: character, plot, & theme, story structure, author's purpose, unfamiliar words, appropriate expression, thank-you note trait: word choice, comparative & superlative adjectives and adverbs, Greek word parts, how-to demonstration
- <u>Week 4</u>: Suffix –ion, word choice, main idea and details, text structure, fact & opinion, Greek and Latin prefixes, expression, persuasive ad trait: focus/ideas, time-order words, Latin roots, panel discussion
- <u>Week 5</u>: Word origins German, point of view, draw conclusions, monitor & clarify, literary elements: character, plot, & theme, synonyms, rate & accuracy, personal narrative trait: sentences, prepositions & prepositional phrases, related words, media literacy: talk show

Primary Interdisciplinary Connections:

• Reading passages include interdisciplinary activities in Art, Writing, Math, Social Studies, and Science.

21st Century Themes:

- Recognize a problem and brainstorm ways to solve the problem individually or collaboratively.
- Evaluate available resources that can assist in solving problems.
- Determine when the use of technology is appropriate to solve problems.
- Apply critical thinking and problem-solving skills in classroom and family settings.
- Participate in brainstorming sessions to seek information, ideas, and strategies that foster creative thinking.
- Practice collaborative skills in groups, and explain how these skills assist in completing tasks in different settings (at home, in school, and during play).
- Use effective oral and written communication in face-to-face and online interactions and when presenting to an audience.
- Express needs, wants, and feelings appropriately in various situations.
- Demonstrate an awareness of one's own culture and other cultures during interactions within and outside of the classroom.
- Explain the meaning of productivity and accountability, and describe situations in which productivity and accountability are important in the home, school, and community.
- Establish and follow performance goals to guide progress in assigned areas of responsibility and accountability during classroom projects and extra-curricular activities.
- Explain the importance of understanding and following rules in family, classroom, and community settings.

Unit Rationale:

All students will understand and apply the knowledge of sounds, letters, and words in written English to become independent and fluent readers and will read a variety of materials and texts with fluency and comprehension

Learning Targets

Standards:

- **Reading for Literature (RL):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
- **Reading for Informational Text (RI):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
- **Reading Foundational Skills (RF):** Print Concepts, Phonological Awareness, Phonics & Word Recognition, and Fluency
- Writing (W): Text Types & Purposes
- Speaking & Listening (SL): Comprehension & Collaboration and Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas
- Language (L): Conventions of Standard English and Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

CPI	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)	
Number		
RL.4.2	Determine a theme of a story, drama, or poem from details in the text; summarize the text.	
RL.4.3	Describe in depth a character, setting, or event in a story or drama, drawing on specific details in the text (e.g., a character's thoughts, words, or actions).	
RI.4.1	Refer to details and examples in a text and make relevant connections when explaining what the text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text.	

RI.4.2	Determine the main idea of a text and explain how it is supported by key details; summarize the text.
RI.4.4	Determine the meaning of general academic and domain-specific words or phrases in a text relevant to a
NI. 4 .4	grade 4 topic or subject area.
RI.4.5	Describe the overall structure (e.g., chronology, comparison, cause/effect, problem/solution) of events,
	ideas, concepts, or information in a text or part of a text.
RI.4.6	Compare and contrast a firsthand and secondhand account of the same event or topic; describe the
	differences in focus and the information provided.
RI.4.8	Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence to support particular points in a text.
RF.4.3	Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.
RF.4.3.A	Use combined knowledge of all letter-sound correspondences, syllabication patterns, and morphology
	(e.g., roots and affixes) to read accurately unfamiliar multisyllabic words in context and out of context.
RF.4.4.A	Read grade-level text with purpose and understanding
RF.4.4.B	Read grade-level prose and poetry orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive
	readings.
W.4.1	Write opinion pieces on topics or texts, supporting a point of view with reasons and information.
W.4.1.A	Introduce a topic or text clearly, state an opinion, and create an organizational structure in which related
	ideas are grouped to support the writer's purpose.
W.4.1.B	Provide reasons that are supported by facts from texts and/or other sources.
W.4.1.D	Provide a conclusion related to the opinion presented.
W.4.3	Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using narrative technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences.
W.4.3.A	Orient the reader by establishing a situation and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an
W.4.J.A	event sequence that unfolds naturally.
W.4.3.C	Use a variety of transitional words and phrases to manage the sequence of events.
W.4.3.D	Use concrete words and phrases and sensory details to convey experiences and events precisely.
W.4.4	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task,
	purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)
W.4.10	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, metacognition/self-correction
	and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific
SL.4.1.A	tasks, purposes, and audiences. Explicitly draw on previously read text or material and other information known about the topic to explore
3L.4.1.A	ideas under discussion.
SL.4.1.C	Pose and respond to specific questions to clarify or follow up on information, and make comments that
02141210	contribute to the discussion and link to the remarks of others.
SL.4.1.D	Review the key ideas expressed and explain their own ideas and understanding in light of the discussion.
SL.4.4	Report on a topic or text, tell a story, or recount an experience in an organized manner, using appropriate
	facts and relevant, descriptive details to support main ideas or themes; speak clearly at an understandable
	pace.
L.4.1	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or
	speaking.
L.4.1.D	Order adjectives within sentences according to conventional patterns (e.g., a small red bag rather than a
	red small bag).
L.4.1.E	Form and use prepositional phrases.
L.4.1.F	Produce complete sentences, recognizing and correcting inappropriate fragments and run-ons.

L.4.1.G	Correctly use frequently confused words (e.g., to, too, two; there, their).		
L.4.2.D	Spell grade-appropriate words correctly, consulting references as needed.		
L.4.4.A	Use context (e.g., definitions, examples, or restatements in text) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase		
L.4.4.B	Use common, grade-appropriate Greek and Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., telegraph, photograph, autograph).		
L.4.4.C	Consult reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation and determine or clarify the precise meaning of key words and phrases.		
L.4.5.C	Demonstrate understanding of words by relating them to their opposites (antonyms) and to words with similar but not identical meanings (synonyms).		
L.4.6	including those that signal precise acti	e-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, e actions, emotions, or states of being (e.g., quizzed, whined, stammered) topic (e.g., wildlife, conservation, and endangered when discussing animal	
Unit Essent	· · ·	Unit Enduring Understandings	
 What see expedi What of the un What a moon? 	does it take to be a hero? does a person sacrifice to explore known? are the risks of walking on the	 Understanding of a text's features, structures, and characteristics facilitate the reader's ability to make meaning of the text. Readers use language structure and content clues to identify the intended meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text. Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and make connections (text to text, text to world, text to self) to make text personally relevant and useful. Effective listeners are able to interpret and evaluate increasingly complex messages 	

Unit Learning Targets

The students will . . .

- Listening and Speaking: Dramatization Students will create a dramatic scene with a clear beginning, middle, and end, using facts and information from *Smokejumpers*. They will present their dramatization to the class.
- Media Literacy: Radio Announcement Students will create a radio announcement to convince
 volunteers to join the expedition site at Machu Picchu. They will use persuasive words and support their
 opinions with accurate information about the site. Partners will take turns performing the radio
 announcement for each other and explain the positive and negative impacts of advertisement
 techniques.
- Listening and Speaking: How-to demonstration Students will make a list of the series of related sequences of action they will demonstrate for the class. They will share their how-to demonstrations by giving oral instructions that involve a series of related sequences of actions and present accompanying drawings/diagrams.
- Listening and Speaking: Panel Discussion Students will work with a small group to present a panel discussion about Antarctica. They will discuss and share opinions about the importance of this continent. Students will talk about the landforms, the climate, and the wildlife of Antarctica, while also using information from *Antarctic Journal* in their discussion.

Media Literacy: Talk Show – With a partner, students will conduct a TV talk show in front of the class. They will take turns acting as host and guest. They will choose to portray Gerry or Vern from Moonwalk as		
the guest, while using personality traits to play their roles Evidence of Learning		
· •		
Time frame		
One week at two hours per day per lesson		

•	Read Skill Link	
•	Comprehension Skill Review	
•	Daily Fix It	
•	Spelling Activity	
•	Grammar/Writing Practice	
•	Begin Interdisciplinary Activities	
Da		
	Weekly Skills Assessment	
	Spelling Test	
•	Complete Interdisciplinary Activities	
•	Selection Test	
We	eek 2: "Lost City"	One week at two hours per day per lesson
Da	у1	
•	Teacher Read-Aloud	
•	Introduce new vocabulary	
٠	Introduce/practice spelling words	
•	Daily Fix It	
•	Introduce grammar skill	
Da	y 2	
•	Reading the selection	
•	Comprehension Skill Preview	
•	Grammar/Writing practice	
•	Spelling practice	
•	Daily Fix It	
Da	•	
•	Reread selection	
•	Comprehension Check	
•	Spelling Practice	
•	Grammar/Writing Practice	
•	Daily Fix It	
Da	•	
•	Read Skill Link	
•	Comprehension Skill Review	
•	Daily Fix It	
•	Spelling Activity	
•	Grammar/Writing Practice	
•	Begin Interdisciplinary Activities	
Da	-	
•	Weekly Skills Assessment	
•	Spelling Test	

Complete Interdisciplinary Activities	
Selection Test	
Week 3: "Cliff Hanger"	One week at two hours per day per lesson
Day1	
Teacher Read-Aloud	
 Introduce new vocabulary 	
 Introduce/practice spelling words 	
Daily Fix It	
 Introduce grammar skill 	
Day 2	
 Reading the selection 	
Comprehension Skill Preview	
 Grammar/Writing practice 	
Spelling practice	
Daily Fix It	
Day 3	
Reread selection	
Comprehension Check	
Spelling Practice	
 Grammar/Writing Practice 	
Daily Fix It	
Day 4	
Read Skill Link	
 Comprehension Skill Review 	
Daily Fix It	
Spelling Activity	
 Grammar/Writing Practice 	
 Begin Interdisciplinary Activities 	
Day 5	
 Weekly Skills Assessment 	
Spelling Test	
Complete Interdisciplinary Activities	
Selection Test	
Week 4: "Antarctic Journal"	One week at two hours per day per lessor
Day1	
Teacher Read-Aloud	
 Introduce new vocabulary 	
 Introduce/practice spelling words 	
• Daily Fix It	
Introduce grammar skill	

		I
Da	y 2 Deading the colortion	
•	Reading the selection	
•	Comprehension Skill Preview	
•	Grammar/Writing practice	
•	Spelling practice	
	Daily Fix It	
	y 3	
	Reread selection	
•	Comprehension Check	
•	Spelling Practice	
	Grammar/Writing Practice	
•	Daily Fix It	
	y 4	
•	Read Skill Link	
•	Comprehension Skill Review	
•	Daily Fix It	
•	Spelling Activity	
•	Grammar/Writing Practice	
•	Begin Interdisciplinary Activities	
	y 5	
	Weekly Skills Assessment	
•	Spelling Test	
٠	Complete Interdisciplinary Activities	
	Selection Test	
W	eek 5: "Moonwalk"	One week at two hours per day per lesson
Da	-	
•	Teacher Read-Aloud	
•	Introduce new vocabulary	
•	Introduce/practice spelling words	
•	Daily Fix It	
•	Introduce grammar skill	
Da	y 2	
•	Reading the selection	
•	Comprehension Skill Preview	
•	Grammar/Writing practice	
•	Spelling practice	
•	Daily Fix It	
Da	у З	
•	Reread selection	
•	Comprehension Check	

• Spelling Practice	
Grammar/Writing Practice	
Daily Fix It	
Day 4	
 Read Skill Link 	
 Comprehension Skill Review 	
 Daily Fix It 	
 Spelling Activity 	
 Grammar/Writing Practice 	
 Begin Interdisciplinary Activities 	
Day 5	
 Weekly Skills Assessment 	
 Spelling Test 	
 Complete Interdisciplinary Activities 	
 Selection Test 	

Teacher Notes

• Based on students' abilities, lessons may be modified as needed

Curriculum Development Resources:

(Click the links below to access additional resources used to design this unit)

www.pearsonrealize.com or www.pearsonsuccess.net, www.smartexchange.com

www.teacherspayteachers.com, www.abcya.com, www.corestandards.org

Content Area: English Language Arts

Unit Title: Unit Six, Reaching for Goals

Target Course/Grade Level: Fourth Grade

Unit Summary/Content Statements:

- <u>Week 1</u>: Latin roots *gener* and *port*, mood, cause & effect, questioning, main idea & details, root words, appropriate phrasing, cause-and-effect essay trait: focus/ideas, conjunctions, schwa, panel discussion
- <u>Week 2</u>: Latin roots *dur, ject,* word choice, fact & opinion, summarize, draw conclusions, multiple-meaning words, expression, critical review trait: sentences, capitalizations & abbreviations, prefixes *mis-, non-, pre-, re-*, media literacy: how-to demonstration
- <u>Week 3</u>: French word origins, similes & metaphors, sequence, inferring, compare & contrast, unfamiliar words, expression, skit trait: word choice, commas, suffixes *-less, -ment, -ness,* debate
- <u>Week 4</u>: Related words, structural elements & drama, generalize, predict & set purpose, sequence, unfamiliar words, appropriate phrasing, play trait: word choice, quotations & quotation marks, suffixes *-ful, -ly, -ion*, readers' theater

Week 5: Prefix astro-/Greek and Latin roots, idioms & jargon, graphic sources, background knowledge, generalize, multiple-meaning words, rate and accuracy, narrative nonfiction trait: conventions, titles, silent consonants, informational speech

Primary Interdisciplinary Connections:

• Reading passages include interdisciplinary activities in Art, Writing, Math, Social Studies, and Science.

21st Century Themes:

- Recognize a problem and brainstorm ways to solve the problem individually or collaboratively.
- Evaluate available resources that can assist in solving problems.
- Determine when the use of technology is appropriate to solve problems.
- Apply critical thinking and problem-solving skills in classroom and family settings.
- Participate in brainstorming sessions to seek information, ideas, and strategies that foster creative thinking.
- Practice collaborative skills in groups, and explain how these skills assist in completing tasks in different settings (at home, in school, and during play).
- Use effective oral and written communication in face-to-face and online interactions and when presenting to an audience.
- Express needs, wants, and feelings appropriately in various situations.
- Demonstrate an awareness of one's own culture and other cultures during interactions within and outside of the classroom.
- Explain the meaning of productivity and accountability, and describe situations in which productivity and accountability are important in the home, school, and community.
- Establish and follow performance goals to guide progress in assigned areas of responsibility and accountability during classroom projects and extra-curricular activities.
- Explain the importance of understanding and following rules in family, classroom, and community settings

Unit Rationale:

All students will understand and apply the knowledge of sounds, letters, and words in written English to become independent and fluent readers and will read a variety of materials and texts with fluency and comprehension.

Learning Targets

Standards:

- Reading for Literature (RL): Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
- Reading for Informational Text (RI): Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
- Reading Foundational Skills (RF): Print Concepts, Phonological Awareness, Phonics & Word Recognition, • and Fluency
- Writing (W): Text Types & Purposes
- Speaking & Listening (SL): Comprehension & Collaboration and Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas
- Language (L): Conventions of Standard English and Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

CPI	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)		
Number			
RL.4.1 Refer to details and examples in a text and make relevant connections when explaining			
	text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text.		
RI.4.1	Refer to details and examples in a text and make relevant connections when explaining what the		
	text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text.		
RI.4.2	Determine the main idea of a text and explain how it is supported by key details; summarize the text.		
RI.4.3	Explain events, procedures, ideas, or concepts in a historical, scientific, or technical text, including what happened and why, based on specific information in the text.		
RI.4.5	Describe the overall structure (e.g., chronology, comparison, cause/effect, problem/solution) of events, ideas, concepts, or information in a text or part of a text.		
RI.4.7	Interpret information presented visually, orally, or quantitatively (e.g., in charts, graphs, diagrams, time lines, animations, or interactive elements on Web pages) and explain how the information contributes to an understanding of the text in which it appears.		
RF.4.4	Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension.		
RF.4.4.B	Read grade-level prose and poetry orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings.		
W.4.1.A	Introduce a topic or text clearly, state an opinion, and create an organizational structure in which related ideas are grouped to support the writer's purpose.		
W.4.2	Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly.		
W.4.2.A	Introduce a topic clearly and group related information in paragraphs and sections; include formatting (e.g., headings), illustrations, and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.		
W.4.2.B			
W.4.3	Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using narrative technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences.		
W.4.3.A	Orient the reader by establishing a situation and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally.		
W.4.3.B	Use dialogue and description to develop experiences and events or show the responses of characters to situations.		
W.4.3.D	Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.		
W.4.7	Conduct short research projects that build knowledge through investigation of different aspects of a topic.		
W.4.8	Recall relevant information from experiences or gather relevant information from print and digital sources; take notes and categorize information, and provide a list of sources.		
W.4.9	Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.		
W.4.9.A	Apply grade 4 Reading standards to literature (e.g., "Describe in depth a character, setting, or event in a story or drama, drawing on specific details in the text [e.g., a character's thoughts, words, or actions].").		

W.4.9.B	Apply grade 4 Reading standards to informational texts (e.g., "Explain how an author uses		
	reasons and evidence to support particular points in a text").		
SL.4.1.B	Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions and carry out assigned roles.		
SL.4.1.C	Pose and respond to specific questions to clarify or follow up on information, and make		
	comments that contribute to the	discussion and link to the remarks of others	
SL.4.3	Identify the reasons and evidence	e a speaker provides to support particular points.	
SL.4.4	Report on a topic or text, tell a st	ory, or recount an experience in an organized manner, using	
	appropriate facts and relevant, d	escriptive details to support main ideas or themes; speak clearly	
	at an understandable pace.		
L.4.1	Demonstrate command of the co	onventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing	
	or speaking.		
L.4.1.F	Produce complete sentences, rec	cognizing and correcting inappropriate fragments and run-ons.	
L.4.2	Demonstrate command of the co	priventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and	
	spelling when writing.		
L.4.2.A	Use correct capitalization.		
L.4.2.B	Use commas and quotation mark	ks to mark direct speech and quotations from a text.	
L.4.2.C	Use a comma before a coordinat	ing conjunction in a compound sentence.	
L.4.2.D		prrectly, consulting references as needed.	
L.4.4	-	g of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on	
		oosing flexibly from a range of strategies.	
L.4.4.A		amples, or restatements in text) as a clue to the meaning of a	
	word or phrase.		
L.4.4.B		Greek and Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a	
	word (e.g., telegraph, photograp		
L.4.4.C		, dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to	
		mine or clarify the precise meaning of key words and phrases.	
L.4.6		e-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and	
		nal precise actions, emotions, or states of being (e.g., quizzed,	
		e basic to a particular topic (e.g., wildlife, conservation, and	
	endangered when discussing animatical Quantizations		
	itial Questions	Unit Enduring Understandings	
	can words change people's	• Understanding of a text's features, structures, and	
lives?		characteristics facilitate the reader's ability to	
	can our abilities influence our	make meaning of the text.	
dreams and goals?		Readers use language structure and content clues	
 How can one person's view of the 		to identify the intended meaning of words and	
world affect others?		phrases as they are used in the text.	
 Why do people choose to make 		 Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and 	
sacrifices?		make connections (text to text, text to world, text	
• How do the achievements of others		to self) to make text personally relevant and	
influence our dreams?		useful.	
		• Effective listeners are able to interpret and	

goals and dreams?	evaluate increasingly complex messages
-------------------	--

Unit Learning Targets

The students will . . .

- Listening and Speaking: Panel Discussion With a group, students will present a panel discussion in front of the class on whether school should be open twelve months. Small groups will be formed based on differing opinions Students will try to convince others to agree with their views and respond to opinions they disagree with.
- Media Literacy: How-to Demonstration With a partner, students will create a how-to demonstration for TV about playing a football running-back position. They will describe the steps needed to practice the skill. One student will state directions while the other one follows the oral directions.
- Listening and Speaking: Debate With a partner, students will conduct a debate between Colonel Charlebois and Tia Lola about painting the house purple. Each student will take a different position and think of reasons supporting their opinion. Debates will be conducted in front of the class.
- Listening and Speaking: Readers' Theater With a small group, students will choose a scene from a Gift from the Heart and assign roles and characters' dialogue. They will use details from the story to illustrate your character's personality. Students will perform their readers' theater for the class.
- Listening and Speaking: Informational Speech Students will use information from The Man Who Went to the Far Side of the Moon to give an informational speech about Michael Collins to the class. They will include details about his training and his trip to the moon. They will discuss his feelings when he returned.

Evidence of Learning

Summative Assessment (5 days):

- Integrated Theme Skills Test
- Weekly Skill Tests
- Weekly Spelling/Vocabulary Tests
- Completed Projects
- Open-Ended Questions

Formative Assessment:

Oral Discussion

Equipment Needed:

- Smart Board
- Student Books
- Practice Workbooks

Teacher Resources:

- Lesson Plans
- Teacher's Manual

Lesson Plans		
Lesson	Time frame	
Week 1: "My Brother Martin"	One week at two hours per day per lesson	
Day1		
Teacher Read-Aloud		
 Introduce new vocabulary 		
 Introduce/practice spelling words 		
Daily Fix It		
Introduce grammar skill		
Day 2		
 Reading the selection 		
Comprehension Skill Preview		
 Grammar/Writing practice 		
Spelling practice		
Daily Fix It		
Day 3		
Reread selection		
Comprehension Check		
Spelling Practice		
Grammar/Writing Practice		
Daily Fix It		
Day 4		
Read Skill Link		
 Comprehension Skill Review 		
Daily Fix It		
Spelling Activity		
 Grammar/Writing Practice 		
 Begin Interdisciplinary Activities 		
Day 5		
 Weekly Skills Assessment 		
 Spelling Test 		
 Complete Interdisciplinary Activities 		
Selection Test		
Week 2: "Jim Thorpe's Bright Path"	One week at two hours per day per lesson	
Day1		
Teacher Read-Aloud		
 Introduce new vocabulary 		
 Introduce/practice spelling words 		
Daily Fix It		
Introduce grammar skill		

	y 2	
•	Reading the selection	
•	Comprehension Skill Preview	
•	Grammar/Writing practice	
•	Spelling practice	
•	Daily Fix It	
	y 3	
•	Reread selection	
•	Comprehension Check	
•	Spelling Practice	
•	Grammar/Writing Practice	
•	Daily Fix It	
	y 4	
	Read Skill Link	
•	Comprehension Skill Review	
•	Daily Fix It	
•	Spelling Activity	
•	Grammar/Writing Practice	
•	Begin Interdisciplinary Activities	
	y 5	
	Weekly Skills Assessment	
•	Spelling Test	
•	Complete Interdisciplinary Activities	
•	Selection Test	
	eek 3: "How Tia Lola Came to Visit Stay"	One week at two hours per day per lesson
Da	-	
•	Teacher Read-Aloud	
•	Introduce new vocabulary	
•	Introduce/practice spelling words	
•	Daily Fix It	
•	Introduce grammar skill	
	y 2	
•	Reading the selection	
•	Comprehension Skill Preview	
	Grammar/Writing practice	
	Spelling practice	
	Daily Fix It	
Da	y 3 Development of the state of	
•	Reread selection	
•	Comprehension Check	

Spelling Practice	
Grammar/Writing Practice	
Daily Fix It	
Day 4	
 Read Skill Link 	
Comprehension Skill Review	
Daily Fix It	
 Spelling Activity 	
 Grammar/Writing Practice 	
Begin Interdisciplinary Activities	
Day 5	
Weekly Skills Assessment	
 Spelling Test 	
 Complete Interdisciplinary Activities 	
 Selection Test 	
Week 4: "A Gift from the Heart"	One week at two hours per day per lesson
Day1	
 Teacher Read-Aloud 	
 Introduce new vocabulary 	
 Introduce/practice spelling words 	
 Daily Fix It 	
 Introduce grammar skill 	
Day 2	
 Reading the selection 	
Comprehension Skill Preview	
 Grammar/Writing practice 	
Spelling practice	
Daily Fix It	
Day 3	
 Reread selection 	
Comprehension Check	
Spelling Practice	
 Grammar/Writing Practice 	
Daily Fix It	
Day 4	
Read Skill Link	
Comprehension Skill Review	
• Daily Fix It	
 Spelling Activity 	
 Grammar/Writing Practice 	

Begin Interdisciplinary Activities	
Day 5	
 Weekly Skills Assessment 	
 Spelling Test 	
Complete Interdisciplinary Activities	
Selection Test	
Week 5: "The Man Who Went to the Far Side of the	One week at two hours per day per lesso
Moon"	
Day1	
 Teacher Read-Aloud 	
 Introduce new vocabulary 	
 Introduce/practice spelling words 	
Daily Fix It	
 Introduce grammar skill 	
Day 2	
 Reading the selection 	
Comprehension Skill Preview	
 Grammar/Writing practice 	
Spelling practice	
Daily Fix It	
Day 3	
Reread selection	
Comprehension Check	
Spelling Practice	
 Grammar/Writing Practice 	
Daily Fix It	
Day 4	
Read Skill Link	
Comprehension Skill Review	
Daily Fix It	
Spelling Activity	
 Grammar/Writing Practice 	
 Begin Interdisciplinary Activities 	
Day 5	
Weekly Skills Assessment	
 Spelling Test 	
Complete Interdisciplinary Activities	
Selection Test	
Teacher Notes	
 Based on students' abilities, lessons may be mo 	dified as needed

Curriculum Development Resources: (Click the links below to access additional resources used to design this unit) www.pearsonrealize.com or www.pearsonsuccess.net, www.smartexchange.com www.teacherspayteachers.com, www.abcya.com, www.corestandards.org

Pacing Guide – Grade 5

Content Area: English Language Arts Grade Level: 5th Grade

> First Marking Period - Pacing Guide Unit 1 – Meeting Challenges-6 Weeks

Unit 2 – Doing the Right Thing -3 Weeks Standards: RL:1,2,3,4,6,10, RF: 3a and 4b, RI:1,2,3,4,5,7,10,

W: 1a, 2a and d, 3b and d, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10, L: 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, & SL: 1, 2, 4

Second Marking Period - Pacing Guide Unit 2 – Doing the Right Thing-3 Weeks

Standards: RL: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, L: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 10, RF: 3a, 4a, 4b W: 3a, 3b and d, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9a, 10, RI: 1, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, & SL: 1, 2, 4, 6

Unit 3 –Inventors and Artists-5 Weeks

Standards: RL: 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 9, 10, L: 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, RF: 3a, 4a, 4b, 4c, W: 2a, 2b, 2d, 2e, 3a, 3b,4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9a and 9b, RI: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 9, 10, **&** SL: 1, 2, 4, 6

Third Marking Period - Pacing Guide Unit 3 – Inventors and Artists-1 Week

Unit 4 – Adapting-6 weeks

Standards: RL: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 10, L: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, RF: 3a, 4a, 4b, 4c W: 2a, 2b, 2d, 3a, 3b, 3d, 3e, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, RI: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, & SL: 1, 3, 4, 5, 6

Unit 5 – Adventurers-3 Weeks

Standards: RL: 1, 2, 4, 5, 10, L: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, RF: 3a, 4b, 4c, W: 2a, 2c, 3a, 3d, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9a, 9b, RI: 1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 8, 9, 10, & SL: 1, 4, 5

English Language Arts Curriculum

Fourth Marking Period - Pacing Guide Unit 5 – Adventurers- 3 Weeks

Unit 6 – The Unexpected-6 Weeks Standards: RL: 1, 3, 4, 6, 9, 10, L: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, RF: 3a, 4b W: 3a, 3b, 3d, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10, RI: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, & SL: 1, 4, 5

Content Area: English Language Arts

Unit Title: Unit 1 Meeting Challenges

Target Course/Grade Level: Grade 5

Unit Summary

What kinds of challenges do people face and how do they meet them?

Primary interdisciplinary connections: Social studies, science, technology

21st century themes: Critical thinking and problem-solving, collaboration, teamwork and leadership, communication and media fluency, cross-cultural understanding and interpersonal communication, accountability, productivity, and ethics.

Unit Rationale

Students will develop independent critical analysis skills for reading comprehension.

Learning Targets

Standards

- **Reading for Literature (RL):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity.
- **Reading for Informational Text (RI):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity.
- **Reading Foundational Skills (RF):** Print Concepts, Phonological Awareness, Phonics & Word Recognition, and Fluency.
- Writing (W): Text Types and Purposes
- **Speaking & Listening (SL):** Comprehension & Collaboration and Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas.
- Language (L): Conventions of Standard English and Vocabulary Acquisition and Use.

Content Statements

The students will be able to identify literary elements including character, plot, theme, and setting, monitor and clarify as they read, sequence events in a story, identity and distinguish between cause and effect, and identify and distinguish between fact and opinion.

CPI #	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)
RL.5.1	Quote accurately from a text when explaining what the text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text.
RL.5.2	Determine the key details in a story, drama or poem to identify the theme and to summarize the text.
RL.5.3	Compare and contrast two or more characters, settings, or events in a story or drama, drawing on specific details in the text (e.g., how characters interact)
RL.5.4	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative language such as metaphors or similes
RL.5.6	Describe how a narrator's or speaker's point of view influences how events are described
RL. 5.10	By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, at grade level text-complexity or above, with scaffolding as needed.
RF.5.3a	Use combined knowledge of all letter-sound correspondences, syllabication patterns, and morphology (e.g., roots and affixes) to read accurately unfamiliar multisyllabic words in context and out of context.
RF.5.4b	Read grade-level prose and poetry orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings.
RI.5.1	Quote accurately from a text and make relevant connections when explaining what the text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text.
RI.5.2	Determine two or more main ideas of a text and explain how they are supported by key details; summarize the text.
RI.5.3	Explain the relationships or interactions between two or more individuals, events, ideas, or concepts in a historical, scientific, or technical text based on specific information in the text.
RI.5.4	Determine the meaning of general academic and domain-specific words and phrases in a text relevant to a grade 5 topic or subject area.
RI.5.5	Compare and contrast the overall structure (e.g., chronology, comparison, cause/effect, problem/solution) of events, ideas, concepts, or information in two or more texts.
RI.5.7	Analyze multiple accounts of the same event or topic, noting important similarities and differences in the point of view they represent.
RI.5.10	By the end of the year, read and comprehend literary nonfiction at grade level text-complexity or above, with scaffolding as needed.
W.5.1a	Introduce a topic or text clearly, state an opinion, and create an organizational structure in which ideas are logically grouped to support the writer's purpose.

W.5.2a	Introduce a topic clearly, provide a general observation and focus, and group related information logically; include formatting (e.g., headings), illustrations, and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.
W.5.2d	Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.
W.5.3b	Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, description, and pacing, to develop experiences and events or show the responses of characters to situations.
W.5.3d	Use concrete words and phrases and sensory details to convey experiences and events precisely.
W.5.4	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
W.5.5	With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach.
W.5.7	Conduct short research projects that use several sources to build knowledge through investigation of different perspectives of a topic.
W.5.8	Recall relevant information from experiences or gather relevant information from print and digital sources; summarize or paraphrase information in notes and finished work, and provide a list of sources.
W.5.10	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and metacognition/self- correction and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.
L.5.1	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
L.5.2	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English, capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.
L.5.4	Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 5 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.
L.5.5	Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings
L.5.6	Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, including those that signal contrast, addition, and other logical relationships (e.g., however, although, nevertheless, similarly, moreover, in addition).
SL.5.1	 Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 5 topics and texts, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly. A. Explicitly draw on previously read text or material and other information known about the topic to explore ideas under discussion. B. Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions and carry out assigned roles. C. Pose and respond to specific questions by making comments that contribute to the discussion and elaborate on the remarks of others.

	D. Review the key ideas express knowledge gained from the	sed and draw conclusions in light of information and discussion.			
SL.5.2	Paraphrase portions of a text read aloud or information presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, and orally).				
SL.5.4	Report on a topic or text or present an opinion, sequencing ideas logically and using appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details to support main ideas or themes; speak clearly at an understandable pace.				
Unit Essentia	I Questions	Unit Enduring Understandings			
 What inspires people to act courageously? How can nature challenge us? How do people survive in the wilderness? How do we face personal challenges? What challenges do immigrants encounter? 		 The students will understand that acting courageously means overcoming fears, saving someone's life, being a hero or heroine, anticipating danger. The students will understand that nature's challenges can be unpredictable weather events, such as tornadoes, natural disasters, predicted 			
		survival can mean having the right tools, starting fires and preparing and cooking food, staying safe from wild animals.			
		• The students will understand that personal challenges can be caused by problems of perceived inequality, overcome with ambition, faced when people work together.			
				• The students will understand that immigration challenges can have to do with national loyalty, finding work, facing adversity.	
Unit Learning	g Targets				
Students will					
*Identify ho *Identify an *Identify ele tales in write *Identify ho *Identify the created subj	er's workshop monyms in text using context clue	wledge when creating characters for their own tall			

*Identify the theme of a text using supporting details.

*Identify the setting of a selection and its importance for understanding the selection

*Identify the meaning of unknown words using a dictionary or glossary

*Identify the difference between independent and dependent clauses

*Identify the difference between fact and opinion

*Identify the meaning of antonyms using context clues

*Accurately and independently write compound and complex sentences

*Apply knowledge of text structure to gain a deeper understanding of text

*Use text evidence to support answers to short constructed response questions

*Identify the meaning of multiple-meaning words using context clues

*Identify the difference between common, proper, and collective nouns

Evidence of Learning

Summative Assessment:

Spelling quizzes (weekly)

Selection vocabulary and skill quizzes (weekly)

Unit benchmark assessment

Teacher-created assessments for grammar and literary skills

Equipment needed:

Smart Board

Computer

Laptops or iPads

Teacher Resources:

Reading Street Unit 5.1 TE and Student Edition 5.1

Online access to Pearson Realize for e-text, vocabulary games, concept talk videos, tools to enhance instruction, and pictures to facilitate an understanding of vocabulary

Reader's and Writer's Notebooks

Leveled Readers (Below Level, On-Level, Above Level) with black line masters for assessment

Fresh Read passages

Weekly quiz booklets

Sleuth books

Envision it! Vocabulary cards

Reader's Theater

Formative Assessments

Language Arts centers

Questioning

Exit/entrance tickets

Homework to reinforce skills learned in class, including but not limited to Reader's and Writer's Notebook pages, Let's Practice It! Worksheets, and Fresh Reads passages.

Less	on Plans		
Lesson	Timeframe		
Lesson 1	5 days		
Red Kayak	5 days		
Lesson 2	5 days		
Thunder Rose	5 days		
Lesson 3	5 days		
Island of the Blue Dolphins	5 days		
Lesson 4	5 days		
Satchel Paige	5 days		
Lesson 5			
Ten Mile Day	5 days		
Lesson 6			
Optional Review	5 days		
Teacher Notes: The lesson schedule can be revised based on stude Curriculum Development Resources • www.pearsonrealize.com	ents' abilities and needs, or school calendar.		
	on Plan 1		
Content Area: English Language Arts			
Lesson Title: Red Kayak	Timeframe: 5 days at two		
-Suffix- ly hours per lesson			
-Point of view			
-Literary Elements: Character and Plot			
-Monitor and Clarify			
-Sequence			
-Homographs			
-Appropriate expression			

-Writing directions			
Trait: organization			
-Four kinds of sentences			
-Short vowel VCCV, VCV			
-Interview Lesson Title: Thunder Rose	Timeframe: E days at two		
-Greek and Latin Roots	Timeframe: 5 days at two		
	hours per lesson		
-Hyperbole			
-Cause and Effect			
-Summarize			
-Character and Plot			
-Homonyms			
-Rate			
-Tall tale			
Trait: voice			
-Subjects and predicates			
-Long vowel VCV			
-Storytelling	The further Colour at the		
Lesson Title: Island of the Blue Dolphins	Timeframe: 5 days at two		
-Compound words	hours per lesson		
-Imagery			
-Literary Elements: Theme and Setting			
-Inferring			
-Character and Plot			
-Unknown words			
-Appropriate expression			
-Invitation			
Trait: focus/ideas			
-Independent and dependent clauses			
-Long vowel digraphs			
-How-to demonstration			
Lesson Title: Satchel Paige	Timeframe: 5 days at two		
-Shades of meaning	hours per lesson		
-Idioms			
-Fact and opinion			
-Questioning -Cause and effect			
-Antonyms			
-Appropriate phrasing -Newsletter article			
Trait: word choice			
-Compound and complex sentences			
-Adding –ed, -ing			
-Media literacy: sportscast			
-ivieula illei dly. Spui islasi			

Le	sson Title: Ten Mile Day					Timefram	e: 5	days at two
-S	-Suffix –ing			hours per lesson				
-Se	-Sensory details							
-C	-Cause and effect							
-T	ext structure							
-G	raphic sources							
-N	Iultiple-meaning words							
-A	ccuracy							
-E	xpository composition							
Tr	ait: organization							
-C	ommon, proper, and coll	ectiv	/e nouns					
-C	ontractions							
-Jo	b advertisement							
	sson Title: Optional Revie							
	nit 1 target comprehensi		kills and strategies					days at two
	nit 1 target vocabulary sk	cills				hours per	less	son
	nit 1 fluency skills							
	uick write for fluency							
	nit 1 conventions							
-U	nit 1 spelling patterns							
			Lesson Compor	nen	ts			
			21 st Century Th	eme	<u>es</u>			
х	Global Awareness		Financial, Economic,	х	Civic Lite	eracy	х	Health Literacy
			Business, and					
			Entrepreneurial Literacy					
			21 st Century S	kills				
х	Creativity and	х	Critical Thinking and	х	Commur	nication	х	Information
	Innovation		Problem Solving		and Colla	aboration		Literacy
х	Media Literacy		ICT Literacy	х	Life and	Career Skill	S	
In	Interdisciplinary Connections:							
Week 1: Red Kayak								
	•	wil	l understand that acting o	our	ageously	means ov	erco	oming fears.
			a hero or heroine, anticip					
	-	-	ts will learn the importan				۲ ۲	when someone
			ess of performing CPR.					
	eek 2: Thunder Rose		cas of performing CFN.					
		n el c	rotand that naturals shall	<u>.</u>		بے :ام میں میں پ	امد	o woother
			rstand that nature's chall	_		•		
			other natural disasters.	stuc	ients will	also undei	rsta	na that a
	eteorologist predicts w							
W	eek 3: Island of the Blu	ie D	olphins					

*Social Studies: Students will understand that wilderness survival can mean having the right tools, starting fires and preparing and cooking food, and staying safe from wild animals.

Week 4: Satchel Paige

*Social Studies: Students will understand that personal challenges can be caused by problems of perceived inequality, overcome with ambition, and faced when people work together.

Week 5: Ten Mile Day

*Social Studies: Students will understand that immigration challenges can have to do with national loyalty, finding work, and facing adversity.

Integration of Technology: Smart board, computer, laptops/iPads

Equipment needed:

Smart board, computer, laptops/iPads

Goals/Objectives	Is/Objectives Learning Activities/Instructional Strategies			
 Students will: Build content knowledge: oral vocabulary Demonstrate text- based comprehension: literary elements: character and plot; monitor and clarify Read with Fluency: appropriate expression Identify selection vocabulary Research and inquiry: identify and focus topic Apply knowledge of spelling skills: Short vowel vccv, vcv Gain an understanding of Conventions: Four kinds of sentences Demonstrate an ability to write: Directions 	 Introduce the big question using Street Rhymes poem. Explore the question of the week- what inspires people to act courageously? Build Oral Language: Talk about acting courageously using pp.20-21 in student editions. Connect to reading by making a concept map. Build Oral Vocabulary: Introduce amazing words and read teacher read-aloud: "Run, Kate Shelley, Run" Teach Text-Based Comprehension strategies. Literary Elements: Character and Plot; Monitor and Clarify. Watch Envision It Video from Pearson Realize. Read Brave Melissa. Introduce selection vocabulary through following routine on page 23a in TE. Research and Inquiry: Discuss the Question of the Week. Students will work on creating and presenting a multimedia presentation about a courageous person of their choice. Model and guide practice. 	Discussion/quest ioning led by students, groups, and teacher Reader's and Writer's Notebook Daily fix-it Spelling pre-test Grammar Transparencies Let's Practice It pages Exit Tickets Homework		

	8. Introduce spelling words through a
	spelling pre-test. Say each word, read the
	sentence, and repeat the word.
	9. Introduce the four kinds of sentences to
	students. Teach, model, guide practice,
	and apply.
	10. Introduce writing detailed directions to
	students.
	11. Wrap up your day.
Differentiation	

Small group instruction, leveled readers. Modifications in accordance with student 504 plan or IEP.

Resources Provided

Teacher's Edition 5.1, PearsonRealize.com-Video, Big Question video-Video, Concept Talk video -eText-Envision It! Animation-Let's Practice It! Pages-Daily Fix It-Grammar transparencies Sleuth Readers, Leveled Readers, Fresh Reads for Fluency and Comprehension and TE, Reader's theater Reader's and Writer's Notebooks and TE

Со	ontent Area: English Language Arts
Un	nit Title: Unit 2 Doing the Right Thing
Та	rget Course/Grade Level: Grade 5
Un	nit Summary
W	/hat makes people want to do the right thing?
	imary interdisciplinary connections: Social Studies, Science and Technology
21	st century themes: Critical Thinking and Problem Solving, Creativity and Innovation, Collaboration,
	amwork and Leadership, Cross-Cultural Understanding and Interpersonal Learning, Communication d Media Fluency, Accountability, Productivity, and Ethics
Un	nit Rationale
Stι	udents will develop independent critical analysis skills for reading comprehension.
	Learning Targets
Sta	andards
•	Reading for Literature (RL): Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of
	Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity.
•	Reading for Informational Text (RI): Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration
	of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity.
•	
	Recognition, and Fluency.
•	
•	

• Languag	e (L): Conventions of Standard English and Vocabulary Acquisition and Use.			
Content State				
The students	will compare and contrast literary elements and identify sequence and author's			
purpose.				
CPI #	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)			
RL.5.1	Quote accurately from a text when explaining what the text says explicitly and			
	when drawing inferences form the text.			
RL.5.2	Determine a theme of a story, drama, or poem from details in the text, including			
	how characters in a story or drama respond to challenges or how the speaker in a			
	poem reflects upon a topic: summarize the text.			
RL.5.3	Compare and contrast two or more characters, settings or events in a story or			
	drama, drawing on specific details in the text.			
RL.5.4	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including			
	figurative language such as metaphors and similes			
RL.5.5	Explain how a series of chapters, scenes, or stanzas fit together to provide the			
	overall structure of a particular story, drama or poem.			
RL.5.6	Describe how a narrator's or speaker's point of view influences how events are			
	described.			
RL.5.7	Analyze how visual and multimedia elements contribute to the meaning, tone, or			
	beauty of a text.			
RL.5.9	Compare and contrast stories in the same genre on their approaches to similar			
	themes and topics.			
RL.5.10	By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories,			
	dramas, and poetry, at the high end of the grades 4-5 text complexity band			
	independently and proficiently.			
L.5.1	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and			
	usage when writing or speaking.			
L.5.2	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization,			
	punctuation, and spelling when writing.			
L.5.3	Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading,			
	or listening.			
L.5.4	Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and			
	phrases based on grade 5 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of			
	strategies.			
L.5.5	Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and			
	nuances in word meanings.			
L.5.6	Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-			
	specific words and phrases, including those that signal contrast, addition, and			
	other logical relationships.			

RF.5.3a	Used combined knowledge of all letter-sound correspondences, syllabication
NI .J.Ja	patterns, and morphology to read accurately unfamiliar multisyllabic words in
	context and out of context.
RF.5.4a	Read grade-level text with purpose and understanding
RF.5.4b	Read grade-level prose and poetry orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and
	expression on successive readings.
W.5.3a	Orient the reader by establishing a situation and introducing a narrator and/or
	characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally.
W.5.3b	Use narratives techniques, such as dialogue, description, and pacing to develop
	experiences and events or show the responses of characters to situations.
W.5.3d	Use concrete words and phrases and sensory details to convey experiences and
	events precisely
W.5.4	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization
	are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
W.5.5	With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop an strengthen writing
	as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach.
W.5.6	With some guidance and support from adults, use technology, including the
	Internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate
	with others; demonstrate sufficient command of keyboarding skills to type a
	minimum of two pages in a single sitting.
W.5.7	Conduct short research projects that use several sources to build knowledge
	through investigation of different aspects of a topic
W.5.8	Recall relevant information from experiences or gather relevant information from
	print and digital sources; summarize or paraphrase information in notes and
	finished work, and provide a list of sources
W.5.9a	Apply grade 5 Reading standards to literature.
W.5.10	Write routinely over extended time frames for a range of discipline-specific tasks,
	purposes and audiences.
RI.5.1	Quote accurately from a text when explaining what the text says explicitly and
	when drawing inferences form the text.
RI.5.3	Explain the relationships or interactions between two or more individuals, events,
	ideas, or concepts in historical, scientific, or technical text based on specific
RI.5.4	information in the text. Determine the meaning of general academic and domain-specific words and
NI.J. 4	phrases in a text relevant to a grade 5 topic or subject area.
RI.5.5	Compare and contrast the overall structure of events, ideas, concepts or
111.3.3	information in two or more texts.
RI.5.7	Draw on information from multiple print or digital sources, demonstrating the
	ability to locate an answer to a question quickly or to solve a problem efficiently.

RI.5.8			
	text, identifying whic	n reasons and evidence support which points.	
RI.5.9	Integrate information from several texts on the same topic in order to write or		
	speak about the subject knowledgeably.		
RI.5.10	By the end of the year, read and comprehend information texts, including		
	history/social studies	, science, technical texts, at the high end of the grades 4-5	
	text complexity band	independently and proficiently.	
SL.5.1	Engage effectively in	a range of collaborative discussions with diverse partners on	
		kts, building on others' ideas and expressing their own	
	clearly.		
SL.5.2		text read aloud or information presented in diverse media	
		g visually, quantitatively, and orally.	
SL.5.4		ext or present an opinion, sequencing ideas logically and	
		ts and relevant, descriptive details to support main ideas or	
	themes; speak clearly	at an understandable pace.	
SL.5.6		iety of contexts and tasks, using formal English when	
	appropriate to task a		
Unit Essential		Unit Enduring Understandings	
 Why is hone 	sty important?	• Students will understand that honesty is important because it	
• What are th	a ricks in holping	is the moral way to act, shows that a person has integrity,	
• what are the others?	e risks in helping	shows that a person is principled and honorable.Students will understand that the risks in helping others	
others:		require bravery, sacrifice, and ensure that their lives will be	
• What are the	e rewards in helping	better.	
others?	1 0	 Students will understand that the reward for helping others 	
		can be favors that are returned, a good feeling inside, praise,	
	ple make sacrifices for	and knowledge of doing the right thing.	
others?		 Students will understand that sacrificing for others is a way 	
		that you show you love them, means doing the right thing, not	
	anla promoto frandom?	the easy thing, and allows people involved to win and improve themselves.	
• How can peo	ople promote freedom?	 Students will understand that promoting freedom can involve 	
		taking action, supporting leaders, having national pride, and	
		battles and battlefields.	
Unit Learning	Targets		
Students will			
	sh word origins		
Identify image	•		
	-	comparing and contrasting	
	Visualize what the author wrote		
Identify autho		de	
Identify and understand unfamiliar words			

Use appropriate expression while reading	
Distinguish between regular and irregular plural nouns	
Understand and correctly use digraphs th, sh, ch, ph	
Create a descriptive piece of writing	
Analyze French word origins	
Understand the use of foreshadowing	
Apply sequencing skills	
Demonstrate inference skills	
Compare and contrast	
Identify meanings of unknown words	
Create an informal letter	
Identify and correctly use possessive nouns	
Practice and learn how to spell irregular plurals	
Analyze suffixes -tion and -ion	
Identify and understand symbolism	
Analyze story structure	
Analyze and use Greek and Latin roots to find word meanings	
Create a poem, focusing on the skill of organization	
Identify and correctly use action and linking verbs	
Understand how to spell using vowel sounds with r	
Understand and evaluate point of view	
Monitor and clarify what they are reading	
Review compare and contrast skills	
Identify and define unfamiliar words	
Write a personal narrative, focusing on word choice while writing	
Identify and correctly use main and helping verbs	ľ
Practice spelling with final syllables -en, -an, -el, -le, -il	
Identify word families and the common root word in each family	
Understand how rhyme, rhythm, and cadence add to a story	
Use background knowledge to further their understanding of the story	
Review theme and setting	
Identify and correctly use the word endings -s, -ed, and -ing	
Create a historical fiction piece of writing, focusing on word choice	
Use the correct subject-verb agreement	
Evidence of Learning	
Summative Assessment:	
Spelling quizzes	
Selection Vocabulary and Skill Quizzes (Weekly)	
Unit Benchmark Assessments	
Teacher created assessments for grammar and literary skills.	
Equipment needed:	
Smart Board	
Computer	
Laptops or iPads	

Teacher Resources:

-Reading Street Unit 5.2 TE and Students Editions 5.1 -Online access to Pearson Realize for e-text, vocabulary games, concept talk videos, tools to enhance instruction, and pictures to facilitate an understanding of vocabulary -Reader's and Writer's Notebooks -Leveled Readers (Below Level, On-Level, and Above Level) with black line masters for assessmen -Fresh Reads passages -Weekly Quiz booklets -Sleuth books -Envision It Vocabulary cards **Formative Assessments** Language Arts centers Questioning Exit/Entrance Tickets Homework to reinforce skills learned in class including but not limited to Reader's and Writer's Notebook pages, Let's Practice It worksheets and Fresh Reads passages Lesson Plans Timeframe Lesson Lesson 1 At the Beach 5 days Lesson 2 Hold the Flag High 5 days Lesson 3

The Ch'i-lin Purse	5 days
Lesson 4	
A Summer's Trade	
	5 days
Lesson 5	5 days
The Midnight Ride of Paul Revere	
Lesson 6	5 days
Optional Review	

Teacher Notes:

The lesson schedule can be revised based on students' abilities and needs or school calendar.

Curriculum Development Resources

• www.pearsonrealize.com

Lesson Plan 1 Content Area: English Language Arts		
Spanish Word Orgins	hours per lesson	
Imagery		
Compare and Contrast		

Visualiza	
Visualize	
Author's Purpose	
Unfamiliar Words	
Appropriate Expression	
Description	
Trait: Sentences	
Regular and Irregular Plural Nouns	
Digraphs th, sh, ch, ph	
Media Literacy: Talk Show	
Lesson Title: Hold the Flag High	Timeframe: 5 days at two
French Word Origins	hours per lesson
Foreshadowing	
Sequence	
Inferring	
Compare and Contrast	
Unknown Words	
Accuracy	
Informal Letter	
Trait: Voice	
Possessive Nouns	
Irregular Plurals	
Informational Speech	
Lesson Title: The Ch'i-lin Purse	Timeframe: 5 days at two
	Timeframe: 5 days at two hours per lesson
Lesson Title: The Ch'i-lin Purse	-
Lesson Title: The Ch'i-lin Purse Suffixes –tion, -ion	-
Lesson Title: The Ch'i-lin Purse Suffixes –tion, -ion Symbolism	-
Lesson Title: The Ch'i-lin Purse Suffixes –tion, -ion Symbolism Compare and Contrast Story Structure	-
Lesson Title: The Ch'i-lin Purse Suffixes –tion, -ion Symbolism Compare and Contrast	-
Lesson Title: The Ch'i-lin Purse Suffixes –tion, -ion Symbolism Compare and Contrast Story Structure Sequence	-
Lesson Title: The Ch'i-lin Purse Suffixes –tion, -ion Symbolism Compare and Contrast Story Structure Sequence Greek and Latin Roots	-
Lesson Title: The Ch'i-lin Purse Suffixes –tion, -ion Symbolism Compare and Contrast Story Structure Sequence Greek and Latin Roots Expression	-
Lesson Title: The Ch'i-lin Purse Suffixes –tion, -ion Symbolism Compare and Contrast Story Structure Sequence Greek and Latin Roots Expression Poem Trait: Organization	-
Lesson Title: The Ch'i-lin Purse Suffixes –tion, -ion Symbolism Compare and Contrast Story Structure Sequence Greek and Latin Roots Expression Poem	-
Lesson Title: The Ch'i-lin Purse Suffixes –tion, -ion Symbolism Compare and Contrast Story Structure Sequence Greek and Latin Roots Expression Poem Trait: Organization Action and Linking Verbs	-
Lesson Title: The Ch'i-lin Purse Suffixes –tion, -ion Symbolism Compare and Contrast Story Structure Sequence Greek and Latin Roots Expression Poem Trait: Organization Action and Linking Verbs Vowel Sounds with r	hours per lesson
Lesson Title: The Ch'i-lin Purse Suffixes -tion, -ion Symbolism Compare and Contrast Story Structure Sequence Greek and Latin Roots Expression Poem Trait: Organization Action and Linking Verbs Vowel Sounds with r Readers' Theater Lesson Title: A Summer's Trade	-
Lesson Title: The Ch'i-lin Purse Suffixes –tion, -ion Symbolism Compare and Contrast Story Structure Sequence Greek and Latin Roots Expression Poem Trait: Organization Action and Linking Verbs Vowel Sounds with r Readers' Theater	hours per lesson Timeframe: 5 days at two
Lesson Title: The Ch'i-lin PurseSuffixes -tion, -ionSymbolismCompare and ContrastStory StructureSequenceGreek and Latin RootsExpressionPoemTrait: OrganizationAction and Linking VerbsVowel Sounds with rReaders' TheaterLesson Title: A Summer's TradeSpanish Word OriginsPoint of View	hours per lesson Timeframe: 5 days at two
Lesson Title: The Ch'i-lin PurseSuffixes -tion, -ionSymbolismCompare and ContrastStory StructureSequenceGreek and Latin RootsExpressionPoemTrait: OrganizationAction and Linking VerbsVowel Sounds with rReaders' TheaterLesson Title: A Summer's TradeSpanish Word OriginsPoint of ViewAuthor's Purpose	hours per lesson Timeframe: 5 days at two
Lesson Title: The Ch'i-lin PurseSuffixes -tion, -ionSymbolismCompare and ContrastStory StructureSequenceGreek and Latin RootsExpressionPoemTrait: OrganizationAction and Linking VerbsVowel Sounds with rReaders' TheaterLesson Title: A Summer's TradeSpanish Word OriginsPoint of ViewAuthor's PurposeMonitor and Clarify	hours per lesson Timeframe: 5 days at two
Lesson Title: The Ch'i-lin PurseSuffixes -tion, -ionSymbolismCompare and ContrastStory StructureSequenceGreek and Latin RootsExpressionPoemTrait: OrganizationAction and Linking VerbsVowel Sounds with rReaders' TheaterLesson Title: A Summer's TradeSpanish Word OriginsPoint of ViewAuthor's PurposeMonitor and ClarifyCompare and Contrast	hours per lesson Timeframe: 5 days at two
Lesson Title: The Ch'i-lin PurseSuffixes -tion, -ionSymbolismCompare and ContrastStory StructureSequenceGreek and Latin RootsExpressionPoemTrait: OrganizationAction and Linking VerbsVowel Sounds with rReaders' TheaterLesson Title: A Summer's TradeSpanish Word OriginsPoint of ViewAuthor's PurposeMonitor and Clarify	hours per lesson Timeframe: 5 days at two

Personal Narrative							
Trait: Word Choice							
Main and Helping Verbs							
Final Syllables –en, -an, -el, -le, -il							
Panel Discussion							
Lesson Title: The Midnight	t Rid	e of Paul Revere			Timefram	e: 5	days at two
Word Families					hours per	less	son
Rhyme, Rhythm and Cader	nce						
Author's Purpose							
Background Knowledge							
Theme and Setting							
Endings –s, -ed, -ing							
Rate							
Historical Fiction							
Trait: Word Choice							
Subject-Verb Agreement							
Final Syllables –er, -ar, -or							
Media Literacy: Document	ary						
Lesson Title: Optional Revi					Timeframe: 5 days at two		
Unit 2 Target Comprehens		kills and Strategies			hours per	less	son
Unit 2 Target Vocabulary S	kills						
Unit 2 Fluency Skills							
Quick Write for Fluency							
Unit 2 Conventions							
Unit 2 Spelling Patterns							
		Lesson Compor	nen	ts			
		21 st Century Th	em	<u>es</u>			
x Global Awareness	х	Financial, Economic,	х	Civic Lite	eracy	Х	Health Literacy
	[^]	Business, and			liuoy	~	
		Entrepreneurial Literacy					
	1	21 st Century S	kille	:			
x Creativity and	x	Critical Thinking and	x	Commu	nication	Х	Information
Innovation	Â	Problem Solving	Â		aboration	~	Literacy
				Career Skill	<u>ر</u>	Literacy	
	^	Ter Energy	Â	Life and		5	
Interdisciplinary Connection	ons:						
Social Studies:							
		nonesty is important becaus		is the mor	al way to a	ct, s	hows that a
	s tha	t a person is principled, and	l is				
honorable.							
		he risks in helping others re	qui	re bravery	, require sa	crifi	ce, and ensure
that their lives will be bette	er.						

Students will understand that the reward for helping others can be favors that are returned, a good feeling inside, praise, and knowledge of doing the right thing.

Students will understand that sacrificing for others is a way that you show you love them, means doing the right thing and not the easy thing, allows people

involved to win and improve themselves.

Students will understand that promoting freedom can involve taking action, supporting leaders, having national pride, and battles and battlefields.

Integration of Technology: Smart Board, computers, laptops/iPads

Equipment needed: Smart Board, computers, laptops/iPads

Goals/Objectives	Learning Activities/Instructional Strategies	Formative Assessment Tasks
 Students will: Develop concept knowledge and build oral language. Compare, contrast and visualize. Define selection vocabulary Identify and focus a topic Spell and write words with digraphs th, sh, ch and ph Identify regular and irregular plural nouns Description - Read like a writer 	 Show Concept Talk Video, use student edition pages 176-177 to guide discussion about honesty and create a concept map, read Teacher Read Aloud: Bullseye to build oral vocabulary/Amazing Words Read Ryan and Jonah, use callouts to guide discussion and use a graphic organizer to compare and contrast main character's actions. Display Envision It Vocabulary cards, say words, use words in a sentence, and elicit definitions from students. Create a table to list reasons why careers require honesty. Introduce spelling words through the use of a Spelling pre-test. Display Grammar Transparency 6 and guide students to complete Introduce narrative composition, examine model text and review key features. 	 Discussions and questions initiated by students and teacher. Reader's and Writer's Notebook pages Let's Practice It worksheet Grammar Transparency Daily Fix It worksheet Spelling pre-test Exit/Entrance Ticket Homework
Differentiation		
Resources Provided Teacher's Edition 5.2 PearsonRealize.com -Big Question Video -Concept Talk Video -Pearson eText - Envision It Animation Let's Practice It worksheets Grammar Transparencies	eled readers, and modifications in accordance with	

Daily Fix It Leveled Readers Fresh Reads for Fluency and Comprehension Reader's Theater Reader's and Writer's Notebook

Content Area: English Language Arts

Unit Title: Unit 3 Inventors and Artists

Target Course/Grade Level: Grade 5

Unit Summary

What do people gain from the work of inventors and artists?

Primary interdisciplinary connections: Social studies, science, character education

21st **century themes:** Critical thinking and problem-solving, collaboration, teamwork and leadership, communication and media fluency, cross-cultural understanding and interpersonal communication,

accountability, productivity, and ethics.

Unit Rationale

Students will develop independent critical analysis skills for reading comprehension.

Learning Targets

Standards

- **Reading for Literature (RL):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity.
- **Reading for Informational Text (RI):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity.
- **Reading Foundational Skills (RF):** Print Concepts, Phonological Awareness, Phonics & Word Recognition, and Fluency.
- Writing (W): Text Types and Purposes
- **Speaking & Listening (SL):** Comprehension & Collaboration and Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas.
- Language (L): Conventions of Standard English and Vocabulary Acquisition and Use.

Content Statements

The students will be able to sequence, summarize, differentiate between cause and effect, identify main idea and details, visualize, determine facts and opinions, predict and set purpose, identify text structure, use graphic sources, and identify important ideas.

CPI #	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)
RL.5.1	Quote accurately from a text when explaining what the text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text.
RL.5.2	Determine the key details in a story, drama or poem to identify the theme and to summarize the text.
RL.5.3	Compare and contrast two or more characters, settings, or events in a story or drama, drawing on specific details in the text (e.g., how characters interact).
RL.5.4	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative language such as metaphors or similes

RL.5.5	Explain how a series of chapters, scenes, or stanzas fits together to provide the overall
	structure of a particular story, drama, or poem.
RL.5.6	Describe how a narrator's or speaker's point of view influences how events are described
RL.5.7	Compare, contrast and reflect on (e.g. Practical knowledge, historical/cultural context,
	and background knowledge) the treatment of similar themes and topics(e.g., opposition
	of good and evil) and patterns of events (e.g., the quest) in stories , myths, and
	traditional literature from different cultures.
RL.5.9	Compare and contrast stories in the same genre (e.g., mysteries and adventure stories)
	on their approaches to similar themes and topics.
RL. 5.10	By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and
	poems, at grade level text-complexity or above, with scaffolding as needed.
RF.5.3a	Use combined knowledge of all letter-sound correspondences, syllabication patterns, and
	morphology (e.g., roots and affixes) to read accurately unfamiliar multisyllabic words in
	context and out of context
RF.5.4a	Read grade-level text with purpose and understanding.
RF.5.4b	Read grade-level prose and poetry orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression
	on successive readings.
RI.5.1	Quote accurately from a text and make relevant connections when explaining what the
	text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text.
RI.5.3	Explain the relationships or interactions between two or more individuals, events, ideas,
	or concepts in a historical, scientific, or technical text based on specific information in the
	text.
RI.5.4	Determine the meaning of general academic and domain-specific words and phrases in a
	text relevant to a grade 5 topic or subject area.
RI.5.5	Compare and contrast the overall structure (e.g., chronology, comparison, cause/effect,
	problem/solution) of events, ideas, concepts, or information in two or more texts
RI.5.7	Draw on information from multiple print or digital sources, demonstrating the ability to
	locate an answer to a question quickly or to solve a problem.
RI.5.8	Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence to support particular points in a text,
	identifying which reasons and evidence support which points.
RI.5.9	Integrate and reflect on (eg. Practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and
	background knowledge) information from several texts on the same topic in order to
	write or speak about going the subject knowledgeably.
RI.5.10	By the end of the year, read and comprehend literary nonfiction at grade level text-
	complexity or above, with scaffolding as needed.
W.5.3a	Orient the reader by establishing a situation and introducing a narrator and/or
	characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally.
W.5.3b	Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, description, and pacing, to develop
	experiences and events or show the responses of characters to situations.
W.5.3d	Use concrete words and phrases and sensory details to convey experiences and events
	precisely.
W.5.4	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are
	appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

W.5.5	With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as
vv.5.5	
W.5.6	needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach.
VV.5.0	With guidance and support from adults, use technology, including the Internet, to
	produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others
W.5.7	Conduct short research projects that use several sources to build knowledge through
N/ F 0	investigation of different perspectives of a topic.
W.5.8	Recall relevant information from experiences or gather relevant information from print
	and digital sources; summarize or paraphrase information in notes and finished work,
	and provide a list of sources.
W.5.9a	Apply grade 5 Reading standards to literature (e.g., "Compare and contrast two or more
	characters, settings, or events in a story or a drama, drawing on specific details in the text
	[e.g., how characters interact).
W.5.10	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and
	metacognition/self-correction and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a
	day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences
L.5.1	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when
	writing or speaking.
L.5.2	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English, capitalization,
	punctuation, and spelling when writing.
L.5.3	Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading or
	listening.
L.5.4	Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases
	based on grade 5 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.
L.5.5	Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in
1.5.0	word meanings.
L.5.6	Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific
	words and phrases, including those that signal contrast, addition, and other logical
SL.5.1	relationships (e.g., however, although, nevertheless, similarly, moreover, in addition).
SL.5.1	Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and
	teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 5 topics and texts, building on others' ideas
	and expressing their own clearly.
	 A. Explicitly draw on previously read text or material and other information known about the topic to explore ideas under discussion.
	B. Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions and carry out assigned roles.
	C. Pose and respond to specific questions by making comments that
	contribute to the discussion and elaborate on the remarks of others.
	D. Review the key ideas expressed and draw conclusions in light of
	information and knowledge gained from the discussion.
SL.5.2	Paraphrase portions of a text read aloud or information presented in diverse media and
JL.J.Z	formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, and orally).
SL.5.4	Report on a topic or text or present an opinion, sequencing ideas logically and using
3L.3.4	
	appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details to support main ideas or themes;
	speak clearly at an understandable pace.

SL.5.6		ty of contexts and tasks, using formal English when appropriate to
	task and situation.	
Unit Essentia		Unit Enduring Understandings
 How do inventors inspire our 		• The students will understand that inventors may be inspired
imaginations?		by new ideas, experimentation, wanting improvements and
		change, and wanting to try new things.
• How do art	ists inspire future	• The students will understand that artists may inspire future
generation	s?	generations by the ideas they leave behind, drawings and journals, their dedication to an idea, or trying different ways
• How can pa	aleontologists help us	to create something new.
understand	the past?	• The students will understand that understanding the past
		means learning from paleontologists, learning from artists,
• How does a	an artist use music to	thinking about animals from the past, and examining the
inspire oth	ers?	remains of extinct animals.
-		• The students will understand that music can inspire us when
• How do art	ists create special effects	we listen to it and enjoy it, when we listen to different
to entertai	n us?	instruments, sing and dance to beats and melodies, keep a
		beat, or have a jam session.
		• The students will understand that special effects can
		entertain us with three-dimensional movies, digital effects in
		movies, with props that form illusions, and by re-creating
		scenes from other times.
Unit Learning	g Targets	
Students will		
*Build Conte	nt Knowledge	
*Build Oral V	-	
	•	ence (order in which events take place)
-		Summarize (maintain meaning by stating main ideas; leaving out
unimportant		
•	cy-working on appropriate	expression
	ulary Skills- through week	
	ledge of the schwa sound	,
	e between past, present, a	nd future tenses
	rt play that could be acted	
		cess text and close reading questions
	-	ds up curiosity and suspense.
	-	rengthening their strategies of using context clues to decipher
the correct m		
	their understanding of pers	suasive text
-	ed to adages and sayings	
	Comprehension Skill- Main	Idea and Detail
-	Comprehension Strategy- \	
•		
	ed to compound words	nain idea and detail skills and visualize strategy.

English Language Arts Curriculum

*Differentiate between principal parts of regular verbs

*Write a persuasive speech in an attempt to get others to agree; use facts and details for support

*Discuss tone; author's attitude toward the subject or audience

*Encounter Greek and Latin Roots; understand how they are often used to build English words

*Strengthen their understanding of Greek and Latin roots

*Be introduced to historical fiction

*Strengthen Comprehension Skill- Fact and Opinion

*Strengthen Comprehension Strategy- Predict and Set Purpose

*Be introduced to words with consonant sounds /j/, /ks/, /sk/, /s/

*Differentiate between principal parts of irregular verbs

*Write an advertising brochure; trying to persuade people to purchase a product or attend an event

*Discuss flashback; an interruption in the narrative to explain an event that happened earlier

*Encounter suffixes -tion and -sion

*Strengthen their understanding of homonyms

*Review expository text

*Strengthen Comprehension Skill- Main Idea and Details

*Strengthen Comprehension Strategy- Text Structure (organization of a selection)

*Be introduced to words that have two consonants together that stand for one sound

*Differentiate between troublesome verbs

*Write a description; including vivid details

*Discuss imagery and how the author uses imagery to create images with words

*Encounter antonyms; skill and strategy to build comprehension

*Strengthen their understanding of antonyms

*Review poetry

*Strengthen Comprehension Skill- Graphic Sources

*Strengthen Comprehension Strategy- Important Ideas

*Read and discuss a selection to build graphic sources skills and important ideas strategy.

*Be introduced to words with the prefixes -un, -de, -dis

*Differentiate between prepositions and prepositional phrases

*Write an expository text; nonfiction that gives information about a topic

*Encounter affixes: prefixes pre- and re-

*Strengthen their understanding of unknown words in text

*Strengthen 21st Century Skills: Search Engines "Searching for Animation"

Evidence of Learning

Summative Assessment:

Spelling quizzes (weekly)

Selection vocabulary and skill quizzes (weekly)

Unit benchmark assessment

Teacher-created assessments for grammar and literary skill

Equipment needed:

Smart Board

Computer

Laptops or iPads

Teacher Resources:

Reading Street Unit 5.3 TE and Student Edition 5.1 Online access to Pearson Realize for e-text, vocabulary games, concept talk videos, tools to enhance instruction, and pictures to facilitate an understanding of vocabulary Reader's and Writer's Notebooks Leveled Readers (Below Level, On-Level, Above Level) with black line masters for assessment Fresh Reads passages Weekly quiz booklets Sleuth books Envision it! Vocabulary cards Reader's Theater **Formative Assessments** Language arts centers Questioning Exit/entrance tickets Homework to reinforce skills learned in class, including but not limited to Reader's and Writer's Notebook pages, Let's Practice It! Worksheets, and Fresh Reads passages. Lesson Plans Lesson Timeframe Lesson 1 5 days The Fabulous Perpetual Motion Machine Lesson 2 5 days

 The Fabulous Perpetual Motion Machine
 5 days

 Lesson 2
 5 days

 Leonardo's Horse
 5 days

 Lesson 3
 5 days

 The Dinosaurs of Waterhouse Hawkins
 5 days

 Lesson 4
 5 days

 Lesson 5
 5 days

 Special Effects in Film and Television
 5 days

 Lesson 6
 5 days

Teacher Notes:

The lesson schedule can be revised based on students' abilities and needs, or school calendar.

Curriculum Development Resources

www.pearsonrealize.com

Lesson	Plan 1
--------	--------

Content Area: English Language Arts

Lesson Title: The Fabulous Perpetual Motion	Timeframe: 5 days at two
-Shades of meaning	hours per lesson
-Foreshadowing	
-Sequence	
-Summarize	
-Cause and effect	

1 Multiple meaning words	
-Multiple-meaning words	
-Expression	
-Play	
Trait: word choice	
-Past, present, and future tenses	
-Words with schwa	
-Play review	
Lesson Title: Leonardo's Horse	Timeframe: 5 days at two
-Greek and Latin roots	hours per lesson
-Tone	
-Main idea and details	
-Visualize	
-Fact and opinion	
-Rate	
-Persuasive speech	
Trait: focus/ideas	
-Principal parts of regular verbs	
-Compound words	
-Media literacy: newscast	
Lesson Title: The Dinosaurs of Waterhouse Hawkins	Timeframe: 5 days at two
-Suffixes –tion, -sion	hours per lesson
-Flashback	
-Fact and opinion	
-Predict and set purpose	
-Predict and set purpose -Main idea/details	
-Main idea/details	
-Main idea/details -Homonyms	
-Main idea/details -Homonyms -Appropriate phrasing	
-Main idea/details -Homonyms -Appropriate phrasing -Advertising brochure	
-Main idea/details -Homonyms -Appropriate phrasing -Advertising brochure Trait: word choice	
-Main idea/details -Homonyms -Appropriate phrasing -Advertising brochure Trait: word choice -Principal parts of irregular verbs	
-Main idea/details -Homonyms -Appropriate phrasing -Advertising brochure Trait: word choice -Principal parts of irregular verbs -Words with consonant sounds /j/, /ks/, /sk/, /s/	
-Main idea/details -Homonyms -Appropriate phrasing -Advertising brochure Trait: word choice -Principal parts of irregular verbs -Words with consonant sounds /j/, /ks/, /sk/, /s/ -Introduction	Timeframe: 5 days at two
-Main idea/details -Homonyms -Appropriate phrasing -Advertising brochure Trait: word choice -Principal parts of irregular verbs -Words with consonant sounds /j/, /ks/, /sk/, /s/ -Introduction Lesson Title: Mahalia Jackson	Timeframe: 5 days at two
-Main idea/details -Homonyms -Appropriate phrasing -Advertising brochure Trait: word choice -Principal parts of irregular verbs -Words with consonant sounds /j/, /ks/, /sk/, /s/ -Introduction Lesson Title: Mahalia Jackson -Suffix –ous	Timeframe: 5 days at two hours per lesson
-Main idea/details -Homonyms -Appropriate phrasing -Advertising brochure Trait: word choice -Principal parts of irregular verbs -Words with consonant sounds /j/, /ks/, /sk/, /s/ -Introduction Lesson Title: Mahalia Jackson -Suffix –ous -Imagery	-
-Main idea/details -Homonyms -Appropriate phrasing -Advertising brochure Trait: word choice -Principal parts of irregular verbs -Words with consonant sounds /j/, /ks/, /sk/, /s/ -Introduction Lesson Title: Mahalia Jackson -Suffix –ous -Imagery -Main idea and details	-
-Main idea/details -Homonyms -Appropriate phrasing -Advertising brochure Trait: word choice -Principal parts of irregular verbs -Words with consonant sounds /j/, /ks/, /sk/, /s/ -Introduction Lesson Title: Mahalia Jackson -Suffix –ous -Imagery -Main idea and details -Text structure	-
-Main idea/details -Homonyms -Appropriate phrasing -Advertising brochure Trait: word choice -Principal parts of irregular verbs -Words with consonant sounds /j/, /ks/, /sk/, /s/ -Introduction Lesson Title: Mahalia Jackson -Suffix –ous -Imagery -Main idea and details -Text structure -Fact and opinion	-
-Main idea/details -Homonyms -Appropriate phrasing -Advertising brochure Trait: word choice -Principal parts of irregular verbs -Words with consonant sounds /j/, /ks/, /sk/, /s/ -Introduction Lesson Title: Mahalia Jackson -Suffix –ous -Imagery -Main idea and details -Text structure -Fact and opinion -Antonyms	-
-Main idea/details -Homonyms -Appropriate phrasing -Advertising brochure Trait: word choice -Principal parts of irregular verbs -Words with consonant sounds /j/, /ks/, /sk/, /s/ -Introduction Lesson Title: Mahalia Jackson -Suffix –ous -Imagery -Main idea and details -Text structure -Fact and opinion -Antonyms -Rate	-
-Main idea/details -Homonyms -Appropriate phrasing -Advertising brochure Trait: word choice -Principal parts of irregular verbs -Words with consonant sounds /j/, /ks/, /sk/, /s/ -Introduction Lesson Title: Mahalia Jackson -Suffix –ous -Imagery -Main idea and details -Text structure -Fact and opinion -Antonyms -Rate -Description	-
-Main idea/details -Homonyms -Appropriate phrasing -Advertising brochure Trait: word choice -Principal parts of irregular verbs -Words with consonant sounds /j/, /ks/, /sk/, /s/ -Introduction Lesson Title: Mahalia Jackson -Suffix –ous -Imagery -Main idea and details -Text structure -Fact and opinion -Antonyms -Rate	-

English Language Arts Curriculum

-0	ne consonant or two							
-G	-Give directions							
Le	Lesson Title: Special Effects in Film and Television Timeframe: 5 days at two							
-G	raphic sources					hours per lesson		
-Ir	nportant ideas							
-A	uthor's purpose							
-A	ffixes: Prefixes pre-, re-							
-A	ccuracy							
-E	-Expository text							
Tr	ait: organization							
-P	repositions and prepositi	ona	l phrases					
-P	refixes un-, de-, dis-							
-A	dvertisement							
Le	sson Title: Optional Revi	ew				Timefram	e: 5	days at two
-U	nit 3 target comprehensi	on s	kills and strategies			hours per	less	son
-U	nit 3 target vocabulary sl	kills						
-U	nit 3 fluency skills							
-Q	uick write for fluency							
-U	nit 3 conventions							
-U	nit 3 spelling patterns							
			Lesson Compor	nent	ts			
			21 st Century Th	eme	es			
x	Global Awareness	х	Financial, Economic,	х	Civic Lite	racy		Health Literacy
Â	Clobal / Walchess	^	Business, and	^		indey		ficatin Energy
			Entrepreneurial Literacy					
			21 st Century S	kills				
х	Creativity and	х	Critical Thinking and	x	Commur	nication	х	Information
Â	Innovation	^	Problem Solving	^		aboration	~	Literacy
х	Media Literacy	х	ICT Literacy	х		Career Skills	<u>د</u>	Literacy
^		^	Ter Energy	^			5	
In	terdisciplinary Connectio	ons:						
W	eek 1: The Fabulous Perj	oetu	al Motion Machine					
*0	haracter Education/Scier	nce:	Students will understand th	at g	athering g	ood inform	atio	on such as cost
and size are effective, as opposed to faulty information (popularity).								
Week 2: Leonardo's Horse								
*Social Studies: Students will read about famous artists and workmanship from the Renaissance.								
	eek 3: The Dinosaurs of							
	*Science: Students will read about Waterhouse and how he used fossils to create models of dinosaurs at							
	a time when no one knew what they looked like.							
Week 4: Mahalia Jackson								
*Social Studies and Art: Students will learn about blues music and how it was important to slaves.								
W	Week 5: Special Effects in Film and Television							
_								

*Science and Technology: Students will learn how computer art, such as digital pads, cameras, scanners, and lights, is used to create special effects in film and television.

Integration of Technology: Smart board, computer, laptops/iPads

Equipment needed:

Smart board, computer, laptops/iPads

Goals/Objectives
 Students will: Demonstrate content knowledge: oral vocabulary Demonstrate text- based comprehension: sequence and summarize Read with fluency: appropriate expression Gain and apply knowledge of selection vocabulary Demonstrate an ability to research through inquiry: identify and focus topic Apply knowledge of spelling patterns: Words with schwa Gain knowledge of conventions: Past, present, and future tenses Demonstrate an ability to compose a new writing style: Play

Teacher's Edition 5.3	
PearsonRealize.com	
-Video, Big Question Video	
-Video, Concept Talk Video	
-eText	
-Grammar transparencies	
-Envision It! Animation	
-Let's Practice It! Pages	
-Daily Fix It	
Sleuth Readers	
Leveled Readers	
Fresh Reads for Fluency and Comprehension and TE	
Reader's and Writer's Notebooks and TE	

Content Area: English Language Arts

Unit Title: Adapting Unit 4

Target Course/Grade Level: Grade 5

Unit Summary

How do people and animals adapt to different situations?

Primary interdisciplinary connections: Social Studies, Science and Technology

21st century themes: Critical Thinking and Problem Solving, Creativity and Innovation, Collaboration,

Teamwork and Leadership, Cross-Cultural Understanding and Interpersonal Learning, Communication

and Media Fluency, Accountability, Productivity, and Ethics

Unit Rationale

Students will develop independent critical analysis skills for reading comprehension.

Learning Targets

Standards

- **Reading for Literature (RL):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity.
- **Reading for Informational Text (RI):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity.
- **Reading Foundational Skills (RF):** Print Concepts, Phonological Awareness, Phonics & Word Recognition, and Fluency.
- Writing (W): Text Types and Purposes
- **Speaking & Listening (SL):** Comprehension & Collaboration and Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas.
- Language (L): Conventions of Standard English and Vocabulary Acquisition and Use.

Content Statements

The students will compare and contrast literary elements and identify sequence and author's purpose.

CPI #	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)	
RL.5.1	Quote accurately from a text when explaining what the text says explicitly and when drawing inferences form the text.	
RL.5.2	Determine the key details in a story, drama or poem to identify the theme and to summarize the text.	
RL.5.3	Compare and contrast two or more characters, settings, or events in a story or drama, drawing on specific details in the text (e.g., how characters interact)	
RL.5.4	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative language such as metaphors and similes.	
RL.5.5	Explain how a series of chapters, scenes, or stanzas fit together to provide the overall structure of a particular story, drama or poem.	
RL.5.6	Describe how a narrator's or speaker's point of view influences how events are described	
RL.5.7	Analyze how visual and multimedia elements contribute to the meaning, tone, or beauty of a text.	
RL.5.10	By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, at grade level text-complexity or above, with scaffolding as needed.	
L.5.1	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.	
L.5.2	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.	
L.5.3	Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.	
L.5.4	Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 5 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.	
L.5.5	Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.	
L.5.6	Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, including those that signal contrast, addition, and other logical relationships.	
RF.5.3a	Used combined knowledge of all letter-sound correspondences, syllabication patterns, and morphology to read accurately unfamiliar multisyllabic words in context and out of context	
RF.5.4a	Read grade-level text with purpose and understanding.	
RF.5.4b	Read grade-level prose and poetry orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings.	
RF 5.4c	Use context to confirm or self-correct word recognition and understanding, rereading as necessary.	
W.5.2a	Introduce a topic or text clearly, state an opinion, and create an organizational structure in which ideas are logically grouped to support the writer's purpose.	
W.5.2b	Develop the topic with facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples related to the topic	
W.5.2d	Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.	

Orient the reader by establishing a situation and introducing a narrator and/or
characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally.
Use narratives techniques, such as dialogue, description, and pacing to develop
experiences and events or show the responses of characters to situations.
Use concrete words and phrases and sensory details to convey experiences and events
precisely.
Provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences or events.
Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are
appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop an strengthen writing as
needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach.
With guidance and support from adults, use technology, including the Internet, to
produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others
Conduct short research projects that use several sources to build knowledge through
investigation of different perspectives of a topic.
Recall relevant information from experiences or gather relevant information from print
and digital sources; summarize or paraphrase information in notes and finished work,
and provide a list of sources
Apply grade 5 Reading standards to literature.
Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and
metacognition/self-correction and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a
day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.
Quote accurately from a text and make relevant connections when explaining what the
text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text.
Determine two or more main ideas of a text and explain how they are supported by key
details: summarize the text.
Explain the relationships or interactions between two or more individuals, events, ideas,
or concepts in historical, scientific, or technical text based on specific information in the
text.
Determine the meaning of general academic and domain-specific words and phrases in a
text relevant to a grade 5 topic or subject area.
Compare and contrast the overall structure of events, ideas, concepts or information in
two or more texts
Draw on information from multiple print or digital sources, demonstrating the ability to
locate an answer to a question quickly or to solve a problem efficiently.
Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence to support particular points in a text,
identifying which reasons and evidence support which points.
Integrate and reflect on (eg. Practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and
background knowledge) information from several texts on the same topic in order to
write or speak about going the subject knowledgeably.
By the end of the year, read and comprehend literary nonfiction at grade level text-
complexity or above, with scaffolding as needed.

SL.5.1		a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and		
		verse partners on grade 5 topics and texts, building on others' ideas		
	and expressing their	•		
		aw on previously read text or material and other information known pic to explore ideas under discussion.		
		ed-upon rules for discussions and carry out assigned roles.		
	-	spond to specific questions by making comments that contribute to		
		on and elaborate on the remarks of others.		
	D. Review the key ideas expressed and draw conclusions in light of inform			
	knowledge gained from the discussion.			
E. Paraphrase portions of a text read aloud or information				
SL.5.3				
02:010	reasons and evidence			
SL.5.4		text or present an opinion, sequencing ideas logically and using		
	•	d relevant, descriptive details to support main ideas or themes;		
		nderstandable pace.		
SL.5.5		components and visual displays in presentations when appropriate to		
		oment of main ideas or themes.		
SL.5.6	Adapt speech to a va	ariety of contexts and tasks, using formal English when appropriate to		
	task and situation.			
Unit Essential	Questions	Unit Enduring Understandings		
• How do peo	ple adapt to difficult	 Students will understand that adapting to difficult situations can 		
situations?		mean creating things to make life easier, being flexible, having		
		courage and determination and changing to deal with situations.		
 How do peo 	ple overcome	 Students will understand that overcoming obstacles can means 		
obstacles?		coming up with ingenious ideas to conquer them, being resilient		
		when you are trying to adapt and being persistent.		
 How do anin 	nals adapt to	• Students will understand that animals can adapt in different ways		
survive?		and for many reasons to protect themselves from enemies, to		
		hunt prey and to survive in their environments.		
	ple adapt to new	• Students will understand that adapting to new places can mean		
places?		getting used to a new country, getting used to a new school,		
 Why do people try to change 		having courage and determination, and overcoming obstacles.		
themselves?		• Students will understand that improving yourself can mean		
		becoming physically fit, studying and perfecting your talents,		
	-	practicing what you know and increasing your knowledge.		
Unit Learning	-			
	Students will Demonstrate ability to use new words and define them in context.			
Draw conclusio	•	עז מווע עכווווכ נווכווו ווו נטוונצגו.		
	y elements of theme a	and setting		
-	t a purpose for readin			
	ig techniques when re			
•	th words from many of	-		

Distinguish between object and subject pronouns Create a picture book Examine words with -ed, -ing, and -s endings. Categorize words and identify base words Determine the meaning of idioms used in text Practice accuracy, expressions, rate and appropriate phrasing when oral reading Identify sensory details Identify generalizations and evaluate to be faulty or valid. Recognize words with the prefixes over-, under-, sub-, super-, out-Explain the connection between pronouns and antecedents Write a friendly letter Determine the meaning of the suffixes -ly and -ian Evaluate the meanings of hyperboles Evaluate a persuasive essay Evaluate graphic sources for important textual information and helpful insights to clarify difficult text Judge whether some details are important ideas or not Differentiate between homophones Recognize plural possessives Write a formal letter Analyze words- with suffixes -ize Determine meanings of metaphors Identify synonyms Read expository text Summarize the story structure Organize spelling words into categories with suffixes -ible, and -able Distinguish between indefinite and reflexive pronouns Write narrative poetry Analyze words with prefixes com-, pro-, -epi Recognize dialogue Draw conclusions about the text Visualize, as a reading strategy Identify negative prefixes in words Formulate an understanding of when to use who and whom Write an autobiographical sketch Determine the meaning of similes Determine the meaning of the suffixes -ion, ish Identify author's purpose **Evidence of Learning** Summative Assessment: Spelling quizzes Selection Vocabulary and Skill Quizzes (Weekly) **Unit Benchmark Assessments**

Teacher created assessments for grammar and literary skills.

English Language Arts Curriculum

Equipment needed:			
Smart Board			
Computer			
Laptops or iPads			
Teacher Resources:			
-	Reading Street Unit 5.4 TE and Students Editions 5.2		
Online access to Pearson Realize for e-text, vocabulary games, concept talk videos, tools to enhance			
instruction, and pictures to facilitate an understanding of vocabulary			
Reader's and Writer's Notebooks Leveled Readers (Below Level, On-Level, and Above Level) with black line masters for assessment			
	, and Above Level) with black line masters for assessment		
Fresh Reads passages Weekly Quiz booklets			
Sleuth books			
Envision It Vocabulary cards			
Formative Assessments			
Language Arts centers			
Questioning			
Exit/Entrance Tickets			
Homework to reinforce skills learned			
in class including but not limited to			
Reader's and Writer's Notebook			
pages, Let's Practice It worksheets			
and Fresh Reads passages			
-	Lesson Plans		
Lesson	Timeframe		
Lesson 1	5 days		
Weslandia			
Lesson 2	5 days		
Tripping Over the Lunch Lady	5 4475		
Lesson 3	5 days		
Exploding Ants	5 days		
Lesson 4			
The Stormi Giovanni Club	5 days		
Lesson 5	5 days		
The Gymnast			
Lesson 6			
Optional Review	5 days		
Teacher Notes:	,		
The lesson schedule can be revised base	ed on students' abilities and needs or school calendar.		
Curriculum Development Resources			
 www.pearsonrealize.com 			
Lesson Plan 1			
Content Area: English Language Arts			
Content / i car English Euliguage Alts			

Lesson Title: Weslandia	Timeframe: 5 days at two
Endings –ed,-ing,-s	hours per lesson
Idioms	·
Draw Conclusions	
Questioning	
Literary Elements: Theme and Setting	
Appropriate phrasing	
Picture Book	
Trait: Focus/Ideas	
Subject and Object Pronouns	
Words from Many Cultures	
How-to Demonstration	
Lesson Title: Tripping Over the Lunch Lady	Timeframe: 5 days at two
Suffixes –ly, -ian	hours per lesson
Hyperbole	
Generalize	
Predict and Set Purpose	
Draw Conclusions	
Unfamiliar Words	
Accuracy	
Friendly letter	
Trait: Sentences	
Pronouns and Antecedents	
Prefixes over-, under-, sub-, super-, out-	
Persuasive Speech	
Lesson Title: Exploding Ants	Timeframe: 5 days at two
Suffix –ize	hours per lesson
Metaphor	
Graphic Sources	
Important Ideas	
Author's Purpose	
Synonyms	
Rate	
Formal Letter	
Trait: Conventions	
Possessive Pronouns	
Homophones	
Description	

Lesson Title: The Stormi	Giova	nni Club			Timefram	e: 5	days at two
Prefixes com-, pro-, epi-					hours per		
Dialogue							
Generalize							
Story Structure							
, Draw Conclusions							
Unfamiliar Words							
Expression							
Narrative Poetry							
Trait: Word Choice							
Indefinite and Reflexive P	ronou	ins					
Suffixes –ible, -able							
Give Advice							
Lesson Title: The Gymna	st				Timefram	e: 5	days at two
Idioms					hours per	less	son
Figurative Language: Simi	ile						
Draw Conclusions							
Visualize							
Generalize							
Suffixes –ion, -ish							
Appropriate Phrasing							
Autobiographical Sketch							
Trait: Voice							
Using Who and Whom							
Negative Prefixes							
Interview a Classmate							
Lesson Title: Optional Re	view				Timefram	e: 5	days at two
Unit 4 Target Comprehen	ision S	kills and Strategies			hours per	less	son
Unit 4 Target Vocabulary	Skills				-		
Unit 4 Fluency Skills							
Quick Write for Fluency							
Unit 4 Conventions							
Unit 4 Spelling Patterns							
		Lesson Compor	nent	ts			
		21 st Century Th					
x Global Awareness	х	Financial, Economic,	x	Civic Lite	eracy	x	Health Literacy
		Business, and			,		
		Entrepreneurial Literacy					
		21 st Century S	kille	1		I	l
x Creativity and	х	Critical Thinking and	x	Commur	nication	х	Information
Innovation	^	Problem Solving	^		aboration	^	Literacy
IIIIOvatiOII					abulation		Literacy

English Language Arts Curriculum

х	Media Literacy	х	ICT Literacy	х	Life and Career Skills				
Int	Interdisciplinary Connections:								
Int	Interdisciplinary:								
So	cial Studies:								
Stu	udents will real sensory r	ich p	poetry from different cultu	res					
Stu	udents will read a paired	sele	ction- persuasive essay-ab	out s	quare dancing				
Stu	udents will read a main s	elec	tion about a boy who creat	es hi	s own civilization (learn about different				
as	pect of civilization)								
Sti	udents will read a paired	sele	ection about helping out in	scho	ol				
Sci	Science:								
Sti	Students will read a paired selection about at the art of mimicry								
Stı	Students will read a main selection about ant that adapt to their environment and enemies								
Int	Integration of Technology: Smart Board, computers, laptops/iPads								
Eq	Equipment needed: Smart Board, computers, laptops/iPads								

Goals/Objectives	Learning Activities/Instructional Strategies	Formative Assessment Tasks
 Students will: Develop concept knowledge and build oral language. Compare, contrast and visualize. 	 Show Concept Talk Video, use student edition pages 20 – 21 to guide discussion about how people adapt to difficult situations and create a concept map, read Teacher Read Aloud: Birdsong on a 	Discussions and questions initiated by students and teacher. Reader's and Writer's Notebook pages
 Define selection vocabulary. 	Summer Evening to build oral vocabulary/Amazing Words • Read The Go-Cart, use callouts to	Let's Practice It worksheet
 Identify and focus a topic. 	guide discussion and use a graphic organizer to draw conclusions about the main character.	Grammar Transparency
 Spell and write words from many cultures. 	 Display Envision It Vocabulary cards, say words, use words in a 	Daily Fix It worksheet
 Identify subject and 	sentence, and elicit definitions from students.	Spelling pre-test
 object pronouns. Create a Picture book. 	 Investigate how people in ancient civilizations adapted to challenges of their world. Introduce spelling words through the use of a Spelling pre-test. 	Exit/Entrance Ticket Homework

	 Display Grammar Transparency 16 and guide students to complete Introduce picture book as an illustrated story, examine model text and review key features.
Differentiation	
Small group instruction, lev	eled readers, and modifications in accordance with student's 504 plan or IEP
Resources Provided	
Teacher's Edition 5.2	
PearsonRealize.com	
-Big Question Video	
-Concept Talk Video	
-Pearson eText	
- Envision It Animation	
Let's Practice It worksheets	
Grammar Transparencies	
Daily Fix It	
Leveled Readers	
Sleuth books	
Fresh Reads for Fluency and	Comprehension
Reader's Theater	
Reader's and Writer's Note	oook

Content Area: English Language Arts
Unit Title: Unit 5: Adventurers
Target Course/Grade Level: Grade 5
Unit Summary
Who goes seeking adventure and why?
Primary interdisciplinary connections: Social studies, science
21 st century themes: Critical thinking and problem-solving, collaboration, teamwork and leadership,
communication and media fluency, cross-cultural understanding and interpersonal communication,
accountability, productivity, and ethics.
Unit Rationale
Students will develop independent critical analysis skills for reading comprehension.
Learning Targets
Standards
• Reading for Literature (RL): Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of
Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity.

• **Reading for Informational Text (RI):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity.

English Language Arts Curriculum

- **Reading Foundational Skills (RF):** Print Concepts, Phonological Awareness, Phonics & Word Recognition, and Fluency.
- Writing (W): Text Types and Purposes
- **Speaking & Listening (SL):** Comprehension & Collaboration and Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas.
- Language (L): Conventions of Standard English and Vocabulary Acquisition and Use.

Content Statements

The students will be able to identify literary elements including character and plot, use background knowledge, make inferences, use graphic sources, identify an author's purpose for writing, monitor and clarify as they read, summarize, generalize, and make questions.

CPI #	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)
RL.5.1	Quote accurately from a text when explaining what the text says explicitly and when
	drawing inferences from the text.
RL.5.2	Determine the key details in a story, drama or poem to identify the theme and to
	summarize the text.
RL.5.4	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including
	figurative language such as metaphors or similes
RL.5.5	Explain how a series of chapters, scenes, or stanzas fits together to provide the overall
	structure of a particular story, drama, or poem.
RL. 5.10	By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and
	poems, at grade level text-complexity or above, with scaffolding as needed.
RF.5.3a	Use combined knowledge of all letter-sound correspondences, syllabication patterns, and
	morphology (e.g., roots and affixes) to read accurately unfamiliar multisyllabic words in
	context and out of context.
RF.5.4b	Read grade-level prose and poetry orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression
	on successive readings.
RF.5.4c	Use context to confirm or self-correct word recognition and understanding, rereading as
	necessary.
RI.5.1	Quote accurately from a text and make relevant connections when explaining what the
	text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text.
RI.5.2	Determine two or more main ideas of a text and explain how they are supported by key
	details; summarize the text
RI.5.3	Explain the relationships or interactions between two or more individuals, events, ideas,
	or concepts in a historical, scientific, or technical text based on specific information in the
	text
RI.5.4	Determine the meaning of general academic and domain-specific words and phrases in a
	text relevant to a grade 5 topic or subject area.
RI.5.7	Draw on information from multiple print or digital sources, demonstrating the ability to
	locate an answer to a question quickly or to solve a problem.
RI.5.8	Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence to support particular points in a text,
	identifying which reasons and evidence support which points.

RI.5.9	Integrate and reflect on (eg. Practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and
	background knowledge) information from several texts on the same topic in order to
	write or speak about going the subject knowledgeably.
RI.5.10	By the end of the year, read and comprehend literary nonfiction at grade level text-
	complexity or above, with scaffolding as needed.
W.5.2a	Introduce a topic or text clearly, state an opinion, and create an organizational structure
	in which ideas are logically grouped to support the writer's purpose
W.5.2c	Link ideas within paragraphs and sections of information using words, phrases, and
	clauses. (e.g., in contrast, especially)
W.5.3a	Orient the reader by establishing a situation and introducing a narrator and/or
	characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally.
W.5.3d	Use concrete words and phrases and sensory details to convey experiences and events
	precisely.
W.5.4	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are
	appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
W.5.5	With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as
	needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach.
W.5.6	With guidance and support from adults, use technology, including the Internet, to
	produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others.
W.5.7	Conduct short research projects that use several sources to build knowledge through
	investigation of different perspectives of a topic.
W.5.8	Recall relevant information from experiences or gather relevant information from print
	and digital sources; summarize or paraphrase information in notes and finished work,
	and provide a list of sources
W.5.9a	Apply grade 5 Reading standards to literature (e.g., "Compare and contrast two or more
	characters, settings, or events in a story or a drama, drawing on specific details in the text
	[e.g., how characters interact).
W.5.9b	Apply grade 5 Reading standards to informational texts (e.g., "Explain how an author uses
	reasons and evidence to support particular points in a text, identifying which reasons and
	evidence support which point[s]"").
L.5.1	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when
	writing or speaking.
L.5.2	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English, capitalization,
	punctuation, and spelling when writing.
L.5.3	Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading or
	listening.
L.5.4	Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases
	based on grade 5 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.
L.5.5	Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in
	word meanings.
L.5.6	Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific
	words and phrases, including those that signal contrast, addition, and other logical
	relationships (e.g., however, although, nevertheless, similarly, moreover, in addition).
	relationships (e.g., nowever, although, nevertheless, similarly, moreover, in addition).

SL.5.1 SL.5.4	teacher-led) with o and expressing the A. Explicitly o about the B. Follow agr C. Pose and r the discuss D. Review the knowledge	in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and diverse partners on grade 5 topics and texts, building on others' ideas eir own clearly. draw on previously read text or material and other information known topic to explore ideas under discussion. reed-upon rules for discussions and carry out assigned roles. respond to specific questions by making comments that contribute to sion and elaborate on the remarks of others. e key ideas expressed and draw conclusions in light of information and e gained from the discussion or text or present an opinion, sequencing ideas logically and using				
	speak clearly at an	and relevant, descriptive details to support main ideas or themes; understandable pace.				
SL.5.5	presentations whe	a components (e.g., graphics, sound) and visual displays in n appropriate to enhance the development of main ideas or themes.				
Unit Essential	Questions	Unit Enduring Understandings				
 How can we find adventure in ordinary events? How does technology help 		 The students will understand that everyday adventures can happen because of our surroundings, actions, the things we see, and when we take initiative. The students will understand that adventures can use 				
adventurers		 The students will understand that duventures can use technology to explore the ocean floor, find lost treasures, explore foreign lands, and to discover new places. The students will understand that adventures in space can 				
 What is life like for an astronaut? 		 mean learning about spacecraft, taking missions into space or experiencing weightlessness. The students will understand that adventures underground 				
 How do we undergroun 	explore places d?	 include learning about caves, coexisting with nature, roamin to new places, and excavating Earth. The students will understand that westward expansion 				
 What adven westward ex 	tures helped drive xpansion?	included traveling to be part of the California Gold Rush, searching for the American Dream, and trailblazing into a new territory.				
*Understand	 derstand how to co	rrectly use new vocabulary in context used and what it means				

- *Understand the literary term humor
- *Continue to comprehend the literary elements of plot and character
- *Continue to use background knowledge when reading to further their comprehension of the story
- *Understand and correctly identify author's purpose
- *Continue to practice and correctly identify Greek and Latin roots
- *Learn how to create a rhyming poem, focusing on word choice

*Learn how to correctly use contractions and negatives in writing *Understand how to spell multisyllabic words *Understand acronyms and why they are useful *Learn the literary term jargon and why it is used *Utilize graphic sources to gain a better understanding of the text *Continue to infer while reading to better understand the text *Correctly identify main ideas and details *Learn how to write notes, stressing the importance of focus and ideas traits *Learn about and correctly identify and use adjectives and articles *Learn how to spell related words *Learn and comprehend idioms and how to use them properly *Monitor and clarify as they are reading *Continue to use graphic sources to gain a better understanding of the text *Write a biographical sketch, focusing on sentences *Correctly use this, that, these, and those *Spell Greek word parts correctly *Understand and correctly use new vocabulary in context *Understand that adventures underground include learning about caves, coexisting with nature, roaming to new places, and excavating Earth *Correctly spell with the spelling patterns -ous, -ious, -eous *Identify and correctly use similes *Demonstrate understanding of cause and effect relationships *Summarize as they read *Write a letter to editor, focusing on voice *Use comparative and superlative adjectives correctly *Learn how to spell words with Latin roots *Understand that westward expansion included traveling to be part of the California Gold Rush, searching for the American dream, and trailblazing into a new territory *Understand morphemes *Use sensory details in writing and identify sensory details in other pieces of writing *Generalize as they read to better comprehend the text *Use questioning as they read to understand the text *Continue to utilize graphic sources to further comprehend a text *Write a summary, focusing on ideas and keeping the focus of their writing clear *Correctly identify and use adverbs **Evidence of Learning Summative Assessment:** Spelling quizzes (weekly) Selection vocabulary and skill quizzes (weekly) Unit benchmark assessment Teacher-created assessments for grammar and literary skills **Equipment needed:**

Smart Board

Computer Laptops or iPads

Teacher Resources:

Reading Street Unit 5.5 TE and Student Edition 5.2

Online access to Pearson Realize for e-text, vocabulary games, concept talk videos, tools to enhance instruction, and pictures to facilitate an understanding of vocabulary

Reader's and Writer's Notebooks

Leveled Readers (Below Level, On-Level, Above Level) with black line masters for assessment

Fresh Reads passages

Weekly quiz booklets

Sleuth books

Envision it! Vocabulary cards

Reader's Theater

Formative Assessments

Language arts centers

Questioning

Exit/entrance tickets

Homework to reinforce skills learned in class, including but not limited to Reader's and Writer's Notebook pages, Let's Practice It! Worksheets, and Fresh Reads passages.

Lesson Plans					
Lesson	Timeframe				
Lesson 1 The Skunk Ladder	5 days				
Lesson 2 The Unsinkable Wreck of the R.M.S. Titanic	5 days				
Lesson 3 Talk with an Astronaut	5 days				
Lesson 4 Journey to the Center of the Earth	5 days				
Lesson 5 Ghost Towns of the American West	5 days				
Lesson 6 Optional Review	5 days				
Teacher Notes: The lesson schedule can be revised based on students' abilities and needs, or school calendar.					
Curriculum Development Resources					

• <u>www.pearsonrealize.com</u>

English Language Arts Curriculum

Lesson Plan 1	
Content Area: English Language Arts	
Lesson Title: The Skunk Ladder	Timeframe: 5 days at two
-Prefix –im	hours per lesson
-Humor	
-Literary Elements: Character and Plot	
-Background knowledge	
-Author's purpose	
-Greek and Latin roots	
-Expression	
-Rhyming poem	
Trait: word choice	
-Contractions and negatives	
-Multisyllabic words	
-Dramatization	
Lesson Title: The Unsinkable Wreck of the R.M.S. Titanic	Timeframe: 5 days at two
-Acronyms	hours per lesson
-Jargon	
-Graphic sources	
-Inferring	
-Main idea and details	
-Unknown words	
-Expression	
-Notes	
Trait: focus/ideas	
-Adjectives and articles	
-Related words	
-Media literacy: newscast	
Lesson Title: Talk With an Astronaut	Timeframe: 5 days at two
-Greek and Latin roots	hours per lesson
-Idiom	
-Author's purpose	
-Monitor and clarify	
•	
Trait: sentences	
/ '0	
Lesson Title: Journey to the Center of the Farth	Timeframe: 5 days at two
-Graphic sources -Multiple-meaning words -Accuracy -Biographical sketch Trait: sentences -This, that, these, and those -Greek word parts -Storytelling Lesson Title: Journey to the Center of the Earth -Complex spelling patterns: -ous, -ious, -eous	Timeframe: 5 days at two hours per lesson

	gurative language: simile	j						
	ause and effect							
	ummarize							
	uthor's purpose							
	nfamiliar words							
	opropriate phrasing/pun	ctua	tion cues					
	etter to the editor							
	ait: voice							
	omparative and superlat	ive a	djectives					
-La	itin roots							
-In	terpret fiction							
Le	sson Title: Ghost Towns	of th	e American West			Timefram	e: 5	days at two
-N	orphemes					hours per	less	son
-Se	ensory details							
-G	eneralize							
-Q	uestioning							
-G	raphic sources							
-Pi	efixes over-, in-							
-Ra	ate							
-Su	ımmary							
Tra	ait: focus/ideas							
-A	dverbs							
-G	reek word parts							
-D	ebate							
						Timefram	e: 5	days at two
Le	sson Title: Optional Revi	ew				hours per	less	son
-U	nit 5 target comprehensi	on s	kills and strategies					
-U	nit 5 target vocabulary sl	kills						
-U	nit 5 fluency skills							
-Q	uick write for fluency							
-U	nit 5 conventions							
-U	nit 5 spelling patterns							
			Lesson Compo	nent	ts			
			21 st Century Th					
х	Global Awareness		Financial, Economic,	х	Civic Lite	eracy		Health Literacy
	clobal Awareness		Business, and	Â	x Civic Literacy Health Liter			
Entrepreneurial Literacy								
		L	21 st Century S	kille	I		I	1
v	Creativity and	x	Critical Thinking and	X	Commur	nication	x	Information
х	Innovation	^	Problem Solving	^		aboration		Literacy
v		v		v.		Career Skill		LILEIALY
х	Media Literacy	х	ICT Literacy	х	Life and		3	
		L		I				

					T	
Int	erdisciplinary Connectio	ns:				
W	eek 1: The Skunk Ladder					
*S	cience: Technology helps	peo	ole reach new places.			
W	eek 2: The Unsinkable W	reck	of the R.M.S. Titanic			
*S	cience: The Titanic had a	flaw	-the compartments in	he shi	р	were not sealed off, so the water moved
fro	om one compartment to t	he n	ext. Technology can he	p peop	pl	e reach new places.
*S	ocial Studies: Adventure	s can	be found in all differen	t type:	s (of places and landforms
Hi	story of the Titanic.					
In	the early 1900s, large shi	ps lik	the Titanic were the	only m	0	de of transportation available between
America and Europe.						
Week 3: Talk with an Astronaut						
*Science: Astronauts; Careers in Space; Space exploration; What causes weightlessness in space?						
Kn	owledge that we have at	out l	Mars as a result of NAS	odor A	ti	c rovers that landed there.
W	eek 4: Journey to the Ce	nter o	of the Earth			
*S	cience: The earth has ma	ny la	yers.			
W	eek 5: Ghost Towns of th	ie An	nerican West			
*S	ocial Studies: Westward	Ехраі	nsion; California Gold R	ush; Cr	re	ation of the Transcontinental Railroad
Int	egration of Technology:	Sma	rt board, computer, lap	tops/il	Pa	ads
Eq	uipment needed:					
Sm	hart board, computer, lap	tops	/iPads			
	· · · · · ·	-				

Goals/Objectives	Learning Activities/Instructional Strategies	Formative Assessment Tasks
 Students will: Demonstrate content knowledge: oral vocabulary Demonstrate text- based comprehension: character and plot; background knowledge Read with fluency: appropriate expression Gain and apply knowledge of selection vocabulary Demonstrate an ability to research through inquiry: 	 Introduce the big question using Street Rhymes poem. Explore the question of the week- How can we find adventure in ordinary events? Build Oral Language: Talk about adventure in ordinary events using pp.168-169 in student editions. Connect to reading by making a concept map. Build Oral Vocabulary: Introduce amazing words and read teacher read-aloud: "How the Desert Made Us Different" Teach Text-Based Comprehension strategies: character and plot, and background knowledge. Practice skill. Read "The Day of Two Adventures." 	Discussion/ques tioning led by students, groups, and teacher Reader's and Writer's Notebook Grammar Transparencies Daily Fix It Spelling Pre-test Let's Practice It pages Exit Tickets Homework

identify and focus	Introduce coloction vecebulary through				
topic	 Introduce selection vocabulary through following routing on page 1716 in TE 				
 Apply knowledge of 	following routine on page 171a in TE.				
spelling patterns:	Research and Inquiry: Discuss the Question				
Multisyllabic words	of the Week. Students will conduct				
 Gain knowledge of 	research to find unusual fiction or				
conventions:	nonfiction stories that relate to everyday				
contractions and	activities. They will perform their stories for				
negatives	the class on Day 5, sharing the story in a				
 Demonstrate an 	dramatic way like a storyteller would.				
ability to compose a	 Introduce spelling words through a spelling 				
new writing style:	pre-test. Say each word, read the sentence,				
rhyming poem	and repeat the word.				
	 Introduce contractions and negatives. 				
	Make connections, teach, model, guide				
	practice, and apply.				
	 Introduce rhyming poem to students. 				
	 Wrap up your day. 				
Differentiation					
	eveled readers. Modifications in accordance with student 504 plans or IEP.				
Resources Provided	·				
Teacher's Edition 5.5					
PearsonRealize.com					
-Video, Big Question Vide	0				
-Video, Concept Talk Vide	0				
-Envision It! Animation					
-Let's Practice It! Pages					
-Daily Fix It					
Sleuth Readers					
Leveled Readers					
	nd Comprehension and TE				
Reader's Theater					
Reader's and Writer's Notebooks and TE					

Content Area: English Language Arts
Unit Title: Unit 6: The Unexpected
Target Course/Grade Level: Grade 5
Unit Summary

What can we learn from encounters with the unexpected?

Primary interdisciplinary connections: Social Studies, Science and Technology

21st century themes: Critical Thinking and Problem Solving, Creativity and Innovation, Collaboration, Teamwork and Leadership, Cross-Cultural Understanding and Interpersonal Learning, Communication and Media Fluency, Accountability, Productivity, and Ethics

Unit Rationale

Students will develop independent critical analysis skills for reading comprehension.

Learning Targets

Standards

- **Reading for Literature (RL):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity.
- **Reading for Informational Text (RI):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity.
- **Reading Foundational Skills (RF):** Print Concepts, Phonological Awareness, Phonics & Word Recognition, and Fluency.
- Writing (W): Text Types and Purposes
- **Speaking & Listening (SL):** Comprehension & Collaboration and Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas.
- Language (L): Conventions of Standard English and Vocabulary Acquisition and Use.

Content Statements

The students will compare and contrast literary elements and identify sequence and author's purpose.

purpose.	
CPI #	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)
RL.5.1	Quote accurately from a text when explaining what the text says explicitly and when
	drawing inferences from the text.
RL.5.3	Compare and contrast two or more characters, settings or events in a story or drama,
	drawing on specific details in the text
RL.5.4	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including
	figurative language such as metaphors and similes.
RL.5.6	Describe how a narrator's or speaker's point of view influences how events are
	described.
RL.5.9	Compare, contrast and reflect on (e.g. Practical knowledge, historical/cultural context,
	and background knowledge) the treatment of similar themes and topics(e.g., opposition
	of good and evil) and patterns of events (e.g., the quest) in stories , myths, and
	traditional literature from different cultures.
RL.5.10	By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and
	poems, at grade level text-complexity or above, with scaffolding as needed.
L.5.1	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when
	writing or speaking.
L.5.2	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization,
	punctuation, and spelling when writing
L.5.3	Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or
	listening

L.5.4	Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases
	based on grade 5 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.
L.5.5	Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in
	word meanings.
L.5.6	Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific
	words and phrases, including those that signal contrast, addition, and other logical
	relationships.
RF.5.3a	Used combined knowledge of all letter-sound correspondences, syllabication patterns,
	and morphology to read accurately unfamiliar multisyllabic words in context and out of
	context.
RF.5.4b	Read grade-level prose and poetry orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression
	on successive readings.
W.5.3a	Orient the reader by establishing a situation and introducing a narrator and/or
	characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally.
W.5.3b	Use narratives techniques, such as dialogue, description, and pacing to develop
	experiences and events or show the responses of characters to situations.
W.5.3d	Use concrete words and phrases and sensory details to convey experiences and events
	precisely.
W.5.5	With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop an strengthen writing as
	needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach.
W.5.6	With guidance and support from adults, use technology, including the Internet, to
W.5.7	produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others. Conduct short research projects that use several sources to build knowledge through
vv.5.7	investigation of different perspectives of a topic.
W.5.8	Recall relevant information from experiences or gather relevant information from print
VV.5.0	and digital sources; summarize or paraphrase information in notes and finished work,
	and provide a list of sources.
W.5.10	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and
	metacognition/self-correction and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a
	day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.
RI.5.1	Quote accurately from a text and make relevant connections when explaining what the
	text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text.
RI.5.2	Determine two or more main ideas of a text and explain how they are supported by key
	details: summarize the text.
RI.5.3	Explain the relationships or interactions between two or more individuals, events, ideas,
	or concepts in historical, scientific, or technical text based on specific information in the
	text.
RI.5.4	Determine the meaning of general academic and domain-specific words and phrases in a
	text relevant to a grade 5 topic or subject area.
RI.5.5	Compare and contrast the overall structure of events, ideas, concepts or information in
	two or more texts.
RI.5.6	Analyze multiple accounts of the same event or topic, noting important similarities and
	differences in the point of view they represent.

RI.5.7	Draw on information f	rom multiple print or digital sources, demonstrating the ability to					
11.5.7		question quickly or to solve a problem efficiently.					
RI.5.9		n (eg. Practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and					
11.5.5	-	e) information from several texts on the same topic in order to					
		oing the subject knowledgeably.					
RI.5.10		, read and comprehend literary nonfiction at grade level text-					
KI.3.10	complexity or above, with scaffolding as needed.						
SL.5.1							
	teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 5 topics and texts, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.						
		on previously read text or material and other information known					
		c to explore ideas under discussion.					
		-upon rules for discussions and carry out assigned roles.					
	-	ond to specific questions by making comments that contribute to					
		and elaborate on the remarks of others.					
		y ideas expressed and draw conclusions in light of information and					
		ined from the discussion.					
SL.5.4		ext or present an opinion, sequencing ideas logically and using					
		relevant, descriptive details to support main ideas or themes;					
	speak clearly at an und						
SL.5.5		mponents and visual displays in presentations when appropriate to					
	enhance the development of main ideas or themes.						
Unit Essential	Questions U	Unit Enduring Understandings					
• How can un	planned situations	Students will understand that unexpected encounters sometimes					
have positiv	e outcomes?	lead to the most amazing things, lead to great inventions and					
		discoveries and help us conquer our fears.					
 What unexp 	ected effects can •	Students will understand that humans affect nature by helping					
	e on nature?	wildlife survive, by harming plant and animal life, by depleting					
	learn from the	natural resources, and in both positive and negative ways.					
results of ou		Students will understand that the results of our actions can be					
 How can un 		making mistakes, winning or losing competitions, unforeseen,					
	reveal hidden	and positive or negative.					
dangers?		Students will understand that travel safety means using safe					
•	ected influence do	vehicles, being aware of where you are, avoiding calamity, and					
we have on	those around us?	being prudent					
	 Students will understand that people are influenced by the 						
		careers of others, wealth and celebrity, people with great talent					
11	Tovento	and fervor and family and friends.					
Unit Learning	-						
Studante!!							
Students will		r unfamiliar words and define them in centext					
Demonstrate a	ability to use unknown o	r unfamiliar words and define them in context.					
Demonstrate a Draw conclusi	ability to use unknown o ons						
Demonstrate a Draw conclusi	ability to use unknown o ons	r unfamiliar words and define them in context. Russian origins, words with complex spelling patterns, and word					

Read, write and spell words with suffixes -ous, -sion, -ion, and ation, final syllables --ant, -ent, -ance,ence, Latin roots, related words and easily confused words. Identify sentence modifiers Write a journal entry, mystery, parody, critical review and personal narrative, Examine words with -es and -s ending and with suffixes.-less and -ful Participate in a debate, interview, storytelling, newscast and reader's theater Make appropriate word choices to communicate clearly Practice accuracy, expressions, rate and appropriate phrasing when oral reading Identify generalizations and evaluate to be faulty or valid. Identify main idea, sensory details, sequence, examples of foreshadowing, fact and opinion sentences, examples of symbolism, point of view and text/story structure Combine sentences using conjunctions Compare and contrast characters and events Use commas and quotation marks accurately Predict and set a purpose for reading Use background knowledge to aid comprehension Distinguish between homographs Punctuate sentences accurately **Evidence of Learning Summative Assessment:** Spelling quizzes Selection Vocabulary and Skill Quizzes (Weekly) **Unit Benchmark Assessments** Teacher created assessments for grammar and literary skills. Equipment needed: Smart Board Computer Laptops or iPads **Teacher Resources:** • Reading Street Unit 5.6 TE and Students Editions 5.2 Online access to Pearson Realize for e-text, vocabulary games, concept talk videos, tools to enhance instruction, and pictures to facilitate an understanding of vocabulary • Reader's and Writer's Notebooks Leveled Readers (Below Level, On-Level, and Above Level) with black line masters for assessment • Fresh Reads passages Weekly Quiz booklets • Sleuth books • Envision It Vocabulary cards **Formative Assessments** Language Arts centers Questioning Exit/Entrance Tickets

Homework to reinforce skills learned in class including but not limited to Reader's and Writer's Notebook pages, Let's Practice It worksheets and Fresh Reads passages

	Lesson Plans
Lesson	Timeframe
Lesson 1	5 days
The Truth About Austin's Amazing Bats	5 44 4 5
Lesson 2	5 days
The Mystery of St. Matthew	J days
Island	
Lesson 3	5 days
King Midas and the Golden Touch	5 days
Lesson 4	
The Hindenburg	5 days
Lesson 5	
Sweet Music in Harlem	5 days
Lesson 6	
Optional Review	E dave
Teacher Notes: The lesson schedule can be revised based on Curriculum Development Resources	5 days
Teacher Notes: The lesson schedule can be revised based on	n students' abilities and needs or school calendar.
Teacher Notes: The lesson schedule can be revised based on Curriculum Development Resources • www.pearsonrealize.com	
Teacher Notes: The lesson schedule can be revised based on Curriculum Development Resources • www.pearsonrealize.com Content Area: English Language Arts	Lesson Plan 1
Teacher Notes: The lesson schedule can be revised based on Curriculum Development Resources • www.pearsonrealize.com Content Area: English Language Arts Lesson Title: The Truth About Austin's Amage	In students' abilities and needs or school calendar. Lesson Plan 1 zing Bats Timeframe: 5 days at two
Teacher Notes: The lesson schedule can be revised based on Curriculum Development Resources • www.pearsonrealize.com Content Area: English Language Arts Lesson Title: The Truth About Austin's Amaz Compound Words	Lesson Plan 1
Teacher Notes: The lesson schedule can be revised based on Curriculum Development Resources • www.pearsonrealize.com Content Area: English Language Arts Lesson Title: The Truth About Austin's Amaz Compound Words Sensory Details	In students' abilities and needs or school calendar. Lesson Plan 1 zing Bats Timeframe: 5 days at two
Teacher Notes: The lesson schedule can be revised based on Curriculum Development Resources • www.pearsonrealize.com Content Area: English Language Arts Lesson Title: The Truth About Austin's Amaz Compound Words Sensory Details Draw Conclusions	In students' abilities and needs or school calendar. Lesson Plan 1 zing Bats Timeframe: 5 days at two
Teacher Notes: The lesson schedule can be revised based on Curriculum Development Resources • www.pearsonrealize.com Content Area: English Language Arts Lesson Title: The Truth About Austin's Amaz Compound Words Sensory Details Draw Conclusions Important Ideas	In students' abilities and needs or school calendar. Lesson Plan 1 zing Bats Timeframe: 5 days at two
Teacher Notes: The lesson schedule can be revised based on Curriculum Development Resources • www.pearsonrealize.com Content Area: English Language Arts Lesson Title: The Truth About Austin's Amaz Compound Words Sensory Details Draw Conclusions Important Ideas Generalize Output	In students' abilities and needs or school calendar. Lesson Plan 1 zing Bats Timeframe: 5 days at two
Teacher Notes: The lesson schedule can be revised based on Curriculum Development Resources • www.pearsonrealize.com Content Area: English Language Arts Lesson Title: The Truth About Austin's Amaz Compound Words Sensory Details Draw Conclusions Important Ideas Generalize Unknown Words	In students' abilities and needs or school calendar. Lesson Plan 1 zing Bats Timeframe: 5 days at two
Teacher Notes: The lesson schedule can be revised based on Curriculum Development Resources • www.pearsonrealize.com Content Area: English Language Arts Lesson Title: The Truth About Austin's Amaz Compound Words Sensory Details Draw Conclusions Important Ideas Generalize Unknown Words Accuracy	In students' abilities and needs or school calendar. Lesson Plan 1 zing Bats Timeframe: 5 days at two
Teacher Notes: The lesson schedule can be revised based on Curriculum Development Resources • www.pearsonrealize.com Content Area: English Language Arts Lesson Title: The Truth About Austin's Amaz Compound Words Sensory Details Draw Conclusions Important Ideas Generalize Unknown Words Accuracy Journal Entry	In students' abilities and needs or school calendar. Lesson Plan 1 zing Bats Timeframe: 5 days at two
Teacher Notes: The lesson schedule can be revised based on Curriculum Development Resources • www.pearsonrealize.com Content Area: English Language Arts Lesson Title: The Truth About Austin's Amaz Compound Words Sensory Details Draw Conclusions Important Ideas Generalize Unknown Words Accuracy Journal Entry Trait: Voice	In students' abilities and needs or school calendar. Lesson Plan 1 zing Bats Timeframe: 5 days at two
Teacher Notes: The lesson schedule can be revised based on Curriculum Development Resources • www.pearsonrealize.com Content Area: English Language Arts Lesson Title: The Truth About Austin's Amaz Compound Words Sensory Details Draw Conclusions Important Ideas Generalize Unknown Words Accuracy Journal Entry	In students' abilities and needs or school calendar. Lesson Plan 1 zing Bats Timeframe: 5 days at two

Lesson Title: The Mystery of St. Matthew Island	Timeframe: 5 days at two
Russian Word Origins	hours per lesson
Word Choice	nours per lesson
Main Idea and Details	
Text Structure	
Sequence	
Endings –s and –es	
Appropriate phrasing	
Mystery	
Trait: Focus/Ideas	
Conjunctions	
Final syllable –ant, -ent, -ance, -ence	
Interview	
Lesson Title: King Midas and the Golden Touch	Timeframe: 5 days at two
Complex Spelling Patterns	hours per lesson
Foreshadowing	
Compare and Contrast	
Story Structure	
Draw Conclusions	
Suffixes –less and –ful	
Rate	
Parody	
Trait: Voice	
Commas	
Latin Roots	
Storytelling	
Lesson Title: The Hindenburg	Timeframe: 5 days at two
Word Families	hours per lesson
Symbolism	
Fact and Opinion	
Predict and Set Purpose	
Main Idea and Details	
Unfamiliar Words	
Appropriate Phrasing	
Critical Review	
Trait: Organization	
Quotations and Quotation Marks	
Related Words	
Media Literacy: Newscast	
Lesson Title: Sweet Music in Harlem	Timeframe: 5 days at two
Compound Words	hours per lesson
Point of View	

	quence							
Background Knowledge								
Draw Conclusions								
Homographs								
Expression								
Personal Narrative								
Trait: Voice								
	inctuation							
	sily Confused Words							
Re	ader's Theater							
	esen Titles Ontional Davi					Timesfue	<u>а. Г</u>	
	sson Title: Optional Revi		Wills and Stratagias					days at two
	nit 6 Target Comprehensi nit 6 Target Vocabulary Sl		skills and strategies			hours per	less	001
	nit 6 Fluency Skills	CIIIS						
	lick Write for Fluency							
	hit 6 Conventions							
	nit 6 Spelling Patterns							
			Lesson Compor	000				
			•					
			21 st Century Th	eme	<u>25</u>			
х	Global Awareness	х	Financial, Economic,	х	Civic Lite	ivic Literacy x Health Liter		Health Literacy
			Business, and					
Entrepreneurial Literacy								
	r		21 st Century S	kills				
х	Creativity and	х	Critical Thinking and	х	Commur	ication	х	Information
	Innovation		Problem Solving		and Colla	boration		Literacy
х	x Media Literacy x ICT Literacy x Life and Career Skills							
In	Interdisciplinary Connections:							
Sc	ience:							
Students will connect to their knowledge of bats and their habitats.								
Students will connect to their knowledge of plants, animals, conservation, and ecosystems.								
Social Studies:								
Students will connect to their knowledge of mythology.								
St	Students will connect to their knowledge of US history and transportation.							
St	udents will connect to 20	th CE	entury culture and US histor	у.				
Μ	usic:							
St	udents will connect to di	fere	ent types of music and form	s of	entertainr	nent.		
In	Integration of Technology: Smart Board, computers, laptops/iPads							
Eq	uipment needed: Smart	Boa	rd, computers, laptops/iPac	ls				

Goals/Objectives	Learning Activities/Instructional Strategies	Formative Assessment Tasks
 Students will: Develop concept knowledge and build oral language. Draw conclusions 	 Show Concept Talk Video, use student edition pages 318-319 to guide discussion about unplanned situations and create a concept map, read Teacher Read Aloud: A Lucky Accident to build oral vocabulary/Amazing Words. 	Discussions and questions initiated by students and teacher.
and identify important ideas.Define selection	 Read The Mystery of the Monarchs, use callouts to guide discussion, and use a graphic organizer to draw conclusions 	Reader's and Writer's Notebook pages
 vocabulary. Identify and focus a topic. 	 about informational text. Display Envision It Vocabulary cards, say words, use words in a sentence, and elicit definitions from students. 	Let's Practice It worksheet
• Spell and write words with suffixes –ous, -	 Brainstorm unplanned events that had positive outcomes Introduce spelling words through the use 	Grammar Transparency
 sion, -ion, and -ation. Identify sentence 	 of a Spelling pre-test. Display Grammar Transparency 26 and guide students to complete 	Daily Fix It worksheet
modifiers.Write a journal entry	 Introduce journal entry as a personal message, examine model text and review key features. 	Spelling pre-test Exit/Entrance Ticket Homework
Differentiation Small group instruction, le	veled readers, and modifications in accordance with stu	
Resources Provided Teacher's Edition 5.2 PearsonRealize.com -Big Question Video -Concept Talk Video -Pearson eText - Envision It Animation Let's Practice It worksheet Grammar Transparencies Daily Fix It Leveled Readers	S	
Sleuth books Fresh Reads for Fluency an Reader's Theater	nd Comprehension	

Reader's and Writer's Notebook

Content Area: English Language Arts

Unit Title: Number the Stars

Target Course/Grade Level: Grade 5

Unit Summary

Would you ever be willing to risk your life for another person? Under what circumstances might you take this risk?

What is the definition of bravery, and are there different kinds?

How do you prepare yourself when you have something difficult to face or to accomplish?

Primary interdisciplinary connections: Social studies, technology, math, science, art

21st **century themes:** Critical thinking and problem-solving, collaboration, teamwork and leadership, communication and media fluency, cross-cultural understanding and interpersonal communication, accountability, productivity, and ethics.

Unit Rationale

Students will develop independent critical analysis skills for reading comprehension.

Learning Targets

Standards

- **Reading for Literature (RL):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity.
- **Reading for Informational Text (RI):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity.
- **Reading Foundational Skills (RF):** Print Concepts, Phonological Awareness, Phonics & Word Recognition, and Fluency.
- Writing (W): Text Types and Purposes
- **Speaking & Listening (SL):** Comprehension & Collaboration and Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas.
- Language (L): Conventions of Standard English and Vocabulary Acquisition and Use.

Content Statements

The students will be able to identify literary elements including character and plot, use background knowledge, make inferences, use graphic sources, identify an author's purpose for writing, monitor and clarify as they read, summarize, generalize, and make questions.

CPI #	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)
RL.5.1	Quote accurately from a text, and make relevant connections when explaining what the
	text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text.
RL.5.2	Determine the key details in a story, drama or poem to identify the theme and to
	summarize the text.
RL.5.3	Compare and contrast two or more characters, settings, or events in a story or drama,
	drawing on specific details in the text (e.g., how characters interact).
RL.5.4	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including
	figurative language such as metaphors or similes

RL.5.5	Evaluin how a corior of chapters, scopes, or stanzas fits tagether to provide the swerell
RL.3.3	Explain how a series of chapters, scenes, or stanzas fits together to provide the overall
DI 5 7	structure of a particular story, drama, or poem
RL.5.7	Analyze how visual and multimedia elements contribute to the meaning, tone, or beauty
<u> </u>	of a text (e.g., graphic novel, multimedia presentation of fiction, folktale, myth, poem).
RL.5.9	Compare, contrast and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context,
	and background knowledge) the treatment of similar themes and topics (e.g., opposition
	of good and evil) and patterns of events (e.g., the quest) in stories, myths, and traditional
DI 540	literature from different cultures.
RL. 5.10	By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and
	poems at grade level text-complexity or above, with scaffolding as needed.
RF.5.3a	Use combined knowledge of all letter-sound correspondences, syllabication patterns, and
	morphology (e.g., roots and affixes) to read accurately unfamiliar multisyllabic words in
	context and out of context.
RF.5.4a	Read grade-level text with purpose and understanding.
RF.5.4b	Read grade-level prose and poetry orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression
	on successive readings.
RF.5.4c	Use context to confirm or self-correct word recognition and understanding, rereading as
	necessary.
RI.5.2	Determine two or more main ideas of a text and explain how they are supported by key
	details; summarize the text.
RI.5.3	Explain the relationships or interactions between two or more individuals, events, ideas,
	or concepts in a historical, scientific, or technical text based on specific information in the
	text.
RI.5.4	Determine the meaning of general academic and domain-specific words and phrases in a
	text relevant to a grade 5 topic or subject area.
RI.5.5	Compare and contrast the overall structure (e.g., chronology, comparison, cause/effect,
	problem/solution) of events, ideas, concepts, or information in two or more texts
RI.5.6	Analyze multiple accounts of the same event or topic, noting important similarities and
	differences in the point of view they represent.
RI.5.7	Draw on information from multiple print or digital sources, demonstrating the ability to
	locate an answer to a question quickly or to solve a problem efficiently.
RI. 5.9	Integrate and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and
	background knowledge) information from several texts on the same topic in order to
	write or speak about the subject knowledgeably.
RI.5.10	By the end of year, read and comprehend literary nonfiction at grade level text-
	complexity or above, with scaffolding as needed.
W.5.1	Write opinion pieces on topics or texts, supporting a point of view with reasons and
	information.
W.5.1a	Introduce a topic or text clearly, state an opinion, and create an organizational structure
	in which ideas are logically grouped to support the writer's purpose
W.5.1b	Provide logically ordered reasons that are supported by facts and details from text(s),
	quote directly from text when appropriate.

W.5.1c	Link opinion and reasons using words, phrases, and clauses (e.g., <i>consequently</i> , <i>specifically</i>).			
W.5.1d	Provide a conclusion related to the opinion presented.			
W.5.2	Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly.			
W.5.2a	Introduce a topic clearly to provide a focus and group related information logically; include text features such as headings, illustrations, and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.			
W.5.2b	Develop the topic with facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples related to the topic			
W.5.2c	Link ideas within paragraphs and sections of information using words, phrases, and clauses (e.g., <i>in contrast, especially</i>).			
W.5.2d	Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.			
W.5.2e	Provide a conclusion related to the information of explanation presented			
W.5.3	Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences.			
W.5.3a	Orient the reader by establishing a situation and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally.			
W.5.3b	Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, description, and pacing, to develop experiences and events or show the responses of characters to situation.			
W.5.3c	Use a variety of transitional words, phrases, and clauses to manage the sequence of events.			
W.5.3d	Use concrete words and phrases and sensory details to convey experiences and events precisely.			
W.5.3e	Provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences or events			
W.5.4	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.			
W.5.5	With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach			
W.5.6	With some guidance and support from adults and peers, use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others; demonstrate sufficient command of keyboarding skills to type a minimum of two pages in a single sitting.			
W.5.7	Conduct short research projects that use several sources to build knowledge through investigation of different perspectives of a topic.			
W.5.8	Recall relevant information from experiences or gather relevant information from print and digital sources; summarize or paraphrase information in notes and finished work, and provide a list of sources.			
W.5.9	Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.			

W.5.9a	Apply grade 5 Reading standards to literature (e.g., "Compare and contrast two or mor characters, settings, or events in a story or a drama, drawing on specific details in the t				
	[e.g., how characters interact).				
W.5.9b	Apply grade 5 Reading standards to informational texts (e.g., "Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence to support particular points in a text, identifying which reasons and evidence support which point[s]"")				
W.5.10	-	time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a			
	day or two) for a range of discip	line-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.			
L.5.1	Demonstrate command of the c writing or speaking	conventions of standard English grammar and usage when			
L.5.2	Demonstrate command of the c punctuation, and spelling when	conventions of standard English, capitalization, writing			
L.5.3		l its conventions when writing, speaking, reading or			
L.5.4	-	ng of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases			
		ontent, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.			
L.5.5	_	figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in			
L.5.6	word meanings.	to appropriate general academic and domain specific			
L.3.0	Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, including those that signal contrast, addition, and other logical				
		hough, nevertheless, similarly, moreover, in addition).			
SL.5.1		collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and			
		ers on grade 5 topics and texts, building on others' ideas			
	and expressing their own clearly	у.			
SL.5.2		aloud or information presented in diverse media and			
	formats (e.g., visually, quantitat				
SL.5.4	Report on a topic or text or present an opinion, sequencing ideas logically and using				
	speak clearly at an understanda	t, descriptive details to support main ideas or themes;			
SL.5.5		s (e.g., graphics, sound) and visual displays in			
0		e to enhance the development of main ideas or themes.			
SL.5.6	• • • •	ntexts and tasks, using formal English when appropriate to			
task and situation.					
Unit Essential	-	Unit Enduring Understandings			
	leads man to act inhumanely				
to man?		 The students will understand that throughout history groups of people have been percented 			
 What inspires people to act courageously? 		history groups of people have been persecuted for reasons of religion and/or race. During the			
	do people face challenges?	time of WWII, Jews in Europe were			
	rights and responsibilities do	systematically eliminated as the result of Hitler's			
we have in our world today?		theory of racial purity.			

	 The students will understand that bravery comes in different forms as the result of different needs, such as physical bravery and performance bravery. The students will also understand that bravery can be unintentional, and that not knowing all of the information can lead to unintentional bravery. The students will understand that when facing a challenge, barriers need to be overcome, including physical, emotional, and social. The students will understand that we learn about history so that it doesn't repeat itself. Also, like the people of Denmark were "bodyguards" for the Jews, it is our responsibility to stand up for what is right and just. 			
Unit Learning Targets				
Students will				
Learn and understand how to correctly use nev	v vocabulary in context			
Draw conclusions				
Make inferences about characters and events				
Identify sequence of events				
· · · · ·	stions of both multiple choice and open response			
Use questioning technique to aid comprehension				
Make predictions				
Summarize text				
Illustrate sensory details				
Write from opposing character's point of view				
Provide opinions concerning text	a characters			
Write a sequel extending events using the same	e characters			
Construct short research projects Write a skit				
Compare and contrast characters				
Distinguish between fact and fiction				
Write a persuasive essay to convince others to	read Number the Stars			
	ts and responsibilities in the interconnected world.			
Learn of the Holocaust and its devastation and	•			
Learn of WWII and Hitler's hatred toward Jewis	•			
	n control, neutral countries, and allied countries			
Understand literary terms such as mood, cliffhanger, simile, personification, and afterword				
Compare their own feelings to those of the cha				
	ence of Learning			
Summative Assessment:	~			
Vocabulary quizzes				

Chapter quizzes End-of-novel test Projects Literary skill worksheets

Equipment needed:

Smart Board Computer Laptops or iPads

Teacher Resources:

<u>Number the Stars</u> by Lois Lowry <u>Number the Stars</u> by Novel-Ties <u>Literature Unit: A Guide for Using Number the Stars in the Classroom</u> Videos: Paperclips, Miracle at Midnight, Boy in the Striped Pajamas, Life is Beautiful Children's Books: <u>The Featherbed Journey</u>, <u>Flowers on the Wall</u>, <u>Hidden</u>, <u>The Flag with 56 Stars</u>, <u>I</u> <u>Never Saw Another Butterfly, Star of Fear, Star of Hope</u>, <u>The Children We Remember</u>

Formative Assessments

Questioning

Projects

Comprehension questions

Language Arts centers

Exit/entrance tickets

Homework to reinforce skills learned in class

Lesson Plans		
Lesson	Timeframe	
Lesson 1	5 days	
Background Knowledge for <u>Number the Stars</u>	5 days	
Lesson 2	5 days	
Chapters 1-4	Juays	
Lesson 3	5 days	
Chapters 5-8	Juays	
Lesson 4	5 days	
Chapters 9-13	Juays	
Lesson 5		
Chapters 14-Afterword	5 days	
Lesson 6		
Culminating Activities	5 days	

Teacher Notes:

The lesson schedule can be revised based on students' abilities and needs, or school calendar.

Curriculum Development Resources

• <u>www.pearsonrealize.com</u>

Lesson Plan 1		
Content Area: English Language Arts		
Lesson Title: Background Knowledge for <u>Number the Stars</u> -Historical information -The Holocaust and its devastation and corruption - WWII and Hitler's hatred toward Jewish people -What countries were under German control, neutral countries, and allied countries -Use of children's books to facilitate development of background knowledge -Watch films: Paperclips and Miracle at Midnight -Differentiate fact from opinion	Timeframe: 5 days at two hours per lesson	
-Graphic sourcesLesson Title: Chapters 1-4-Unknown and multiple-meaning words-Make inferences about characters and events-Draw conclusions-Ask questions-Characterization-Compare and contrast characters-Main idea and details-Summarize-Monitor and clarify-Foreshadowing-Expression, accuracy, rate, smoothness-Journal writing-Make predictions	Timeframe: 5 days at two hours per lesson	
Lesson Title: Chapters 5-8 -Monitor and clarify -Sensory details -Visualize -Use sensory details to make an illustration -Make inferences about characters and events -Unknown and Multiple-meaning words -Foreshadowing -Compare and contrast characters and settings -Main idea and details -Summarize	Timeframe: 5 days at two hours per lesson	

-Expression, accuracy, rate, smoothness -Journal writing	
Lesson Title: Chapters 9-13 -Make inferences about characters and events -Compare and contrast characters and settings -Form opinions -Cause and effect -Recognize point of view -Imagery and figurative language -Identify theme -Unknown and Multiple-meaning words -Main idea and details -Summarize -Expression, accuracy, rate, smoothness -Journal writing	Timeframe: 5 days at two hours per lesson
Lesson Title: Chapters 14-Afterword -Sensory details -Generalize -Questioning -Summarize -Unknown and Multiple-meaning words -Main idea and details -Expression, accuracy, rate, smoothness -Distinguish fact from fiction -Compare and contrast	Timeframe: 5 days at two hours per lesson
Lesson Title: Culminating Activities -Videos: Life is Beautiful and Boy in the Striped Pajamas -Book review -Write a sequel -Change an event in the book from narrator's point of view to a character's point of view -Research: Holocaust, Hitler, Denmark -Skit writing -Butterfly memorial -Holocaust tiles -Write a summary with errors to be fixed by a classmate -Interview a character -Create a news broadcast -Make a comic strip -Design a promotional poster for a movie on <u>Number the Stars</u> -Model a scene from the book using art supplies	Timeframe: 5 days at two hours per lesson

Lesson Components							
			21 st Century Th	eme	25		
х	Global Awareness	x	Financial, Economic,	х	Civic Literacy	х	Health Literacy
			Business, and Entrepreneurial Literacy				
		l	21 st Century S	kills			
х	Creativity and Innovation	x	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving	x	Communication and Collaboration	x	Information Literacy
х	Media Literacy	х	ICT Literacy	х	Life and Career Skills		
Interdisciplinary Connections: Social Studies: The history of the Holocaust and events that took place in Europe, especially Denmark; Map study skills of Europe during the mid-1900's Science: The creation of a concoction to attract the dogs, but numb their sense of smell Art: Drawing scenes based on descriptions Math: Find percentages of population occupying Denmark.							
Integration of Technology: Smart board, computer, laptops/iPads							
Equipment needed:							
Sn	Smart board, computer, laptops/iPads						

Goals/Objectives	Learning Activities/Instructional Strategies	Formative Assessment Tasks
 Students will: Read with fluency: appropriate expression Demonstrate text- based comprehension: character and plot; background knowledge Gain and apply knowledge of selection vocabulary 	 Introduce vocabulary: Display vocabulary on Smart Board and practice pronunciation. Students will locate vocabulary word in text. Using context clues, they will determine the meaning and then check the meaning in the dictionary. Read selected chapters to answer questions, summarize a chapter, record questions, predictions, inferences, illustrate the chapter events. 	Discussion/questionin g led by students, groups, and teacher Journal entry Language arts centers Exit/Entrance tickets Homework Chapter quizzes Vocabulary quizzes

	 Work with classmates to discuss journal entry or comprehension activities. Wrap up your day. 			
Differentiation				
Small group instruction, lev	led readers. Modifications in accordance with student 504 plans or IEP.			
Resources Provided				
Number the Stars novels for students				

Pacing Guide – Grade 6

Content Area: English Language Arts
Grade Level: 6 th Grade
First Marking Period - Pacing Guide
• READY Common Core-Pacing: 7 Weeks-Standards: RL:6.1-9
 Non-fiction selections-Pacing: 3 weeks-Standards: RI.6.1-6
Writing-open ended Expository and Argumentative-Pacing: 2 weeks-
Standards: W.6.1-2
Second Marking Period - Pacing Guide
 Short stories: Fiction-Pacing: 6 weeks-Standards: Rl.6.1-9
• Grammar units: parts of speech and parts of the sentence-Pacing: 2 weeks-
Standards: SL:6.16
• Writing: Expository and Persuasive-Pacing 3 weeks-Standards: L.6.1-6
• Test Prep-Pacing-Throughout marking period-Standards: Reviewing all covered
standards.
Third Marking Period - Pacing Guide
3 rd Marking Period
• Test Prep-Pacing: 4 weeks-Standards: W.6.1-2, 4, 10
Grammar review through the writing assignments: Pacing: 3 weeks-
Standards SL.6.1-6 & L.6.1-6
Fourth Marking Period - Pacing Guide
• The Devil's Arithmetic-Pacing: 4 weeks-Standards: RL.6.1-10
 Poetry & Shakespeare's "A Midsummer Night's Dream (Play)-Pacing: 2 weeks
Standards:W.6.1-10

Content Area: English Language Arts

Unit Title: The Short Story

Target Course/Grade Level: Sixth Grade

Unit Summary

- Students will be able to read, analyze, and interpret the given short story.
- Students will be able to identify elements of fiction.
- Students will be able to respond to all levels of thinking questions along with written response questions.

Primary interdisciplinary connections:

- Social Studies
- Science
- Technology
- Art
- History
- Popular trends / Classic Literature

21st century themes: Critical thinking and Problem Solving, Creativity and Innovation, Collaboration, Cross-Cultural Understanding and Interpersonal Learning, Communication and Media Fluency, Accountability, Productivity, and Ethics

Unit Rationale

The content of the unit will help students employ strategies to better understand text. They will be able to develop, select, and apply strategies whereby to enhance their comprehension. The students will also be able to compare and contrast literary elements found within varied selections.

Learning Targets

Standards

- Reading for Literature (RL): Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
- Reading for Informational Text (RI): Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

- Writing (W) Text Types and Purposes
- Speaking and Listening (SL): Comprehension and Collaboration, and Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas.
- Language (L): Convention of Standard English and Vocabulary Acquisition and Use.

Content Statements

The content in this unit focuses on utilizing students' ability to respond to various literary elements, to read, comprehend, analyze, and critiques various short stories. In addition, students will develop word analysis skills, fluency, and systematic vocabulary as they apply written and oral language conventions. Furthermore, students will apply appropriate reading comprehension and writing strategies.

CPI #	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)				
RL.6.1	Cite textual evidence and make relevant connections to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.				
RL.6.2	Determine a theme or central idea of text and how it is conveyed through particular details; provide a summary of the text distinct from personal opinions or judgments.				
RL.6.3	Describe how a particular story's or drama plot unfolds in a series of episodes as well as how the characters respond or change as the plot moves toward a resolution,				
RL.6.4	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of a specific word choice on meaning and tone.				
R.L.6. 5	Analyze how a particular sentence, chapter, scene, or stanza fits the overall structure of a text and contributes to the development of the theme, setting, or plot.				
RL.6.6	Explain how an author develops the point of view of the narrator or speaker in a text.				
RL.6.9	Compare, contrast and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) texts in different forms or genres (e.g., stories and poems; historical novels and fantasy stories) in terms of their approaches to similar themes and topics.				
RL.6.10	By the end of the year read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems at grade level text-complexity or above, scaffolding as needed.				
RI.6.1	Cite textual evidence and make relevant connections to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.				

RI.6.2	Determine a central idea of a text and how it is conveyed through particular details; provide a summary of the text distinct from personal opinions or judgments.
RI.6.3	Analyze in detail how an important character, event, or idea is introduced, illustrated, and elaborated in a text.
RI.6.4	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings.
RI.6.5	Analyze how a particular sentence, paragraph, chapter, or section fits into the overall structure of a text and contributes to the development of the ideas
RI.6. 6	Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and explain how it is conveyed in the text.
RI.6.7	Integrate information presented in different media or formats as well as in words to develop a coherent understanding of a topic or issue.
RI.6.8	Trace and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, distinguishing claims that are supported by reasons and evidence from claims that are not.
RI.6.9	Compare, contrast and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) one author's presentation of events with that of another (e.g., a memoir written by and a biography on the same person).
RI.6.10	By the end of the year read and comprehend literary nonfiction at grade level text- complexity or above, with scaffolding as needed.
W.6.1	 Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence. A. Introduce claim(s) and organize the reasons and evidence clearly B. Support claim(s) with clear reasons and relevant evidence, using credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text C. Use words, phrases, and clauses to clarify the relationships among claim(s) and reasons D. Establish and maintain a formal/academic style, approach, and form E. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from the argument presented
W.6. 2	 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content. a. Introduce a topic and organize ideas, concepts, and information, using text structures (e.g., definition, classification, comparison/contrast, cause/effect,

	etc.) and text features (e.g., headings, graphics, and multimedia) when useful
	to aiding comprehension.
	 Develop the topic with relevant facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples.
	c. Use appropriate transitions to clarify the relationships among ideas and
	concepts.
	 Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.
	e. Establish and maintain a formal/academic style, approach, and form.
	 Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from the information or explanation presented.
W.6. 4	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, voice and
	style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for
	writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)
W.6.5	With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen
	writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach.
W.6.6	Use technology, including the internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to
	interact and collaborate with others.
W.6.10	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection,
	metacognition/self correction, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting
	or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences
SL.6. 1	Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions with diverse partners on
	grade 6 topics, texts, and issues building on others' ideas and expressing their own
	clearly.
	a. Come to discussions prepared having read or studied required material;
	explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text,
	or issue to probe and reflect on ideas under the discussion.
	b. Pose and respond to specific questions with elaboration and detail by making
	comments that contribute to the topic, text, or issues under discussion.
	c. Acknowledge new information expressed by others, and when warranted,
	qualify or justify their own views in light of the evidence presented.
SL.6.2	Analyze the purpose of information presented in diverse media and formats and
	evaluate the motives behind its presentation.

SL.6.6	Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal
3L.0.0	English when indicated or appropriate.
L.6.1	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage
	when writing or speaking.
	a. Ensure that pronouns are in the proper case.
	b. Use intensive pronouns.
	c. Recognize and correct inappropriate shifts in pronoun number and person.
	 Recognize and correct vague pronouns in sentences and varied written expression
L.6.2	Demonstrate command of the convention of standard English capitalization,
	punctuation, and spelling when writing.
	a. Use proper punctuation when writing.
	b. Spell correctly.
L.6.3	Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or
	listening
	 A. Vary sentence patterns for meaning (syntax), reader/listener interest, and style/voice
	B. Maintain consistency in style and tone
L.6.4	Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple –meaning words and
	phrases based on grade 6 reading and content, choosing flexibility from a range of
	strategies.
	a. Use context as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.
	b. Use common, grade appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues to
	the meaning of a word.
	c. Consult reference materials both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of
	a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning or its part of speech.
	d. Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase by
	checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary.
L.6.5	Demonstrate understanding of Figurative language, word, relationships, and nuances
	in word meanings.
	a. Interpret figures of speech in context.
	1

L.6.6	 b. Use the relationship between particula the words. c. Distinguish among the connotations of Acquire and use grade appropriate general acc phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when c to comprehension and expression. 	words with similar denotations. ademic and domain-specific words or
 How do Why do choice do How do How do better u How do What do everything 	htial Questions readers construct mean? readers need to pay attention to a writer's if words? es fluency affect comprehension? es understanding a text's structure help me nderstand its meaning? I figure out a word I do not know? o readers do when they do not understand ing in a text? conflicts be solved?	 Unit Enduring Understandings Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and make connections to make text personally relevant and useful. Words are powerful and they affect meaning. Fluent readers group words quickly to help them gain understanding and meaning. Understanding of text a text's features, structures, and characteristics facilitate the reader's ability to make meaning of text. Readers use language structure and context clues to identify the intended meaning of words and phrases as they are in text. Good readers employ strategies to help them understand text. Strategic readers can develop, select, and apply strategies to enhance their comprehension. Some conflicts can be either internal or external, and it depends on the characters' actions and motives whether or not they can be resolved

Unit Learning Targets

Students will ...

For short stories..... suggested activities during and after reading of stories:

- "The Wounded Wolf": preview and discuss attention grabber video accompanying textbook, create a character map, complete critical thinking questions following the story.
- "Dragon, Dragon ": preview and discuss attention grabber video accompanying textbook, create a compare / contrast element chart, create a help –wanted ad, and complete critical thinking questions following the story.
- "Becky and the Wheel Brake Boys": preview and discuss attention grabber video accompanying textbook, research cultural roles for young girls, review discussion questions, and complete a character motive story board that highlights and informs.
- "The South Paw": preview and discuss attention grabber video accompanying textbook, review discussion questions, research the origin and history of little league baseball for an oral presentation, and complete a story review as an assessment.
- "The Circuit": preview and discuss attention grabber video accompanying textbook, review discussion questions, research information and facts about current day migrant workers for an oral presentation, and complete a story board as an assessment.

Evidence of Learning

Summative Assessment (3/ 5 days)

- Story quizzes
- Teacher created tests on all stories
- Vocabulary / Grammar reviews
- Projects completed

Equipment needed:

- Computer
- Smart Board
- Video recorder
- iPad

Teacher Resources:

- Textbook- Prentice Hall Literature / Common Core Edition
- Lesson plans
- Library resources Books on selected topics..... for student use from varied libraries

Formative Assessments

- Oral Discussion
- Open- ended questions and responses
- Questions accompanying each story

Lesson Plans	
Lesson	Timeframe
esson 1: "Sound of Summer Running"	
 Introduction to theme (Growing and Changing) 	
 Introduction to vocabulary and concept of the story 	The story will take one
Read story	week to complete.
Comprehension questions	
Class discussions	
Group discussions	
Lessons on the following skills: to analyze and respond to	
literary elements, critique a short story, develop word analysis	
skills, fluency, to understand appropriate writing strategies	
esson 2: "Stray"	The story will take one
Introduction to vocabulary and concept of the story	week to complete.
Read story	
Comprehension questions	
Class discussions	
Group discussions	
Lessons on the following skills: to analyze and respond to	
literary elements, critique a short story, develop word analysis	
skills, fluency, to understand appropriate writing strategies	
esson 3: "Jeremiah's Song"	The story will take one
Introduction to vocabulary and concept of the story	week to complete.
Read story	
Comprehension questions	
Class discussions	
Group discussions	
Lessons on the following skills: to analyze and respond to	
literary elements, critique a short story, develop word analysis	
skills, fluency, to understand appropriate writing strategies	
esson 4: "The Circuit, Hard as Nails"	The story will take one
Introduction to vocabulary and concept of the story	week to complete.
Read story	
Comprehension questions	
Class discussions	

Group discussions		
 Lessons on the following skills: to analyze and respond to 		
literary elements, critique a short story, develop word analysis		
skills, fluency, to understand appropriate writing strategies		
Lesson 5 "The King of Mazy May"	The story will take one	
 Introduction to vocabulary and concept of the story 	week to complete.	
Read story		
Comprehension questions		
Class discussions		
Group discussions		
 Lessons on the following skills: to analyze and respond to 		
literary elements, critique a short story, develop word analysis		
skills, fluency, to understand appropriate writing strategies		
Writing Component		
Lesson 1: Narration: Autobiographical Narrative		
To use writing strategies to generate ideas, plan, organize, evaluat	e, and revise a composition	
Lesson 2: Descriptive Essay Writing		
To use writing strategies to generate ideas, plan, organize, evaluate	e, and revise a composition.	
Lesson 3: Expository: Exposition: Problem-Solution Essay		
To use writing strategies to generate ideas, plan, organize, evaluat	e, and revise a composition	
Lesson 4: Persuasive Composition To use writing strategies to gener	ate ideas, plan, organize,	
evaluate, and revise a composition.		
Lesson 5: Expository: Cause and EffectTo use writing strategies to g	enerate ideas, plan,	
organize, evaluate, and revise a composition		
Lesson 6: Narration: Short Story		
To use writing strategies to generate ideas, plan, organize, evaluate	e, and revise a composition.	
Lesson 7: Response to Literature		
To use writing strategies to generate ideas, plan, organize, evaluate,	and revise a composition.	
Teacher Notes:		
 The lesson schedule can be revised based on students' abilitie 	as and needs	
 The lesson schedule can be revised based on students abilitie 	es anu neeus.	

• The textbook includes other short stories that can be utilized for this unit.

Content Area: English Language Arts

Unit Title: Non-Fiction

Target Course/Grade Level: Sixth Grade

Unit Summary:

- Identify sequence of events
- Predict and infer on given texts
- Utilize skills needed to organize information in texts
- Categorize and classify story elements
- Build comprehension through reading skills
- Understand character's motives, character qualities

Primary Interdisciplinary Connections:

- Technology
- Reading passages are cross curricular ideas and themes that touch upon science, culture, and social studies

21st Century Life and Career Skills: All students will demonstrate the creative, critical thinking, collaboration, and problem solving skills needed to function successfully as both global citizens and workers in diverse ethnic and organizational cultures.

- Critical Thinking and Problem Solving: The ability to recognize a problem and apply critical thinking and problem-solving skills to solve the problem is a lifelong skill that develops over time.
 - Develop strategies to reinforce positive attitudes and productive behaviors that impact critical thinking and problem-solving skills.
 - Implement problem-solving strategies to solve a problem in school or the community.
- Creativity and Innovation Gathering and evaluating knowledge and information from a variety of sources, including global perspectives, fosters creativity and innovative thinking.
 - Use multiple points of view to create alternative solutions.
 - Assess data gathered to solve a problem for which there are varying perspectives (e.g. crosscultural, gender-specific, generational), and determine how the data can best be used to design multiple solutions.
- Cross-Cultural Understanding and Interpersonal Communication Effective communication skills convey intended meaning to others and assist in preventing misunderstandings.

 \circ $\;$ Demonstrate the ability to understand inferences.

Unit Rationale:

Students will read nonfiction selections, apply a variety of reading strategies to analyze literary elements, and to write and learn about themselves in the process.

Learning Targets

Standards:

• **Reading for Literature (RL):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity.

- **Reading for Informational Text (RI):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity.
- **Reading Foundational Skills (RF):** Print Concepts, Phonological Awareness, Phonics & Word Recognition, and Fluency.
- Writing (W): Text Types and Purposes
- Speaking & Listening (SL): Comprehension & Collaboration and Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas.
- Language (L): Conventions of Standard English and Vocabulary Acquisition and Use.

Content Statements:

The content of this unit focuses on the students' abilities to analyze various literary elements such as theme, comparison of literary works, reading with expression, review and assess questions, vocabulary development, spelling strategies, and grammar lessons. In addition, students will apply appropriate reading comprehension and writing strategies. Furthermore, students will also utilize and apply listening and speaking strategies.

СРІ	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)	
Number		
RL 6.1	Cite textual evidence and make relevant connections to support analysis of what the text says	
	explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.	
RL 6.2	Determine a theme or central idea of a text and how it is conveyed through particular details;	
	provide a summary of the text distinct from personal opinions or judgments	
RL 6.3	Describe how a particular story's or drama's plot unfolds in a series of episodes as well as how	
	the characters respond or change as the plot moves toward a resolution.	
RL 6.4	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative and	
	connotative meanings; analyze the impact of a specific word choice on meaning and tone.	
RL 6.6	Explain how an author develops the point of view of the narrator or speaker in a text.	
RL 6.7	Compare and contrast the experience of reading a story, drama, or poem to listening to or	
	viewing an audio, video, or live version of the text, including contrasting what they "see" and	
	"hear" when reading the text to what they perceive when they listen or watch.	
RL 6.9	Compare, contrast and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and	
	background knowledge) texts in different forms or genres (e.g., stories and poems; historical	
	novels and fantasy stories) in terms of their approaches to similar themes and topics.	
RL 6.10 By the end of the year read and comprehend literature, including stories, drama		
	grade level text-complexity or above, scaffolding as needed.	
RI 6.1	Cite textual evidence and make relevant connections to support analysis of what the text says	
	explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.	
RI 6.2	Determine a central idea of a text and how it is conveyed through particular details; provide a	
	summary of the text distinct from personal opinions or judgments.	
RI 6.4	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative,	
	connotative, and technical meanings.	
RI 6.10	By the end of the year read and comprehend literary nonfiction at grade level text-complexity or	
	above, with scaffolding as needed.	

SL 6.1	Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher- led) with diverse partners on grade 6 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.	
L 6.4	Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases base on grade 6 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies	
L 6.5	Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings	
W 6.1	Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence.	
	A. Introduce claim(s) and organize the reasons and evidence clearly	
	B. Support claim(s) with clear reasons and relevant evidence, using credible sources and	
	demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text	
	C. Use words, phrases, and clauses to clarify the relationships among claim(s) and reasons	
	D. Establish and maintain a formal/academic style, approach, and form	
	E. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from the argument presented	
W 6.2	 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content. a. Introduce a topic and organize ideas, concepts, and information, using text structures (e.g., definition, classification, comparison/contrast, cause/effect, etc.) and text features (e.g., headings, graphics, and multimedia) when useful to aiding comprehension. b. Develop the topic with relevant facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples. c. Use appropriate transitions to clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts. d. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic. e. Establish and maintain a formal/academic style, approach, and form. f. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from the information or explanation presented. 	
W 6.4	appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)	
W 6.5	With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach.	
W 6.10	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, metacognition/self correction, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.	
SL 6.1	Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions with diverse partners on grade 6 topics, texts, and issues building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.	
	 Come to discussions prepared having read or studied required material; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or issue to probe and reflect on ideas under the discussion. 	

	b. Pose and respond to spe	ecific questions with elaboration and detail by making comments
	that contribute to the topic, text, or issues under discussion.	
	c. Acknowledge new information expressed by others, and when warranted, qualify or	
	justify their own views in light of the evidence presented.	
SL 6.2	Interpret information presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) and explain how it contributes to a topic, text, or issue under study.	
SL 6.6	Adapt speech to a variety of con when indicated or appropriate.	texts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English
Unit Essent	ial Questions	Unit Enduring Understandings
 How does fluency affect comprehension? What do readers do when they do not understand everything in a text? How do readers construct meaning from text? How do writers develop a well 		 Fluent readers group words quickly to help them gain meaning from what they read. Good readers employ strategies to help them understand text. Strategic readers can develop, select, and apply strategies to enhance their comprehension. Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and make connections (text to text, text to world, text to self) to
 Why do particul Why do attentic words? 	product? es a writer choose a ar form of writing? readers need to pay on to a writer's choice of	 Connections (text to text, text to world, text to sen) to make text personally relevant and useful. Good writers use a repertoire of strategies that enable them to vary form and style, in order to write for different purposes, audiences, and contexts. A writer selects a form based on audience and purpose. Words affect meaning.
Unit Learni		
 Read ea Focus of Comple Answer Develop 	ich story independently and alc n skills as they read (writing ski te practice book pages to demo comprehension questions at th o writing skills based on the wri	lls, grammar, punctuation, comprehension) onstrate their understanding of skills for each story
	Εv	vidence of Learning
Students wFinal WWrittenTheme S	Assessment (5 days): ill be assessed through the foll ritten Pieces Assessment For Benchmark or Skills Test to be completed at the nded Response Questions will b	n Learning ne end of the theme
Formative /	Assessments:	
		332

- Teacher Observation
- Oral Reading
- Oral Discussion
- Comprehension and Vocabulary Test for each story
- Writing Samples

Equipment Needed:

- Smartboard
- Computers
- Overhead Projector

Teacher Resources:

- Backline Masters for Tests
- Reading Anthology
- Teacher-Created Tests
- Lesson Plans
- United Streaming Movies
- Selection Support Materials
- Other items can be "googled" to find appropriate materials to share with students.

Lesson Plans		
Lesson	Timeframe	
Lesson 1: "The Circuit, Hard as Nails"	The story will take one week to complete.	
Introduction to vocabulary and concept of the		
story		
Read story		
Comprehension questions		
Class discussions		
Group discussions		
 Lessons on the following skills: to analyze and 		
respond to literary elements, critique a short		
story, develop word analysis skills, fluency, to		
understand appropriate writing strategies		
Lesson 2: "The Shutout"	The story will take one week to complete.	
Introduction to vocabulary and concept of the		
story		
Read story		
Comprehension questions		
Class discussions		
Group discussions		
• Lessons on the following skills: to analyze and		
respond to literary elements, critique an essay,		

develop word analysis skills, fluency, to	
understand appropriate writing strategies	
Lesson 3: "Olympic Diary"	The story will take two days to complete.
 Introduction to vocabulary and concept of the 	
story	
Read story	
Comprehension questions	
Class discussions	
Group discussions	
• Lessons on the following skills: to analyze and	
respond to literary elements, critique a journal,	
develop word analysis skills, fluency, to	
understand appropriate writing strategies	
Lesson 4: "Letter to Scottie"	This letter will take one day to complete.
• Introduction to vocabulary and concept of the	
story	
Read story	
Comprehension questions	
Class discussions	
Group discussions	
• Lessons on the following skills: to analyze and	
respond to literary elements, critique a letter,	
develop word analysis skills, fluency, to	
understand appropriate writing strategies	
Lesson 5: "My Papa, Mark Twain"	This lesson will take one week.
Introduction to vocabulary and concept of the	
story	
Read story	
Comprehension questions	
Class discussions	
Group discussions	
• Lessons on the following skills: to analyze and	
respond to literary elements, critique a	
biography, develop word analysis skills, fluency,	
to understand appropriate writing strategies	
Writing Com	ponent
Lesson	
Lesson 1	
Narration: Autobiographical Narrative	

To use writing strategies to generate ideas, plan, organize, evaluate, and revise a
composition.
Lesson 2
Descriptive Essay Writing
To use writing strategies to generate ideas, plan, organize, evaluate, and revise a
composition.
Lesson 3
Expository
Exposition: Problem-Solution Essay
To use writing strategies to generate ideas, plan, organize, evaluate, and revise a
composition.
Lesson 4
Persuasive Composition
To use writing strategies to generate ideas, plan, organize, evaluate, and revise a
composition.
Lesson 5
Expository: Cause and Effect
To use writing strategies to generate ideas, plan, organize, evaluate, and revise a
composition.
Lesson 6
Narration: Short Story
To use writing strategies to generate ideas, plan, organize, evaluate, and revise a
composition.
Lesson 7
Response to Literature
To use writing strategies to generate ideas, plan, organize, evaluate, and revise a
composition.
Teacher Notes:
 The lesson schedule can be revised based on students' abilities and needs.
Curriculum Development Resources:
(Click the links below to access additional resources used to design this unit)
www.unitedstreaming.com (Attention Grabber videos)

Content Area: English/Language Arts

Unit Title: Writing

Target Course/Grade Level: Sixth Grade

Unit Summary:

- Write in clear, concise, organized language that varies in content and form.
- Write for different audiences and purposes
- Develop writing techniques utilizing the writing process (Prewriting, drafting, revising, editing, postwriting)
- Develop and refine their ideas for thinking, learning, communicating, and expressing through the written word

Primary Interdisciplinary Connections:

- Technology
- Writing tasks are cross curricular and include Science, Culture, and Social Studies
- Journal Writing
- Research

21st Century Themes:

Standard 9.1 - 21st Century Life and Career Skills: All students will demonstrate the creative, critical thinking, collaboration, and problem solving skills needed to function successfully as both global citizens and workers in diverse ethnic and organizational cultures.

- Critical Thinking and Problem-Solving
- Creativity and Innovation
- Collaboration, Teamwork, and Leadership
- Cross-Cultural Understanding and Interpersonal Communication
- Communication and Media Fluency
- Accountability, Productivity, and Ethics

Unit Rationale:

Students will develop independent critical analysis skills for reading comprehension.

To help students employ strategies to better understand texts and writing.

Learning Targets

Standards:

• **Reading for Literature (RL):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity.

- Reading for Informational Text (RI): Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity.
- **Reading Foundational Skills (RF):** Print Concepts, Phonological Awareness, Phonics & Word Recognition, and Fluency.
- Writing (W): Text Types and Purposes
- Speaking & Listening (SL): Comprehension & Collaboration and Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas.
- Language (L): Conventions of Standard English and Vocabulary Acquisition and Use.

Content Statements:

The content in this unit will enable students to develop stronger writing skills for various types of writing, such as, narrative, descriptive, persuasive, expository, and response to literature.

СРІ	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)	
Number		
RL 6.1	Cite textual evidence and make relevant connections to support analysis of what the text says	
	explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.	
RL 6.2	Determine the theme of a story, drama, or poem from details in the text, including how	
	characters in a story or drama respond to challenges or how the speaker in a poem reflects upon a	
	topic; summarize the text.	
RL 6.3	Compare and contrast two or more characters, settings, or events in a story or drama, drawing on	
	specific details in the text (e.g., how characters interact).	
RL 6.4	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative	
	language such as metaphors and similes.	
RL 6.6	Describe how a narrator's or speaker's point of view influences how events are described.	
RL 6.7 Analyze how visual and multimedia elements contribute to the meaning, tone, or b		
	(e.g., graphic novel, multimedia presentation of fiction, folktale, myth, and poem).	
RL 6.9	Compare, contrast and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and	
	background knowledge) texts in different forms or genres (e.g., stories and poems; historical	
	novels and fantasy stories) in terms of their approaches to similar themes and topics.	
RL 6.10	By the end of the year read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems at	
	grade level text-complexity or above, scaffolding as needed.	
RI 6.1	Cite textual evidence and make relevant connections to support analysis of what the text says	
	explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.	
RI 6.2	Determine two or more main ideas of a text and explain how they are supported by key details;	
	summarize the text.	
RI 6.4	Determine the meaning of general academic and domain-specific words and phrases in a text	
	relevant to weather and weather patterns associated within writing.	

RI 6.10	By the end of the year read and comprehend literary nonfiction at grade level text-complexity or	
	above, with scaffolding as needed.	
RF 6.3	Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis in decoding words when writing	
RF 6.4	Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension.	
L 6.4	Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 6 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.	
L 6.5	Demonstrate an understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances, in word	
	meanings.	
W 6.1	 Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence. a. Introduce claim(s) and organize the reasons and evidence clearly b. Support claim(s) with clear reasons and relevant evidence, using credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text c. Use words, phrases, and clauses to clarify the relationships among claim(s) and reasons d. Establish and maintain a formal/academic style, approach, and form e. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from the argument presented. 	
W 6.2	 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content A. Introduce a topic and organize ideas, concepts, and information, using text structures (e.g., definition, classification, comparison/contrast, cause/effect, etc.) and text features (e.g., headings, graphics, and multimedia) when useful to aiding comprehension. B. Develop the topic with relevant facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples. C. Use appropriate transitions to clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts. D. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic E. Establish and maintain a formal/academic style, approach, and form. F. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from the information or explanation presented. 	
W 6.4	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, voice and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)	
W 6.5	With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on how well purpose and audience have been addressed.	
W 6. 10	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, metacognition/self correction, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.	
SL 6.1	Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher led) with diverse partners on <i>grade 6 topics, texts, and issues</i> , building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.	

338

preparation by referring to evider under discussion.b. Follow rules for collegial discus roles as needed. c. Pose and respond to specific qu contribute to the topic, text, or isSL 6.2Analyze the purpose of information motives behind its meaning.	 b. Follow rules for collegial discussions, set specific goals and deadlines, and define individual roles as needed. c. Pose and respond to specific questions with elaboration and detail by making comments that contribute to the topic, text, or issue under discussion. Analyze the purpose of information presented in diverse media and formats, and evaluate the motives behind its meaning. Adapt speech to a variety of context and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when 	
Unit Essential Questions	Unit Enduring Understandings	
 How does fluency affect 		
·	• Fluent readers group words quickly to help them gain meaning from what they read	
comprehension?	meaning from what they read.	
• What do readers do when they do	Good readers employ strategies to help them	
not understand everything in a text?	understand text. Strategic readers can develop,	
How do readers construct meaning select, and apply strategies to enhance their		
from text? comprehension.		
 How do writers develop a well written product? 	Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and make connections (text to text to world, text to colf) to	
written product?	connections (text to text, text to world, text to self) to	
	make text personally relevant and useful.	
	Good writers use a repertoire of strategies that	
	enable them to vary form and style, in order to write	
	for different purposes, audiences, and contexts.	
Unit Learning Targets		
The students will		
 Read each story independently and all 	oud	
 Focus on skills as they read (writing sk 	ills, grammar, punctuation, comprehension)	
 Complete practice book pages to dem 	onstrate their understanding of skills for each story	
 Read leveled readers based on their a 	bilities	
 Answer comprehension questions at t 	he end of each story	
E	vidence of Learning	
Summative Assessment:		
 Theme skills test to be completed at t 	he end of the theme	
 Comprehension and Vocabulary Test f 	or each story	
 Written assessment for all selections 		
Formative Assessments:		
	339	

Oral discussion

Equipment Needed:

- Smartboard
- Computers
- Teacher Resources:
- Backline masters for tests
- Houghton Mifflin textbook
- Teacher-created tests
- Lesson Plans
- United Streaming movies
- Edementum

Lesson Plans

- Writing lesson plans are incorporated within the reading curriculum. The students' writing development is based on independent practice that is found within each story.
- All stories completed contain a component that requires students to write, not only as an assessment, but as a benchmark for their needed skill development.
- Throughout the year the students will complete a variety of writing tasks to build skills and to prepare for PARCC testing.
- A portfolio is kept throughout the year that highlights all types of writing based on curriculum and PARCC preparation.

Teacher Notes:

• The lesson schedule can be revised based on students' abilities and needs.

Curriculum Development Resources:

(Click the links below to access additional resources used to design this unit)

www.unitedstreaming.com (tall tales, storm chaser videos)

Content Area: English Language Arts

Unit Title: Test Preparation

Target Course/Grade Level: Sixth Grade

Unit Summary:

The students will be exposed to the various writing tasks that are on the Standardized State Testing, including explanatory prompt quote and situation, persuasive essay, speculative writing, and reading selections with multiple choice question and open-ended questions. Students will be given a variety of prompts so they can improve on their writing skills, feel more comfortable with the test-taking procedures by simulating testing in the classroom.

Primary Interdisciplinary Connections:

Social Studies, Science, Technology, History, Art, Culture. Popular Trends

21st Century Themes:

<u>Critical Thinking and Problem Solving</u>-The ability to recognize a problem and apply critical thinking and problem-solving skills to solve the problem is a lifelong skill that develops over time.

- Develop strategies to reinforce positive attitudes and productive behaviors that impact critical thinking and problem-solving skills.
- Implement problem-solving strategies to solve a problem in school or the community.

vity and Innovation- Gathering and evaluating knowledge and information from a variety of sources, including global perspectives, foster creativity and innovative thinking

- Use multiple points of view to create alternative solutions.
- Assess data gathered to solve a problem for which there are varying perspectives (e.g., crosscultural, gender-specific, generational), and determine how the data can best be used to design multiple solutions

<u>Cross-cultural Understanding and Interpersonal Communication</u>-Effective communication skills convey intended meaning to others and assist in preventing misunderstandings.

• Demonstrate the ability to understand inferences.

Unit Rationale:

To expose the students to a variety of test taking prompts.

Learning Targets

Standards:

- **Reading Standards for Literature (RL):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity.
- Writing (W): Text Types and Purposes
- **Speaking and Listening (SL):** Comprehension and Collaboration, and Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas.
- Language (L): Conventions of Standard English and Vocabulary Acquisition and Use.

Content Statements:

The skills and content studied will include:

- Writing responses to explanatory prompts (situation and quote)
- Writing a persuasive essay
- Writing responses to open-ended questions
- Writing a speculative story
- Identify and review common grammatical mistakes
- Increase vocabulary

СРІ	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)	
Number		
RL.6.1	Cite textual evidence and make relevant connections to support analysis of what the text says	
	explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.	
RL.6.2	Determine 2 or more central ideas in a text and analyze their development over the course of the	
	text; provide an objective summary of the text.	
RL6.6	Analyze how an author develops and contrasts the points of view of different characters or	
	narrators in a text.	
RL6.9	Compare, contrast and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and	
	background knowledge) texts in different forms or genres (e.g., stories and poems; historical	
	novels and fantasy stories) in terms of their approaches to similar themes and topics.	
W.6.1	Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence.	
	A. Introduce claim(s) and organize the reasons and evidence clearly	
	B. Support claim(s) with clear reasons and relevant evidence, using credible sources and	
	demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text	
	C. Use words, phrases, and clauses to clarify the relationships among claim(s) and reasons	
	D. Establish and maintain a formal/academic style, approach, and form	
	E. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from the argument presented	
W.6.2	Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and	
	information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content	
	A. Introduce a topic and organize ideas, concepts, and information, using text structures	
	(e.g., definition, classification, comparison/contrast, cause/effect, etc.) and text features	
	(e.g., headings, graphics, and multimedia) when useful to aiding comprehension	
	B. Develop the topic with relevant facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other	
	information and examples	
	C. Use appropriate transitions to clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts	
	D. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the	
	topic E. Establish and maintain a formal/academic style, approach, and form	
	F. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from the information or	
	explanation presented.	
W.6.3	Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique,	
	relevant descriptive details, and well-structured event sequences.	
	c. Use a variety of transition words, phrases, and clauses to convey sequence and signal shifts	
	from one time frame or setting to another.	
	d. Use precise words and phrases, relevant descriptive details, and sensory language to convey	
	experiences and events.	
	e. Provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences or events.	
W6.4	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, voice and style are	
	appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are	
	defined in standards 1–3 above.)	

W.6.5	With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on how well purpose and audience have been addressed.
W.6.6	Use technology, including the internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others.
SL.6.1	 Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on <i>grade 6 topics, texts, and issues</i>, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly. a. Come to discussions prepared having read or studied required material; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or issue to probe and reflect on ideas
	 under discussion. c. Pose and respond to specific questions with elaboration and detail by making comments that contribute to the topic, text, or issue under discussion. d. Review the key ideas expressed and demonstrate understanding of multiple perspectives through reflection and paraphrasing.
L 6.1	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. a. Explain the function of phrases and clauses in general and their function in specific sentences. b. Choose among simple, compound, complex, and compound-complex sentences to signal differing relationships among ideas.
	c. Place phrases and clauses within a sentence, recognizing and correcting misplaced and dangling modifiers.*
L 6.2	 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. a. Use a comma to separate coordinate adjectives (e.g., <i>It was a fascinating, enjoyable movie</i> but not <i>He wore an old [,] green shirt</i>). b. Spell correctly.
L 6.3	Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening A. Vary sentence patterns for meaning (syntax), reader/listener interest, and style/voice B. Maintain consistency in style and tone
L.6.4	 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 7 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies. a. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence or paragraph; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase. b. Use common, grade-appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., <i>belligerent, bellicose, rebel</i>). c. Consult general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning or its part of speech. d. Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary).

 a. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., literary, biblical, and mythological allusions) in context. b. Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., synonym/antonym, analogy) to better understand each of the words. c. Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., <i>refined, respectful, polite, diplomatic, condescending)</i>. L.6.6 Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression. Unit Essential Questions How does understanding a text's structure help me better understand its meaning? What do readers do when they do not understand everything in the text? How do writers develop a well-written product? Why does a writer choose a particular form of writing? Why does a writer choose a particular form of writing? How does the choice of words? How does the choice of words affect the message? How does the choice of words affect the message? Words powerfully affect meaning. A speaker's choice of words and style set a 	L6.5	meanings.	anguage, word relationships, and nuances in word
 c. Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., refined, respectful, polite, diplomatic, condescending). L.6.6 Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression. Unit Essential Questions How do readers construct meaning from text? How does understanding a text's structure help me better understand its meaning? What do readers do when they do not understand everything in the text? How do writers develop a well-written product? Why does a writer choose a particular form of writing? Why does a writer choose a particular form of writing? How does the choice of words? How does the choice of words affect the message? Why does a ferch the message? Why does a particular form of writing? How does the choice of words affect the message? Words powerfully affect meaning. 		b. Use the relationship between particular	
 phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression. Unit Essential Questions How do readers construct meaning from text? How does understanding a text's structure help me better understand its meaning? What do readers do when they do not understand everything in the text? How do writers develop a well-written product? Why does a writer choose a particular form of writing? Why do readers need to pay attention to a writer's choice of words? How does the choice of words affect the message? Why do seaders need to pay attention to a writer's choice of words? How does the choice of words affect the message? Words powerfully affect meaning. 		c. Distinguish among the connotations (asso	
 How do readers construct meaning from text? How does understanding a text's structure help me better understand its meaning? What do readers do when they do not understand everything in the text? How do writers develop a well-written product? Why does a writer choose a particular form of writing? Why do readers need to pay attention to a writer's choice of words? How does the choice of words affect the message? Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and make connections (text to text, text to world, text to self) to make text personally relevant and useful. Understanding of a text's features, structures, and characteristics facilitate the reader's ability to make meaning of the text. Good readers employ strategies to help them understand text. Strategic readers can develop, select, and apply strategies to enhance their comprehension. Good writers use a repertoire of strategies that enables them to vary form and style, in order to write for different purposes, audience, and contexts A writer selects a form based on audience and purpose. Words powerfully affect meaning. 	L.6.6	phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge whe	
 How do readers construct meaning from text? How does understanding a text's structure help me better understand its meaning? What do readers do when they do not understand everything in the text? How do writers develop a well-written product? Why does a writer choose a particular form of writing? Why do readers need to pay attention to a writer's choice of words? How does the choice of words affect the message? Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and make connections (text to text, text to world, text to self) to make text personally relevant and useful. Understanding of a text's features, structures, and characteristics facilitate the reader's ability to make meaning of the text. Good readers employ strategies to help them understand text. Strategic readers can develop, select, and apply strategies to enhance their comprehension. Good writers use a repertoire of strategies that enables them to vary form and style, in order to write for different purposes, audience, and contexts A writer selects a form based on audience and purpose. Words powerfully affect meaning. 	Unit Esser	ntial Questions	Unit Enduring Understandings
tone and define the message.	 How d text? How d help m What unders How d produ Why d of write Why d writer How d 	lo readers construct meaning from loes understanding a text's structure ne better understand its meaning? do readers do when they do not stand everything in the text? lo writers develop a well-written ct? loes a writer choose a particular form ting? lo readers need to pay attention to a 's choice of words? loes the choice of words affect the	 Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and make connections (text to text, text to world, text to self) to make text personally relevant and useful. Understanding of a text's features, structures, and characteristics facilitate the reader's ability to make meaning of the text. Good readers employ strategies to help them understand text. Strategic readers can develop, select, and apply strategies to enhance their comprehension. Good writers use a repertoire of strategies that enables them to vary form and style, in order to write for different purposes, audience, and contexts A writer selects a form based on audience and purpose. Words powerfully affect meaning. A speaker's choice of words and style set a
	Unit Lear	ning Targets	

The students will . . .

I. Readiness Anchor Standards for Reading

A. Key Ideas and Details

 Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.
 Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas.

3. Analyze how and why individuals, events, and ideas develop and interact over the course of a text.

6. Assess how point of view or purpose shapes the content and style of a text.

C. Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

9. Analyze how two or more texts address similar themes or topics in order to build knowledge or to compare the approaches the authors take.

D. Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

10. Read and comprehend complex literary and informational texts independently and proficiently.

II. Readiness Anchor Standards for Writing

A. Text Types and Purposes

1. Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.
 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.

B. Production and Distribution of Writing

4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach.

6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and to interact and collaborate with others.

C. Research to Build and Present Knowledge

9. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.

D. Range of Writing

10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames

Evidence of Learning

Summative AssessmentFinal written pieces

- Completed reading questions (open-ended / multiple choice)
- Tests

Formative Assessments:

- Teacher Observation
- Conferencing
- Oral Reading
- Oral Discussions
- Writing Prompts
- Writing Samples
- Review/Assess Questions
- Selection Support Materials

Equipment Needed:

- Overhead Projector / Elmo Camera
- Computer
- I pad
- Smart Board

Teacher Resources:

- TE textbook... Prentice Hall Common Core Edition
- TE textbook.... Prentice Hall Writing Coach Book
- Lesson plans
- Power Point Presentations / How to Write Guide......
- Binder Study Guide Notes / (Teacher created)
- Model Writing Samples

Lesson Plans	
Lesson	Time frame
Lesson 1(Introduction to Test Prep)	5 days (lessons are below)
Discuss criteria for scoring (NJ Rubric)	
Pair / Share previously scored essays	
 Explanatory Prompt- Quote 	
 Explanatory Prompt- Situation 	
Lesson 2	6 days
Persuasive essay	
Lesson 3	4 days
 Speculative Writing Prompt 	
Lesson 4	4 days
• Reading Selection with multiple choice and	
open-ended responses.	
Lesson 5	5 days
Argumentative essay	

Lesson 6		
 Narrative / expository writing 	3 days	
Teacher Notes:		
 The lesson schedule can be revised based on st 	udents' abilities and needs.	
Curriculum Development Resources:		
 (Click the links below to access additional resources used to design this unit) <u>http://www.state.nj.us/education/aps/cccs/</u> http://www.edmentumtesting.com 		
<u>Interior www.cumentumesung.com</u>		

Content Area: English Language Arts

Unit Title: Poetry

Target Course/Grade Level: Sixth Grade

Unit Summary:

The students will be able to develop skills in reading poetry, analyze literary elements, learn elements of grammar, usage, and style, to express and support responses to a variety of forms, and to develop listening and speaking skills.

Primary Interdisciplinary Connections:

Social Studies, Science, Culture, Technology, Art, and Popular Trends

21st Century Life and Career Skills: All students will demonstrate the creative, critical thinking, collaboration, and problem solving skills needed to function successfully as both global citizens and workers in diverse ethnic and organizational cultures.

- Critical Thinking and Problem Solving: The ability to recognize a problem and apply critical thinking and problem-solving skills to solve the problem is a lifelong skill that develops over time.
 - Develop strategies to reinforce positive attitudes and productive behaviors that impact critical thinking and problem-solving skills.
 - \circ $\;$ Implement problem-solving strategies to solve a problem in school or the community.
- Creativity and Innovation Gathering and evaluating knowledge and information from a variety of sources, including global perspectives, fosters creativity and innovative thinking.
 - \circ $\;$ Use multiple points of view to create alternative solutions.
 - Assess data gathered to solve a problem for which there are varying perspectives (e.g. crosscultural, gender-specific, generational), and determine how the data can best be used to design multiple solutions.

Cross-Cultural Understanding and Interpersonal Communication - Effective communication skills convey intended meaning to others and assist in preventing misunderstandings.
 Demonstrate the ability to understand inferences.

Unit Rationale:

To expose the students to a variety of poems and give them the opportunity to create some of their own original poetry.

Learning Targets

Standards:

- **Reading for Literature (RL):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity.
- **Reading for Informational Text (RI):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity.
- **Reading Foundational Skills (RF):** Print Concepts, Phonological Awareness, Phonics & Word Recognition, and Fluency.
- Writing (W): Text Types and Purposes
- Speaking & Listening (SL): Comprehension & Collaboration and Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas.
- Language (L): Conventions of Standard English and Vocabulary Acquisition and Use.

Content Statements:

The content focuses on utilizing students' ability to read, comprehend, understand poetry, and critique various poems in this unit. In addition students will develop word analysis skills, fluency, figurative language, and vocabulary as they apply written and oral language conventions.

ligulative la	language, and vocabulary as they apply written and orai language conventions.	
CPI	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)	
Number		
RL 6.1	Cite textual evidence and make relevant connections to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text	
RL 6.2	Determine two or more central ideas in a text and analyze their development over the course of the text; provide an objective summary of the text.	
RL 6.6	Analyze how an author develops and contrasts the points of view of different characters or narrators in a text.	
RL 6.9	Compare, contrast and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) texts in different forms or genres (e.g., stories and poems; historical novels and fantasy stories) in terms of their approaches to similar themes and topics.	
W 6.2	 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content. A. Introduce a topic and organize ideas, concepts, and information, using text structures (e.g., definition, classification, comparison/contrast, cause/effect, etc.) and text features (e.g., headings, graphics, and multimedia) when useful to aiding comprehension. B. Develop the topic with relevant facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples. 	

	C. Use appropriate transitions to clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.	
	D. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the	
	topic. E. Establish and maintain a formal/academic style, approach, and form	
	F. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from the information or	
	explanation presented	
W 6.3	Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique,	
	relevant descriptive details, and well-structured event sequences.	
	c. Use a variety of transition words, phrases, and clauses to convey sequence and signal shifts	
	from one time frame or setting to another.	
	d. Use precise words and phrases, relevant descriptive details, and sensory language to convey	
	experiences and events.	
	e. Provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences or events.	
W 6.4	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, voice and style are	
	appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are	
	defined in standards 1–3 above.)	
W 6.5	With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as	
	needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on how well	
	purpose and audience have been addressed.	
SL 6.1	Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-	
	led) with diverse partners on grade 6 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and	
	expressing their own clearly.	
	a. Come to discussions prepared having read or studied required material; explicitly draw on	
	that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or issue to probe and reflect on	
	ideas under discussion.	
	c. Pose and respond to specific questions with elaboration and detail by making comments	
	that contribute to the topic, text, or issue under discussion.	
	d Review the key ideas expressed and demonstrate understanding of multiple perspectives	
	d. Review the key ideas expressed and demonstrate understanding of multiple perspectives through reflection and paraphrasing	
SL 6.2	through reflection and paraphrasing.	
SL 6.2	through reflection and paraphrasing. Analyze the main ideas and supporting details presented in diverse media and formats (e.g.,	
SL 6.2	through reflection and paraphrasing. Analyze the main ideas and supporting details presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, and orally) and explain how the ideas clarify a topic, text, or issue under	
SL 6.2 SL 6.6	through reflection and paraphrasing. Analyze the main ideas and supporting details presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, and orally) and explain how the ideas clarify a topic, text, or issue under study	
	through reflection and paraphrasing. Analyze the main ideas and supporting details presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, and orally) and explain how the ideas clarify a topic, text, or issue under	
	 through reflection and paraphrasing. Analyze the main ideas and supporting details presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, and orally) and explain how the ideas clarify a topic, text, or issue under study Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English 	
SL 6.6	through reflection and paraphrasing.Analyze the main ideas and supporting details presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, and orally) and explain how the ideas clarify a topic, text, or issue under studyAdapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. (See grade 7 Language standards 1 and 3 on page 52 for specific	
SL 6.6 Init Essenti	 through reflection and paraphrasing. Analyze the main ideas and supporting details presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, and orally) and explain how the ideas clarify a topic, text, or issue under study Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. (See grade 7 Language standards 1 and 3 on page 52 for specific expectations.) 	
SL 6.6 Init Essenti	through reflection and paraphrasing.Analyze the main ideas and supporting details presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, and orally) and explain how the ideas clarify a topic, text, or issue under studyAdapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. (See grade 7 Language standards 1 and 3 on page 52 for specific expectations.)ial QuestionsUnit Enduring Understandings	
SL 6.6 Jnit Essenti How do text?	through reflection and paraphrasing.Analyze the main ideas and supporting details presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, and orally) and explain how the ideas clarify a topic, text, or issue under studyAdapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. (See grade 7 Language standards 1 and 3 on page 52 for specific expectations.)ial Questions readers construct meaning fromUnit Enduring Understandings • Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and	
SL 6.6 Unit Essention How do text? How do	through reflection and paraphrasing.Analyze the main ideas and supporting details presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, and orally) and explain how the ideas clarify a topic, text, or issue under studyAdapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. (See grade 7 Language standards 1 and 3 on page 52 for specific expectations.)ial Questions readers construct meaning fromUnit Enduring Understandings • Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and make connections (text to text, text to world,	
SL 6.6 Jnit Essenti How do text? How doo help me	through reflection and paraphrasing.Analyze the main ideas and supporting details presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, and orally) and explain how the ideas clarify a topic, text, or issue under studyAdapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. (See grade 7 Language standards 1 and 3 on page 52 for specific expectations.)ial Questions readers construct meaning from es understanding a text's structure e better understand its meaning?Unit Enduring Understandings • Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and make connections (text to text, text to world, text to self) to make text personally relevant and useful.	
SL 6.6 Jnit Essenti How do text? How doo help me What do	through reflection and paraphrasing.Analyze the main ideas and supporting details presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, and orally) and explain how the ideas clarify a topic, text, or issue under studyAdapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. (See grade 7 Language standards 1 and 3 on page 52 for specific expectations.)ial Questions readers construct meaning fromUnit Enduring Understandingses understanding a text's structure better understand its meaning?Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and make connections (text to text, text to world, text to self) to make text personally relevant and useful.	

349

 How do writers develop a well-written product? How do rules of language affect communication? Why do readers need to pay attention to a writer's choice of words? How does the choice of words affect the message? 	 Good readers employ strategies to help them understand text. Strategic readers can develop, select, and apply strategies to enhance their comprehension. Good writers use a repertoire of strategies that enables them to vary form and style, in order to write for different purposes, audience, and contexts Rules and conventions of language help readers understand what is being communicated Words powerfully affect meaning. A speaker's choice of words and style set a tone and define the message.

Unit Learning Targets

The students will . . .

Readiness Anchor Standards for Reading

Key Ideas and Details

 Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.
 Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas.

3. Analyze how and why individuals, events, and ideas develop and interact over the course of a text.

4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of rhymes and other repetitions of sounds (e.g., alliteration) on a specific verse or stanza of a poem or section of a story or drama.

5. Analyze how a drama's or poem's form or structure (e.g., soliloquy, sonnet) contributes to its meaning.

• Assess how point of view or purpose shapes the content and style of a text.

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

9. Analyze how two or more texts address similar themes or topics in order to build knowledge or to compare the approaches the authors take.

Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

10. Read and comprehend complex literary and informational texts independently and proficiently.

Readiness Anchor Standards for Writing

Text Types and Purposes

1. Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.

3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.

Production and Distribution of Writing

4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach.

6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and to interact and collaborate with others.

Research to Build and Present Knowledge

9. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.

Range of Writing

10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames.

	Evidence of Learning
Su	mmative Assessment (3 days):
•	Oral Discussions
•	Story Quizzes/Tests
٠	Writing Prompts
٠	Projects Completed
Fo	rmative Assessments:
٠	Teacher Observation
•	Oral Reading
•	Writing Samples
•	Review/ Assess Questions
Eq	uipment Needed:
•	Overhead Projector
•	Computer
Те	acher Resources:
•	TE Literature
•	TE Grammar

- Teacher-Made Tests
- Internet Resources

• Selection of Support Materials

Lesson Plans		
Lesson	Time frame	
Lesson 1	2 days (lesson plans are below, including additional	
Narrative- Lyric	lessons)	
 "Jimmy Jet and the TV Set" 		
• "The Geese"		
 "The Walrus and the Carpenter" 		
 "February Twilight" 		
Lesson 2	1 day	
Sound Devices		
 "The Fairies Lullaby" 		
 "Cynthia and the Snow" 		
• "Parade"		
Lesson 3	2 -3 days	
Figurative Language		
 "Simile: Willow and Ginkgo 		
• "Fame is a Bee"		
 "April Rain Song" 		
 "Winter and water and stone" 		
"The Sidewalk Racer"		
Lesson 4	6 or more days/ students will be writing and	
Writing Poetry	reading poetry	
License-Plate Poetry		
Found Poetry		
Cinquain		
Double Cinquain		
Chain Cinquain		
Haiku		
• Tanka		
• Renga		
• Senryu		
Lanterne		
Write A Poetry Booklet		
	al Lesson Plans	
Topic: Introduction to Poetry- Day 1	1 day	
Objective: The students will begin poetry unit.		
Activities: The students will be able to		

1. Define poetry	
 Define poetry Write license plate poetry 	
,	
3. Notes on narrative poetry	1 day
Topic: Poetry – Day 2	1 day
Objective: The students will be able to read	
and write poetry.	
Activities: The students will be able to	
1. Narrative Poetry- define and read "Jimmy	
Jet and His TV Set", p. 707, and "The	
Walrus and the Carpenter" p. 708	
Topic: Poetry – Day 3	1 day
Objective: The students will be able to read	
and discuss form poetry. They will also be able	
to write poetry.	
Activities: The students will be able to	
1. Form poetry- define and read and discuss "	
The Sidewalk Racer" (Lit p. 718)	
2. Write poetry – Work on poetry booklet	
Topic: Poetry- Day 4	1 day
Objective: The students will be able to read	
and write poetry.	
Activities: The students will be able to	
1. Read – lyric poems – "The Geese" p.706,	
"February Twilight" p. 727,	
2. Students will orally read poems through	
pair-share activity.	
Topic: Poetry- Day 5	1 day
Objective: The students will be able to read	
and write poetry.	
Activities: The students will be able to	
1. Read poems that use haiku form – "Haiku"	
p. 720	
Teacher Notes:	
• The lesson schedule can be revised based on	
 The textbook includes other poetry selection: 	s that can be utilized for this unit.
Curriculum Development Resources:	
(Click the links below to access additional resources used to design this unit)	
www.unitedstreaming.com (Attention Grabber videos)	
www.biography.com	
www.weeklyreader.com	
	353

Content Area: English Language Arts

Unit Title: The Novel: The Devil's Arithmetic by Jane Yolan

Target Course/Grade Level: Sixth Grade

Unit Summary:

The students will be able to read and discuss the novel, complete a variety of writing assignments that relate to the story, be exposed to new vocabulary, and view the movie.

Primary Interdisciplinary Connections:

Social Studies, Science, Math, Art, Music, and Culture

21st Century Themes:

<u>Critical Thinking and Problem Solving</u>-The ability to recognize a problem and apply critical thinking and problem-solving skills to solve the problem is a lifelong skill that develops over time.

- Develop strategies to reinforce positive attitudes and productive behaviors that impact critical thinking and problem-solving skills.
- Implement problem-solving strategies to solve a problem in school or the community.

<u>vity and Innovation</u>- Gathering and evaluating knowledge and information from a variety of sources, including global perspectives, foster creativity and innovative thinking

- Use multiple points of view to create alternative solutions.
- Assess data gathered to solve a problem for which there are varying perspectives (e.g., crosscultural, gender-specific, generational), and determine how the data can best be used to design multiple solutions

<u>Cross-cultural Understanding and Interpersonal Communication</u>-Effective communication skills convey intended meaning to others and assist in preventing misunderstandings.

• Demonstrate the ability to understand inferences.

Unit Rationale:

To expose the students to a classic middle-school novel, while introducing the elements of a novel and having the students write a variety of prompts related to the story.

Learning Targets

Standards:

- **Reading Standards for Literature (RL):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity.
- Writing (W): Text Types and Purposes; Production and Distribution of Writing
- **Speaking and Listening (SL):** Comprehension and Collaboration, and Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas.
- Language (L): Conventions of Standard English and Vocabulary Acquisition and Use.

Content Statements:

The skills and content studied will include:

- An understanding of story structure
- An understanding of characterization
- An understanding of figurative language

• The co	nnection between the novel and the movie	
CPI	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)	
Number		
RL.6.1	Cite textual evidence and make relevant connections to support analysis of what the text says	
	explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.	
RL.6.2	Determine a theme or central idea of a text and how it is conveyed through particular details;	
	provide a summary of the text distinct from personal opinions or judgments	
RL.6.3	Describe how a particular story's or drama's plot unfolds in a series of episodes as well as how	
	the characters respond or change as the plot moves toward a resolution.	
RL 6.4	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative and	
	connotative meanings; analyze the impact of a specific word choice on meaning and tone	
RL.6.6	Explain how an author develops the point of view of the narrator or speaker in a text	
RL.6.7	Compare and contrast the experience of reading a story, drama, or poem to listening to or	
	viewing an audio, video, or live version of the text, including contrasting what they "see" and	
	"hear" when reading the text to what they perceive when they listen or watch.	
RL.6.9	Compare, contrast and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and	
	background knowledge) texts in different forms or genres (e.g., stories and poems; historical	
	novels and fantasy stories) in terms of their approaches to similar themes and topics.	
RL.6.10	By the end of the year read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems at	
	grade level text-complexity or above, scaffolding as needed	
W.6.1	Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence	
	A. Introduce claim(s) and organize the reasons and evidence clearly	
	B. Support claim(s) with clear reasons and relevant evidence, using credible sources and	
	demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text	
	C. Use words, phrases, and clauses to clarify the relationships among claim(s) and reasons	
	D. Establish and maintain a formal/academic style, approach, and form.	
	E. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from the argument presented	
W.6.2	Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and	
	 information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content. A. Introduce a topic and organize ideas, concepts, and information, using text structures 	
	(e.g., definition, classification, comparison/contrast, cause/effect, etc.) and text features (e.g., headings, graphics, and multimedia) when useful to aiding comprehension.	
	B. Develop the topic with relevant facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other	
	information and examples.	
	C. Use appropriate transitions to clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.	
	D. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the	
	topic.	
	E. Establish and maintain a formal/academic style, approach, and form.	
	F. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from the information or	
	explanation presented.	
W.6.3	Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique,	
	relevant descriptive details, and well-structured event sequences.	

·			
	c. Use a variety of transition words, from one time frame or setting to a	phrases, and clauses to convey sequence and signal shifts nother	
	-	elevant descriptive details, and sensory language to convey	
	experiences and events.		
	-	from the narrated experiences or events.	
W.6.4	Produce clear and coherent writing in	n which the development, organization, voice and style are	
		dience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are	
	defined in standards 1–3 above.)		
W.6.5	e 11	m peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as	
	needed by planning, revising, editing		
SL.6.1		porative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-	
		topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and	
	expressing their own clearly.	aving read or studied required material; explicitly draw on	
		dence on the topic, text, or issue to probe and reflect on	
	ideas under discussion.		
		stions with elaboration and detail by making comments that	
	contribute to the topic, text, or issu	· •	
	d. Review the key ideas expressed a	and demonstrate understanding of multiple perspectives	
	through reflection and paraphrasing	g.	
SL.6.2	Analyze the main ideas and supporting details presented in diverse media and formats (e.g.,		
		nd explain how the ideas clarify a topic, text, or issue under	
	study		
SL.6.6		and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when	
	expectations.)	6 Language standards 1 and 3 on page 52 for specific	
L.6.5		tive language, word relationships, and nuances in word	
21010	meanings.		
	-	erary, biblical, and mythological allusions) in context.	
	b. Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., synonym/antonym, analogy) to better		
	understand each of the words.		
		ns (associations) of words with similar denotations	
	(definitions) (e.g., refined, respectful,		
L.6.6	Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and		
		ge when considering a word or phrase important to	
	comprehension or expression.	Linit Fradewing Lindowstow dia se	
Unit Essential Questions		Unit Enduring Understandings	
 How do readers construct meaning 		 Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and make connections (tout to tout to world tout) 	
from text?		make connections (text to text, text to world, text	
 How does understanding a text's 		to self) to make text personally relevant and	
	ure help me better understand its	useful.	
mean	ing :		

Unit Learning Targets

The students will . . .

I. Readiness Anchor Standards for Reading

A. Key Ideas and Details

 Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.
 Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key

supporting details and ideas.

3. Analyze how and why individuals, events, and ideas develop and interact over the course of a text.

4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of rhymes and other repetitions of sounds (e.g., alliteration) on a specific verse or stanza of a poem or section of a story or drama. Assess how point of view or purpose shapes the content and style of a text.

B. Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

9. Analyze how two or more texts address similar themes or topics in order to build knowledge or to compare the approaches the authors take.

C. Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

10. Read and comprehend complex literary and informational texts independently and proficiently.

II. Readiness Anchor Standards for Writing

A. Text Types and Purposes

1. Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

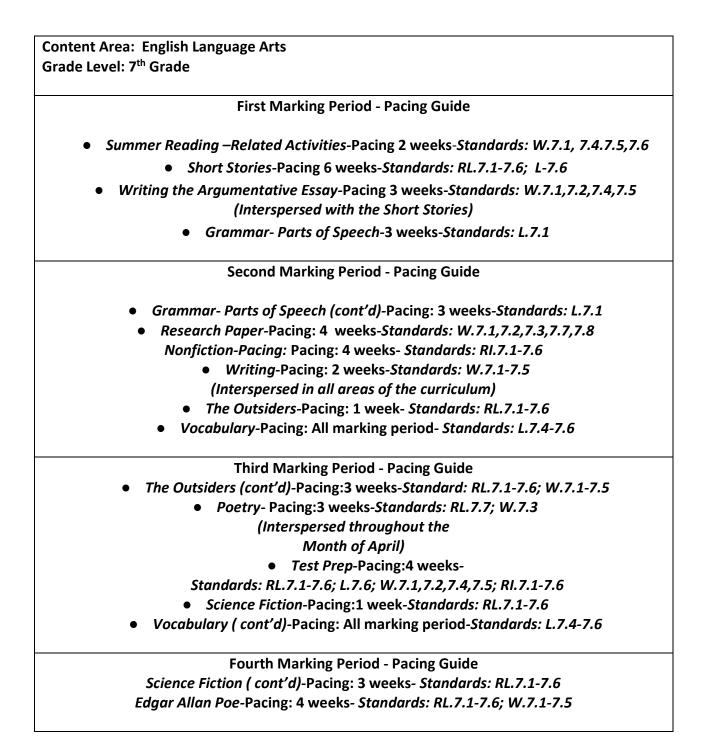
2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.

	ed experiences or events using effective technique,			
well-chosen details, and well-structured even	it sequences.			
B. Production and Distribution of Writing	the dovelopment organization and style are			
appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.	ch the development, organization, and style are			
	by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a			
new approach.				
6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and to interact and				
collaborate with others.				
C. Research to Build and Present Knowledge				
-	nal texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.			
D. Range of Writing				
10. Write routinely over extended time frame	es (time for research, reflection, and revision) and			
shorter time frames.				
Evidence of Learning				
Summative Assessment (6 days):				
Story Quizzes/Tests				
 Projects Completed 				
Formative Assessments:				
Teacher Observation				
Oral discussions				
Oral Reading				
Writing Prompts				
Writing Samples				
Review/Assess Questions				
Selection Support Materials				
Equipment Needed:				
Overhead Projector				
Computer				
Teacher Resources:				
<u>The Devil's Arithmetic</u>				
Teacher Manual				
Teacher-Made Tests and Quizzes				
Le	sson Plans			
Lesson	Time frame			
Lesson 1 – Novel Unit	4 60 Minute Blocks			
The Devil's Arithmetic				
WW II Background				
Jane Yolan				
Vocabulary				

358

• Chapters 1 -4			
Characters/ Prejudice			
Lesson 2	3 60 Minute Blocks		
Chapters 5-7			
 ABC Activity cards 			
 Persuasive Prompt 			
 Test chapters 1-7 			
Lesson 3:	4 60 Minute Blocks		
Chapters 8-10			
 Illustrate figurative language 			
 Watch David Bergman's story 			
Test on Chapters 8-10			
Lesson 4	4 60 Minute Blocks		
Chapters 11-13			
 Video on Holocaust Museum 			
 Diary entries of Ann Frank 			
Test on Chapters 11-13			
Lesson 5	4 60 Minute Blocks		
Chapters 14-16			
 Watch video on children of the 			
Holocaust			
 Test on Chapters 14-16 			
Lesson 6	4 60 Minute Blocks		
Chapters 17- Epilogue			
Character Sketch			
 Compare and Contrast essay on 			
character change in Hannah			
Lesson 7	4 60 Minute Blocks		
Watch the movie			
Write a movie review			
Teacher Notes:			
 The lesson schedule can be revised ba 	sed on students' abilities and needs.		
Curriculum Development Resources:			
(Click the links below to access additional resources used to design this unit)			
DVD of the movie – <u>The Devil's Arithmetic</u>			

Pacing Guide – Grade 7



English Language Arts Curriculum

Content Area: English Language Arts

Unit Title: Short Stories

Target Course/Grade Level: Seventh Grade

Unit Summary:

Students will be able to read, analyze, and interpret a variety of short stories. They will also be able to respond to open-ended response questions, use vocabulary, and respond to different writing tasks based on and around the stories that will be covered.

Primary Interdisciplinary Connections:

Social Studies, Science, Math, Art, Culture, Technology, and Popular Trends

21st Century Themes:

<u>Critical Thinking and Problem Solving</u>-The ability to recognize a problem and apply critical thinking and problem-solving skills to solve the problem is a lifelong skill that develops over time.

- Develop strategies to reinforce positive attitudes and productive behaviors that impact critical thinking and problem-solving skills.
- Implement problem-solving strategies to solve a problem in school or the community.

vity and Innovation- Gathering and evaluating knowledge and information from a variety of sources, including global perspectives, foster creativity and innovative thinking

- Use multiple points of view to create alternative solutions.
- Assess data gathered to solve a problem for which there are varying perspectives (e.g., crosscultural, gender-specific, generational), and determine how the data can best be used to design multiple solutions

<u>Cross-cultural Understanding and Interpersonal Communication</u>-Effective communication skills convey intended meaning to others and assist in preventing misunderstandings.

• Demonstrate the ability to understand inferences.

Unit Rationale:

To help the students employ strategies to help them understand text. They will be able to develop, select, and apply strategies to enhance their comprehension.

Learning Targets

Standards:

• **Reading Standards for Literature (RL):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity.

Writing (W): Text Types and Purposes ۲

- Speaking and Listening (SL): Comprehension and Collaboration, and Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas.
- Language (L): Conventions of Standard English and Vocabulary Acquisition and Use. ۲

Content Statements:

The skills and content studied will include:

- An understanding of short story structure
- Responding to open-ended questions, explanatory prompts, and a short story
- History connection of bound feet in order to connect to "Ribbons" ۲
- History connection to the Holocaust in order to connect to "Suzy and Leah"
- Use of figurative language

 Use of 	f figurative language
CPI	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)
Number	
RL.7.1	Cite several pieces of textual evidence and make relevant connections to support
	analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.
RL.7.4	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of rhymes and other repetitions of sounds (e.g., alliteration) on a specific verse or stanza of a poem or section of a story or drama.
RL.7.6	Analyze how an author develops and contrasts the points of view of different characters or narrators in a text.
RL.7.9	Compare and contrast and reflect on (practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) a fictional portrayal of a time, place, or character and a historical account of the same period as a means of understanding how authors of fiction use or alter history.
RL.7.10	By the end of the year read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems at grade level text-complexity or above, scaffolding as needed.
RI.7.1	Cite several pieces of textual evidence and make relevant connections to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.
RI.7.9	Analyze and reflect on (practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) how to or more authors writing about the same topic shape their presentations or key information by emphasizing different evidence or advancing different interpretations of facts.
W.7.1	Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence. a. Introduce claim(s), acknowledge alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically.

r			
	c. Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships		
	among claim(s), reasons, and evidence.		
	d. Establish and maintain a formal style.		
	e. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the		
	argument presented.		
W.7.2	Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and		
	information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content.		
	a. Introduce a topic clearly, previewing what is to follow; organize ideas, concepts, and		
	information, using strategies such as definition, classification, comparison/contrast,		
	and cause/ effect; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., charts, tables), and		
	multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.		
	b. Develop the topic with relevant facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or		
	other information and examples.		
	c. Use appropriate transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among		
	ideas and concepts.		
	d. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the		
	topic.		
	e. Establish and maintain a formal style.		
W.7.4	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, voice and		
	style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for		
	writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)		
W.7.10	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection,		
	metacognition/self correction, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a		
	day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.		
	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection,		
	metacognition/self correction, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a		
	day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.		
SL.7.1	Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and		
	teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 7 topics, texts, and issues, building on		
	others' ideas and expressing their own clearly		
	A. Come to discussions prepared, having read or researched material under study;		
	explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or		
	issue to probe and reflect on ideas under discussion		
	B. Follow rules for collegial discussions, track progress toward specific goals and		
	deadlines, and define individual roles as needed.		
	C. Pose questions that elicit elaboration and respond to others' questions and		
	comments with relevant observations and ideas that bring the discussion back		
	on topic as needed.		
1 1	טון נטאור מא ווכבעבע.		

	D. Acknowledge new informatio modify their own views	n expressed by others and, when warranted,
SL.7.2	Analyze the main ideas and supporting details presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) and explain how the ideas clarify a topic, text, or issue under study	
SL.7.6		and tasks, demonstrating command of formal
L.7.4		nknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases , choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.
L.7.5	 Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings. A. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., literary, biblical, and mythological allusions) in context B. Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., synonym/antonym, analogy) to better understand each of the words. C. Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., refined, respectful, polite, diplomatic, condescending). 	
 How of text? How of help n What under How of produce Why of of write Why of write 	loes a writer choose a particular form ting? lo readers need to pay attention to a	 Unit Enduring Understandings- Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and make connections (text to text, text to world, text to self) to make text personally relevant and useful. Understanding of a text's features, structures, and characteristics facilitate the reader's ability to make meaning of the text. Good readers employ strategies to help them understand text. Strategic readers can develop, select, and apply strategies to enhance their comprehension. Good writers use a repertoire of strategies that enables them to vary form and style, in order to write for different purposes, audience, and contexts A writer selects a form based on audience
writer	's choice of words?	and purpose.Words powerfully affect meaning.

Unit Learning Targets

The students will . . .

I. Readiness Anchor Standards for Reading

A. Key Ideas and Details

 Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.
 Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas.

3. Analyze how and why individuals, events, and ideas develop and interact over the course of a text.

B. Craft and Structure

4. Interpret words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word choices shape meaning or tone.

5. Analyze the structure of texts, including how specific sentences, paragraphs, and larger portions of the text (e.g., a section, chapter, scene, or stanza) relate to each other and the whole.

6. Assess how point of view or purpose shapes the content and style of a text.

C. Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

9. Analyze how two or more texts address similar themes or topics in order to build knowledge or to compare the approaches the authors take.

D. Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

10. Read and comprehend complex literary and informational texts independently and proficiently.

II. Readiness Anchor Standards for Writing

A. Text Types and Purposes

1. Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.

3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.

B. Production and Distribution of Writing

4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach.

6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and to interact and collaborate with others.

C. Research to Build and Present Knowledge

9. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.

D. Range of Writing

shorter time frames	
Evidence	of Learning
Summative Assessment (5 days):	
Story Quizzes/Tests	
 Projects Completed 	
Formative Assessments:	
Teacher Observation	
Oral Discussions	
Oral Reading	
Writing Prompts	
Writing Samples	
Review/Assess Questions	
Selection Support Materials	
Equipment Needed:	
Overhead Projector	
• Computer	
Teacher Resources:	
Literature – Teachers' Edition	
Grammar – Teachers' Edition	
Teacher Manual and Teacher-Made Tests	
Internet resources listed below	
 Other Internet resources developed as needed 	
	n Plans Time frame
Lesson Lesson 1 - Introduction to the Short Story	7 days (first 4 days of lessons follow)
"The Third Wish"	7 days (11 st 4 days of lessons follow)
Open-Ended Responses	
 Paragraph on Wishes 	
"Amigo Brothers"	
Open-Ended Responses	
• Open-Ended Responses	
Lesson 2 - Theme	6 days
"Ribbons"	
 Open-Ended Responses 	
History: Bound Feet	
"The Treasure of Lemon Brown"	
 Open-Ended Responses 	
	0 dava
Lesson 3 - Figurative Language	8 days

English Language Arts Curriculum

Open Ended Decreases		
Open-Ended Responses		
"Papa's Parrot"		
 Open-Ended Responses 		
"Suzy and Leah"		
 Open-Ended Responses 		
History: The Holocaust		
Lesson 4 - Author Study	15 days	
O. Henry- Surprise ending		
"After 20 Years"		
 Open-Ended Responses 		
 "The Ransom of Red Chief" 		
 Speculative Writing Prompt 		
"The Gift of Magi"		
 Explanatory Writing Prompt - A Gift 		
Lesson 5- Research Paper	4 weeks	
What is your treasure?		
A mix of explanatory and research.		
MLA Style discussed		
Students get the option to present to classmates		
in any media format.		
Teacher Notes:		
• The lesson schedule can be revised based on st	tudents' abilities and needs.	
Curriculum Development Resources:		
(Click the links below to access additional resources used to design this unit)		
www.unitedstreaming.com (tall tales, storm chaser videos)		

Unit Title: Non-Fiction

Target Course/Grade Level: Seventh Grade

Unit Summary:

Students will be able to be introduced to a wide variety of real people and places. Through essays, biographies, and articles, the student can enjoy new experiences, consider new ideas, and learn new concepts.

Primary Interdisciplinary Connections:

Social Studies, Science, Math, Art, Culture, and Popular Trends

21st Century Themes:

<u>Critical Thinking and Problem Solving</u>-The ability to recognize a problem and apply critical thinking and problem-solving skills to solve the problem is a lifelong skill that develops over time.

- Develop strategies to reinforce positive attitudes and productive behaviors that impact critical thinking and problem-solving skills.
- Implement problem-solving strategies to solve a problem in school or the community.
- Creativity and Innovation- Gathering and evaluating knowledge and information from a variety of sources, including global perspectives, foster creativity and innovative thinking
- Use multiple points of view to create alternative solutions.
- Assess data gathered to solve a problem for which there are varying perspectives (e.g., crosscultural, gender-specific, generational), and determine how the data can best be used to design multiple solutions

<u>Cross-cultural Understanding and Interpersonal Communication</u>-Effective communication skills convey intended meaning to others and assist in preventing misunderstandings.

• Demonstrate the ability to understand inferences.

Unit Rationale:

Students will read nonfiction selections, apply a variety of reading strategies, analyze literary elements, and write and learn about themselves in the process.

Learning Targets

Standards:

- **Reading Standards for Literature (RL):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity.
- **Reading for Informational Text (RI):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity.
- Writing Standard (W): Text Types and Purposes
- **Speaking and Listening (SL):** Comprehension & Collaboration and Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas.
- Language (L): Conventions of Standard English and Vocabulary Acquisition and Use.

Content Statements:

The skills and content being studied includes:

- Writing responses to open-ended questions and explanatory prompts
- Connections to science (rattlesnakes)
- Connections to history (Norman Rockwell, Martin Luther King, Jr., and the Great Depression)

СРІ	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)	
Number		
RL.7.1	Cite several pieces of textual evidence and make relevant connections to support analysis of	
	what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.	
RL.7.2	Determine a theme or central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the	
	text; provide an objective summary of the text.	
RL.7.4	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative	
	and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of rhymes and other repetitions of sounds (e.g.,	
	alliteration) on a specific verse or stanza of a poem or section of a story or drama.	
RL.7.6	Analyze how an author develops and contrasts the points of view of different characters or	
	narrators in a text.	

RL.7.9	Compare, contrast and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and		
	background knowledge) a fictional portrayal of a time, place, or character and a historical account of the same period as a means of understanding how authors of fiction use or alter		
	history.		
RL7.10	By the end of the year read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems a		
	grade level text-complexity or above, scaffolding as needed.		
RI.7.4	Grade		
NI.7.4	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze the impact of a specific word choice on meaning		
	and tone.		
RI.7.10	By the end of the year read and comprehend literary nonfiction at grade level text-complexity		
	or above, with scaffolding as needed.		
W.7.1	Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence		
	A. Introduce claim(s), acknowledge alternate or opposing claims, and organize the		
	reasons and evidence logically.		
	B. Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant evidence, using accurate,		
	credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text. C. Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships		
	among claim(s), reasons, and evidence.		
	D. Establish and maintain a formal style/academic style, approach, and form.		
	E. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the		
	argument presented.		
W.7.2	Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content.		
	A. Introduce a topic clearly, previewing what is to follow; organize ideas, concepts, and		
	information, using text structures (e.g., definition, classification, comparison/contrast,		
	cause/effect, etc.) and text features (e.g., headings, graphics, and multimedia).		
	B. Develop the topic with relevant facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or		
	other information and examples.		
	C. Use appropriate transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.		
	D. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the		
	topic.		
	E. Establish and maintain a formal style academic style, approach, and form.		
	F. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the		
W.7.4	information or explanation presented. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, voice and style are		
vv./.+	appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are		
	defined in standards 1–3 above.)		
W.7.5	With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as		
	needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on how well		
	purpose and audience have been addressed.		

SL.7.1	 Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 7 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly. A. Come to discussions prepared, having read or researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or issue to probe and reflect on ideas under discussion. B. Follow rules for collegial discussions, track progress toward specific goals and deadlines, and define individual roles as needed. C. Pose questions that elicit elaboration and respond to others' questions and comments with relevant observations and ideas that bring the discussion back on topic as needed. D. Acknowledge new information expressed by others and, when warranted, modify their own views. 	
SL.7.2	Analyze the main ideas and supporting details presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) and explain how the ideas clarify a topic, text, or issue under study.	
SL.7.6	Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.	
L.7.6	Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.	
 How do me bett What do underst How do Why do writing? Why do 	 Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and make connections (text to text, text to world, text to self) to make text personally relevant and useful. Understanding of a text's features, structures, and characteristics facilitate the reader's ability to make meaning of the text. Good readers employ strategies to help them understand text. Strategic readers can develop, select, and apply strategies to enhance their comprehension. Good readers use a repertoire of strategies that 	
	 Words powerfully affect meaning. 	

Unit Learning Targets

The students will . . .

I. Readiness Anchor Standards for Reading

A. Key Ideas and Details

 Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.
 Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key

supporting details and ideas.

3. Analyze how and why individuals, events, and ideas develop and interact over the course of a text.

6. Assess how point of view or purpose shapes the content and style of a text.

B. Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

9. Analyze how two or more texts address similar themes or topics in order to build knowledge or to compare the approaches the authors take.

C. Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

• Read and comprehend complex literary and informational texts independently and proficiently.

II. Readiness Anchor Standards for Writing

A. Text Types and Purposes

1. Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.

B. Production and Distribution of Writing

4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach.

6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and to interact and collaborate with others.

C. Research to Build and Present Knowledge

9. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.

D. Range of Writing

10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames

Evidence of Learning

Summative Assessment (5 days):

- Story Quizzes/Tests
- Projects Completed

Formative Assessments:

- Teacher Observation
- Oral Discussions
- Oral Reading
- Writing Prompts
- Writing Samples
- Review/ Assess Questions
- Selection Support Materials

Equipment Needed:

- Overhead Projector
- Computer

Teacher Resources:

- Literature Teachers' Edition
- Grammar Teachers' Edition
- Teacher Manuals
- Teacher- Made Tests
- *Read* magazine
- Internet resources listed below
- Other Internet resources developed as needed

Lesson Plans		
Lesson Time frame		
Lesson 1	3 days (lessons follow)	
Introduction to Non-Fiction		
"Rattlesnake Hunt"		
 Explanatory prompt /quote or situation-fear 		
 Open-ended responses 		
 Science - rattlesnakes 		
From Barrio Boy		
 Open-ended responses 		
Definition essay		
Lesson 2	3 days	
• "Nolan Ryan"		
 History - Nolan Ryan 		
 Open-ended responses 		
 Explanatory prompt/situation-role model 		
 "Was Tarzan a Three-Bandage Man" 		
 Open-ended responses 		
History: Martin Luther King, Jr.		
 Explanatory prompt/quote from 		
Lesson 3	8 days	
"No Gumption"/Norman Rockwell		
History: The Great Depression		
Open-ended responses		

English Language Arts Curriculum

 Explanatory prompt/quote-adages 		
 Art: Norman Rockwell from An American 		
Childhood		
 Open-ended responses 		
 Explanatory prompt/quote- football and life 		
• "Justin Lebo"		
 Open-ended responses 		
Teacher Notes:		
• The lesson schedule can be revised based on students' abilities and needs.		
 The textbook includes other nonfiction selections that can be utilized for this unit. 		
Curriculum Development Resources:		
(Click the links below to access additional resources used to design this unit)		
www.biography.com,		
www.unitedstreaming.com		
www.animalplanet.com		
www.anmaplanet.com		

www.weeklyreader.com

Content Area: English Language Arts

Unit Title: The Novel: The Outsiders by S.E. Hinton

Target Course/Grade Level: Seventh Grade

Unit Summary:

The students will be able to read and discuss the novel, complete a variety of writing assignments that relate to the story, be exposed to new vocabulary, and view the movie.

Primary Interdisciplinary Connections:

Social Studies, Science, Math, Art, Music, and Culture

21st Century Themes:

<u>Critical Thinking and Problem Solving</u>-The ability to recognize a problem and apply critical thinking and problem-solving skills to solve the problem is a lifelong skill that develops over time.

- Develop strategies to reinforce positive attitudes and productive behaviors that impact critical thinking and problem-solving skills.
- Implement problem-solving strategies to solve a problem in school or the community.

<u>vity and Innovation</u>- Gathering and evaluating knowledge and information from a variety of sources, including global perspectives, foster creativity and innovative thinking

- Use multiple points of view to create alternative solutions.
- Assess data gathered to solve a problem for which there are varying perspectives (e.g., crosscultural, gender-specific, generational), and determine how the data can best be used to design multiple solutions

<u>Cross-cultural Understanding and Interpersonal Communication</u>-Effective communication skills convey intended meaning to others and assist in preventing misunderstandings.

• Demonstrate the ability to understand inferences.

Unit Rationale:

To expose the students to a classic middle-school novel, while introducing the elements of a novel and having the students write a variety of prompts related to the story.

Learning Targets

Standards:

- **Reading Standards for Literature (RL):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity.
- Writing (W): Text Types and Purposes; Production and Distribution of Writing
- **Speaking and Listening (SL):** Comprehension and Collaboration, and Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas.
- Language (L): Conventions of Standard English and Vocabulary Acquisition and Use.

Content Statements:

The skills and content studied will include:

- An understanding of story structure
- An understanding of characterization
- An understanding of figurative language
- The connection between the novel and the movie

СРІ	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)	
Number		
RL.7.1	Cite several pieces of textual evidence and make relevant connections to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.	

RL.7.2	Determine a theme or central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the		
	text; provide an objective summary of the text.		
RL.7.3	Analyze how particular elements of a story or drama interact (e.g., how setting shapes the characters or plot).		
RL.7.4	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of rhymes and other repetitions of sounds (e.g., alliteration) on a specific verse or stanza of a poem or section of a story or drama.		
RL.7.6	Analyze how an author develops and contrasts the points of view of different characters or narrators in a text.		
RL.7.7	Compare and contrast a written story, drama, or poem to its audio, filmed, staged, or multimedia version, analyzing the effects of techniques unique to each medium (e.g., lighting, sound, color, or camera focus and angles in a film).		
RL.7.9	Compare, contrast and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) a fictional portrayal of a time, place, or character and a historical account of the same period as a means of understanding how authors of fiction use or alter history.		
RL.7.10	By the end of the year read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems at grade level text-complexity or above, scaffolding as needed. Grade		
W.7.1	 Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence. A. Introduce claim(s), acknowledge alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically. B. Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant evidence, using accurate, credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text. C. Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among claim(s), reasons, and evidence. D. Establish and maintain a formal style/academic style, approach, and form. E. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented. 		
W.7.2	 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content. A. Introduce a topic clearly, previewing what is to follow; organize ideas, concepts, and information, using text structures (e.g., definition, classification, comparison/contrast, cause/effect, etc.) and text features (e.g., headings, graphics, and multimedia). B. Develop the topic with relevant facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples. C. Use appropriate transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts. 		

	D. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the
	topic.
	E. Establish and maintain a formal style academic style, approach, and form
	F. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented.
W.7.3	 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, relevant descriptive details, and well-structured event sequences. A. Engage and orient the reader by establishing a context and point of view and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds
	naturally and logically. B. Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, and description, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters.
	C. Use a variety of transition words, phrases, and clauses to convey sequence and signal shifts from one time frame or setting to another.
	D. Use precise words and phrases, relevant descriptive details, and sensory language to capture the action and convey experiences and events.
	E. Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on the narrated experiences or events.
W.7.4	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, voice and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)
W.7.5	With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on how well purpose and audience have been addressed.
SL.7.1	 Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacherled) with diverse partners on grade 7 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly. A. Come to discussions prepared, having read or researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or issue to probe and reflect on ideas under discussion. B. Follow rules for collegial discussions, track progress toward specific goals and deadlines, and define individual roles as needed.
	 C. Pose questions that elicit elaboration and respond to others' questions and comments with relevant observations and ideas that bring the discussion back on topic as needed D. Acknowledge new information expressed by others and, when warranted, modify their own views.
SL.7.2	Analyze the main ideas and supporting details presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) and explain how the ideas clarify a topic, text, or issue under study.

SL.7.6	Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and indicated or appropriate	tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when
L.7.5	 Demonstrate understanding of figurative l meanings. A. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., li context. B. Use the relationship between part better understand each of the wo C. Distinguish among the connotatio 	anguage, word relationships, and nuances in word terary, biblical, and mythological allusions) in ticular words (e.g., synonym/antonym, analogy) to rds. ns (associations) of words with similar denotations ful, polite, diplomatic, condescending).
L.7.6		iate general academic and domain-specific words and en considering a word or phrase important to
Unit Essen	tial Questions	Unit Enduring Understandings
 text? How d help n What under: How d produ Why d 	loes a writer choose a particular form	 Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and make connections (text to text, text to world, text to self) to make text personally relevant and useful. Understanding of a text's features, structures, and characteristics facilitate the reader's ability to make meaning of the text. Good readers employ strategies to help them understand text. Strategic readers can develop, select, and apply strategies to enhance their comprehension. Good writers use a repertoire of strategies that enables them to vary form and style, in order to write for different purposes, audience, and contexts A writer selects a form based on audience
-	ting? lo readers need to pay attention to a 's choice of words?	and purpose.Words powerfully affect meaning.
Unit Learn	ing Targets	
The studen	ts will	
	ss Anchor Standards for Reading as and Details	

 Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.
 Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas.

3. Analyze how and why individuals, events, and ideas develop and interact over the course of a text.

4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of rhymes and other repetitions of sounds (e.g., alliteration) on a specific verse or stanza of a poem or section of a story or drama. Assess how point of view or purpose shapes the content and style of a text.

B. Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

9. Analyze how two or more texts address similar themes or topics in order to build knowledge or to compare the approaches the authors take.

C. Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

10. Read and comprehend complex literary and informational texts independently and proficiently.

II. Readiness Anchor Standards for Writing

A. Text Types and Purposes

1. Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.
 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.

B. Production and Distribution of Writing

4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach.

6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and to interact and collaborate with others.

C. Research to Build and Present Knowledge

9. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.

D. Range of Writing

10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames. **Evidence of Learning** Summative Assessment (6 days): • Story Quizzes/Tests • Projects Completed **Formative Assessments:** Teacher Observation • Oral discussions • Oral Reading • Writing Prompts Writing Samples Review/Assess Questions • Selection Support Materials **Equipment Needed:** • Overhead Projector • Computer **Teacher Resources:** • The Outsiders by S.E. Hinton • Teacher Manual • Teacher-Made Tests and Quizzes **Lesson Plans Time frame** Lesson Lesson 1 – Novel Unit 27 days for the Unit The Outsiders • Stereotypes o S.E. Hinton • Vocabulary Chapters 1 and 2 Characters/ Sociogram Lesson 2 Chapters 3 and 4

English Language Arts Curriculum

 ABC Activity cards 	
 Persuasive Prompt 	
Lesson 3:	
Chapters 5 and 6	
\circ "Nothing Can Stay Gold" - read and react	
to poem	
 Share 2-3 additional Robert Frost poems 	
 Test on Chapters 1-6 	
Lesson 4	
• Chapters 7 and 8	
 Read, analyze, and write a newspaper 	
article	
Lesson 5	
• Chapters 9 and 10	
 Write a spine poem 	
Lesson 6	
• Chapters 11 and 12	
 Character Sketch 	
Lesson 7	
 Watch the movie 	
 Write a movie review 	
Teacher Notes:	
• The lesson schedule can be revised based of	n students' abilities and needs.
Curriculum Development Resources:	
(Click the links below to access additional resource	s used to design this unit)
Two disc DVD of the movie – The Outsiders	

Unit Title: Test Preparation

Target Course/Grade Level: Seventh Grade

Unit Summary:

The students will be exposed to the various writing tasks that are on the PARCC, including explanatory prompt quote and situation, persuasive essay, speculative writing, and reading selections with multiple choice question and open-ended questions. Students will be given a variety of prompts so they can improve on their writing skills, feel more comfortable with the test-taking procedures by simulating testing in the classroom.

Primary Interdisciplinary Connections:

Social Studies, Science, Math, Art, Culture, Technology, and Popular Trends

21st Century Themes:

<u>Critical Thinking and Problem Solving</u>-The ability to recognize a problem and apply critical thinking and problem-solving skills to solve the problem is a lifelong skill that develops over time.

- Develop strategies to reinforce positive attitudes and productive behaviors that impact critical thinking and problem-solving skills.
- Implement problem-solving strategies to solve a problem in school or the community.

ity and Innovation- Gathering and evaluating knowledge and information from a variety of sources, including global perspectives, foster creativity and innovative thinking

- Use multiple points of view to create alternative solutions.
- Assess data gathered to solve a problem for which there are varying perspectives (e.g., cross-cultural, gender-specific, generational), and determine how the data can best be used to design multiple solutions

<u>Cross-cultural Understanding and Interpersonal Communication</u>-Effective communication skills convey intended meaning to others and assist in preventing misunderstandings.

• Demonstrate the ability to understand inferences.

Unit Rationale:

To expose the students to a variety of test taking prompts.

Learning Targets

Standards:

- **Reading Standards for Literature (RL):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity.
- Writing (W): Text Types and Purposes
- **Speaking and Listening (SL):** Comprehension and Collaboration, and Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas.
- Language (L): Conventions of Standard English and Vocabulary Acquisition and Use.

Content Statements:

The skills and content studied will include:

- Writing responses to explanatory prompts (situation and quote)
- Writing a persuasive essay
- Writing responses to open-ended questions
- Writing a speculative story
- Identify and review common grammatical mistakes
- Increase vocabulary

CPI	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)	
Number		
RL.7.1	Cite several pieces of textual evidence and make relevant connections to support analysis of what	
	the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.	
RL.7.2	Determine a theme or central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the	
	text; provide an objective summary of the text.	

RL.7.6	Analyze how an author develops and contrasts the points of view of different characters or		
	narrators in a text.		
RL.7.9	Compare, contrast and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) a fictional portrayal of a time, place, or character and a historical account of the same period as a means of understanding how authors of fiction use or alter bistory.		
W.7.1	of the same period as a means of understanding how authors of fiction use or alter history.		
VV./.1	Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence. A. Introduce claim(s), acknowledge alternate or opposing claims, and organize the		
	reasons and evidence logically.		
	B. Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant evidence, using accurate, credible		
	sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text.		
	C. Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships		
	among claim(s), reasons, and evidence.		
	D. Establish and maintain a formal style/academic style, approach, and form.		
	E. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.		
W.7.2	Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and		
	information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content.		
	A Introduce a topic clearly providuing what is to followy organize ideas, concents, and		
	A. Introduce a topic clearly, previewing what is to follow; organize ideas, concepts, and information, using text structures (e.g., definition, classification, comparison/contrast,		
	cause/effect, etc.) and text features (e.g., definition, classification, comparison, contrast, cause/effect, etc.) and text features (e.g., headings, graphics, and multimedia).		
	 B. Develop the topic with relevant facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples. 		
	C. Use appropriate transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.		
	D. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.		
	E. Establish and maintain a formal style academic style, approach, and form		
	F. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the		
	information or explanation presented.		
W.7.3	Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique,		
	relevant descriptive details, and well-structured event sequences.		
	A. Engage and orient the reader by establishing a context and point of view and		
	introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds		
	naturally and logically.		
	B. Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, and description, to develop		
	experiences, events, and/or characters.		
	C. Use a variety of transition words, phrases, and clauses to convey sequence and signal shifts from one time frame or sotting to another		
	shifts from one time frame or setting to another.		

	D. Use precise words and phrases, relevant descriptive details, and sensory language to capture the action and convey experiences and events.
	E. Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on the narrated experiences or events.
W.7.4	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, voice and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)
W.7.5	With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on how well purpose and audience have been addressed.
SL.7.1	 Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 7 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly. A. Come to discussions prepared, having read or researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or issue to probe and reflect on ideas under discussion. B. Follow rules for collegial discussions, track progress toward specific goals and deadlines, and define individual roles as needed. C. Pose questions that elicit elaboration and respond to others' questions and comments with relevant observations and ideas that bring the discussion back on topic as needed.
	D. Acknowledge new information expressed by others and, when warranted, modify their own views
L.7.1	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
	 A. Explain the function of phrases and clauses in general and their function in specific sentences. B. Choose among simple, compound, complex, and compound-complex sentences to signal differing relationships among ideas. C. Place phrases and clauses within a sentence, recognizing and correcting misplaced and dangling modifiers
L.7.2	 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing A. Use a comma to separate coordinate adjectives (e.g., <i>It was a fascinating, enjoyable movie</i> but not <i>He wore an old[,] green shirt</i>). B. Spell correctly.
L.7.3	Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening

	A. Choose language that expresse	es ideas precisely and concisely, recognizing and
	eliminating wordiness and red	
L.7.4	 grade 7 reading and content, choosing A. Use context (e.g., the overall m function in a sentence) as a clu B. Use common, grade-appropria meaning of a word (e.g., bellig C. Consult reference materials (e. digital, to find the pronunciatio its part of speech. 	neaning of a sentence or paragraph; a word's position or the to the meaning of a word or phrase. Inte Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues to the <i>erent, bellicose, rebel</i>). .g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and on of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning or nation of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by
L7.5	 meanings A. Interpret figures of speech (e.g B. Use the relationship between petter understand each of the C. Distinguish among the connota 	ive language, word relationships, and nuances in word g., literary, biblical, and mythological allusions) in context. particular words (e.g., synonym/antonym, analogy) to words. ations (associations) of words with similar denotations pectful, polite, diplomatic, condescending).
L.7.6		opriate general academic and domain-specific words and when considering a word or phrase important to
Unit Essen	tial Questions	Unit Enduring Understandings
 text? How do help m What ounders How do product Why do 	oes a writer choose a particular form	 Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and make connections (text to text, text to world, text to self) to make text personally relevant and useful. Understanding of a text's features, structures, and characteristics facilitate the reader's ability to make meaning of the text. Good readers employ strategies to help them understand text. Strategic readers can develop, select, and apply strategies to enhance their comprehension. Good writers use a repertoire of strategies that enables them to vary form and style, in order to write for different purposes, audience, and contexts
of writ	ing? o readers need to pay attention to a	 A writer selects a form based on audience and purpose.
-	s choice of words?	 Words powerfully affect meaning.

- How does the choice of words affect the message?
- A speaker's choice of words and style set a tone and define the message.

Unit Learning Targets

The students will . . .

I. Readiness Anchor Standards for Reading

A. Key Ideas and Details

1. Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

2. Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas.

3. Analyze how and why individuals, events, and ideas develop and interact over the course of a text.

7. Assess how point of view or purpose shapes the content and style of a text.

C. Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

9. Analyze how two or more texts address similar themes or topics in order to build knowledge or to compare the approaches the authors take.

D. Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

11. Read and comprehend complex literary and informational texts independently and proficiently.

II. Readiness Anchor Standards for Writing

A. Text Types and Purposes

1. Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.

3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.

B. Production and Distribution of Writing

4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach.

6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and to interact and collaborate with others.

C. Research to Build and Present Knowledge

9. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.

D. Range of Writing

10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames

Evidence of Learning

Summative Assessment (approximately 4 weeks)

• Tests

Projects Completed

Formative Assessments:

• Teacher Observation

- Oral Reading
- Oral Discussions
- Writing Prompts
- Writing Samples
- Review/Assess Questions
- Selection Support Materials

Equipment Needed:

- Overhead Projector
- Computer

Teacher Resources:

- Literature text
- Grammar text
- Teacher Manual and Teacher-Made Tests

Lesson Plans		
Lesson	Time frame	
Lesson 1	5 days (lessons are below)	
 Explanatory Prompt- Quote 		
 Explanatory Prompt- Situation 		
Lesson 2	6 days	
Persuasive essay		
Lesson 3	4 days	
 Speculative Writing Prompt 		
Lesson 4	4 days	
 Reading Selection with multiple choice 		
and open-ended responses.		
Teacher Notes:		
• The lesson schedule can be revised based c	on students' abilities and needs.	
Curriculum Development Resources:		
(Click the links below to access additional resources used to design this unit)		

Edmentum

Content Area: English Language Arts Unit Title: Science Fiction Target Course/Grade Level: Seventh Grade Unit Summary: The students will be able to read science fiction pieces from a variety of genres, including shorts stories, a drama, and a novel. Students will complete a variety of writing assignments that relate to the readings and be exposed to new vocabulary. Primary Interdisciplinary Connections: Social Studies, Science, Math, Art, Technology, and Culture.

386

English Language Arts Curriculum

21st Century Themes:

<u>Critical Thinking and Problem Solving</u> - The ability to recognize a problem and apply critical thinking and problem-solving skills to solve the problem is a lifelong skill that develops over time.

- Develop strategies to reinforce positive attitudes and productive behaviors that impact critical thinking and problem-solving skills.
- Implement problem-solving strategies to solve a problem in school or the community.

ity and Innovation - Gathering and evaluating knowledge and information from a variety of sources, including global perspectives, foster creativity and innovative thinking

- Use multiple points of view to create alternative solutions.
- Assess data gathered to solve a problem for which there are varying perspectives (e.g., cross-cultural, gender-specific, generational), and determine how the data can best be used to design multiple solutions Cross-cultural Understanding and Interpersonal Communication - Effective communication skills convey

intended meaning to others and assist in preventing misunderstandings.

• Demonstrate the ability to understand inferences.

Unit Rationale:

To expose the students to a variety of genres (novel, novella, drama, and short stories) all with the same theme. The students will be able to read, discuss, and write about the various selections.

Learning Targets

Standards:

- **Reading Standards for Literature (RL):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
- Writing (W): Text Types and Purposes; Production and Distribution of Writing
- **Speaking and Listening (SL):** Comprehension and Collaboration, and Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas.

Content Statements:

The skills and content studied will include:

- An understanding of science fiction
- An exposure to science fiction in a variety of genres (novel, novella, and short story)
- Writing a science fiction story
- Responding to open-ended questions
- History connection to McCarthyism to connect the "The Monsters are Due on Maple Street"

CPI Number	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)
RL.7.1	Cite several pieces of textual evidence and make relevant connections to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.
RL.7.2	Determine a theme or central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the text; provide an objective summary of the text.
RL.7.3	Analyze how particular elements of a story or drama interact (e.g., how setting shapes the characters or plot).
RL.7.4	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of rhymes and other repetitions of sounds (e.g., alliteration) on a specific verse or stanza of a poem or section of a story or drama.

RL.7.6	Analyze how an author develops and contrasts the points of view of different characters or narrators in a text.		
RL.7.7	Compare and contrast a written story, drama, or poem to its audio, filmed, staged, or multimedia version, analyzing the effects of techniques unique to each medium (e.g., lighting, sound, color, or camera focus and angles in a film).		
RL.7.9	Compare, contrast and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) a fictional portrayal of a time, place, or character and a historical account of the same period as a means of understanding how authors of fiction use or alter history.		
W.7.1	 Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence. A. Introduce claim(s), acknowledge alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically. B. Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant evidence, using accurate, credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text. 		
	 C. Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among claim(s), reasons, and evidence. D. Establish and maintain a formal style/academic style, approach, and form. E. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented. 		
W.7.2	 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content. A. Introduce a topic clearly, previewing what is to follow; organize ideas, concepts, and information, using text structures (e.g., definition, classification, comparison/contrast, cause/effect, etc.) and text features (e.g., headings, graphics, and multimedia). B. Develop the topic with relevant facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples. C. Use appropriate transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts. D. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic. E. Establish and maintain a formal style academic style, approach, and form F. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented. 		
W.7.3	 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, relevant descriptive details, and well-structured event sequences. A. Engage and orient the reader by establishing a context and point of view and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally and logically. 		

	B. Use narrative techniques, such as dialo experiences, events, and/or characters			
	C. Use a variety of transition words, phras			
	signal shifts from one time frame or set			
	_	It descriptive details, and sensory language to		
	capture the action and convey experies			
	E. Provide a conclusion that follows from	and reflects on the narrated experiences or		
	events.			
W.7.4	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the			
	appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Gra defined in standards 1–3 above.)	de-specific expectations for writing types are		
W.7.5	With some guidance and support from peers and	l adults, develop and strengthen writing as		
	needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting,	needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on how well		
	purpose and audience have been addressed.			
SL.7.1	Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher- led) with diverse partners on grade 7 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and			
	expressing their own clearly	rts, and issues, building on others' ideas and		
	A. Come to discussions prepared, having re	ad or researched material under study:		
		ferring to evidence on the topic, text, or issue		
	to probe and reflect on ideas under discu	-		
	B. Follow rules for collegial discussions, tra			
	deadlines, and define individual roles as			
	C. Pose questions that elicit elaboration and			
		d ideas that bring the discussion back on		
	topic as needed.			
	D. Acknowledge new information expressed	d by others and when warranted modify		
	their own views.	by others and, when warranted, moury		
	then own views.			
Unit Essent	tial Questions	Unit Enduring Understandings		
How do	o readers construct meaning from text?	• Good readers compare, infer,		
		synthesize, and make connections		
• How does understanding a text's structure help me		(text to text, text to world, text to		
better understand its meaning?		self) to make text personally relevant		
		and useful.		
 What do readers do when they do not understand everything in the text? 		• Understanding of a text's features,		
		structures, and characteristics		
		facilitate the reader's ability to make		
 How do writers develop a well-written product? 		meaning of the text.		
		 Good readers employ strategies to 		
		help them understand text. Strategic		
		389		

• Why does a writer choose a particular form of writing?	readers can develop, select, and apply strategies to enhance their comprehension.	
 Why do readers need to pay attention to a writer's choice of words? 	 Good writers use a repertoire of strategies that enables them to vary form and style, in order to write for different purposes, audience, and contexts A writer selects a form based on audience and purpose. Words powerfully affect meaning. 	
Unit Learning Targets		

The students will . . .

I. Readiness Anchor Standards for Reading

A. Key Ideas and Details

1. Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

2. Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas.

3. Analyze how and why individuals, events, and ideas develop and interact over the course of a text.

B. Craft and Structure

4. Interpret words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word choices shape meaning or tone.

5. Analyze the structure of texts, including how specific sentences, paragraphs, and larger portions of the text (e.g., a section, chapter, scene, or stanza) relate to each other and the whole.

Assess how point of view or purpose shapes the content and style of a text.

C. Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

9. Analyze how two or more texts address similar themes or topics in order to build knowledge or to compare the approaches the authors take.

D Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

10. Read and comprehend complex literary and informational texts independently and proficiently.

II. Readiness Anchor Standards for Writing

A. Text Types and Purposes

1. Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.

3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.

Production and Distribution of Writing

4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

oproach.
Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and to interact and collaborate with thers.
Research to Build and Present Knowledge
Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.
Range of Writing
D. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and
norter time frames
Evidence of Learning
nmative Assessment (6 days):
o, the students will be assessed through
Oral Discussions
Story Quizzes/Tests
Writing Prompts
Projects Completed.
mative Assessments:
Teacher Observation
Oral Reading
Writing Samples
Review/Assess Questions
Selection Support Materials
uipment Needed:
Overhead Projector
Computer
acher Resources:
Literature – Teachers' Edition
Grammar - Teachers' Edition
Teacher Manual and Teacher-Made Tests
Internet resources listed below
Other Internet resources developed as needed
Read Magazine
Copies of "Sound of Thunder" and "There Will Come Soft Rains"
Video of "There Will Come Soft Rains" can be found online.
Episode of "The Monsters Are Due on Maple Street" can be found borrowed from Netflix
Video for "Flowers for Algernon"
Novel Units - The War of the Worlds

Lesson Plans		
Lessons	Time frame	
Lesson 1 - Introduction to Science Fiction	4 days (Notes on Lessons follow)	
Elements of Science Fiction		
United Streaming		
Novel- The War of the Worlds		
Pre-reading:		
• Student reactions to "Martians invade the Earth." and/ or		
"Terror"		
• H.G. Wells		
Vocabulary		
Mars		
Chapter questions		
Student Reactions		
Speculative Writing		
Persuasive Writing		
Create an alien		
Listen to original broadcast		
Lesson 2 - Drama	5 days	
"The Monsters Are Due on Maple Street"		
Read Drama		
Teacher-Created Questions		
History: McCarthyism		
Open-ended responses		
Write act III		
Watch original episode		
Lesson 3	10 days	
Shorts Stories:		
"The Third Level"		
Open-ended responses		
"Zoo"		
Open-ended responses		
"All Summer in a Day"		
Open-ended responses		
"Sound of Thunder" (not in text)		
Teacher-created questions		
"There Will Come Soft Rains" (not in text)		
Teacher-created questions		
Short video		
Feel free to add additional stories if the kids enjoy the subject		
matter.		
Lesson 4	10 days	
The novella- "Flowers for Algernon"		

Daniel Keyes
 Science: intellectual testing and the mentally disabled
 Notes on entries
 Teacher-created questions
 Discuss Charlie before and after
 Write journal entries from Charlie's or Alice's perspective
 Persuasive essay

Teacher Notes:

 The lesson schedule can be revised based on students' abilities and needs.

Curriculum Development Resources:

 (Click the links below to access additional resources used to design this unit)

www.unitedstreaming.com

Edgar Allan Poe-Author Study	20 days
An understanding of the life of Edgar Allan Poe	
Edgar Allan Poe	
 www.Biography.Com 	
 Vocabulary 	
 Speculative Writing 	
 Write an Epilogue 	
 Persuasive Essay 	
Stories Read:	
 "The Murders in the Rue Morgue" 	
 "The Cask of Amontillado" 	
 "The Tell-Tale Heart" 	
 "The Masque of the Red Death" 	
o "Hop Frog"	
o "The Black Cat"	
 "The Pit and the Pendulum" 	
 "The Fall of the House of Usher," and share some of Poe's poems with the 	
students , including "The Raven", "Annabel Lee", and others	

Content Area: English Language Arts

Unit Title: Poetry

Target Course/Grade Level: Seventh Grade

English Language Arts Curriculum

Unit Summary:

The students will be able to develop skills in reading poetry, analyze literary elements, learn elements of grammar, usage, and style, to express and support responses to a variety of forms, and to develop listening and speaking skills.

Primary Interdisciplinary Connections:

Social Studies, Science, Culture, Technology, Art, and Popular Trends

21st Century Themes:

<u>Critical Thinking and Problem Solving</u>-The ability to recognize a problem and apply critical thinking and problem-solving skills to solve the problem is a lifelong skill that develops over time.

- Develop strategies to reinforce positive attitudes and productive behaviors that impact critical thinking and problem-solving skills.
- Implement problem-solving strategies to solve a problem in school or the community.

vity and Innovation- Gathering and evaluating knowledge and information from a variety of sources, including global perspectives, foster creativity and innovative thinking

- Use multiple points of view to create alternative solutions.
- Assess data gathered to solve a problem for which there are varying perspectives (e.g., crosscultural, gender-specific, generational), and determine how the data can best be used to design multiple solutions

<u>Cross-cultural Understanding and Interpersonal Communication</u>-Effective communication skills convey intended meaning to others and assist in preventing misunderstandings.

• Demonstrate the ability to understand inferences.

Unit Rationale:

To expose the students to a variety of poems and give them the opportunity to create some of their own original poetry.

Learning Targets

Standards:

- **Reading Standards for Literature (RL):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity.
- Writing (W): Text Types and Purposes Production and Distribution of Writing
- **Speaking and Listening (SL):** Comprehension and Collaboration, and Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas.
- Language (L): Conventions of Standard English and Vocabulary Acquisition and Use.

Content Statements:

The skills and content studied includes:

- Reading and analyzing poetry
- Identifying types of poetry
- Writing a variety of poems

СРІ	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)	
Number		
RL.7.1	Cite several pieces of textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says	
	explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.	
RL.7.2	Determine 2 or more central ideas in a text and analyze their development over the	
	course of the text; provide an objective summary of the text.	
RL.7.5	Analyze how a drama's or poem's form or structure (e.g. soliloquy, sonnet) contributes	
	to its meaning.	
RL.7.6	Analyze how an author develops and contrasts the points of view of different characters	
	or narrators in a text.	
RL.7.9	Compare and contrast a fictional portrayal of a time, place, or character and a historical	
	account of the same period as a means of understanding how authors of fiction use or	
	alter history.	
RL.7.10	By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and	
	poem, in grade 6 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the	
	high end of the range.	
W.7.2	Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts,	
	and information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content.	
	a. Introduce a topic; organize ideas, concepts, and information, using strategies such	
	as definition, classification, comparison/contrast, and cause/effect; include formatting	
	(e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., charts, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding	
	comprehension.	
	b. Develop the topic with relevant facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or	
	other information and examples.	
	c. Use appropriate transitions to clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts. d. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the	
	topic.	
	e. Establish and maintain a formal style.	
	f. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from the information or	
	explanation presented.	
	Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective	
W.7.3	technique, relevant descriptive details, and well-structured event sequences.	
	c. Use a variety of transition words, phrases, and clauses to convey sequence and	
	signal shifts from one time frame or setting to another.	
	d. Use precise words and phrases, relevant descriptive details, and sensory language	
	to convey experiences and events.	
	e. Provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences or events.	
W.7.4	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style	
	are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.	

 W.7.5 With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on how well purpose and audience have been addressed. w.7.8 Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 6 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly. a. Come to discussions prepared, having read or studied required material; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or issue to probe and reflect on ideas under discussion. c. Pose and respond to specific questions with elaboration and detail by making comments that contribute to the topic, text, or issue under discussion. d. Review the key ideas expressed and demonstrate understanding of multiple perspectives through reflection and paraphrasing. SL.7.2 Analyze the main ideas and supporting details presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, and orally) and explain how the ideas clarify a topic, text, or issue under study SL.7.6 Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. (See grade 7 Language standards 1 and 3 on page 52 for specific expectations.) L.7.5 Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings. a. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., literary, biblical, and mythological allusions) in context. b. Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., synonym/antonym, analogy) to better understand each of the words. c. Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., <i>refined</i>, <i>respec</i>	r			
focusing on how well purpose and audience have been addressed. w.7.8 Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 6 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly. a. Come to discussions prepared, having read or studied required material; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or issue to probe and reflect on ideas under discussion. c. Pose and respond to specific questions with elaboration and detail by making comments that contribute to the topic, text, or issue under discussion. d. Review the key ideas expressed and demonstrate understanding of multiple perspectives through reflection and paraphrasing. SL.7.2 Analyze the main ideas and supporting details presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, and orally) and explain how the ideas clarify a topic, text, or issue under study SL.7.6 Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. (see grade 7 Language standards 1 and 3 on page 52 for specific expectations.) L.7.5 Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings. a. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., literary, biblical, and mythological allusions) in context. b. Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., synonym/antonym, analogy) to better understand each of the words. c. Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., refined, respectful, polite, diplomatic, condescending). L	W.7.5			
 w.7.8 Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 6 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly. a. Come to discussions prepared, having read or studied required material; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or issue to probe and reflect on ideas under discussion. c. Pose and respond to specific questions with elaboration and detail by making comments that contribute to the topic, text, or issue under discussion. d. Review the key ideas expressed and demonstrate understanding of multiple perspectives through reflection and paraphrasing. SL.7.2 Analyze the main ideas and supporting details presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, and orally) and explain how the ideas clarify a topic, text, or issue under study SL.7.6 Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. (See grade 7 Language standards 1 and 3 on page 52 for specific expectations.) L.7.5 Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings. a. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., literary, biblical, and mythological allusions) in context. b. Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., synonym/antonym, analogy) to better understand each of the words. c. Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., <i>refined, respectful, polite, diplomatic, condescending)</i>. L.7.6 Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase		writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach,		
 teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 6 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly. a. Come to discussions prepared, having read or studied required material; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or issue to probe and reflect on ideas under discussion. 		focusing on how well purpose and aud	dience have been addressed.	
 others' ideas and expressing their own clearly. a. Come to discussions prepared, having read or studied required material; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or issue to probe and reflect on ideas under discussion. c. Pose and respond to specific questions with elaboration and detail by making comments that contribute to the topic, text, or issue under discussion. d. Review the key ideas expressed and demonstrate understanding of multiple perspectives through reflection and paraphrasing. SL.7.2 Analyze the main ideas and supporting details presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, and orally) and explain how the ideas clarify a topic, text, or issue under study SL.7.6 Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. (See grade 7 Language standards 1 and 3 on page 52 for specific expectations.) L.7.5 Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings. a. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., literary, biblical, and mythological allusions) in context. b. Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., synonym/antonym, analogy) to better understand each of the words. c. Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., <i>refined, respectful, polite, diplomatic, condescending)</i>. L.7.6 Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression. Unit Enduring Understandings Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and make connections (text to text, tex	w.7.8			
 a. Come to discussions prepared, having read or studied required material; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or issue to probe and reflect on ideas under discussion. c. Pose and respond to specific questions with elaboration and detail by making comments that contribute to the topic, text, or issue under discussion. d. Review the key ideas expressed and demonstrate understanding of multiple perspectives through reflection and paraphrasing. SL.7.2 Analyze the main ideas and supporting details presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, and orally) and explain how the ideas clarify a topic, text, or issue under study SL.7.6 Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. (See grade 7 Language standards 1 and 3 on page 52 for specific expectations.) L.7.5 Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings. a. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., literary, biblical, and mythological allusions) in context. b. Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., synonym/antonym, analogy) to better understand each of the words. c. Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., <i>refined, respectful, polite, diplomatic, condescending)</i>. L.7.6 Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression. Unit Essential Questions How do readers construct meaning from text? How does understanding a text's structure help me better understand is meaning? 		teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 6 topics, texts, and issues, building on		
 draw on that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or issue to probe and reflect on ideas under discussion. c. Pose and respond to specific questions with elaboration and detail by making comments that contribute to the topic, text, or issue under discussion. d. Review the key ideas expressed and demonstrate understanding of multiple perspectives through reflection and paraphrasing. SL.7.2 Analyze the main ideas and supporting details presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, and orally) and explain how the ideas clarify a topic, text, or issue under study SL.7.6 Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. (See grade 7 Language standards 1 and 3 on page 52 for specific expectations.) L.7.5 Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings. a. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., literary, biblical, and mythological allusions) in context. b. Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., synonym/antonym, analogy) to better understand each of the words. c. Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., <i>refined, respectful, polite, diplomatic, condescending)</i>. L.7.6 Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression. Unit Essential Questions How do readers construct meaning from text? How does understanding a text's structure help me better understand its meaning? 		others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.		
 and reflect on ideas under discussion. c. Pose and respond to specific questions with elaboration and detail by making comments that contribute to the topic, text, or issue under discussion. d. Review the key ideas expressed and demonstrate understanding of multiple perspectives through reflection and paraphrasing. SL.7.2 Analyze the main ideas and supporting details presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, and orally) and explain how the ideas clarify a topic, text, or issue under study SL.7.6 Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. (See grade 7 Language standards 1 and 3 on page 52 for specific expectations.) L.7.5 Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings. a. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., literary, biblical, and mythological allusions) in context. b. Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., synonym/antonym, analogy) to better understand each of the words. c. Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., <i>refined, respectful, polite, diplomatic, condescending)</i>. L.7.6 Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression. Unit Eductions How does understanding a text's structure help me better understand its meaning? Unit Enduring Understandings Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and make connections (text to text, text to word, text to self) to make text personally relevant and useful.				
 c. Pose and respond to specific questions with elaboration and detail by making comments that contribute to the topic, text, or issue under discussion. d. Review the key ideas expressed and demonstrate understanding of multiple perspectives through reflection and paraphrasing. SL.7.2 Analyze the main ideas and supporting details presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, and orally) and explain how the ideas clarify a topic, text, or issue under study SL.7.6 Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. (See grade 7 Language standards 1 and 3 on page 52 for specific expectations.) L.7.5 Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings. a. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., literary, biblical, and mythological allusions) in context. b. Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., synonym/antonym, analogy) to better understand each of the words. c. Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., <i>refined, respectful, polite, diplomatic, condescending)</i>. L.7.6 Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression. Unit Edustoms How do readers construct meaning from text? How does understanding a text's structure help me better understand its meaning? 		draw on that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or issue to probe		
 comments that contribute to the topic, text, or issue under discussion. d. Review the key ideas expressed and demonstrate understanding of multiple perspectives through reflection and paraphrasing. SL.7.2 Analyze the main ideas and supporting details presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, and orally) and explain how the ideas clarify a topic, text, or issue under study SL.7.6 Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. (See grade 7 Language standards 1 and 3 on page 52 for specific expectations.) L.7.5 Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings. a. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., literary, biblical, and mythological allusions) in context. b. Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., synonym/antonym, analogy) to better understand each of the words. c. Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., <i>refined, respectful, polite, diplomatic, condescending)</i>. L.7.6 Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression. Unit Essential Questions How do readers construct meaning from text? How does understanding a text's structure help me better understand its meaning? 		and reflect on ideas under discussion	n.	
 d. Review the key ideas expressed and demonstrate understanding of multiple perspectives through reflection and paraphrasing. SL.7.2 Analyze the main ideas and supporting details presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, and orally) and explain how the ideas clarify a topic, text, or issue under study SL.7.6 Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. (See grade 7 Language standards 1 and 3 on page 52 for specific expectations.) L.7.5 Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings. a. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., literary, biblical, and mythological allusions) in context. b. Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., synonym/antonym, analogy) to better understand each of the words. c. Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., refined, respectful, polite, diplomatic, condescending). L.7.6 Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression. Unit Enduring Understandings Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and make connections (text to text, text to world, text to self) to make text personally relevant and useful. Understanding of a text's features, structures help me better understand its meaning? 		c. Pose and respond to specific ques	tions with elaboration and detail by making	
st.7.2 Analyze the main ideas and supporting details presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, and orally) and explain how the ideas clarify a topic, text, or issue under study st.7.6 Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. (See grade 7 Language standards 1 and 3 on page 52 for specific expectations.) L.7.5 Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings. a. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., literary, biblical, and mythological allusions) in context. b. Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., synonym/antonym, analogy) to better understand each of the words. c. Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., <i>refined, respectful, polite, diplomatic, condescending)</i>. L.7.6 Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression. Unit Essential Questions Unit Enduring Understandings • How does understanding a text's structure help me better understand its meaning? Uniderstanding of a text's features, structures, and characteristics facilitate the		comments that contribute to the top	pic, text, or issue under discussion.	
 SL.7.2 Analyze the main ideas and supporting details presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, and orally) and explain how the ideas clarify a topic, text, or issue under study SL.7.6 Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. (See grade 7 Language standards 1 and 3 on page 52 for specific expectations.) L.7.5 Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings. a. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., literary, biblical, and mythological allusions) in context. b. Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., synonym/antonym, analogy) to better understand each of the words. c. Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., <i>refined, respectful, polite, diplomatic, condescending)</i>. L.7.6 Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression. Unit Enduring Understandings How does understanding a text's structure help me better understand its meaning? 				
 (e.g., visually, quantitatively, and orally) and explain how the ideas clarify a topic, text, or issue under study SL.7.6 Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. (See grade 7 Language standards 1 and 3 on page 52 for specific expectations.) L.7.5 Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings. a. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., literary, biblical, and mythological allusions) in context. b. Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., synonym/antonym, analogy) to better understand each of the words. c. Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., <i>refined, respectful, polite, diplomatic, condescending)</i>. L.7.6 Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression. Unit Enduring Understandings How do readers construct meaning from text? How does understanding a text's structure help me better understand its meaning? 				
or issue under studySL.7.6Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. (See grade 7 Language standards 1 and 3 on page 52 for specific expectations.)L.7.5Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings. a. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., literary, biblical, and mythological allusions) in context. b. Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., synonym/antonym, analogy) to better understand each of the words. c. Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., refined, respectful, polite, diplomatic, condescending).L.7.6Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.Unit Essential Questions • How does understanding a text's structure help me better understand its meaning?Unit Enduring Understandings• How does understanding a text's structure help me better understand its meaning?Understanding of a text's features, structures, and characteristics facilitate the	SL.7.2	Analyze the main ideas and supporting details presented in diverse media and formats		
SL.7.6Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. (See grade 7 Language standards 1 and 3 on page 52 for specific expectations.)L.7.5Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings. a. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., literary, biblical, and mythological allusions) in context. b. Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., synonym/antonym, analogy) to better understand each of the words. c. Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., refined, respectful, polite, diplomatic, condescending).L.7.6Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.Unit Enduring UnderstandingsUnit Essential Questions • How does understanding a text's structure help me better understand its meaning?Unit enduring of a text's features, structures, and characteristics facilitate the		(e.g., visually, quantitatively, and orally) and explain how the ideas clarify a topic, text,		
 English when indicated or appropriate. (See grade 7 Language standards 1 and 3 on page 52 for specific expectations.) L.7.5 Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings. a. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., literary, biblical, and mythological allusions) in context. b. Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., synonym/antonym, analogy) to better understand each of the words. c. Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., <i>refined, respectful, polite, diplomatic, condescending)</i>. L.7.6 Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression. Unit Essential Questions How do readers construct meaning from text? How does understanding a text's structure help me better understand its meaning? 				
 page 52 for specific expectations.) L.7.5 Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings. a. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., literary, biblical, and mythological allusions) in context. b. Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., synonym/antonym, analogy) to better understand each of the words. c. Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., <i>refined, respectful, polite, diplomatic, condescending)</i>. L.7.6 Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression. Unit Essential Questions How do readers construct meaning from text? How does understanding a text's structure help me better understand its meaning? 	SL.7.6			
 L.7.5 Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings. a. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., literary, biblical, and mythological allusions) in context. b. Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., synonym/antonym, analogy) to better understand each of the words. c. Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., <i>refined, respectful, polite, diplomatic, condescending)</i>. L.7.6 Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression. Unit Essential Questions How do readers construct meaning from text? Mow does understanding a text's structure help me better understand its meaning? 		English when indicated or appropriate. (See grade 7 Language standards 1 and 3 on		
 word meanings. a. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., literary, biblical, and mythological allusions) in context. b. Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., synonym/antonym, analogy) to better understand each of the words. c. Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., <i>refined, respectful, polite, diplomatic, condescending)</i>. L.7.6 Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression. Unit Essential Questions How do readers construct meaning from text? How does understanding a text's structure help me better understand its meaning? 				
 a. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., literary, biblical, and mythological allusions) in context. b. Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., synonym/antonym, analogy) to better understand each of the words. c. Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., <i>refined, respectful, polite, diplomatic, condescending)</i>. L.7.6 Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression. Unit Essential Questions How do readers construct meaning from text? Mow does understanding a text's structure help me better understand its meaning? 	L.7.5			
 context. b. Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., synonym/antonym, analogy) to better understand each of the words. c. Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., refined, respectful, polite, diplomatic, condescending). L.7.6 L.7.6 Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression. Unit Essential Questions How do readers construct meaning from text? How does understanding a text's structure help me better understand its meaning? 		-		
 b. Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., synonym/antonym, analogy) to better understand each of the words. c. Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., refined, respectful, polite, diplomatic, condescending). L.7.6 Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression. Unit Essential Questions How do readers construct meaning from text? Mow does understanding a text's structure help me better understand its meaning? 			erary, biblical, and mythological allusions) in	
 better understand each of the words. c. Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., refined, respectful, polite, diplomatic, condescending). L.7.6 Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression. Unit Essential Questions How do readers construct meaning from text? Mow does understanding a text's structure help me better understand its meaning? Mow does understanding a text's structure help me better understand its meaning? 				
 c. Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., refined, respectful, polite, diplomatic, condescending). L.7.6 Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression. Unit Essential Questions How do readers construct meaning from text? How does understanding a text's structure help me better understand its meaning? Mode the provide the provided at the structure standing of a text's features, structures, and characteristics facilitate the 			cular words (e.g., synonym/antonym, analogy) to	
 (definitions) (e.g., refined, respectful, polite, diplomatic, condescending). L.7.6 Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression. Unit Essential Questions How do readers construct meaning from text? How does understanding a text's structure help me better understand its meaning? Unit Enduring Understanding of a text's features, structures, and characteristics facilitate the 				
 L.7.6 Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression. Unit Essential Questions How do readers construct meaning from text? How does understanding a text's structure help me better understand its meaning? Unit Enduring Understanding of a text's features, structures, and characteristics facilitate the 				
 words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression. Unit Essential Questions How do readers construct meaning from text? Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and make connections (text to text, text to world, text to self) to make text personally relevant and useful. How does understanding a text's structure help me better understand its meaning? 	176			
 important to comprehension or expression. Unit Essential Questions How do readers construct meaning from text? Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and make connections (text to text, text to world, text to self) to make text personally relevant and useful. How does understanding a text's structure help me better understand its meaning? 	L.7.0			
 Unit Essential Questions How do readers construct meaning from text? How does understanding a text's structure help me better understand its meaning? Unit Enduring Understandings Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and make connections (text to text, text to world, text to self) to make text personally relevant and useful. Understanding of a text's features, structures, and characteristics facilitate the 				
 How do readers construct meaning from text? Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and make connections (text to text, text to world, text to self) to make text personally relevant and useful. How does understanding a text's structure help me better understand its meaning? Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and make connections (text to text, text to world, text to self) to make text personally relevant and useful. Understanding of a text's features, structures, and characteristics facilitate the 			551011.	
 How do readers construct meaning from text? Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and make connections (text to text, text to world, text to self) to make text personally relevant and useful. How does understanding a text's structure help me better understand its meaning? Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and make connections (text to text, text to world, text to self) to make text personally relevant and useful. Understanding of a text's features, structures, and characteristics facilitate the 	Unit Essent	al Questions	Unit Enduring Understandings	
 text? make connections (text to text, text to world, text to self) to make text personally relevant and useful. How does understanding a text's structure help me better understand its meaning? Understanding of a text's features, structures, and characteristics facilitate the 		-		
 How does understanding a text's structure help me better understand its meaning? text to self) to make text personally relevant and useful. Understanding of a text's features, structures, and characteristics facilitate the 			• • • • •	
 How does understanding a text's structure help me better understand its meaning? and useful. Understanding of a text's features, structures, and characteristics facilitate the 			•	
 How does understanding a text's structure help me better understand its meaning? Understanding of a text's features, structures, and characteristics facilitate the 				
help me better understand its meaning? structures, and characteristics facilitate the	 How does understanding a text's structure 			
	_			

 What do readers do when they do not understand everything in the text? 	 Good readers employ strategies to help them understand text. Strategic readers can develop, select, and apply strategies to enhance their comprehension.
 How do writers develop a well-written product? 	 Good writers use a repertoire of strategies that enables them to vary form and style, in order to write for different purposes, audience, and contexts
 How do rules of language affect communication? 	 Rules and conventions of language help readers understand what is being communicated
 Why do readers need to pay attention to a writer's choice of words? 	 Words powerfully affect meaning.
 How does the choice of words affect the message? 	 A speaker's choice of words and style set a tone and define the message.

Unit Learning Targets

The students will . . .

I. Readiness Anchor Standards for Reading

A. Key Ideas and Details

 Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.
 Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas.

3. Analyze how and why individuals, events, and ideas develop and interact over the course of a text.

B. Craft and Structure

4. Interpret words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word choices shape meaning or tone.

5. Analyze the structure of texts, including how specific sentences, paragraphs, and larger portions of the text (e.g., a section, chapter, scene, or stanza) relate to each other and the whole. Assess how point of view or purpose shapes the content and style of a text.

C. Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

9. Analyze how two or more texts address similar themes or topics in order to build knowledge or to compare the approaches the authors take.

D Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

10. Read and comprehend complex literary and informational texts independently and proficiently.

II. Readiness Anchor Standards for Writing

A. Text Types and Purposes

1. Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.

3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.

Production and Distribution of Writing

4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach.

6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and to interact and collaborate with others.

B. Research to Build and Present Knowledge

9. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.

C. Range of Writing

10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames

Evidence of Learning

Summative Assessment (3 days):

- Oral Discussions
- Story Quizzes/Tests
- Writing Prompts
- Projects Completed

Formative Assessments:

- Teacher Observation
- Oral Reading
- Writing Samples
- Review/Assess Questions
- Selection Support Materials.

Equipment Needed:

- Overhead Projector
- Computer

Teacher Resources:

- Literature text
- Grammar text
- Teacher Manual and Teacher-Made Tests
- Internet resources listed below
- Other Internet resources developed as needed

Lesson Plans	
Lesson	Time frame
Lesson 1 - Narrative poetry	2 days
• "The Highwayman"	(Notes for Lesson follow, including Additional
"The Cremation of Sam McGee"	Lessons)
Lesson 2 - Lyric Poetry	1 day
• " I'm Nobody"	
• "Washed in Silver"	
• "Winter"	
Lesson 3 - Form, Figurative Language, and Sound	2 -3 days
Devices	
"Mother to Son"	
 "The Village Blacksmith" 	
• "Fog"	
• "Life"	
• "Loo-Wit"	
• "If-"	
• "The Courage That My Mother Had"	
 "Stopping By Woods on a Snowy Evening" 	
• "Seal"	
"The Pasture"	
"Sarah Cynthia Sylvia Stout"	
"Annabel Lee"	
"Martin Luther King"	
"Full Fathom Five"	
"Onomatopoeia"	
"Maestro"	
"Three Haiku"	

Lesson 4 - Writing Poetry	6 or more days
License-Plate Poetry	students will be writing and reading poetry
Found Poetry	
Cinquain	
Double Cinquain	
Chain Cinquain	
• Haiku	
• Tanka	
• Renga	
• Senryu	
Lanterne	
Chain Lanterne	
Teacher Notes:	
 The lesson schedule can be revised based 	d on students' abilities and needs.
 The textbook includes other poetry selection 	tions that can be utilized for this unit.
Curriculum Development Resources:	
(Click the links below to access additional resources used to design this unit)	
-www.biography.com	
www.unitedstreaming.com	
www.weeklyreader.com	

Content Area: English Language Arts

Unit Title: Myths and Legends

Target Course/Grade Level: Seventh Grade

Unit Summary:

Students will be able to read, analyze, and interpret a variety of short stories. They will also be able to respond to open-ended response questions, use vocabulary, and respond to different writing tasks based on and around the stories that will be covered.

Primary Interdisciplinary Connections:

Social Studies, Science, Math, Art, Culture, Technology, and Popular Trends

21st Century Themes:

<u>Critical Thinking and Problem Solving</u>-The ability to recognize a problem and apply critical thinking and problem-solving skills to solve the problem is a lifelong skill that develops over time.

- Develop strategies to reinforce positive attitudes and productive behaviors that impact critical thinking and problem-solving skills.
- Implement problem-solving strategies to solve a problem in school or the community.

vity and Innovation- Gathering and evaluating knowledge and information from a variety of sources, including global perspectives, foster creativity and innovative thinking

- Use multiple points of view to create alternative solutions.
- Assess data gathered to solve a problem for which there are varying perspectives (e.g., crosscultural, gender-specific, generational), and determine how the data can best be used to design multiple solutions

<u>Cross-cultural Understanding and Interpersonal Communication</u>-Effective communication skills convey intended meaning to others and assist in preventing misunderstandings.

• Demonstrate the ability to understand inferences.

Unit Rationale:

The students will be able to develop skills in reading various selections. They will analyze literary elements and write their own fable.

Learning Targets

Standards:

- **Reading Standards for Literature (RL):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity.
- Writing (W): Text Types and Purposes
- **Speaking and Listening (SL):** Comprehension & Collaboration and Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas.
- Language (L): Conventions of Standard English and Vocabulary Acquisition and Use.

Content Statements:

The skills and content being studied will include:

- Exposure to myths and legends
- Analyze literary elements
- Write an original fable

• white a	
СРІ	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)
Number	
RL.7.2	Determine a theme or central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the
	text; provide an objective summary of the text.
RL.7.3	Analyze how particular elements of a story or drama interact (e.g., how setting shapes the
	characters or plot).

RL.7.4	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of rhymes and other repetitions of sounds (e.g., alliteration) on a specific verse or stanza of a poem or section of a story or drama.
RL.7.6	Analyze how an author develops and contrasts the points of view of different characters or narrators in a text.
RL.7.9	Compare, contrast and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) a fictional portrayal of a time, place, or character and a historical account of the same period as a means of understanding how authors of fiction use or alter history.
RL.7.10	By the end of the year read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems at grade level text-complexity or above, scaffolding as needed
W.7.1	 Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence. A. Introduce claim(s), acknowledge alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically. B. Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant evidence, using accurate, credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text. C. Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among claim(s), reasons, and evidence. D. Establish and maintain a formal style/academic style, approach, and form. E. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.
W.7.2	 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content. a. Introduce a topic; organize ideas, concepts, and information, using strategies such as definition, classification, comparison/contrast, and cause/effect; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., charts, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension. b. Develop the topic with relevant facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples. c. Use appropriate transitions to clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts. d. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic. e. Establish and maintain a formal style. f. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from the information or explanation presented.
SL.7.1	 Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacherled) with diverse partners on grade 7 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly. A. Come to discussions prepared, having read or researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or issue to probe and reflect on ideas under discussion.

		sions, track progress toward specific goals and
	deadlines, and define individua	
	C. Pose questions that elicit elabor	ration and respond to others' questions and
	comments with relevant observ	vations and ideas that bring the discussion back on
	topic as needed.	
	D. Acknowledge new information	expressed by others and, when warranted, modify
	their own views.	
SL.7.2		etails presented in diverse media and formats (e.g.,
		n how the ideas clarify a topic, text, or issue under
51.7.6	study.	I tacks domenstrating command of formal English
SL.7.6	when indicated or appropriate	l tasks, demonstrating command of formal English
L.7.1		ns of standard English grammar and usage when
L./.1	writing or speaking	is of standard English granniar and usage when
		nd clauses in general and their function in specific
	sentences.	
		d, complex, and compound-complex sentences to
	signal differing relationships amo	•
	·	a sentence, recognizing and correcting misplaced
	and dangling modifiers	
L.7.2	Demonstrate command of the convention	ns of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and
	spelling when writing.	
	A. Use a comma to separate coordir	nate adjectives (e.g., It was a fascinating, enjoyable
	<i>movie</i> but not <i>He wore an old[,]</i> <u>c</u>	green shirt).
	B. Spell correctly.	
L.7.6		riate general academic and domain-specific words and
		hen considering a word or phrase important to
Linit Essentia	comprehension or expression. Unit Essential Ouestions- Unit Enduring Understandings-	
		make connections (text to text, text to world, text
• How does understanding a text's structure help		to self) to make text personally relevant and
me better understand its meaning?		useful.
		• Understanding of a text's features, structures,
• What do readers do when they do not		and characteristics facilitate the reader's ability
understa	nd everything in the text?	to make meaning of the text.
• How do writers develop a well-written product?		 Good readers employ strategies to help them
		understand text. Strategic readers can develop,

 Why does a writer choose a particular form of writing? Why do readers need to pay attention to a writer's choice of words? 	 select, and apply strategies to enhance their comprehension. Good writers use a repertoire of strategies that enables them to vary form and style, in order to write for different purposes, audience, and contexts A writer selects a form based on audience and purpose. Words powerfully affect meaning.

Unit Learning Targets

The students will . . .

I. Readiness Anchor Standards for Reading

A. Key Ideas and Details

1. Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

2. Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas.

3. Analyze how and why individuals, events, and ideas develop and interact over the course of a text.

B. Craft and Structure

4. Interpret words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word choices shape meaning or tone.

5. Analyze the structure of texts, including how specific sentences, paragraphs, and larger portions of the text (e.g., a section, chapter, scene, or stanza) relate to each other and the whole. Assess how point of view or purpose shapes the content and style of a text.

C. Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

9. Analyze how two or more texts address similar themes or topics in order to build knowledge or to compare the approaches the authors take.

D. Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

10. Read and comprehend complex literary and informational texts independently and proficiently.

II. Readiness Anchor Standards for Writing

A. Text Types and Purposes

1. Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.
 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.

elopment, organization, and style are	
elopment, organization, and style are	
ng, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a	
new approach. 6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and to interact and	
support analysis, reflection, and research.	
r research, reflection, and revision) and	
ing	
 Teacher Observation Oral Discussions 	
 Oral Reading 	
Time frame	
5 days	
5 days	
,	

"How the Snake got Poison"		
• "The People Could Fly"		
 "The Fox and the Crow" 		
• Students can work together to write their		
own Folk Tale and/or Fable		
Lesson 3	2 days	
Myths		
 "Demeter and Persephone" 		
 "Icarus and Daedalus" 		
Lesson 4	1 day	
Legends		
 "Popocatepetl and Ixtlaccihuatl" 		
Teacher Notes:		
• The lesson schedule can be revised based on students' abilities and needs.		
 The textbook includes other selections that can be utilized for this unit. 		
Curriculum Development Resources:		
(Click the links below to access additional resources used to design this unit)		
www.biography.com		
www.unitedstreaming.com		
www.weeklyreader.com		

Pacing Guide – Grade 8

Content Area: English Language Arts Grade Level: 8th Grade First Marking Period - Pacing Guide • The novel -To Kill a Mockingbird – Pacing: 6 weeks – Standards: RL.8.1-9 • Writing -Expository and Argumentative – Pacing: 2 weeks – • Standards: W.8.1-2, 8.4,8.10 • Grammar units: parts of speech, parts of the sentence – Pacing: 3 weeks – Standards: SL 8.1-6 L. 8.1-6 • Non-fiction selections – Pacing: 1 week – Standards: RI.8.1-6 Second Marking Period - Pacing Guide

• Non-Fiction selections – Pacing: 6 weeks – Standards: RI.8.1-6

406

English Language Arts Curriculum

- Writing: Expository and Persuasive Pacing: Interspersed with the Literature Standards: W.8.1-2, 8.4,8.10
 - Term paper research and writing Pacing: 3 weeks Standards: W.8.7-10
 - Grammar units: Phrases, clauses, verbs and pronouns
 - Pacing: 4weeks...Goes interspersed with Literature

Third Marking Period - Pacing Guide

- Term paper-research writing Pacing: 3 weeks W.8.7-10
 - Test prep Pacing: 2 weeks
- Short stories: fiction Pacing: 1 week Standards: RL.8.1-9
- Of Mice and Men Pacing: 2 weeks Standards: W.8.1-2, 8.4,8.10, SL 8.1-6
- Grammar review through the writing assignments Standards: L. 8.1-6

Fourth Marking Period - Pacing Guide

- Frankenstein Pacing: 2 weeks Standards: RL.8.1-9
- Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde Pacing: 2 weeks Standards: W.8.1-2, 8.4,8.10
 - Poetry...William Shakespeare Pacing: 2 weeks Standards: SL 8.1-6
- Grammar review through the writing assignments Standards: L. 8.1-6

Date Created: June 2017

Textbook Series: Prentice Hall Common Core Edition

Content Area: English/Language Arts

Unit Title: The Short Story

Target Course/Grade Level: Eighth Grade

Unit Summary:

- Students will be able to read, analyze, and interpret the given short story.
- Students will be able to identify elements of fiction.
- Students will be able to respond to all levels of thinking questions along with writing response questions.

Primary Interdisciplinary Connections:

- Social Studies
- Culture

- Technology
- Art
- Science
- History
- Popular Trends

21th Century Themes:

Standard 9.1 - 21st Century Life and Career Skills: All students will demonstrate the creative, critical thinking, collaboration, and problem solving skills needed to function successfully as both global citizens and workers in diverse ethnic and organizational cultures.

- Critical thinking and Problem solving
- Creativity and Innovation
- Collaboration, Teamwork, and Leadership
- Cross-cultural Understanding and Interpersonal Communication
- Communication and Media Fluency
- Accountability, Productivity, and Ethics

Unit Rationale:

The content of the unit will help students employ strategies to better understand text. They will be able to develop, select, and apply strategies whereby to enhance their comprehension.

Learning Targets

Standards:

- **Reading for Literature (RL):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity.
- **Reading for Informational Text (RI):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity.
- Writing (W): Text Types and Purposes
- **Speaking & Listening (SL):** Comprehension and Collaboration, and Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas.
- Language (L): Conventions of Standard English and Vocabulary Acquisition and Use.

Content Statements:

The skills and content being studied are Plot Elements, the Life and Works of each individual author, and the Historical information from the time periods during which the authors wrote.

СРІ	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)
Number	
RL.8.2	Determine a theme or central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the text, including its relationship to the characters, setting, and plot; provide an objective summary of the text.
RL.8.3	Analyze how particular lines of dialogue or incidents in a story or drama propel the
	action, reveal aspects of a character, or provoke a decision.

RL.8.4	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including
	figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on
	meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts.
RL.8.10	By the end of the year read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and
	poems at grade level text-complexity or above, scaffolding as needed.
RI.8.1	Cite the textual evidence and make relevant connections that most strongly supports an
	analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.
RI.8.2	Determine a central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the
	text, including its relationship to supporting ideas; provide an objective summary of the
	text.
RI.8.3	Analyze how a text makes connections among and distinctions between individuals,
	ideas, or events (e.g., through comparisons, analogies, or categories).
RI.8.4	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including
	figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze the impact of specific word
	choices on meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts.
RI.8.5	Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a specific paragraph in a text, including
	the role of particular sentences, to develop and to refine a key concept.
RI.8.6	Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how the author
	acknowledges and responds to conflicting evidence or viewpoints
RI.8.7	Evaluate the advantages and disadvantages of using different mediums (e.g., print or
	digital text, video, multimedia) to present a particular topic or idea.
RI.8.9	Analyze and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and
	background knowledge) two or more texts that provide conflicting information on the
RI.8.10	same topic and identify where the texts disagree on matters of fact or interpretation.
KI.0.10	By the end of the year read and comprehend literary nonfiction at grade level text- complexity or above, with scaffolding as needed.
W.8.1	Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence
W.0.1	
	A. Introduce claim(s), acknowledge and distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or
	opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically. B. Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant evidence, using accurate,
	credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text.
	C. Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the
	relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.
	D. Establish and maintain a formal style.
	E. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the
	argument presented.
W.8.2	Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and
	information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content.

1	
	 A. Introduce a topic and organize ideas, concepts, and information, using text structures (e.g., definition, classification, comparison/contrast, cause/effect, etc.) and text features (e.g., headings, graphics, and multimedia). B. Develop the topic with relevant, well-chosen facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples. C. Use appropriate and varied transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts. D. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic E. Establish and maintain a formal style/academic style, approach, and form
	F. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented.
W.8.4	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, voice and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)
W.8.5	With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on how well purpose and audience have been addressed.
W.8.6	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and present the relationships between information and ideas efficiently as well as to interact and collaborate with others.
W.8.10	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, metacognition/self correction, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.
SL.8.1	 Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 8 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly. A. Come to discussions prepared, having read or researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or issue to probe and reflect on ideas under discussion. B. Follow rules for collegial discussions and decision-making, track progress toward specific goals and deadlines, and define individual roles as needed. C. Pose questions that connect the ideas of several speakers and respond to others' questions and comments with relevant evidence, observations, and ideas. D. Acknowledge new information expressed by others, and, when warranted, qualify or justify their own views in light of the evidence presented.
SL.8.2	Analyze the purpose of information presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) and evaluate the motives (e.g., social, commercial, political) behind its presentation.

SL.8.6	Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal
	English when indicated or appropriate.
L.8.1	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage
	when writing or speaking.
	A. Explain the function of verbals (gerunds, participles, infinitives) in general
	and their function in particular sentences.
	B. Form and use verbs in the active and passive voice.
	C. Form and use verbs in the indicative, imperative, interrogative, conditional,
	and subjunctive mood.
	D. Recognize and correct inappropriate shifts in verb voice and mood
L.8.2	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization,
	punctuation, and spelling when writing.
	A. Use punctuation (comma, ellipsis, dash) to indicate a pause or break.
	B. Use an ellipsis to indicate an omission.
	C. Spell correctly
L.8.3	Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or
	listening.
	A. Use verbs in the active and passive voice and in the conditional and
	subjunctive mood to achieve particular effects (e.g., emphasizing the actor
L.8.4	or the action; expressing uncertainty or describing a state contrary to fact). Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words or phrases
L.0.4	based on grade 8 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.
	A. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence or paragraph; a word's
	position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or
	phrase.
	B. Use common, grade-appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues
	to the meaning of a word (e.g., <i>precede, recede, secede</i>).
	C. Consult reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses),
	both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or
	clarify its precise meaning or its part of speech
	D. Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase
	(e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary).
L.8.5	Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances
	in word meanings.
	A. Interpret figures of speech (e.g. verbal irony, puns) in context.
	B. Use the relationship between particular words to better understand each
	of the words.
	C. Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar
	denotations (definitions) (e.g., <i>bullheaded, willful, firm, persistent,</i>
	resolute).

L.8.6		grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific ocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase or expression.
Unit Essent	ial Questions	Unit Enduring Understandings
 How do Why do attentic words? How do compre How do structur underst How do know? What do 	readers construct meaning? readers need to pay on to a writer's choice of es fluency affect hension? es understanding a text's re help me better and its meaning? I figure out a word I do not	 Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and make connections (text to text, text to world, text to self) to make text personally relevant and useful. Words powerfully affect meaning. Fluent readers group words quickly to help them gain meaning from what they read. Understanding of a text's features, structures, and characteristics facilitate the reader's ability to make meaning of the text. Readers use language structure and context clues to identify the intended meaning of words and phrases as they are used in text. Good readers employ strategies to help them understand text. Strategic readers can develop, select,
text? Can all of 	conflicts be resolved?	 and apply strategies to enhance their comprehension. Some conflicts can be either internal or external, and it depends on the characters' actions and motives whether or not they can be resolved.

Unit Learning Targets

The students will . . .

ort stories...suggested activities during and after reading of stories:

- "Charles": play attention grabber video accompanying textbook, create a character web for Charles, review discussion questions following the story
- "Episode of War": play attention video accompanying textbook, United Streaming video on Civil War injuries and treatment, create a photo album of a soldier from the war
- "Thank You M'am": play attention video accompanying textbook, review discussion questions following story
- "Up the Slide": play attention video accompanying textbook, review discussion questions following stories, read and discuss handout article "Alone in Alaska," play United Streaming video on gold rush
- "The Adventure of the Speckled Band": play attention video accompanying textbook, review discussion questions following stories, create a business card for Holmes and a resume
- "A Glow in the Dark" play attention video accompanying textbook, review discussion questions and vocabulary activities
- "The Story Teller" play attention video accompanying textbook, review discussion questions and vocabulary activities

Evidence	of Learning
Summative Assessment (1 to 2 days):	
Story quizzes	
 Teacher created test on all stories 	
Projects completed	
Formative Assessments:	
Oral discussion	
 Open-ended question responses 	
Questions accompanying each story	
Equipment Needed:	
Computer	
Smart Board	
Video recorder	
Television	
Teacher Resources:	
• Textbook - Prentice Hall, Timeless Voices	
Lesson plans	
• Civil War (DK Eyewitness book by John Stanch	ack)
• Spotlight on America Civil War Teacher Created	d Resource (TCR3214)
• The US Civil War (Publications International, LT	TD.)
• Teaching Literary Elements (by Tara McCarthy)	
Lesso	n Plans
The Short Story Unit will t	ake approximately 1 week.
Lesson	Timeframe
Lesson 1	Each lesson is completed in one 60 minute block.
Introduction to the Short Story	
Each subsequent lesson will cover a Short Story	
and the questions/activities following the story.	
Selections may include:	
"Charles"	
"An Episode of War"	
"Thank You Ma'am"	
"Up the Slide"	
"The Adventures of the Speckled Band"	
"from a Painted House"	
Teacher Notes:	
• The lesson schedule can be revised based of	on students' abilities and needs.
• The textbook includes other short stories t	hat can be utilized for this unit.
Curriculum Development Resources:	
(Click the links below to access additional resource	es used to design this unit)
<u>.</u>	413

www.Unitedstreaming.com, www.Biography.com, http://www.sherlock-holmes.co.uk/, www.Weeklyreader.com

Content Area: English/Language Arts

Unit Title: The Novel - *To Kill a Mockingbird*

Target Course/Grade Level: Eighth Grade

Unit Summary:

- Students will be able to read, analyze, and interpret the given novel.
- Students will be able to identify elements of fiction.
- Students will be able to respond to all levels of thinking questions along with writing response questions.

Primary Interdisciplinary Connections:

- Social Studies
- Culture
- Technology
- Art
- Science
- History
- Popular Trends
- Music

21st Century Themes:

Standard 9.1 - 21st Century Life and Career Skills: All students will demonstrate the creative, critical thinking, collaboration, and problem solving skills needed to function successfully as both global citizens and workers in diverse ethnic and organizational cultures.

- Critical thinking and Problem solving
- Creativity and Innovation
- Collaboration, Teamwork, and Leadership
- Cross-cultural Understanding and Interpersonal Communication
- Communication and Media Fluency
- Accountability, Productivity, and Ethics

Unit Rationale:

The content of the unit will help students employ strategies to better understand text. They will be able to develop, select, and apply strategies whereby to enhance their comprehension.

Learning Targets

Standards:

- **Reading for Literature (RL):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity.
- **Reading for Informational Text (RI):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity.
- Writing (W): Text Types and Purposes
- **Speaking & Listening (SL):** Comprehension and Collaboration, and Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas.
- Language (L): Conventions of Standard English and Vocabulary Acquisition and Use.

Content Statements:

The skills and content being studied are lot Elements, Historical events of the 1930s, and the Life and Works of Harper Lee.

СРІ	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)
Number	
RL.8.2	Determine a theme or central idea of a text and analyze its development over the
	course of the text, including its relationship to the characters, setting, and plot; provide
	an objective summary of the text
RL.8.3	Analyze how particular lines of dialogue or incidents in a story or drama propel the
	action, reveal aspects of a character, or provoke a decision.
RL.8.4	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including
	figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on
	meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts.
RL.8.10	By the end of the year read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and
	poems at grade level text-complexity or above, scaffolding as needed.
RI.8.1	Cite the textual evidence and make relevant connections that most strongly supports an
	analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text
RI.8.2	Determine a central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the
	text, including its relationship to supporting ideas; provide an objective summary of the
	text
RI.8.3	Analyze how a text makes connections among and distinctions between individuals,
	ideas, or events (e.g., through comparisons, analogies, or categories
RI.8.4	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including
	figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze the impact of specific word
	choices on meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts.
RI.8.5	Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a specific paragraph in a text, including
	the role of particular sentences, to develop and to refine a key concept.

RI.8.6	Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how the author
	acknowledges and responds to conflicting evidence or viewpoints
RI.8.7	Evaluate the advantages and disadvantages of using different mediums (e.g., print or
	digital text, video, multimedia) to present a particular topic or idea.
RI.8.9	Analyze and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and
	background knowledge) two or more texts that provide conflicting information on the
	same topic and identify where the texts disagree on matters of fact or interpretation.
RI.8.10	By the end of the year read and comprehend literary nonfiction at grade level text-
	complexity or above, with scaffolding as needed.
W.8.1	Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence.
	A. Introduce claim(s), acknowledge and distinguish the claim(s) from
	alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence
	logically.
	B. Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant evidence, using
	accurate, credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the
	topic or text.
	C. Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the
	relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.
	D. Establish and maintain a formal style.
	E. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports
	the argument presented
W.8.2	Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts,
	and information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant
	content.
	A. Introduce a topic and organize ideas, concepts, and information, using text
	structures (e.g., definition, classification, comparison/contrast, cause/effect
	etc.) and text features (e.g., headings, graphics, and multimedia).
	B. Develop the topic with relevant, well-chosen facts, definitions, concrete
	details, quotations, or other information and examples
	C. Use appropriate and varied transitions to create cohesion and clarify the
	relationships among ideas and concepts.
	D. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or
	explain the topic.
	E. Establish and maintain a formal style/academic style, approach, and form.
	F. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports
	the information or explanation presented
W.8.4	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, voice and
	style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for
	writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)

W.8.5	With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on how well purpose and audience have been addressed.				
W.8.6	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and present the relationships between information and ideas efficiently as well as to interact and collaborate with others.				
W.8.10	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, metacognition/self correction, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.				
SL.8.1	 Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 8 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly. A. Come to discussions prepared, having read or researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or issue to probe and reflect on ideas under discussion. B. Follow rules for collegial discussions and decision-making, track progress toward specific goals and deadlines, and define individual roles as needed. C. Pose questions that connect the ideas of several speakers and respond to others' questions and comments with relevant evidence, observations, and ideas. D. Acknowledge new information expressed by others, and, when warranted, qualify or justify their own views in light of the evidence presented. 				
SL.8.2	Analyze the purpose of information presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) and evaluate the motives (e.g., social, commercial, political) behind its presentation.				
SL.8.6	Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate				
L.8.1	 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. A. Explain the function of verbals (gerunds, participles, infinitives) in general and their function in particular sentences. B. Form and use verbs in the active and passive voice. C. Form and use verbs in the indicative, imperative, interrogative, conditional, and subjunctive mood. D. Recognize and correct inappropriate shifts in verb voice and mood. 				
L.8.2	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. A. Use punctuation (comma, ellipsis, dash) to indicate a pause or break. B. Use an ellipsis to indicate an omission				

	C. Spell correctly		
L.8.3		ge and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or	
	listening.		
	A. Use verbs i	n the active and passive voice and in the conditional and	
	subjunctive	e mood to achieve particular effects (e.g., emphasizing the	
	actor or the	e action; expressing uncertainty or describing a state	
	contrary to	fact).	
L.8.4			
	based on grade 8 reading	and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.	
	-	.g., the overall meaning of a sentence or paragraph; a word's	
	position or fun	ction in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or	
	phrase.		
		grade-appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues	
		g of a word (e.g., precede, recede, secede).	
		nce materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses),	
	•	digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or	
		se meaning or its part of speech	
	, , ,	minary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase ing the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary).	
L.8.5		ng of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances	
2.0.5	in word meanings.	ing of ingulative language, word relationships, and hadnees	
	•	es of speech (e.g. verbal irony, puns) in context.	
	 B. Use the relationship between particular words to better understand each of the words. 		
	C. Distinguish am	ong the connotations (associations) of words with similar	
	denotations (definitions) (e.g., bullheaded, willful, firm, persistent,		
	resolute).		
L.8.6	Acquire and use accurate	y grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific	
		r vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase	
	important to comprehens		
	ial Questions	Unit Enduring Understandings	
	readers construct	Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and make	
meanin	g?	connections (text to text, text to world, text to self) to	
		make text personally relevant and useful.	
	readers need to pay	Words powerfully affect meaning.	
	on to a writer's choice of		
words?	os fluonav affast	Eluant readers group words swiekly to belo there as in	
 How does fluency affect comprehension? 		 Fluent readers group words quickly to help them gain meaning from what they read 	
compre		meaning from what they read.	

 How does understanding a text's structure help me better understand its meaning? 	•	Understanding of a text's features, structures, and characteristics facilitate the reader's ability to make meaning of the text.
 How do I figure out a word I do not know? 	•	Readers use language structure and context clues to identify the intended meaning of words and phrases as they are used in text.
 What do readers do when they do not understand everything in a text? 	•	Good readers employ strategies to help them understand text. Strategic readers can develop, select, and apply strategies to enhance their comprehension.

Unit Learning Targets The students will . . . Kill a Mockingbird...suggested activities during reading of novel:

- Create a diary for Scout Finch (the narrator)
- Write an acrostic poem for a character
- Make a t- chart for plot elements
- Make a t-chart plotting the testimonies of witnesses
- Make a Venn diagram for characters
- Answer in small groups chapter questions
- Take notes on chapter elements utilizing post-it notes
- View power point on Harper Lee and background information

sted activities for after reading of novel:

- Create a map of Maycomb, Alabama
- Create a newspaper for all events occurring in the novel
- Create a game depicting book elements
- Create a cookbook to highlight southern food discussed within novel
- Create a plant guide for all plants discussed in the novel
- Draw a portrait of a character
- Create a CD of 1930's music
- Research essay on the Great Depression
- Write a persuasive essay whether the novel should continue to be taught even though the story is about the South and the 1930's...is it outdated?

Evidence of Learning

Summative Assessment (3 - 4 days):

- Final Persuasive Essay
- Chapter Quizzes
- Projects Completed: Scout's Diary, poem (during reading), final project after reading

Formative Assessments:	
Oral discussion	
Open-ended response questions	
• Essay outline and rough copy	
Equipment Needed:	
Computer	
Smart Board	
 Post-it pads for students 	
Teacher Resources:	
Lesson plans	
Power Point	
• Movie To Kill a Mockingbird	
 Books on tape 	
Novel	
 Smart board game 	
L	esson Plans
The To Kill a Mockingbird	Unit will take approximately 5 weeks
Lesson	Timeframe
Lesson 1	Each lesson is completed in one 60 minute block
Intro to the novel, To Kill a Mockingbird	time frame.
Lesson 2	Each lesson is completed in one 60 minute block
Discuss Chapters 1 & 2	time frame.
Lesson 3	Each lesson is completed in one 60 minute block
Discuss Chapters 3 & 4	time frame.
Lesson 4	Each lesson is completed in one 60 minute block
Discuss Chapters 5 & 6	time frame.
Lesson 5	Each lesson is completed in one 60 minute block
Discuss Chapters 7 & 8	time frame.
Lesson 6	Each lesson is completed in one 60 minute block
Work on Scout's diary	time frame.

Lesson 7

Lesson 8

ompleted in one 60 minute block ompleted in one 60 minute block time frame. Each lesson is completed in one 60 minute block Discuss Chapters 9 & 10 time frame. Work on Scout's diary in class Each lesson is completed in one 60 minute block Discuss Chapters 11 & 12 time frame.

Work on Scout's diary in class		
Lesson 9	Each lesson is completed in one 60 minute block	
Discuss Chapters 13 &14	time frame.	
Work on acrostic poem		
Lesson 10	Each lesson is completed in one 60 minute block	
Discuss Chapters 15 & 16	time frame.	
Lesson 11	Each lesson is completed in one 60 minute block	
Discuss chapters 17 & 18	time frame.	
Lesson 12	Each lesson is completed in one 60 minute block	
Discuss chapters 19-20	time frame.	
Lesson 13	Each lesson is completed in one 60 minute block	
Make T chart indicting both Mr. Gilmer's and	time frame.	
Atticus's viewpoints (in class activity)		
Lesson 14	Each lesson is completed in one 60 minute block	
Discuss chapters 21-22	time frame.	
Lesson 15	Each lesson is completed in one 60 minute block	
Discuss chapters 23-24	time frame.	
Lesson 16	Each lesson is completed in one 60 minute block	
Discuss chapters 25-26	time frame.	
Lesson 17	Each lesson is completed in one 60 minute block	
Discuss chapters 27-28	time frame.	
Lesson 18	Each lesson is completed in one 60 minute block	
Discuss chapters 29-31	time frame	
Lesson 19	Each lesson is completed in one 60 minute block	
Work on project and take home test	time frame.	
Lesson 20	Each lesson is completed in one 60 minute block	
View Movie	time frame.	
Lesson 21	Each lesson is completed in one 60 minute block	
Southern Tradition Daywhere students bring in	time frame.	
southern foods		
Lesson 22	Each lesson is completed in one 60 minute block	
View movie	time frame.	
Lesson 23	Each lesson is completed in one 60 minute block	
View MovieFinal Discussion	time frame.	
Teacher Notes:		
• The lesson schedule can be revised based on s	tudents' abilities and needs.	
Curriculum Development Resources:		
(Click the links below to access additional resources used to design this unit)		
http://www.lausd.k12.ca.us/Belmont_HS/tkm/		

http://kclibrary.nhmccd.edu/decade30.html#book

http://xroads.virginia.edu/~1930s/INDEX/index.html

http://www.law.umkc.edu/faculty/projects/FTrials/scottsboro/scottsb.htm

www.Unitedstreaming.com

Content Area: English/Language Arts

Unit Title: Non-Fiction

Target Course/Grade Level: Eighth Grade

Unit Summary:

- Students will be able to read, analyze, and interpret the given selections.
- Students will be able to respond to all levels of thinking questions along with writing response questions.
- Students will be able to be introduced to a wide variety of real people and places. Through essays, biographies, and articles, the student can enjoy new experiences, consider new ideas, and learn new concepts.

Primary Interdisciplinary Connections:

- Social Studies
- Culture
- Technology
- Art
- Science
- History
- Popular Trends

21st Century Themes:

Standard 9.1 - 21st Century Life and Career Skills: All students will demonstrate the creative, critical thinking, collaboration, and problem solving skills needed to function successfully as both global citizens and workers in diverse ethnic and organizational cultures.

- Critical thinking and Problem solving
- Creativity and Innovation
- Collaboration, Teamwork, and Leadership
- Cross-cultural Understanding and Interpersonal Communication
- Communication and Media Fluency
- Accountability, Productivity, and Ethics

Unit Rationale:

The content of the unit will help students employ strategies to better understand text. They will be able to develop, select, and apply strategies whereby to enhance their comprehension.

Learning Targets

Standards:

• **Reading for Informational Text (RI):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity.

Writin	g (W): Text Types and Purposes
	ng & Listening (SL): Comprehension and Collaboration, and Presentation of Knowledge
and Ide	
	age (L): Conventions of Standard English and Vocabulary Acquisition and Use.
-	
Content St	
	nd content being studied are Elements of Non-Fiction and Historical Connections.
CPI	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)
Number	
RI.8.1	Cite the textual evidence and make relevant connections that most strongly supports an
	analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.
RI.8.2	Determine a central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the text,
	including its relationship to supporting ideas; provide an objective summary of the text.
RI.8.3	Analyze how a text makes connections among and distinctions between individuals, ideas, or
	events (e.g., through comparisons, analogies, or categories).
RI.8.4	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative,
	connotative, and technical meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning
	and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts.
RI.8.5	Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a specific paragraph in a text, including the
	role of particular sentences, to develop and to refine a key concept.
RI.8.6	Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how the author
	acknowledges and responds to conflicting evidence or viewpoints.
RI.8.7	valuate the advantages and disadvantages of using different mediums (e.g., print or digital text
	video, multimedia) to present a particular topic or idea.
RI.8.9	Analyze and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background
	knowledge) two or more texts that provide conflicting information on the same topic and
	identify where the texts disagree on matters of fact or interpretation.
RI.8.10	By the end of the year read and comprehend literary nonfiction at grade level text-complexity
	or above, with scaffolding as needed.
W.8.1	Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence
	A. Introduce claim(s), acknowledge and distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing
	claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically.
	B. Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant evidence, using accurate, credible
	sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text
	C. Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among
	claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.
	D. Establish and maintain a formal style
W.8.2	Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and
	information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content.
	A. Introduce a topic and organize ideas, concepts, and information, using text
	structures (e.g., definition, classification, comparison/contrast, cause/effect, etc.)
	and text features (e.g., headings, graphics, and multimedia).

rr	
	B. Develop the topic with relevant, well-chosen facts, definitions, concrete details,
	quotations, or other information and examples.
	C. Use appropriate and varied transitions to create cohesion and clarify the
	relationships among ideas and concepts
	D. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the
	topic. E. Establish and maintain a formal style/academic style, approach, and form.
	F. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the
	information or explanation presented.
W.8.4	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, voice and style are
	appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are
	defined in standards 1–3 above.)
W.8.5	With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as
	needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on how well
	purpose and audience have been addressed.
W.8.6	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and present the
	relationships between information and ideas efficiently as well as to interact and collaborate
	with others.
W.8.10	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, metacognition/self
	correction, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of
	discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.
SL.8.1	Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-
	led) with diverse partners on grade 8 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and
	expressing their own clearly.
	A. Come to discussions prepared, having read or researched material under study;
	explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or issue
	to probe and reflect on ideas under discussion.
	B. Follow rules for collegial discussions and decision-making, track progress toward
	specific goals and deadlines, and define individual roles as needed.
	C. Pose questions that connect the ideas of several speakers and respond to others'
	questions and comments with relevant evidence, observations, and ideas.
	D. Acknowledge new information expressed by others, and, when warranted, qualify or
	justify their own views in light of the evidence presented
SL.8.2	Analyze the purpose of information presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually,
	quantitatively, orally) and evaluate the motives (e.g., social, commercial, political) behind its
	presentation.
SL.8.6	Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English
	when indicated or appropriate.
L.8.1	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when
	writing or speaking.
	A. Explain the function of verbals (gerunds, participles, infinitives) in general and their
	function in particular sentencesB. Form and use verbs in the active and passive voice

	C. Forme and was works in	the indicative improvedive intervenentive conditional and	
		the indicative, imperative, interrogative, conditional, and	
	subjunctive mood.	inappropriate shifts in york yoice and mood	
L.8.2		: inappropriate shifts in verb voice and mood.	
L.0.2	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctua spelling when writing.		
		ma, ellipsis, dash) to indicate a pause or break.	
	B. Use an ellipsis to indic		
	C. Spell correctly		
L.8.3		nd its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.	
L.0.3		he active and passive voice and in the conditional and	
		ood to achieve particular effects (e.g., emphasizing the actor or	
	-	pressing uncertainty or describing a state contrary to fact).	
L.8.4			
L.0.4	Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words or phrases based on <i>grade 8 reading and content,</i> choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.		
		the overall meaning of a sentence or paragraph; a word's	
		on in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.	
	-	de-appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues to the	
	_	d (e.g., <i>precede, recede, secede</i>).	
	_	materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print	
		the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise	
	meaning or its par		
	0	hary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by	
		red meaning in context or in a dictionary).	
L.8.5	Demonstrate understanding o	f figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word	
	meanings.		
	A. Interpret figures of	of speech (e.g. verbal irony, puns) in context.	
	B. Use the relationsh	nip between particular words to better understand each of the	
	words.		
	C. Distinguish among	g the connotations (associations) of words with similar	
		nitions) (e.g., bullheaded, willful, firm, persistent, resolute).	
L.8.6		ade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and	
		owledge when considering a word or phrase important to	
	comprehension or expression		
Unit Essentia	-	Unit Enduring Understandings	
	readers construct meaning?	 Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and make 	
	readers need to pay attention	connections (text to text, text to world, text to self) to make	
	er's choice of words?	text personally relevant and useful.	
	es fluency affect	Words powerfully affect meaning.	
compreh		Fluent readers group words quickly to help them gain	
	es understanding a text's	meaning from what they read.	
structure help me better understand		 Understanding of a text's features, structures, and 	
its mean	ing?	characteristics facilitate the reader's ability to make meaning	
		of the text.	

 How do I figure out a word I do not know? What do readers do when they do not understand everything in a text? 	 Readers use language structure and context clues to identify the intended meaning of words and phrases as they are used in text. Good readers employ strategies to help them understand
 How much information is enough? 	 Good readers employ strategies to help them understand text. Strategic readers can develop, select, and apply strategies to enhance their comprehension. Readers will be able to identify quality information versus an overload of information.

Unit Learning Targets

The students will . . .

nfiction...suggested activities during and after reading of selections :

- "Travels with Charlie": watch attention grabber video accompanying textbook, discuss questions following selection
- "Vision of Maya Lin": create a brochure for a Washington, DC monument, discuss questions following selection
- "From Life on the Mississippi": create a time line for Mark Twain's life, create a brochure for traveling on the Mississippi River in the 1800's, watch video from Read Magazine (Huck Finn), discuss questions following selection
- "From I Know Why the Caged Bird Sings": watch attention grabber video, discuss questions following selection
- "Harriet Tubman and the Underground Railroad": watch attention grabber video, discuss questions following selection
- "The Trouble with Television": watch attention grabber video, discuss questions following selection
- "from American Childhood": watch attention grabber video, discuss questions following selection
- "Choice: A tribute to Martin Luther King"
- "Baseball" play attention video accompanying textbook, review discussion questions and complete vocabulary activities
- "Forest Fires" play attention video accompanying textbook, review discussion questions
- "Why Leaves Turn Color in the Fall" play attention video accompanying textbook, review discussion questions and complete vocabulary activities
- "The Season's Curmudgeon Sees the Light" play attention video accompanying textbook, review discussion questions and play attention video accompanying textbook, review discussion questions
- "On Woman's Right to Suffrage" play attention video accompanying textbook, review discussion questions and complete vocabulary activities
- "From Sharing the American Dream" play attention video accompanying textbook, review discussion questions and complete vocabulary activities
- "Author of the Science and the Sense of Wonder" play attention video accompanying textbook, review discussion questions and complete vocabulary activities
- "Emancipation from Lincoln a Photo biography" play attention video accompanying textbook, review discussion questions, and complete vocabulary activities
- "Brown vs. the BOE" play attention video accompanying textbook, review discussion questions, and complete vocabulary activities
- Writing biographical sketch p. 499
- Writing: comparing types of organization p. 547

• Writing: fact vs. opinion p. 569					
 Writing: fact vs. opinion p. 569 Writing: explanatory essay p. 589 					
	ny nonfiction topicexamples television, computers)				
 Writing: cause, encer essays (topics can relate to an Writing: persuasive essay (topics based on any non- 					
Evidence o	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Summative Assessment (1 to 2 days):					
 Selection quizzes Projects completed 					
 Writing selections completed 					
 Teacher created test on all stories 					
Formative Assessments:					
Oral discussion					
 Questions following reading selections 					
Open-ended questions					
Equipment Needed:					
Computer	Computer				
Smart Board					
Video Recorder					
Television					
Teacher Resources:					
Textbook - Prentice Hall, <i>Timeless Voices</i>					
Lesson plans					
Read Magazine - Electronic Version	(======)				
The Underground Railroad Teacher Created Res	ource (TCR3215)				
• World War II (DK Eyewitness book)					
• Vet Emergencies 24/7 (By Animal Planet)					
Lesson					
The Non-Fiction unit will ta	Timeframe				
Lesson 1	Each lesson is completed in one 60 minute block.				
Introduction to Non-Fictiondiscuss elements of Non-					
Fiction					
Each subsequent lesson will cover a reading selection.	Each lesson is completed in one 60 minute				
Selections may include:	block.				
"Harriet Tubman: A Guide to Freedom"	block.				
 "Brown vs. The Board of Education" 					
 "Choice: A tribute to Martin Luther King" 					
 "Achieving the American Dream" 					
 "Sharing the American Dream" 					
 "The Trouble with Television" 					
"The American Dream"					
 "From I Know Why the Caged Bird Sings" 					
 "Cub Pilot on the Mississinni" 					

• "Cub Pilot on the Mississippi"

a liferana Travala with Charliell			
 "from Travels with Charlie" "from American Childhood" 			
"Baseball"			
Baseball "Forest Fires"			
"Why Leaves Turn Color in the Fall" "The Second Current descent Second the Light"			
 "The Season's Curmudgeon Sees the Light" "On Wampr's Bight to Suffrage" 			
"On Woman's Right to Suffrage" ""			
 "From Sharing the American Dream" "Author of the Science and the Sense of 			
Wonder"			
 "Emancipation from Lincoln a Photo 			
biography"			
Teacher Notes:			
The lesson schedule can be revised based on stu			
The textbook includes other nonfiction selection	hs that can be utilized for this unit.		
Curriculum Development Resources:			
(Click the links below to access additional resources used to design this unit)			
http://www.sherlock-holmes.co.uk/			
http://www.pbs.org/marktwain/			
http://www.marktwainhouse.org/			
http://www.cr.nps.gov/nr/travel/underground/			
www.washington.org/			
http://www.nps.gov/vive/			
http://www.mayaangelou.com/			
http://www.cmgww.com/historic/twain/			
www.Unitedstreaming.com			
www.Weeklyreader.com			
www.Biography.com			
and Google.com for any other appropriate material			

Content Area: English/Language Arts

Unit Title: The Novel - Frankenstein

Target Course/Grade Level: Eighth Grade

Unit Summary:

- Students will be able to read, analyze, and interpret the given novel.
- Students will be able to identify elements of fiction.

English Language Arts Curriculum

- Students will be able to respond to all levels of thinking questions along with writing response questions.
- Primary Interdisciplinary Connections:
- Social Studies
- Culture
- Technology
- Art
- Science
- History
- Popular Trends

21st Century Themes:

Standard 9.1 - 21st Century Life and Career Skills: All students will demonstrate the creative, critical thinking, collaboration, and problem solving skills needed to function successfully as both global citizens and workers in diverse ethnic and organizational cultures.

- Critical thinking and Problem solving
- Creativity and Innovation
- Collaboration, Teamwork, and Leadership
- Cross-cultural Understanding and Interpersonal Communication
- Communication and Media Fluency
- Accountability, Productivity, and Ethics

Unit Rationale:

The content of the unit will help students employ strategies to better understand text. They will develop, select, and apply strategies whereby to enhance their comprehension.

Learning Targets

Standards:

- **Reading for Literature (RL):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity.
- **Reading for Informational Text (RI):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity.
- Writing (W): Text Types and Purposes
- **Speaking & Listening (SL):** Comprehension and Collaboration, and Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas.
- Language (L): Conventions of Standard English and Vocabulary Acquisition and Use.

Content Statements:

The skills and content being studied are Plot Elements, Elements of Gothic Literature, and the Life and Works of Mary Shelley.

CPI	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)
Number	
RL.8.2	Determine a theme or central idea of a text and analyze its development over the
	course of the text, including its relationship to the characters, setting, and plot; provide
	an objective summary of the text.
RL.8.3	Analyze how particular lines of dialogue or incidents in a story or drama propel the
	action, reveal aspects of a character, or provoke a decision.
RL.8.4	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including
	figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on
	meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts.
RL.8.10	By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and
	poems, at the high end of grade 8 text complexity band independently and proficiently.
RI.8.1	Cite the textual evidence that most strongly supports an analysis of what the text says
	explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text
RI.8.2	Determine a theme or central idea of a text and analyze its development over the
	course of text including its relationship to the characters, setting, and plot; provide an
	objective
RI.8.3	Analyze how particular lines of dialogue or incidents in a story or drama propel the
	action, reveal aspects of a character, or provoke a decision.
RI.8.4	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including
	figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on
	meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts.
RI.8.5	Compare and contrast the structure of two or more texts and analyze how the differing
	structure of each text contributes to its meaning and style.
RI.8.6	Analyze how differences in the points of view of the characters and the audience or
	reader (e.g., created through the use of dramatic irony) create such effects as suspense
	or humor.
RI.8.7	Analyze the extent to which a filmed or live production of a story or drama stays faithful
	to or departs from the text or script, evaluating the choices made by the director or
	actors.
RI.8.9	Analyze how a modern work of fiction draws on themes, patterns of events, or
	character types from myths, traditional stories, or religious works such as the Bible,
	including describing how the material is rendered new.
RI .8.10	By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and
	poems, at the high end of grades 6–8 text complexity band independently and
	proficiently.
W.8.1	Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence.
	a. Introduce claim(s) and organize the reasons and evidence clearly.

	b. Support claim(s) with clear reasons and relevant evidence, using credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text.	
	c. Use words, phrases, and clauses to clarify the relationships among claim(s) and	
	reasons.	
	d. Establish and maintain a formal style.	
	e. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the	
	argument presented.	
W.8.2	Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and	
	information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content.	
	a. Introduce a topic; organize ideas, concepts, and information, using strategies such	
	as definition, classification, comparison/contrast, and cause/effect; include formatting	
	(e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., charts, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding	
	comprehension.	
	b. Develop the topic with relevant facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples.	
	c. Use appropriate transitions to clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.	
	d. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the	
	topic.	
	e. Establish and maintain a formal style.	
	f. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the	
	information or explanation presented.	
W.8.4	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style	
	are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.	
W.8.5	With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen	
	writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach,	
	focusing on how well purpose and audience have been addressed.	
W.8.6	Use technology, including the Internet to produce and publish writing and present the	
	relationships between information and ideas efficiently as well as to interact and	
	collaborate with others.	
W.8.10	Write routinely over extended time frames and shorter time frames for a range of	
	discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.	
SL.8.1	Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and	
	teacher-led) with diverse partners on <i>grade 8 topics, texts, and issues</i> , building on	
	others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.	
	a. Come to discussions prepared having read or studied required material; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or issue to	
	probe and reflect on ideas under discussion.	
	c. Pose and respond to specific questions with elaboration and detail by making	
	comments that contribute to the topic, text, or issue under discussion.	

	d. Acknowledge new information expressed by others, and when warranted , qualify		
CL 0.0	or justify their own views in light of the evidence presented		
SL.8.2	Analyze the purpose of information presented in diverse media and formats (e.g.,		
	visually, quantitatively, and orally) and evaluate the motives behind its presentation.		
SL.8.6	Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal		
	English when indicated or appropriate.		
L.8.1	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.		
	A. Explain the function of verbals (gerunds, participles, infinitives) in general		
	and their function in particular sentences.		
	B. Form and use verbs in the active and passive voice.		
	C. Form and use verbs in the indicative, imperative, interrogative, conditional,		
	and subjunctive mood.		
	D. Recognize and correct inappropriate shifts in verb voice and mood.		
L.8.2	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization,		
	punctuation, and spelling when writing.		
	A. Use punctuation (comma, ellipsis, dash) to indicate a pause or break.		
	B. Use an ellipsis to indicate an omission.		
	C. Spell correctly.		
L.8.3	Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or		
	listening.		
	A. Use verbs in the active and passive voice and in the conditional and		
	subjunctive mood to achieve particular effects (e.g., emphasizing the		
	actor or the action; expressing uncertainty or describing a state		
	contrary to fact).		
L.8.4	Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words or phrases		
	based on grade 8 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.		
	A. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence or paragraph; a word's		
	position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or		
	phrase.		
	B. Use common, grade-appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues		
	to the meaning of a word (e.g., <i>precede, recede, secede</i>).		
	C. Consult reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses),		
	both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or		
	clarify its precise meaning or its part of speech.		
	D. Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase		
	(e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary).		
L.8.5	Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in		
	word meanings.		
	A. Interpret figures of speech (e.g. verbal irony, puns) in context.		

L.8.6	of the words. C. Distinguish among denotations (defin <i>resolute</i>). Acquire and use accurately gr	hip between particular words to better understand each g the connotations (associations) of words with similar hitions) (e.g., bullheaded, willful, firm, persistent, rade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific bocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase
	important to comprehension	•
 How do Why do attentio words? How doo comprel How doo structur its mear How doo know? What doo 	ial Questions readers construct meaning? readers need to pay n to a writer's choice of es fluency affect nension? es understanding a text's e help me better understand ning? I figure out a word I do not	 Unit Enduring Understandings Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and make connections (text to text, text to world, text to self) to make text personally relevant and useful. Words powerfully affect meaning. Fluent readers group words quickly to help them gain meaning from what they read. Understanding of a text's features, structures, and characteristics facilitate the reader's ability to make meaning of the text. Readers use language structure and context clues to identify the intended meaning of words and phrases as they are used in text. Good readers employ strategies to help them understand text. Strategic readers can develop, select, and apply strategies to enhance their comprehension.

- Answer in small groups chapter questions
- Take notes on chapter elements utilizing post-it notes,
- View power point on Mary Shelly and background information
- Design and make a birth announcement for the monster that Victor created. Be sure it is time appropriate. Information to be included: Size, date, time, and place of creation, names of parents, picture
- Complete interview questions with author
- Persuasive response: Should Victor create a mate for the creature?

Suggested activities for after reading of novel:

- Create a Facebook page for Victor Frankenstein. Please include the following: Profile info ...birthday, hometown, education, work, Friends, Personal info...Activities, interests, favorite music, books, quotations, Pictures, Wall info, Anything else you want to include to make it look exactly like a Facebook page
- Create Victor Frankenstein's lab journal. You must have four pages and a cover. Information to be included: Plans for creation fully explained ...page 1, Materials included for creation...page 2, Diagram of the creation....page 3, Thoughts and doodles about creation...page 4

Evidence of Learning

Summative Assessment (2 days):

- Chapter quizzes
- Projects completed: Birth Announcement, Lab Journal

Formative Assessments:

- Oral discussion
- Chapter questions
- Open-ended question responses

Equipment Needed:

- Computer
- Projector
- Smart Board
- Post-it pad for each student

Teacher Resources:

- Novel copy
- Lesson plans
- Power Point
- Movie *Frankenstein* (school does not own it but can be rented)
- A Navigational Novel Guide Frankenstein A Teacher's Discovery Publication
- Dr. Frankenstein's Human Body (DK Publishing)
- Encyclopedia Horrifica (by Josh Gee)

Lesson Plans	
The Frankenstein Unit will take approximately 1 week and a half.	
Lesson	Timeframe
Lesson 1 Introduction to the novel, <i>Frankenstein</i>	Each lesson is completed in one 60 minute block time frame.

Lesson 2	Each lesson is completed in one 60 minute block
Discuss Chapters 1-4	time frame.
Lesson 3	Each lesson is completed in one 60 minute block
Work on birth announcement	time frame.
Lesson 4	Each lesson is completed in one 60 minute block
Discuss Chapters 5-8	time frame.
Lesson 5	Each lesson is completed in one 60 minute block
Discuss Chapters 9-12	time frame.
Lesson 6	Each lesson is completed in one 60 minute block
Final discussion, view movie, and work on lab	time frame.
journal	
Teacher Notes:	
The lesson schedule can be revised based on st	udents' abilities and needs.
Curriculum Development Resources:	
(Click the links below to access additional resources	used to design this unit)
www.Unitedstreaming.com	

Content Area: English/Language Arts

Unit Title: The Novel - Of Mice and Men

Target Course/Grade Level: Eighth Grade

Unit Summary:

- Students will be able to read, analyze, and interpret the given novel.
- Students will be able to identify elements of fiction.
- Students will be able to respond to all levels of thinking questions along with writing response questions.

Primary Interdisciplinary Connections:

- Social Studies
- Culture
- Technology
- Art

- Science
- History
- Popular Trends

21st Century Themes:

Standard 9.1 - 21st Century Life and Career Skills: All students will demonstrate the creative, critical thinking, collaboration, and problem solving skills needed to function successfully as both global citizens and workers in diverse ethnic and organizational cultures.

- Critical thinking and Problem solving
- Creativity and Innovation
- Collaboration, Teamwork, and Leadership
- Cross-cultural Understanding and Interpersonal Communication
- Communication and Media Fluency
- Accountability, Productivity, and Ethics

Unit Rationale:

The content of the unit will help students employ strategies to better understand text. They will be able to develop, select, and apply strategies whereby to enhance their comprehension.

Learning Targets

Standards:

- **Reading for Literature (RL):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity.
- **Reading for Informational Text (RI):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity.
- Writing (W): Text Types and Purposes
- **Speaking & Listening (SL):** Comprehension and Collaboration, and Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas.
- Language (L): Conventions of Standard English and Vocabulary Acquisition and Use.

Content Statements:

The skills and content being studied are Plot Elements, the Life and Works of John Steinbeck, and the Historical times of the Great Depression.

СРІ	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)
Number	
RL.8.2	Determine a theme or central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the text, including its relationship to the characters, setting, and plot; provide an objective summary of the text.
RL.8.3	Analyze how particular lines of dialogue or incidents in a story or drama propel the action, reveal aspects of a character, or provoke a decision.

RL.8.4Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figu connotative meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and to including analogies or allusions to other texts.RL.8.10By the end of the year read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and grade level text-complexity or above, scaffolding as needed.RI.8.1Cite the textual evidence and make relevant connections that most strongly supports a analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.RI.8.2Determine a central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the including its relationship to supporting ideas; provide an objective summary of the textRI.8.3Analyze how a text makes connections among and distinctions between individuals, id events (e.g., through comparisons, analogies, or categories).RI.8.4Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figu connotative, and technical meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on m and tone, including analogies or allusions to other textsRI.8.5Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a specific paragraph in a text, including role of particular sentences, to develop and to refine a key concept.RI.8.6Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how the author acknowledges and responds to conflicting evidence or viewpoints.RI.8.7Evaluate the advantages and disadvantages of using different mediums (e.g., print or o text, video, multimedia) to present a particular topic or idea.	ne, poems at
including analogies or allusions to other texts. RL.8.10 By the end of the year read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and grade level text-complexity or above, scaffolding as needed. RI.8.1 Cite the textual evidence and make relevant connections that most strongly supports a analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text. RI.8.2 Determine a central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the including its relationship to supporting ideas; provide an objective summary of the text RI.8.3 Analyze how a text makes connections among and distinctions between individuals, id 	poems at
RL.8.10By the end of the year read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and grade level text-complexity or above, scaffolding as needed.RI.8.1Cite the textual evidence and make relevant connections that most strongly supports a analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.RI.8.2Determine a central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the including its relationship to supporting ideas; provide an objective summary of the textRI.8.3Analyze how a text makes connections among and distinctions between individuals, id events (e.g., through comparisons, analogies, or categories).RI.8.4Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figu connotative, and technical meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on n and tone, including analogies or allusions to other textsRI.8.5Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a specific paragraph in a text, including role of particular sentences, to develop and to refine a key concept.RI.8.6Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how the author acknowledges and responds to conflicting evidence or viewpoints.RI.8.7Evaluate the advantages and disadvantages of using different mediums (e.g., print or or acknowledges and responds to conflicting evidence or viewpoints.	
grade level text-complexity or above, scaffolding as needed.RI.8.1Cite the textual evidence and make relevant connections that most strongly supports a analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.RI.8.2Determine a central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the including its relationship to supporting ideas; provide an objective summary of the textRI.8.3Analyze how a text makes connections among and distinctions between individuals, id events (e.g., through comparisons, analogies, or categories).RI.8.4Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figu connotative, and technical meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on m and tone, including analogies or allusions to other textsRI.8.5Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a specific paragraph in a text, including role of particular sentences, to develop and to refine a key concept.RI.8.6Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how the author acknowledges and responds to conflicting evidence or viewpoints.RI.8.7Evaluate the advantages and disadvantages of using different mediums (e.g., print or or	
RI.8.1Cite the textual evidence and make relevant connections that most strongly supports a analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.RI.8.2Determine a central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the including its relationship to supporting ideas; provide an objective summary of the textRI.8.3Analyze how a text makes connections among and distinctions between individuals, id events (e.g., through comparisons, analogies, or categories).RI.8.4Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figu connotative, and technical meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on n and tone, including analogies or allusions to other textsRI.8.5Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a specific paragraph in a text, including role of particular sentences, to develop and to refine a key concept.RI.8.6Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how the author acknowledges and responds to conflicting evidence or viewpoints.RI.8.7Evaluate the advantages and disadvantages of using different mediums (e.g., print or or	an
analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.RI.8.2Determine a central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the including its relationship to supporting ideas; provide an objective summary of the textRI.8.3Analyze how a text makes connections among and distinctions between individuals, id events (e.g., through comparisons, analogies, or categories).RI.8.4Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figu connotative, and technical meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on n and tone, including analogies or allusions to other textsRI.8.5Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a specific paragraph in a text, including role of particular sentences, to develop and to refine a key concept.RI.8.6Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how the author acknowledges and responds to conflicting evidence or viewpoints.RI.8.7Evaluate the advantages and disadvantages of using different mediums (e.g., print or or	an
RI.8.2Determine a central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the including its relationship to supporting ideas; provide an objective summary of the texRI.8.3Analyze how a text makes connections among and distinctions between individuals, id events (e.g., through comparisons, analogies, or categories).RI.8.4Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figu connotative, and technical meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on n and tone, including analogies or allusions to other textsRI.8.5Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a specific paragraph in a text, including role of particular sentences, to develop and to refine a key concept.RI.8.6Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how the author acknowledges and responds to conflicting evidence or viewpoints.RI.8.7Evaluate the advantages and disadvantages of using different mediums (e.g., print or or	
including its relationship to supporting ideas; provide an objective summary of the texRI.8.3Analyze how a text makes connections among and distinctions between individuals, id events (e.g., through comparisons, analogies, or categories).RI.8.4Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figu connotative, and technical meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on m and tone, including analogies or allusions to other textsRI.8.5Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a specific paragraph in a text, including role of particular sentences, to develop and to refine a key concept.RI.8.6Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how the author acknowledges and responds to conflicting evidence or viewpoints.RI.8.7Evaluate the advantages and disadvantages of using different mediums (e.g., print or or	
RI.8.3Analyze how a text makes connections among and distinctions between individuals, id events (e.g., through comparisons, analogies, or categories).RI.8.4Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figu connotative, and technical meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on n and tone, including analogies or allusions to other textsRI.8.5Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a specific paragraph in a text, including role of particular sentences, to develop and to refine a key concept.RI.8.6Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how the author acknowledges and responds to conflicting evidence or viewpoints.RI.8.7Evaluate the advantages and disadvantages of using different mediums (e.g., print or or	text,
events (e.g., through comparisons, analogies, or categories).RI.8.4Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figu connotative, and technical meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on m and tone, including analogies or allusions to other textsRI.8.5Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a specific paragraph in a text, including role of particular sentences, to develop and to refine a key concept.RI.8.6Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how the author acknowledges and responds to conflicting evidence or viewpoints.RI.8.7Evaluate the advantages and disadvantages of using different mediums (e.g., print or or	t.
RI.8.4Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figu connotative, and technical meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on n and tone, including analogies or allusions to other textsRI.8.5Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a specific paragraph in a text, includin role of particular sentences, to develop and to refine a key concept.RI.8.6Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how the author acknowledges and responds to conflicting evidence or viewpoints.RI.8.7Evaluate the advantages and disadvantages of using different mediums (e.g., print or or	eas, or
connotative, and technical meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on n and tone, including analogies or allusions to other textsRI.8.5Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a specific paragraph in a text, includin role of particular sentences, to develop and to refine a key concept.RI.8.6Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how the author acknowledges and responds to conflicting evidence or viewpoints.RI.8.7Evaluate the advantages and disadvantages of using different mediums (e.g., print or or	
and tone, including analogies or allusions to other textsRI.8.5Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a specific paragraph in a text, includin role of particular sentences, to develop and to refine a key concept.RI.8.6Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how the author acknowledges and responds to conflicting evidence or viewpoints.RI.8.7Evaluate the advantages and disadvantages of using different mediums (e.g., print or or	rative,
RI.8.5Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a specific paragraph in a text, includin role of particular sentences, to develop and to refine a key concept.RI.8.6Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how the author acknowledges and responds to conflicting evidence or viewpoints.RI.8.7Evaluate the advantages and disadvantages of using different mediums (e.g., print or or	neaning
RI.8.5Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a specific paragraph in a text, includin role of particular sentences, to develop and to refine a key concept.RI.8.6Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how the author acknowledges and responds to conflicting evidence or viewpoints.RI.8.7Evaluate the advantages and disadvantages of using different mediums (e.g., print or or	_
role of particular sentences, to develop and to refine a key concept. RI.8.6 Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how the author acknowledges and responds to conflicting evidence or viewpoints. RI.8.7 Evaluate the advantages and disadvantages of using different mediums (e.g., print or conflicting evidence)	ng the
RI.8.6 Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how the author acknowledges and responds to conflicting evidence or viewpoints. RI.8.7 Evaluate the advantages and disadvantages of using different mediums (e.g., print or confliction)	C
acknowledges and responds to conflicting evidence or viewpoints. RI.8.7 Evaluate the advantages and disadvantages of using different mediums (e.g., print or control o	
RI.8.7 Evaluate the advantages and disadvantages of using different mediums (e.g., print or o	
	ligital
text, video, multimedia) to present a particular topic or idea.	
RI.8.9 Analyze and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and backg	round
knowledge) two or more texts that provide conflicting information on the same topic a	
identify where the texts disagree on matters of fact or interpretation	110
RI.8.10 By the end of the year read and comprehend literary nonfiction at grade level text-con	nnlevity
or above, with scaffolding as needed.	ipicxity
W.8.1Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence.	
A. Introduce claim(s), acknowledge and distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or	opposing
	opposing
claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically.	aradibla
B. Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant evidence, using accurate,	creatible
sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text.	26
C. Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationship	15
among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.	
D. Establish and maintain a formal style.	
E. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the	
argument presented.	
W.8.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts,	and
information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content.	
A. Introduce a topic and organize ideas, concepts, and information, using tex	t
structures (e.g., definition, classification, comparison/contrast, cause/effe	
and text features (e.g., headings, graphics, and multimedia).	ct, etc.)
B. Develop the topic with relevant, well-chosen facts, definitions, concrete d	ct, etc.)
quotations, or other information and examples.	

	C. Use appropriate and varied transitions to create cohesion and clarify the		
	relationships among ideas and concepts. D. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the		
	topic.		
	E. Establish and maintain a formal style/academic style, approach, and form.		
	F. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the		
	information or explanation presented.		
W.8.4	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, voice and style are		
	appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types		
	defined in standards 1–3 above.)		
W.8.5	With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as		
	needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on how w purpose and audience have been addressed.		
W.8.6	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and present the		
0.01	relationships between information and ideas efficiently as well as to interact and collaborate		
	with others.		
W.8.10	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, metacognition/self		
	correction, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of		
	discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.		
SL.8.1	Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-		
	led) with diverse partners on grade 8 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and		
	expressing their own clearly.		
	A. Come to discussions prepared, having read or researched material under study;		
	explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or issue		
	to probe and reflect on ideas under discussion.		
	B. Follow rules for collegial discussions and decision-making, track progress toward		
	specific goals and deadlines, and define individual roles as needed.		
	C. Pose questions that connect the ideas of several speakers and respond to others'		
	questions and comments with relevant evidence, observations, and ideas.		
	D. Acknowledge new information expressed by others, and, when warranted, qualify o		
	justify their own views in light of the evidence presented		
SL.8.2	Analyze the purpose of information presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually,		
	quantitatively, orally) and evaluate the motives (e.g., social, commercial, political) behind its		
	presentation.		
SL.8.6	Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English		
L.8.1	when indicated or appropriate.		
L.Ö.1	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.		
	A. Explain the function of verbals (gerunds, participles, infinitives) in general and		
	their function in particular sentences.		
	B. Form and use verbs in the active and passive voice.		
	C. Form and use verbs in the indicative, imperative, interrogative, conditional, and		
	subjunctive mood.		
к	· · · ·		

	D. Recognize and correct inappropriate shifts in verb voice and mood.		
L.8.2		he conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and	
	spelling when writing.		
	A. Use punctuation (co	omma, ellipsis, dash) to indicate a pause or break.	
	B. Use an ellipsis to indicate an omission.		
	C. Spell correctly.		
L.8.3	Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.		
	A. Use verbs in the active and passive voice and in the conditional and subjunctive mood to achieve particular effects (e.g., emphasizing the actor or the action; expressing uncertainty or describing a state contrary to fact).		
L.8.4	L.8.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words or phrases base grade 8 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.		
	A. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence or paragraph; a word's		
	position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase		
	B. Use common, grade-appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues to the		
	meaning of a word (e.g., precede, recede, secede).		
	C. Consult reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print		
	and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precis		
	meaning or its p		
D. Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e			
	checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary).		
L.0.3	 L.8.5 Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings. A. Interpret figures of speech (e.g. verbal irony, puns) in context. B. Use the relationship between particular words to better understand each of the words. 		
	_	ong the connotations (associations) of words with similar	
L.8.6		finitions) (e.g., <i>bullheaded, willful, firm, persistent, resolute</i>). grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and	
L.O.0			
phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important t comprehension or expression.			
Unit Essential Questions		Unit Enduring Understandings	
	readers construct meaning?	 Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and make 	
• now do readers construct meaning:		connections (text to text, text to world, text to self) to make	
• Why do r	readers need to pay	text personally relevant and useful.	
•	n to a writer's choice of	Words powerfully affect meaning.	
words?			
 How does fluency affect 			
compreh	ension?	• Fluent readers group words quickly to help them gain meaning	
How doe	s understanding a text's	from what they read.	
	e help me better	 Understanding of a text's features, structures, and 	
understand its meaning?		characteristics facilitate the reader's ability to make meaning	
		of the text.	

• How do I figure out a word I do not know?	• Readers use language structure and context clues to identify the intended meaning of words and phrases as they are used	
• What do readers do when they do not understand everything in a text?	 in text. Good readers employ strategies to help them understand text. Strategic readers can develop, select, and apply strategies to enhance their comprehension. 	
Unit Learning Targets		

The students will . . .

Mice and Men...suggested activities during reading of novel:

- Make a Venn diagram for characters
- Answer chapter questions in small groups
- Take notes on chapter elements utilizing post-it notes,
- View power point on John Steinbeck and background information
- Sculpt or draw the depiction of Lennie crushing Curley's hand and explain in reference to crushing theme *Suggested activities for after reading of novel*:
- Write an obituary for Lennie and Curley's wife. Make sure it is in newspaper format (column, format, wording etc.). Use *The Soledad Times* as the name of the newspaper.
- Write a newspaper article that would appear in the local paper explaining what happened to Lennie and Curley's wife. Be sure to have a headline and make sure to use the newspaper format. Again use *The Soledad Times* as the name of the newspaper.
- Write a poem as a reaction to the novel. Be sure to writer in verse form and have a title.
- Write an advice letter to George on how to survive without Lennie. Make sure it is in newspaper format (column, format, wording etc.). Use *The Soledad Times* as the name of the newspaper.
- Create a mobile that represents significant things in the novel. Be sure to include 20 pictures and explanations.
- Write an informative essay explaining the themes of the book
- On a map of California pin point the settings of all the novels written by John Steinbeck. Be sure to label the location, the title, and the year of publication. Also, if he novel won any awards be sure to include that information as well. The novels that do not take place in California should just be listed on the poster as well.
- Research typical ranch life in the west during the 1930's, and write a three page 14 point report on your findings. Be sure to have all information in your own words and be sure to include a bibliography.
- Create an illustrative time line that shows historical events, inventions, works by famous writers, artists, musicians etc during the 1930's. Be sure to include twenty-five facts and at least fifteen pictures.
- Create a story map of key events in the novel. Include drawings and pictures to illustrate each step along the way. (Ex. Cooking beans, the river, bunkhouse, dog scene etc.) You must have something for each chapter. Be sure to have at least 5 sentences to explain your drawings/pictures.

Evidence of Learning

Summative Assessment (4 days):

- Final informative essay
- Chapter quizzes
- Projects completed
- Essay outline and rough copy

Formative Assessments:

Oral discussion		
Open-ended response questions		
Equipment Needed:		
Computer		
Projector		
Smart Board		
Post-it pad for each student		
Teacher Resources:		
Novel copy		
Lesson plans		
Power Point		
Movie		
Books on tape		
Smart Board Game		
• The Great Depression Teacher Created Material (TC	CR 3218)	
• Of Mice and Men (Literature Made Easy by Barron'	s Publishing)	
• Of Mice and Men (Novel Ideas)		
• Read Magazine The Dust Bowl (1 copy per studer	nt)	
Lessor	n Plans	
The <i>Of Mice and Men</i> Unit wi	ll take approximately 3 weeks.	
Lesson	Timeframe	
Lesson 1	Each lesson is completed in one 60 minute block time	
Intro to the novel, Of Mice and Men	frame.	
Lesson 2	Each lesson is completed in one 60 minute block time	
Discuss Chapters 1&2	frame.	
Lesson 3	Each lesson is completed in one 60 minute block time	
Discuss Chapters 3	frame.	
Lesson 4	Each lesson is completed in one 60 minute block time	
Work on Hands Project	frame.	
Lesson 5	Each lesson is completed in one 60 minute block time	
Discuss Chapter 4	frame.	
Lesson 6	Each lesson is completed in one 60 minute block time	
Discuss Chapter 5	frame.	
Lesson 7	Each lesson is completed in one 60 minute block time	
Discuss Chapter 6	frame.	
Lesson 8	Each lesson is completed in one 60 minute block time	
Work on final activities	frame.	
Lesson 9	Each lesson is completed in one 60 minute block time	
Work on final activities	frame.	

Lessons 10 - 11Each lesson is completed in one 60 minute block timeView the movieframe.Lesson 12Each lesson is completed in one 60 minute block timeWrite In Class essayframe.

Lesson 13	Each lesson is completed in one 60 minute block time
Final discussion	frame.
	·

Teacher Notes:

• The lesson schedule can be revised based on students' abilities and needs.

Curriculum Development Resources:

(Click the links below to access additional resources used to design this unit)

www.Unitedstreaming.com

http://www.steinbeck.org/MainFrame.html

http://nobelprize.org/literature/laureates/1962/steinbeck-bio.html

http://www.ac.wwu.edu/~stephan/Steinbeck/

Content Area: English/Language Arts

Unit Title: Drama...William Shakespeare

Target Course/Grade Level: Eighth Grade

Unit Summary:

- Students will read, analyze, and interpret the given novel.
- Students will identify elements of fiction.
- Students will respond to all levels of thinking questions along with writing response questions. **Primary Interdisciplinary Connections:**
- Social Studies
- Culture
- Technology
- Art
- Science
- History
- Popular Trends

21st Century Themes:

Standard 9.1 - 21st Century Life and Career Skills: All students will demonstrate the creative, critical thinking, collaboration, and problem solving skills needed to function successfully as both global citizens and workers in diverse ethnic and organizational cultures.

- Critical thinking and Problem solving
- Creativity and Innovation
- Collaboration, Teamwork, and Leadership
- Cross-cultural Understanding and Interpersonal Communication
- Communication and Media Fluency
- Accountability, Productivity, and Ethics

Unit Rationale:

The content of the unit will help students employ strategies to better understand text. They will develop, select, and apply strategies whereby to enhance their comprehension.

Learning Targets

- **Reading for Literature (RL):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity.
- **Reading for Informational Text (RI):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity.
- Writing (W): Text Types and Purposes
- **Speaking & Listening (SL):** Comprehension and Collaboration, and Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas.
- Language (L): Conventions of Standard English and Vocabulary Acquisition and Use.

Content Statements:

The skills and content being studied are Plot Elements, Elizabethan times, and the Life and Work of William Shakespeare.

СРІ	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)	
Number		
RL.8.2	Determine a theme or central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the text, including its relationship to the characters, setting, and plot; provide an objective summary of the text.	
RL.8.3	Analyze how particular lines of dialogue or incidents in a story or drama propel the action, reveal aspects of a character, or provoke a decision.	
RL.8.4	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts.	
RL.8.10	By the end of the year read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems at grade level text-complexity or above, scaffolding as needed.	
RI .8.1	Cite the textual evidence and make relevant connections that most strongly supports an analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.	
RI.8.2	Determine a central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the text, including its relationship to supporting ideas; provide an objective summary of the text.	
RI.8.3	Analyze how a text makes connections among and distinctions between individuals, ideas, or events (e.g., through comparisons, analogies, or categories).	
RI.8.4	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts.	
RI.8.5	Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a specific paragraph in a text, including the role of particular sentences, to develop and to refine a key concept.	
RI.8.6	Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how the author acknowledges and responds to conflicting evidence or viewpoints.	
RI.8.7	Evaluate the advantages and disadvantages of using different mediums (e.g., print or digital text, video, multimedia) to present a particular topic or idea.	
RI.8.9	Analyze and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) two or more texts that provide conflicting information on the same topic and identify where the texts disagree on matters of fact or interpretation.	

RI.8.10	By the end of the year read and comprehend literary nonfiction at grade level text-complexity or above, with scaffolding as needed.		
W.8.1	 Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence. A. Introduce claim(s), acknowledge and distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically. B. Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant evidence, using accurate, credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text. C. Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence. D. Establish and maintain a formal style. E. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented 		
W.8.2	 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content. A. Introduce a topic and organize ideas, concepts, and information, using text structures (e.g., definition, classification, comparison/contrast, cause/effect, etc.) and text features (e.g., headings, graphics, and multimedia). B. Develop the topic with relevant, well-chosen facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples. C. Use appropriate and varied transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts. D. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic. E. Establish and maintain a formal style/academic style, approach, and form. F. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented. 		
W.8.4	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, voice and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)		
W.8.5	With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on how well purpose and audience have been addressed.		
W.8.6	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and present the relationships between information and ideas efficiently as well as to interact and collaborate with others		
W.8.10	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, metacognition/self correction, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences		
SL.8.1	Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher- led) with diverse partners on grade 8 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.		

 A. Come to discussions prepared, having read or researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or issue to probe and reflect on ideas under discussion. B. Follow rules for collegial discussions and decision-making, track progress toward specific goals and deadlines, and define individual roles as needed. C. Pose questions that connect the ideas of several speakers and respond to others'
questions and comments with relevant evidence, observations, and ideas.D. Acknowledge new information expressed by others, and, when warranted, qualify or justify their own views in light of the evidence presented.
Analyze the purpose of information presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) and evaluate the motives (e.g., social, commercial, political) behind its presentation.
Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.
Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. A. Explain the function of verbals (gerunds, participles, infinitives) in general and
 their function in particular sentences. B. Form and use verbs in the active and passive voice. C. Form and use verbs in the indicative, imperative, interrogative, conditional, and subjunctive mood.
 D. Recognize and correct inappropriate shifts in verb voice and mood. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. A. Use punctuation (comma, ellipsis, dash) to indicate a pause or break. B. Use an ellipsis to indicate an omission.
 C. Spell correctly. Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening. A. Use verbs in the active and passive voice and in the conditional and subjunctive mood to achieve particular effects (e.g., emphasizing the actor or the action; expressing uncertainty or describing a state contrary to fact).
 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words or phrases based on grade 8 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies. A. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence or paragraph; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase. B. Use common, grade-appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., precede, recede, secede). C. Consult reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning or its part of speech. D. Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by

L.8.5	Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word
	meanings.
	A. Interpret figures of speech (e.g. verbal irony, puns) in context.
	B. Use the relationship between particular words to better understand each of the
	words.
	C. Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar
	denotations (definitions) (e.g., <i>bullheaded, willful, firm, persistent, resolute</i>).
L.8.6	Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and
2.0.1	phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to
	comprehension or expression.
Jnit Ess	ential Questions Unit Enduring Understandings
	do readers construct meaning? • Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and make
1100	connections (text to text, text to world, text to self) to make
Wh	do readers need to pay text personally relevant and useful.
	 text personally relevant and userul. text personally relevant and userul. Words powerfully affect meaning.
wor	1 7 8
	does fluency affect meaning from what they read.
	,
	 Understanding of a text's features, structures, and characteristics facilitate the reader's ability to make meaning
	does understanding a text's characteristics facilitate the reader's ability to make meaning
	cture help me better understand of the text.
	• Readers use language structure and context clues to identify
	do I figure out a word I do not the intended meaning of words and phrases as they are used
kno	
	t do readers do when they do • Good readers employ strategies to help them understand
not	understand everything in a text? text. Strategic readers can develop, select, and apply
	strategies to enhance their comprehension.
	rning Targets
	lents will
	Julietsuggested activities during and after reading of the play:
	ver questions in small groups
	ine diagram
viev	velectronic presentation from <i>Read Magazine</i> (Interview with Shakespeare and information about
the	ime period)
Mal	e a mask
Crea	te a resume for William Shakespeare
Wri	e a want ad for a Shakespearean actor
Sele	ct a scene or scenes and rewrite it using text message language
Crea	te a Playbill
	Evidence of Learning
umma	ive Assessment (2 days):
	e quizzes
	projectplay version in text message format along with playbill
	ve Assessments:
	discussion

• Open ended questions

Equipment Needed:

- Computer
- Projector
- Smart Board

Teacher Resources:

- Play copy found in *Read Magazine* (1copy per student)
- Inspired by Shakespeare Read Magazine (1copy per student)
- Electronic version of *Read Magazine* for Shakespeare biography
- Lesson plans
- Movie
- Shakespeare (DK Eyewitness book)
- A Shakespearean Theater (by Peter Chrisp)
- Poetry for Young People William Shakespeare (editor: David and Marina Kastan)
- *Romeo and Juliet* complete version

Lesson Plans		
The Unit for Romeo and Juliet will take approximately 1 week.		
Lesson Timeframe		
Lesson 1	Each lesson is completed in one 60 minute block time	
Introduction to the play, Romeo and Juliet, and	frame.	
Shakespeare		
Lesson 2	Each lesson is completed in one 60 minute block time	
Read together orally play and discuss	frame.	
Lesson 3	Each lesson is completed in one 60 minute block time	
Read together orally play and discuss	frame.	
Lesson 4	Each lesson is completed in one 60 minute block time	
Read together orally play and discuss	frame.	
Lesson 5	Each lesson is completed in one 60 minute block time	
Work on want ad and resume	frame.	
Lesson 6	Each lesson is completed in one 60 minute block time	
Final discussion and work on text message project	frame.	
Teacher Notes:		
The lesson schedule can be revised based on students' abilities and needs.		
Curriculum Development Resources:		

(Click the links below to access additional resources used to design this unit)

<u>www.unitedstreaming.com - (Romeo and Juliet – complete version)</u>

Content Area: English/Language Arts

Unit Title: Test Preparation

Target Course/Grade Level: Eighth Grade

Unit Summary:

- Students will be able to be exposed to the various writing tasks that are on the PARCC test including some of the following: explanatory writing, persuasive/argumentative writing, narrative writing, and reading selections with multiple choice questions and open-ended questions.
- Students will be given a variety of prompts so they can improve on their writing skills and feel more comfortable with the test-taking procedures by simulating testing in the classroom.

Primary Interdisciplinary Connections:

- Social Studies
- Culture
- Technology
- Art
- Science
- History
- Popular Trends

21th Century Themes:

Standard 9.1 - 21st Century Life and Career Skills: All students will demonstrate the creative, critical thinking, collaboration, and problem solving skills needed to function successfully as both global citizens and workers in diverse ethnic and organizational cultures.

- Critical thinking and Problem solving
- Creativity and Innovation
- Collaboration, Teamwork, and Leadership
- Cross-cultural Understanding and Interpersonal Communication
- Communication and Media Fluency
- Accountability, Productivity, and Ethics

Unit Rationale:

The content of the unit will help students employ strategies to better understand text. They will be able to develop, select, and apply strategies whereby to enhance their comprehension. The students will also be exposed to test taking prompts.

Learning Targets

Standards:

• **Reading for Literature (RL):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity.

Readir	• Reading for Informational Text (RI): Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of		
Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity.			
 Writing (W): Text Types and Purposes 			
and Id	and Ideas.		
Langua	age (L): Conventions of Standard English and Vocabulary Acquisition and Use.		
Content St	atements:		
The skills a	nd content being studied are Writing Skills, Comprehension, Critical Thinking Skills, and		
Application	ו.		
CPI	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)		
Number			
RL.8.1	Cite the textual evidence and make relevant connections that most strongly supports		
	an analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.		
RL.8.2	Determine a theme or central idea of a text and analyze its development over the		
	course of the text, including its relationship to the characters, setting, and plot; provide		
	an objective summary of the text.		
RL.8.4	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including		
	figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on		
	meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts.		
RL.8.10	By the end of the year read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and		
	poems at grade level text-complexity or above, scaffolding as needed.		
RI.8.1	Cite the textual evidence and make relevant connections that most strongly supports an		
	analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.		
RI.8.2	Determine a central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the		
	text, including its relationship to supporting ideas; provide an objective summary of the		
	text.		
RI.8.3	Analyze how a text makes connections among and distinctions between individuals,		
	ideas, or events (e.g., through comparisons, analogies, or categories).		
RI.8.4	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including		
	figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze the impact of specific word		
	choices on meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts.		
RI.8.5	Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a specific paragraph in a text, including		
	the role of particular sentences, to develop and to refine a key concept.		
RI.8.6	Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how the author		
	acknowledges and responds to conflicting evidence or viewpoints.		
RI.8.7	Evaluate the advantages and disadvantages of using different mediums (e.g., print or		
	digital text, video, multimedia) to present a particular topic or idea.		

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
RI .8.9	Analyze and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and		
	background knowledge) two or more texts that provide conflicting information on the		
	same topic and identify where the texts disagree on matters of fact or interpretation.		
RI.8.10	By the end of the year read and comprehend literary nonfiction at grade level text-		
	complexity or above, with scaffolding as needed.		
W.8.1	Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence.		
	A. Introduce claim(s), acknowledge and distinguish the claim(s) from alternate		
	or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically.		
	B. Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant evidence, using		
	accurate, credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic		
	or text.		
	C. Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the		
	relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.		
	D. Establish and maintain a formal style.		
	E. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports		
	the argument presented.		
W.8.2	Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts,		
	and information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content.		
	A. Introduce a topic and organize ideas, concepts, and information, using text		
	structures (e.g., definition, classification, comparison/contrast, cause/effect,		
	etc.) and text features (e.g., headings, graphics, and multimedia).		
	B. Develop the topic with relevant, well-chosen facts, definitions, concrete		
	details, quotations, or other information and examples.		
	C. Use appropriate and varied transitions to create cohesion and clarify the		
	relationships among ideas and concepts.		
	D. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or		
	explain the topic.		
	E. Establish and maintain a formal style/academic style, approach, and form.		
	F. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the		
	information or explanation presented.		
W.8.4	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, voice and		
	style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for		
	writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)		
W.8.5	With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing		
	as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on		
	how well purpose and audience have been addressed.		
W.8.10	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection,		
	metacognition/self correction, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a		
	day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.		

SL.8.1	Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-		
	led) with diverse partners on grade 8 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and		
	expressing their own clearly.		
	A. Come to discussions prepared, having read or researched material under study;		
	explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or is		
	to probe and reflect on ideas under discussion.		
	B. Follow rules for collegial discussions and decision-making, track progress toward		
	specific goals and deadlines, and define individual roles as needed.		
	C. Pose questions that connect the ideas of several speakers and respond to others'		
	questions and comments with relevant evidence, observations, and ideas.		
	D. Acknowledge new information expressed by others, and, when warranted, qualify or		
	justify their own views in light of the evidence presented.		
SL.8.2	Analyze the purpose of information presented in diverse media and formats (e.g.,		
	visually, quantitatively, orally) and evaluate the motives (e.g., social, commercial,		
	political) behind its presentation.		
SL.8.6	Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal		
	English when indicated or appropriate.		
L.8.1	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing		
	or speaking.		
	A. Explain the function of verbals (gerunds, participles, infinitives) in general and their		
	function in particular sentences.		
	B. Form and use verbs in the active and passive voice.		
	C. Form and use verbs in the indicative, imperative, interrogative, conditional, and		
	subjunctive mood.		
	D. Recognize and correct inappropriate shifts in verb voice and mood.		
L.8.2	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and		
	spelling when writing.		
	A. Use punctuation (comma, ellipsis, dash) to indicate a pause or break.		
	B. Use an ellipsis to indicate an omission.		
	C. Spell correctly.		
L.8.3	Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.		
	A. Use verbs in the active and passive voice and in the conditional and subjunctive mood to		
	achieve particular effects (e.g., emphasizing the actor or the action; expressing		
L.8.4	Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words or phrases based on		
	grade 8 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.		
	A. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence or paragraph; a word's		
	position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.		
	B. Use common, grade-appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues to the		
	meaning of a word (e.g., precede, recede, secede).		

		aterials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print
		e pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise
	meaning or its part o	•
		y determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by
		I meaning in context or in a dictionary).
L.8.5	_	gurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word
	meanings.	
		peech (e.g. verbal irony, puns) in context.
	-	between particular words to better understand each of the
	words.	
		e connotations (associations) of words with similar
		ons) (e.g., bullheaded, willful, firm, persistent, resolute).
L.8.6		ade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific
		abulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase
	important to comprehension of	-
Unit Essen	tial Questions	Unit Enduring Understandings
How do	o readers construct meaning	• Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and make
from te	ext?	connections (text to text, text to world, text to self) to
		make text personally relevant and useful.
Why do	o readers need to pay	Words powerfully affect meaning.
attenti	on to a writer's choice of	
words?		• Understanding of a text's features, structures, and
How do	pes understanding a text's	characteristics facilitate the reader's ability to make
	re help me better understand	meaning of the text.
its mea	-	 Readers use language structure and context clues to
	o I figure out a word I do not	identify the intended meaning of words and phrases
know?		as they are used in text.
KIIOW:		 Fluent readers group words quickly to help them gain
• \\/hata	la raadara da whan thay da	
	to readers do when they do	meaning from what they read.
	derstand everything in a text?	Good readers employ strategies to help them
	o readers construct meaning	understand text. Strategic readers can develop,
from te	ext?	select, and apply strategies to enhance their
		comprehension.
 How do good writers express 		 Good writers develop and refine their ideas for
themselves? How does process		thinking, learning, communicating, and aesthetic
shape t	the writer's product?	expression.
How do	o writers develop a well	 Good writers use a repertoire of strategies that
	n product?	enables them to vary form and style, in order to write
		for different purposes, audiences, and contexts.
How do	o rules of language affect	 Rules, conventions of language, help readers
	unication?	understand what is being communicated.
		understand what is being communicated.

Unit Learning Targets

The students will . . .

- Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it and cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.
- Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development
- Summarize the key supporting details and ideas.
- Analyze how and why individuals, events, and ideas develop and interact over the course of a text.
- Assess how point of view or purpose shapes the content and style of a text.
- Analyze how two or more texts address similar themes or topics in order to build knowledge or to compare the approaches the authors take.
- Read and comprehend complex literary and informational texts independently and proficiently.
- Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.
- Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.
- Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.
- Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
- Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach.
- Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.
- Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames

Evidence of Learning

Summative Assessment:

- Final written pieces
- Reading questions (open-ended and multiple choice)
- Formative Assessments:
- Oral discussion
- Conferencing
- Equipment Needed:

- Computer
- Smart Board
- Overhead projector

Teacher Resources:

- TE textbook...Prentice Hall Common Core Edition
- Lesson plans
- Power point presentations...reading strategies, persuasive tips, persuasive strategies, and writing about quotes
- Texts: A Sentence a Day (by Samantha Prust), Write Source (by Sebranek, Kemper, Meyer), Twisting Arms (by Dawn Diprince) and Serve It Up: The Write Way (By Donna Ahman and Nancy Cummings) Houghton Mifflin text
- Persuasive Writing Teacher Created Resources (TCM 2990)
- New Jersey GEPA Language Arts Literacy Practice Book (Hodges and Marulies) Prentice Hall Getting Ready for the NJ Language Arts GEPA

Lesson Plans		
The test prep unit will take approximately 3 to 4 weeks.		
Lesson	Timeframe	
Lesson 1 and 2	Each lesson is completed in one 60 minute block	
Intro to Test Prep	time frame.	
 Discuss criteria for scoring and show 		
previously scored essays		
Expository essay		
• Quote response and explanatory response		
Lesson 3, 4, 5, and 6	Each lesson is completed in one 60 minute block	
 Persuasive/argumentative essay 	time frame.	
Lesson 7 and 8	Each lesson is completed in one 60 minute block	
 Narrative/expository writing 	time frame.	
Lesson 9 and 10	Each lesson is completed in one 60 minute block	
Reading selections	time frame.	
Teacher Notes:		
 The lesson schedule can be revised based on students' abilities and needs. 		
Curriculum Development Resources:		
(Click the links below to access additional resources used to design this unit)		

http://www.state.nj.us/education/aps/cccs/

Content Area: English/Language Arts	
Unit Title: The Novella - Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde	
Target Course/Grade Level: Eighth Grade	
Unit Summary:	

- Students will be able to read, analyze, and interpret the given novel.
- Students will be able to identify elements of fiction.
- Students will be able to respond to all levels of thinking questions along with writing response questions.

Primary Interdisciplinary Connections:

- Social Studies
- Culture
- Technology
- Art
- Science
- History
- Popular Trends

21st Century Themes:

Standard 9.1 - 21st Century Life and Career Skills: All students will demonstrate the creative, critical thinking, collaboration, and problem solving skills needed to function successfully as both global citizens and workers in diverse ethnic and organizational cultures.

- Critical thinking and Problem solving
- Creativity and Innovation
- Collaboration, Teamwork, and Leadership
- Cross-cultural Understanding and Interpersonal Communication
- Communication and Media Fluency
- Accountability, Productivity, and Ethics

Unit Rationale:

The content of the unit will help students employ strategies to better understand text. They will be able to develop, select, and apply strategies whereby to enhance their comprehension.

Learning Targets

Standards:

- **Reading for Literature (RL):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity.
- **Reading for Informational Text (RI):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity.
- Writing (W): Text Types and Purposes
- **Speaking & Listening (SL):** Comprehension and Collaboration, and Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas.
- Language (L): Conventions of Standard English and Vocabulary Acquisition and Use.

Content Statements:

The skills and content being studied are Plot Elements, especially Character, Gothic Literature Elements, and the Life and Works of Robert Louis Stevenson.

СРІ	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)		
Number			
RL.8.2	Determine a theme or central idea of a text and analyze its development over the		
	course of the text, including its relationship to the characters, setting, and plot; provide		
	an objective summary of the text.		
RL.8.3	Analyze how particular lines of dialogue or incidents in a story or drama propel the		
	action, reveal aspects of a character, or provoke a decision.		
RL.8.4	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including		
	figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on		
	meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts		
RL.8.10	By the end of the year read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and		
	poems at grade level text-complexity or above, scaffolding as needed.		
RI.8.1	Cite the textual evidence and make relevant connections that most strongly supports an		
	analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.		
RI.8.2	Determine a central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the		
	text, including its relationship to supporting ideas; provide an objective summary of the		
	text.		
RI.8.3	Analyze how a text makes connections among and distinctions between individuals,		
	ideas, or events (e.g., through comparisons, analogies, or categories).		
RI.8.4	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including		
	figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze the impact of specific word		
	choices on meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts.		
RI.8.5	Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a specific paragraph in a text, including		
	the role of particular sentences, to develop and to refine a key concept.		
RI.8.6	Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how the author		
	acknowledges and responds to conflicting evidence or viewpoints.		
RI.8.7	Evaluate the advantages and disadvantages of using different mediums (e.g., print or		
	digital text, video, multimedia) to present a particular topic or idea.		
RI.8.9	Analyze and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and		
	background knowledge) two or more texts that provide conflicting information on the		
	same topic and identify where the texts disagree on matters of fact or interpretation.		
RI.8.10	By the end of the year read and comprehend literary nonfiction at grade level text-		
	complexity or above, with scaffolding as needed.		
W.8.1	Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence.		
	A. Introduce claim(s), acknowledge and distinguish the claim(s) from alternate		
	or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically.		
	B. Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant evidence, using		
	accurate, credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the		
	topic or text.		

	T		
	C. Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the		
	relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.		
	D. Establish and maintain a formal style.		
	E. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports		
	the argument presented.		
W.8.2	Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts,		
	and information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content.		
	A. Introduce a topic and organize ideas, concepts, and information, using text		
	structures (e.g., definition, classification, comparison/contrast, cause/effect,		
	etc.) and text features (e.g., headings, graphics, and multimedia).		
	B. Develop the topic with relevant, well-chosen facts, definitions, concrete		
	details, quotations, or other information and examples.		
	C. Use appropriate and varied transitions to create cohesion and clarify the		
	relationships among ideas and concepts.		
	D. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or		
	explain the topic.		
	E. Establish and maintain a formal style/academic style, approach, and form.		
	F. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports		
W.8.4	the information or explanation presented.		
VV.0.4	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, voice and		
	style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)		
W.8.5			
VV.0.5	With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen		
	writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on how well purpose and audience have been addressed		
W.8.6	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and present the		
VV.8.0	relationships between information and ideas efficiently as well as to interact and		
	collaborate with others.		
W.8.10	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection,		
VV.0.10	metacognition/self correction, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or		
	a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.		
SL.8.1	Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-		
52.0.1	led) with diverse partners on grade 8 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and		
	expressing their own clearly.		
	A. Come to discussions prepared, having read or researched material under study;		
	explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or issue		
	to probe and reflect on ideas under discussion.		
	B. Follow rules for collegial discussions and decision-making, track progress toward		
	specific goals and deadlines, and define individual roles as needed.		

	C. Pose questions that connect the ideas of several speakers and respond to others'		
	questions and comments with relevant evidence, observations, and ideas.		
	D. Acknowledge new information expressed by others, and, when warranted, qualify or justify their own views in light of the evidence presented.		
SL.8.2	Analyze the purpose of information presented in diverse media and formats (e.g.,		
	visually, quantitatively, orally) and evaluate the motives (e.g., social, commercial,		
	political) behind its presentation.		
SL.8.6			
	English when indicated or appropriate.		
L.8.1			
	writing or speaking. A. Explain the function of verbals (gerunds, participles, infinitives) in general and		
	their function in particular sentences.		
	B. Form and use verbs in the active and passive voice.		
	C. Form and use verbs in the indicative, imperative, interrogative, conditional, and		
	subjunctive mood.		
	D. Recognize and correct inappropriate shifts in verb voice and mood.		
L.8.2	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and		
	spelling when writing.		
	A. Use punctuation (comma, ellipsis, dash) to indicate a pause or break.		
	B. Use an ellipsis to indicate an omission.C. Spell correctly.		
L.8.3	Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.		
L.0.5	A. Use verbs in the active and passive voice and in the conditional and subjunctive mood to		
	achieve particular effects (e.g., emphasizing the actor or the action; expressing.		
L.8.4	Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words or phrases based on		
	grade 8 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.		
	A. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence or paragraph; a word's		
	position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.		
	B. Use common, grade-appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues to the		
	meaning of a word (e.g., <i>precede, recede, secede</i>). C. Consult reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print		
	and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise		
	meaning or its part of speech.		
	D. Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by		
	checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary).		
L.8.5	Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word		
	meanings.		
	A. Interpret figures of speech (e.g. verbal irony, puns) in context.		
	B. Use the relationship between particular words to better understand each of the		
	words.		
	C. Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., <i>bullheaded, willful, firm, persistent, resolute</i>).		
	denotations (demitions) (e.g., <i>buintedded, winjul, jirm, persistent, resolute</i>).		

L.	8.6	Acquire and use accurately	grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific
2.			vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase
important to comprehensio			
			Unit Enduring Understandings
-		•	 Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and make
 How do readers construct meaning? Why do readers need to pay attention to a writer's choice of words? How does fluency affect comprehension? How does understanding a text's structure help me better understand its meaning? How do I figure out a word I do not know? What do readers do when they do not understand everything in a text? 		? readers need to pay n to a writer's choice of es fluency affect nension? es understanding a text's e help me better and its meaning? I figure out a word I do not	 Good readers compare, mer, synthesize, and make connections (text to text, text to world, text to self) to make text personally relevant and useful. Words powerfully affect meaning. Fluent readers group words quickly to help them gain meaning from what they read. Understanding of a text's features, structures, and characteristics facilitate the reader's ability to make meaning of the text. Readers use language structure and context clues to identify the intended meaning of words and phrases as they are used in text. Good readers employ strategies to help them understand text. Strategic readers can develop, select, and apply strategies to enhance their comprehension.
The s For L	student Dr. Jeky		activities during and after reading of novel:
		Venn diagram for characters	
		chapter questions in small gr	-
		es on chapter elements utili	
	 View Power Point on Robert Louis Stevenson and background information 		
		diagram	
	•	ap project	
• P	Persuasive response: Why should someone read this novella?		
			Evidence of Learning
		Assessment (2 days):	
	Formative Assessments:		
-	Oral discussion		
• T	 Teacher created questions 		
Equipment Needed:			
• (Compute	er	
• S	Smart Bo	bard	

• Post-it pad for each student

Teacher Resources:

- Novel copy
- Lesson plans
- Power Point
- Movie Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde

Lesson Plans

The unit for Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde will take approximately 1 week and a half.

Lesson	Timeframe
Lesson 1	Each lesson is completed in one 60 minute block time
Introduction to the novella, Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde	frame.
Lesson 2	Each lesson is completed in one 60 minute block time
Discuss Chapters 1-4	frame.
Lesson 3	Each lesson is completed in one 60 minute block time
Discuss Chapters 5-8	frame.
Lesson 4	Each lesson is completed in one 60 minute block time
Discuss Chapters 9-10	frame.
Lesson 5	Each lesson is completed in one 60 minute block time
View movie	frame.
Lesson 6	Each lesson is completed in one 60 minute block time
View movie and final discussion	frame.

Teacher Notes:

- The lesson schedule can be revised based on students' abilities and needs.
- The novella could be done as an independent read with the story board project.

Curriculum Development Resources:

(Click the links below to access additional resources used to design this unit)

www.Unitedstreaming.com

www.Biography.com

Content Area: English/Language Arts

Unit Title: Poetry

Target Course/Grade Level: Eighth Grade

Unit Summary:

- Students will be able to read, analyze, and interpret the given poems.
- Students will be able to identify elements of poetry
- Students will be able to respond to all levels of thinking questions along with writing response questions.

Primary Interdisciplinary Connections:

- Social Studies
- Culture
- Technology

- Art
- Science
- History
- Popular Trends

21st Century Themes:

Standard 9.1 - 21st Century Life and Career Skills: All students will demonstrate the creative, critical thinking, collaboration, and problem solving skills needed to function successfully as both global citizens and workers in diverse ethnic and organizational cultures.

- Critical Thinking and Problem Solving
- Creativity and Innovation
- Collaboration, Teamwork, and Leadership
- Cross-cultural Understanding and Interpersonal Communication
- Communication and Media Fluency
- Accountability, Productivity, and Ethics

Unit Rationale:

The content of the unit will help students employ strategies to better understand text. They will be able to develop, select, and apply strategies whereby to enhance their comprehension.

Learning Targets

Standards:

- **Reading for Literature (RL):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity.
- **Reading for Informational Text (RI):** Key Ideas and Details, Craft and Structure, Integration of Knowledge and Ideas, and Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity.
- Writing (W): Text Types and Purposes
- **Speaking & Listening (SL):** Comprehension and Collaboration, and Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas.
- Language (L): Conventions of Standard English and Vocabulary Acquisition and Use.

Content Statements:

The skills and content being studied are Poetic Elements and the Life of the Poets and the Time Period in which they wrote.

CPI	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)	
Number		
RL.8.2	Determine a theme or central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the text, including its relationship to the characters, setting, and plot; provide an objective summary of the text.	
RL.8.3	Analyze how particular lines of dialogue or incidents in a story or drama propel the action, reveal aspects of a character, or provoke a decision.	
RL.8.4	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts.	

RL.8.10	By the end of the year read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and		
	poems at grade level text-complexity or above, scaffolding as needed.		
RI.8.1	Cite the textual evidence and make relevant connections that most strongly supports an		
	analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.		
RI.8.2	Determine a central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the		
	text, including its relationship to supporting ideas; provide an objective summary of the		
	text.		
RI.8.3	Analyze how a text makes connections among and distinctions between individuals,		
	ideas, or events (e.g., through comparisons, analogies, or categories).		
RI.8.4	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including		
	figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze the impact of specific word		
	choices on meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts.		
RI.8.5	Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a specific paragraph in a text, including		
	the role of particular sentences, to develop and to refine a key concept.		
RI.8.6	Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how the author		
	acknowledges and responds to conflicting evidence or viewpoints.		
RI.8.10	By the end of the year read and comprehend literary nonfiction at grade level text-		
	complexity or above, with scaffolding as needed.		
W.8.2	Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts,		
	and information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content.		
	A. Introduce a topic and organize ideas, concepts, and information, using text		
	structures (e.g., definition, classification, comparison/contrast, cause/effect,		
	etc.) and text features (e.g., headings, graphics, and multimedia).		
	B. Develop the topic with relevant, well-chosen facts, definitions, concrete		
	details, quotations, or other information and examples.		
	C. Use appropriate and varied transitions to create cohesion and clarify the		
	relationships among ideas and concepts.		
	D. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or		
	explain the topic.		
	E. Establish and maintain a formal style/academic style, approach, and form.		
	F. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports		
	the information or explanation presented.		
W.8.4	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, voice and		
	style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for		
	writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)		
W.8.5	With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen		
	writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach,		
	focusing on how well purpose and audience have been addressed.		

W.8.6	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and present		
	the relationships between information and ideas efficiently as well as to interact and		
	collaborate with others.		
W.8.10			
	metacognition/self correction, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or		
	a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.		
SL.8.1			
	led) with diverse partners on grade 8 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and		
	expressing their own clearly.		
	 A. Come to discussions prepared, having read or researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or issue 		
	to probe and reflect on ideas under discussion.		
	B. Follow rules for collegial discussions and decision-making, track progress toward		
	specific goals and deadlines, and define individual roles as needed.		
	C. Pose questions that connect the ideas of several speakers and respond to others'		
	questions and comments with relevant evidence, observations, and ideas.		
	D. Acknowledge new information expressed by others, and, when warranted, qualify or		
	justify their own views in light of the evidence presented.		
SL.8.2	Analyze the purpose of information presented in diverse media and formats (e.g.,		
	visually, quantitatively, orally) and evaluate the motives (e.g., social, commercial,		
	political) behind its presentation.		
SL.8.6	Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal		
	English when indicated or appropriate.		
L.8.1	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when		
	writing or speaking.		
	A. Explain the function of verbals (gerunds, participles, infinitives) in general and		
	their function in particular sentences. B. Form and use verbs in the active and passive voice.		
	C. Form and use verbs in the indicative, imperative, interrogative, conditional, and		
	subjunctive mood.		
	D. Recognize and correct inappropriate shifts in verb voice and mood.		
L.8.2	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and		
	spelling when writing.		
	A. Use punctuation (comma, ellipsis, dash) to indicate a pause or break.		
	B. Use an ellipsis to indicate an omission.		
	C. Spell correctly.		
L.8.3	Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.		
	A. Use verbs in the active and passive voice and in the conditional and subjunctive mood to achieve particular effects (e.g., emphasizing the actor or the action; expressing.		
L.8.4	Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words or phrases based or		
2.0.4	grade 8 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.		
L			

	1		
	A. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence or paragraph; a word's		
	position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.		
	B. Use common, grade-appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues to the		
	meaning of a word (e.g., precede, recede, secede).		
	C. Consult reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print		
	and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise		
	meaning or its part of speech.		
	D. Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by		
	checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary).		
L.8.5	Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word		
	meanings.		
	A. Interpret figures of speech (e.g. verbal irony, puns) in context.		
	B. Use the relationship between particular words to better understand each of the		
	words.		
	C. Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar		
	denotations (definitions) (e.g., <i>bullheaded, willful, firm, persistent, resolute</i>).		
L.8.6	Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific		
	words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase		
	important to comprehension or expression.		
Unit Essentia			
How do	readers construct meaning? Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and make		
	connections (text to text, text to world, text to self) to		
	readers need to pay attention to make text personally relevant and useful.		
	 S choice of words? Words powerfully affect meaning. 		
	• Fluent readers group words quickly to help them gain		
compreh			
	• Understanding a text's • Understanding of a text's features, structures, and		
	e help me better understand its characteristics facilitate the reader's ability to make		
meaning	-		
	 I figure out a word I do not Readers use language structure and context clues to identify the intended meaning of words and abrease as 		
know?	identify the intended meaning of words and phrases as they are used in text.		
• What do	 readers do when they do not Good readers employ strategies to help them understand 		
	and everything in a text? • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
	es a writer choose a particular strategies to enhance their comprehension.		
form of v			
	 In order for writers to create a piece with significance, 		
with wor			
Unit Learnin	,		
The students			
	ed activities during and after reading of poems:		
• Research a poet's life and present an oral report on it			
	Memorize and recite a favorite poem		

- Write a free verse poem
- Read poems aloud and discuss theme and poetic elements for each poem
- Poets to be read could include:
 - o Carl Sandburg
 - o Dorothy Parker
 - o Edwin Arlington Robinson
 - o ee cummings
 - Langston Hughes
 - Emily Dickinson
 - $\circ \quad \text{Sylvia Plath} \\$
 - o Henry Wadsworth Longfellow
 - o Robert Frost
 - o Robert Hayden
 - Theodore Roethke
 - o Walt Whitman
 - o Richard Garcia
 - o Elizabeth Bishop
 - William Shakespeare
 - o Emma Lazarus
 - o Paul Dunbar
 - o John Updike
 - Alice Walker

Evidence of Learning

Summative Assessment (5 days):

- Quizzes on poems and literary terms
- Projects completed
- Teacher created test on poems

Formative Assessments:

- Oral discussion
- Questions accompanying each poem

Equipment Needed:

- Computer
- Smart Board
- Video recorder
- Television
- Library books for research
- Read Magazine...Poetry Café (1 copy per student)

Teacher Resources:

- Textbook...Prentice Hall, Timeless Voices
- Lesson plans
- Unitedstreaming.com
- Biography.com
- Read Magazine...Poetry Cafe

Lesson Plans		
The short story unit will take approximately 3 weeks (1 week to discuss poems, 1 week to complete research		
and 1 week to complete oral presentations).		
Lesson	Timeframe	
Lesson 1	Each lesson is completed in one 60 minute block time	
Intro to Poetry and its elements	frame.	
Lesson 2-5	Each lesson is completed in one 60 minute block time	
Each lesson will cover 2 to 3 poems.	frame.	
Lesson 6-10	Each lesson is completed in one 60 minute block time	
Research poet's life and works	frame.	
Lesson 11-15	Each lesson is completed in one 60 minute block time	
Presentations	frame.	
Teacher Notes:		
 The lesson schedule can be revised based on students' abilities and needs. 		
 The textbook includes other poems that can be utilized for this unit. 		
Curriculum Development Resources:		
(Click the links below to access additional resources used to design this unit)		
www.poets.org		
www.poetryfoundation.org		